The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXII.—NO. 63. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1903—SIXTEEN PAGES. ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

THE BETROTHED.

BY RUDYARD KIPLING.

"You must choose between me and your cigar."

Open the old cigar box, get me a Cuba stout,
For things are running crossways, and Maggie and I are out.

We quarreled about Havanas—we fought o'er a good cheroot,
And I know she is exacting, and she says I am a brute.

Open the old cigar box—let me consider a space;
In the soft blue veil of the vapor, musing on Maggie's face.

Maggie is pretty to look at—Maggie's a loving lass,
But the prettiest cheeks must wrinkle, the truest of loves must pass.

There's peace in a Laranaga, there's calm in a Henry Clay,
But the best cigar in an hour is finished and thrown away—

Thrown away for another as perfect and ripe and brown—
But I could not throw away Maggie for fear o' the talk o' the town.

Which is the better portion—bondage bought with a ring,
Or a harem of dusky beauties, fifty tied in a string?

Counselors cunning and silent—comforters true and tried,
And never a one of the fifty to sneer at a rival bride.

Thought in the morning early, solace in time of woes,
Peace in the hush of the twilight, balm ere my eyelids close.

I will scent 'em with best vanilla, with tea will I temper their hides,
And the Moor and the Mormon shall envy who read the tale of my brides.

For Maggie has written a letter to give me my choice between
The wee little whimpering Love and the great god Nick o' Teen.

Open the old cigar box—let me consider anew—
Old friends, and who is Maggie that I should abandon you?

A million surplus Maggies are willing to bear the yoke;
And a woman is only a woman, but a good cigar is a Smoke.

Light me another Cuba; I hold to my first sworn vows,
If Maggie will have no rival, I'll have no Maggie for spouse!

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1903.

Threatening Wednesday and Thursday, with probably light showers or snow flurries, moderate temperature, variable winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 38 degrees above zero at 7 p. m. and the minimum 28 degrees above at 7 a. m. Maximum wind velocity 28 miles an hour at 1 p.m. Sunrise at 6:23; sunset at 5:43. Moonset at 11:28 p. m.

WASHINGTON:—

Congress will adjourn today, with nearly all measures in which public is interested killed by statehood fight and democratic filibustering; possibility of money panic next fall blamed by Aldrich to democrats.

Rear Admiral Crowninshield asked to be retired because his flagship, the Illinois, was taken away from him and ten year old cruiser Chicago supplied instead; request probably will be granted.

Senate recess taken at 2 a. m. today after continuous session from 11 o'clock yesterday morning; appropriation bills passed in spite of filibustering by Tillman and Quay; former finally appeased by restoring South Carolina appropriation.

Democratic filibustering continued in house and repeated roll calls taken; conference reports on public buildings, immigration, and sundry civil bills adopted; political debates features of closing day.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Injunction against ordering Wabash railroad strike, or urging employés to quit work, issued by United States District court at St. Louis against Brotherhoods of Railroad Trainmen and Locomotive Firemen; walkout postponed.

Expenditure of $37,133,529 for improvements announced by United States Steel company; $7,545,000 to be spent on Illinois Steel company plants at South Chicago and Joliet; $50,000,000 additional bond issue planned.

People's Gas company meter inspectors' strike failed to affect gas supply, and Chicago Federation of Labor is asked to call out remaining union employés; company's property guarded by police.

Metropolitan "L" officials will be notified today by employés that hiring of nonunion men to fill vacancies or new positions will not be permitted; strike threatened if ultimatum is ignored.

A. C. Bird, vice president of St. Paul railroad, said to be slated for traffic director of all Gould railroads, comprising 18,000 total mileage; J. H. Hiland his probable successor.

Chicago loan rate advanced to 5½ per cent; New York bidding 5 per cent for money in any amount; 65 per cent railroad and 35 per cent industrial stocks offered as security; no funds obtained.

Arkansas insurance situation complicated further by announcement of Trezevant & Cochran, principal southern agents, that they will not withdraw if anti-trust bill is passed till sixty day limitation expires.

May corn advanced to 44⅝ but closed with ⅛ cent loss, at 47¼-⅜; seaboard export sales 192,000 bushels; May wheat closed at 77⅛; July at 73⅝; export sales 264,000 bushels.

POLITICAL:—

Investigation of Illinois and Michigan canal between Chicago and Lemont by THE TRIBUNE shows hopeless decay and unpopularity in adjacent towns, in spite of legislature's proposal to spend $199,000 on it.

Arnold bill to increase Illinois Circuit court judges' salaries outside of Cook county from $3,500 to $5,000, attacked in house by Allen and emergency clause stricken out, rendering bill inoperative.

Many southern Illinois jails and almshouses declared by state charity board to be dangerous to health; Madison, Pulaski, Pope, and Marshall jails unfit for dwellings; Brown county jail a death trap.

Cook county republican delegates must decide on Monday whether judicial nominations shall be postponed; county committee refused to interfere; Chairman Conway urged activity in mayoralty campaign.

Illinois Canal Commissioners Snively, Sackett, and Miller arrived at Springfield to save their positions by urging appropriation; Rainey resolution reporting $100,000 yearly deficit in canal revenue introduced in senate.

Graeme Stewart, in address to 3,500 persons at Wicker Park hall, urged voters to attend primaries on Friday; referendum on traction question should be left to city council.

John M. Harlan, in address at Chicago commons declared 5 cent street railway fare is not too high; William Lorimer accused in address at Austin of conspiring with Mayor Harrison.

PAGES.

1 **Many Bills Die in Congress.**
Pilgrims Honor Choate.
"Mudhole" Canal Is Explored.
Crowninshield Angry; Retires.
Injunction Stays Wabash Strike.

2 **Senate Finishes Session's Work.**
House Near End of Its Work.
Mayor Attacks New 'Phone Charges.

3 **Pope Blesses Vast Audience.**
New Revolt in China Brewing.
Lady Cook Loses Damage Suit.
Clash in the Balkans.
Monroe Policy Called a Sham.
Buffalo Murder Near Solution.

4 **County Committee Meeting.**
Stewart in Twenty-eighth Ward.
War Over Sheriff's Appropriation.
Harlan Answers Many Questions.
General News of New York.

5 **Canal Patriots Fight for Jobs.**
Fire Escape Thieves Get $2,000.
No Higher Pay for New Judges.

6 **Smathers Buys Dick Bernard.**
Forbes May Fight Nell Again.
Explain Philadelphia Deal.

7 **Steel Trust to Spend Big Sum.**
General News of Railroads.
Mayor to Aid Lake Front Plan.
Ultimatum for "L" Road.
News of the Theater.

11 **Insurance Affairs.**
Records of the Courts

12 **Editorial Comment.**
Fontenoy Letter.

13 **Among the New Books.**
Fashion Hint.
Society Affairs.
Lenten Suggestion.

14 **In the Commercial Markets.**

15 **Financial News of the World.**

16 **Finger Tips Reveal Crime.**
Some "Good" Matrimonial Agencies

FOREIGN:—

Ambassador Choate's fourth anniversay at London celebrated by Pilgrim club dinner, at which Lord Roberts toasted America as "most flourishing and most enterprising republic the world has seen."

Chinese entertainments for ambassadors at Pekin likened by Tien Tsin correspondent to treachery preceding Indian mutiny; foreigners' extermination predicted; British appropriation for St. Louis fair still undetermined.

Pope Leo carried to St. Peter's church for celebration of his twenty-fifth anniversary as pontiff, in presence of 75,000 people and surrounded by cardinals and 315 bishops.

LOCAL:—

City council accused by Mayor Harrison with playing into Chicago Telephone company's hands in proposing measured service instead of fixed rate; proposition already made by company; limit would be necessary.

Bertillon measurement system of identifying criminals abandoned by London police for imprints of finger tips and palms; Chicago officials say latter would not secure convictions here; systems work together.

Bullard & Gormley's hardware and jewelry store, 78 Randolph street, robbed of $2,000 worth of property by thieves who entered through skylight after finding doors and windows protected by burglar alarms.

Elevation of Northwestern railroad tracks in Rogers Park from Balmoral avenue to city limits will be recommended by council committee; cost estimated at $1,250,000.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ALEXANDRIA	Commonwealth	
ANTWERP	....Vaderland	.....
BREMEN	....K. P. Wilhelm	
BROWHEAD		Eltonia.
GIBRALTAR	..Neckar	.....
NEW YORK	....Zeeland	.....Palatia.
NEW YORK	....Lahn	.....
QUEENSTOWN	Ultonia	.....
ROTTERDAM	Rhyndam	.....
S. FRANCISCO	Sonoma	.....
S. FRANCISCO	Sheridan	.....

MANY BILLS DIE AS SESSION ENDS.

Senator Aldrich Delivers a Notable Funeral Address Over His Law Slain by Democrats.

LODGE ALSO IS A VICTIM.

Omnibus Building Measure as Finally Agreed to Adds $750,000 to Chicago Allowance.

WORK OF CONGRESS—Session will adjourn with long list of bills killed in final hours, including Aldrich treasury plan and Senator Lodge's Philippine tariff measure.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS—Conferees agree on omnibus measure and appropriations for Chicago postoffice and for other western cities assured.

PROHIBITION IN CAPITOL—House will insist upon enforcement of anti-liquor clause in immigration bill.

CAPITOL EXTENSION—Proposition to complete east front of building defeated by senate conferees.

EX-QUEEN LILIUOKALANI—Gift of $200,000 advocated for her by senate defeated by house.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., March 3.—[Special.]—Congress will adjourn tomorrow with an unusually large list of legislative dead and but few wounded. The long fight over statehood in the senate and the recent democratic filibuster in the house have had the effect of killing off almost every measure of public interest which aroused any considerable opposition.

The Aldrich bill was decently buried in the senate today with an impressive funeral oration on the part of its author. In a brief speech full of meat Mr. Aldrich exposed the folly of the democratic position. He declared they were standing in the way of a measure which was framed in the interest of the business of the country, which was not tainted with partisan bias, and which merely proposed to facilitate the supply of money for moving the crops next fall. Mr. Aldrich brought home to his opponents the definite responsibility for any money panic which may take place next fall, and warned the democratic senators that the country surely would hold them responsible. There never was a more impressive legislative sermon.

It is a pitiful commentary upon the legislative methods of the democrats in the senate that the Aldrich bill was killed by them largely because of the fact that its author is a republican leader and was chiefly responsible for the defeat of the statehood bill, involving the admission of eight democratic senators and the possible control of the senate. It is quite evident now that if the Aldrich bill had been offered by some less conspicuous republican the democrats would have accepted it without hesitation as a wise emergency measure, dictated by common sense. The warning given by Mr. Aldrich to beware of crop moving time is echoed by many other senators, who fear a severe financial stringency and possible forced liquidation next fall as the direct result of the petty malice of a half dozen democratic senators whose ideas of statesmanship permitted them to kill off a wise measure merely to annoy its individual author.

***

Senator Lodge has been equally unfortunate in securing action on the Philippine tariff bill. Mr. McEnery of Louisiana, in behalf of the sugar planters of his state, tonight started out to talk the bill to death, and as he had recruits from Colorado and other sections there was little doubt of the success of his project. The tobacco and sugar interests have fought the Philippine tariff bill from the start. The senate draft of the bill proposes free trade between the United States and the islands except as to sugar and tobacco, which are especially favored by being given 50 per cent of the Dingley tariff rates.

***

In adjusting the differences between the two houses over the omnibus public building bill some changes were made in the first agreement as a result of which the limit of the cost of the Chicago public building was fixed at $4,750,000. The house bill provided for $40,000 more than this, but this happened to be one of the items on which the house conferees yielded. The addition of three quarters of a million to the present limit of cost will, it is believed, be sufficient to finish the building according to present estimates with only a slight pruning down of certain features.

***

Both the new Delaware senators were sworn in today in advance of the class of senatorial freshmen who will take the oath on Thursday. This was because of the fact that a vacancy has existed in each of the Delaware seats, so that as soon as the new men were elected they were entitled to take their seats and begin voting as senators from Delaware.

***

It is a matter of general comment that the Fifty-seventh congress winds up its work with much less uncertainty than is customary in the last twenty-four hours of a short session. The naval appropriation was the only thing which seemed likely to cause an extra session, and the conferees agreed on a compromise tonight, so that the next addition to the navy will be divided between three 16,000 ton and two 13,000 ton battleships. With this appropriation out of the way there is no necessity whatever for calling the house together. It was rumored today that the president would call an extra session, so that the house might pass upon the Cuban treaty. This will not be done, however. When the senate approves the treaty the government will assume it is constitutional and will assess the rates from Cuba on a reciprocity basis, leaving it to importers to appeal to the courts if they see fit. Of course, no one getting the benefit of a low rate with Cuba will object.

***

"Uncle Joe" Cannon's proposition to restore the east front of the capitol was defeated in conference and will have to stand over until some more favorable year. He proposed merely to follow out the original plan of the east front exactly as had been done with the west face. This would improve the lines materially and at the same time, which is an important matter, would provide space for a large number of additional committee rooms. The senate would not agree to "Uncle Joe's" proposition, largely because they feared the extension would involve some departure from the original plan. Although the item was stricken out of the bill entirely it is the intention to have the architect of the capitol submit estimates, elevations, and working plans, so

(Continued on page 2, column 6.)

PILGRIMS HONOR CHOATE.

MEN OF TWO NATIONS CELEBRATE ENVOY'S ANNIVERSARY.

Lord Roberts Presides at Banquet Where Friendship Between United States and Great Britain Is Predominant Note—American Ambassador Makes Characteristic Speech and Urges Warrior to Permit People Across Water to Entertain Him.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, March 3.—One of the highest compliments ever paid an American ambassador, and what in some respects was the most successful Anglo-American gathering ever held in London, was the celebration under the auspices of the Pilgrims' club at the Hyde Park hotel tonight of the completion of four years' service of Joseph Choate as American representative to the court of St. James.

A distinguished company of 190, about equally divided between English and Americans, under the presidency of Earl Roberts, dined and listened to one of the most brilliant displays of after dinner eloquence those present ever were privileged to enjoy. Among those who attended were Stanford Newel, the United States minister to The Hague; Lawrence Townsend, United States minister to Belgium; Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy here; Capt. Cassett, the United States military attaché; Capt. Clover, the naval attaché; Lord Halsbury, the lord high chancellor; Lords Kelvin, Reay, Aberdeen, Cadogan, Strathcona, Grey, Hillingdon, Kinnaird, and Balfour, Justices Collins, Darling, and Poynter, Sir Lawrence Alma-Tadema, Sir Albert Rollitt, Mr. Yerkes, and Mr. Cridler, and Inventor Marconi.

Roberts Toasts Two Rulers.

Lord Roberts proposed a toast to the president of the most flourishing and most enterprising republic the world has seen and the king of the empire on which the sun never sets. This toast was honored by the band playing the "Star Spangled Banner" and "God Save the King." Lord Roberts then proposed a toast in honor of Mr. Choate, and described his position as unlike that of all the other ambassadors, because he represented the nation to which Great Britain was most closely bound by ties of origin, language, ideals of duty and responsibility. Earl Roberts declared that nobody could have used gifts, power, and influence with wiser discretion or more generous purpose than Mr. Choate, during whose term the two peoples learned to know each other better, and as a result the mutual respect had grown.

Choate Makes Clever Reply.

Mr. Choate in replying to the toast made a humorously clever opening, which mainly was occupied in graceful thanks and compliments to the Pilgrims' club for the compliment paid him. He said he was in full sympathy with the cardinal objects of the Pilgrims' organization, the promotion of a better understanding between the two countries and that indeed it was part of his constant duty under the president's commission. In paying tribute to Lord Roberts, whose headship of the Pilgrims' club guarantees its success, "for he who has led 24 victory is certain," Mr. Choate remarked, "to continue to do so, and no warrior ever donned the garb of a pilgrim with more grace than when the foremost soldier of the land laid aside his sword to lead those around him to a great triumph of peace, lasting and abiding peace, between two nations whose fortunes and future were inextricably bound together." It was an indication to him, he said, and to the world that the greatest soldier made the greatest peacemaker, and that the British and American armies and navies never would be turned against each other.

Proposes Treaty to Roberts.

Mr. Choate added, "Let me propose a reciprocity treaty to Lord Roberts. I propose he cross the Atlantic and dine with the Pilgrims' club in the United States. I can assure him a warmer welcome than any Englishman ever received, and if his digestion is equal to his military powers he will return the favorite hero of both nations."

Tells Why Club Succeeds.

Congratulating the club upon its marked and sudden success, Mr. Choate said if he recalled Bunyan aright, it was Goodwill who opened the wicket gate to Christian, and it was the goodwill of the two great countries that opened the wicket to these pilgrims on the road to victory. During his residence in England he had done the little he could to promote more frequent intercourse between and better knowledge of the two countries, but it was not to him the improvement in the relations of the two nations in recent years was due. This was due, in the first place, he believed, to the popular will on both sides of the Atlantic, which would not permit these countries to be dissevered in their friendship. On this side, so far as governmental action was concerned, it was due to Lord Salisbury and Lord Lansdowne, who by their uniform candor, fairness, and friendliness of treatment on every question that had arisen, and their careful consideration of the feelings of the United States, had done all in their power to promote not only peace but warm and hearty friendship. On the other side, it was equally due to McKinley and Roosevelt, who met all public questions with which the two countries had to deal in the same manful and liberal spirit. It was due to the uniform skill, tact, and broad-mindedness of the distinguished American secretary of state and the two distinguished ambassadors who had represented Great Britain in Washington in recent years.

King a Notable Power.

There was another influence, which was the hearty support of everything that goes to strengthen the cordial relations that had been always uniform and ever effective, and that was the friendly feeling and hearty good will that wells in the heart of King Edward and that lost no opportunity of expressing themselves. For his illustrious mother all Americans cherished a reverence and affection, and they never forgot the occasions in trying times when she stood by them, particularly when she said to her minister: "I will sign nothing that will lead to a breach of the peace between this country and America."

Refers to Jubilee Loan.

Referring gratefully to the king's spontaneous offer to loan the Victoria's jubilee gifts to the St. Louis exposition, Mr. Choate said he was affected by the offer not only because it was voluntary, but because of the manner in which it was made by his majesty, who said: "I know what feelings of regard and reverence the people of the United States always entertained for the late queen, and I know they will accept the exhibit from me as a reciprocation of those sentiments."

Mr. Choate finished by saying he rejoiced that friendships he had formed here were likely to be lasting and by thanking his hosts for such tributes of personal affection as he had experienced since he came to Great Britain.

CANAL EXPLORER FINDS ONLY RUIN

Mud, Decay, Odor, Officeholders, but No Traffic, Mark the Course of the Ditch to Lemont.

"VOYAGE" ON HORSEBACK

Resident's Along the Vanishing Banks Are Bitter Against Snively and His Commission.

ABOARD THE MUSTANG "DAUNTLESS."
Lemont, Ill., March 3.

Personal investigation of the section of that political luxury, the Illinois and Michigan canal, lying between Chicago and Lemont has shown today that it is all its most radical opponent charges, and more. For the most part it is unspeakable, and all the way it is malodorous—a stagnant reminder of primitive transportation days, into whose bottomless mud have been sunk hundreds of thousands of the people's money.

And into it the state administration would throw $199,000 more this year, as a votive offering to some gods political.

A trip along the crumbling bank shows how hopelessly the canal has sunk into decay. It is a canal without towpath, a canal without canal boats, without commerce, without anything but a retinue of employés and an unsatiable craving for state appropriations.

From Chicago to Lemont it spells the one word, ruin.

Some Attributes of the Canal.

The first day of the quest for this political fleece has disclosed several things.

It is a prominent factor in that stench which the southwest wind so often sweeps over Chicago, and which is called by the vague term "Bridgeport."

It is as unpopular in the towns along its banks as it is with the legislators who are trying to keep the $199,000 from its murky depths.

Its board of commissioners is even more unpopular than the canal itself. Already the officials of nearly a score of towns have held one meeting of protest, and are even now planning a series of massmeetings to give further vent to their opinion of President Clarence E. Snively and his fellow board members.

Proofs for the Incredulous.

After one day of exploration it may be declared, however, that the ditch today was once a commercial highway.

In proof of which the following evidence, adduced by your correspondent, is presented:

1. Scores of inhabitants were found who declare they have seen the canal often, some even professing to have seen barges moving up and down upon it.

2. Other scores who, if they have not personally happened upon the canal, have hearsay knowledge of it.

3. Indications that the tradition of the canal is handed down from father to son.

4. Geographical calculation of position of waterway—carefully performed today with astounding results.

5. Remarkable outcrop of "graft" along the route—apparently of old formation and certainly of the brazen era.

6. Familiarity of the inhabitants with the name of a person called Snively, generally referred to as "the old man" or "the boss."

First Glimpse of the Ditch.

The search for the $199,000 a year waterway began with the geographic calculation. The map shows the Illinois and Michigan canal at Ashland avenue, near Thirty-first street, running parallel to the drainage channel at a distance of a few hundred yards. After this distance had been measured off it was observed that the earth was depressed at this point and that water stood in the depression. Slate colored, thickish water, iridescent with a coating of oils and apparent to the nose by a peculiar odor, more aggressive and clinging than any ever put forth by the old Chicago river.

A lounger of the beach comber family was accosted.

"What is this—this—pond?"

"That? Why, that's ther canal."

"Which canal?"

"Why, ther Illinois an' Michigan, o' course."

"Well, what makes it smell so?"

Bridgeport Smell Is Explained.

"'Cause it's dead, I 'spose. That's the Bridgeport smell."

There was no doubt about it.

There were no canal boats in the canal. In the Chicago river near the outlet of the channel lay a dilapidated barge careened upon the bank and apparently the resort of wharf rats, human and animal. Near the point of intersection of canal and river stands a brick house, one end of which is an office for the Chicago toll collector. Here Col. J. M. Snyder, the present incumbent of the office or "snap," as the neighboring saloonkeeper irreverently calls it, sits and smokes his pipe—and draws his pay.

"How many boats pass here a week?" the colonel was asked.

Awaits Boats That Come Not.

"The' ain't none pass here a week now," returned the colonel, peering deep into the bowl of his corn cob and relapsing into silence.

"How long since you've hailed a barge here?"

"O, some time."

And the colonel shifted his legs and signaled to the lockkeeper to replenish the fire. The toll collector's desk is gray with dust. The colonel sits waiting for the barges that do not come. He has ceased to watch canalwards, and now through the opposite dingy window directs his musing vision upon the looming gas tanks of Bridgeport and the serrated sky line of the city.

Col. Snyder and His "Work."

Col. Snyder is a resident of Canton, Ill. President Snively is also a resident of Canton. Col. Snyder is "something in politics" in Canton. He was appointed toll collector by Gov. Oglesby and was formerly stationed at Copperas creek. Once the colonel's "pull" lapsed and he lost his place, but Snively got him back.

The records of Col. Snyder's office show that when commerce existed on the canal, or when occasionally apparent nowadays, grain cargoes pay a toll of nine-tenths of a mill a bushel a mile, and lumber 5 mills a thousand feet a mile. Barges pay a toll of 3 cents a mile.

Near the toll office stands the Bridgeport pumping works. Here the commissioners have lavished a new equipment costing thousands of dollars upon the old ditch. There

(Continued on page 5, column 2.)

QUITS THE NAVY IN A HUFF

REAR ADMIRAL CROWNINSHIELD ASKS RETIREMENT.

Loss of Illinois as His Flagship Annoys the Officer, Who Feels He Would Be Humiliated by Having to Appear at European Ports in the Ten Year Old Cruiser Chicago—Department Removes Officer from Active List—Secretary Resigns.

Washington, D. C., March 3.—[Special.]—Indignant because his flagship, the Illinois, one of the most modern war vessels in the world, was taken away from him and the ten year old cruiser, the Chicago, given him instead, Rear Admiral Arent Schuyler Crowninshield has asked to be placed on the retired list of the navy.

What he considered the humiliation of appearing at European ports on an inferior vessel, as head of the European squadron, was too much for the rear admiral, and his request that he be retired followed. The retirement, however, will leave Crowinshield in receipt of $5,625 a year, the pay authorized on the retired list in the grade in which he will be classed.

The navy department at the same time received a communication from Lieut. Henry H. Ward, naval secretary to Rear Admiral Crowninshield resigning his commission in the navy.

Relieved from Active Duty.

Prompt action was taken by Secretary Moody in regard to the case of Rear Admiral Crowninshield, and it was decided to relieve him from active duty at once, in order that he might come home or visit European capitals, whichever should be his desire. His application for retirement undoubtedly will be granted.

Rear Admiral Charles C. Cotton, commandant of the navy yard at Norfolk, Va., was assigned to the command of the European squadron, and will relinquish his present duty at once and start for Europe as soon as he can arrange his official and private affairs.

The European squadron is composed of the cruiser Chicago (flagship), the protected cruisers Albany and Cincinnati, the cruiser Raleigh, and the gunboat Machias.

The navy department contented itself at first with the brief statement of the rear admiral's application for retirement without explanation of the reason therefor. It is known, however, that the officer was dissatisfied with the rearrangement of the armored squadrons following the Caribbean maneuvers last winter, which deprived him of the further use of the Illinois as a flagship.

Reason for Loss of Ship.

The circumstances under which Crowninshield came to be deprived of this ship, one of the latest and most formidable in this or any other navy, were entirely impersonal. The general board, of which Admiral Dewey is head, had decided upon the creation of a magnificent squadron of ironclads of the first type to constitute the "home squadron" guarding the Atlantic and gulf coasts, as the famous British "channels squadron" forms a wall of defense in that country. It was necessary, in the judgment of the board, in order to make this fleet of the necessary strength to serve the purpose in view, to include the Illinois. Moreover, such battleships are neither effective nor economical as cruisers, and the Illinois was doing that sort of duty in Europe.

So, carrying out its general policy and without regard to personal feelings, the navy department assigned Rear Admiral Crowninshield to command the Chicago and kept the Illinois on the North Atlantic station. The Chicago, while a serviceable cruiser and a fine vessel of ten years ago, is nothing like as imposing from a naval point of view as the Illinois, and Rear Admiral Crowninshield did not care to go back to the Mediterranean and to the ports of northern Europe, where his flag had floated over the battleship, in an inferior craft; so he protested. That protest was made during the maneuvers, and it was given due consideration, but the original plan held.

Retires at an Advanced Grade.

Rear Admiral Crowninshield retires under that section of the personnel act which permits him to do so at an advanced grade in consideration of at least forty years of creditable service. He is now No. 20 on the list of rear admirals, and is thus in the junior grade, so his retirement will place him in the first grade, where his retired pay will be $5,625 per annum, or $1,500 more than he would receive were he retired in his present grade.

Rear Admiral Crowninshield's retirement in the ordinary course will promote Capts. Cook and Harrington to be rear admirals. Capt. Cook, however, is in a deplorable state of health and is now at Nauheim, Germany, where it is hoped that the waters will benefit him. If they do not, it is feared he cannot pass the physical examination necessary to promotion. The law does not allow of much delay in these examinations, so it is probable that, following a precedent established some time ago, he will be promoted on his record, subject to the results of a physical examination to be held later on.

RAILROADS PLAN THE END OF SECOND CLASS RATES.

At Meeting of Central Passenger Association in Chicago First Steps Will Be Taken for a General 2 Cent Fare.

Cleveland, O., March 3.—[Special.]—The first step toward the abolishment of second class fares by the leading railroads in the United States, it is said, will be taken at a meeting of the Central Passenger association at Chicago on Wednesday of next week. The movement is said to be due to the Elkins law passed by congress. The managers' first purpose is to cut out all second class fares and then wipe out most, if not all, the concessions of low fares and special rates, and finally reduce the passenger rate fare voluntarily to 2 cents a mile. Under the Elkins law, it figured, the smaller roads will not have an advantage over the larger ones.

PAYS A TRIBUTE TO CREOLES.

George W. Cable, in New Orleans, Says Pleasant Things to Counteract Criticism in Novels.

New Orleans, La., March 3.—[Special.]—George W. Cable, the novelist, who is on a visit here, today paid a high tribute to the creoles to counteract the hatred entertained for him by the creoles of New Orleans on account of his treatment of them in his novels.

Mr. Cable will remain in the city several days for the purpose of gathering material for a new book, a novel descriptive of New Orleans people during the civil war. Mr. Cable said:

"The Creole of Louisiana is certainly the purest and the best blood. Whatever they may be in other colonies, I must say that in New Orleans the Creoles represent the aristocracy and the nobility of European ancestors, founders of the colony of Louisiana.

"I made a number of delightful Creole acquaintances in this city in 1898, and expect to see them again, and also to make new acquaintances among them."

ORDER OF COURT STAYS A STRIKE.

President Ramsey of Wabash Railroad Gets Injunction from Federal Judge Adams, St. Louis.

MOVE WAS UNEXPECTED.

P. H. Morrissey, Leader of Trainmen, Says Union Will Bow to Decree and Make a Legal Fight.

St. Louis, Mo., March 3.—[Special.]—While negotiations were pending this afternoon between President Ramsey of the Wabash railroad company and the union firemen and trainmen, Judge Adams of the United States District court issued an injunction against the officials of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen which effectually put an end to the immediate prospects of a walkout.

The injunction was one of the most sweeping documents ever issued in a labor trouble. It not only prohibits the labor leaders from interfering with the operations of the Wabash railroad, but it declares that they must not even issue a strike order or urge any employé to leave his post without incurring the displeasure of the court.

It was made operative on every man who holds a position of any authority in the two brotherhoods, and apparently leaves them without redress save in the courts. This they have decided to adopt.

Will Get Legal Advice.

The committee met this evening to talk over the situation, which, they said, was entirely strange to them. They finally determined to make no move until they have consulted with counsel tomorrow morning.

The railroad men are indignant tonight over what they term the bad faith of Mr. Ramsey and the action of Judge Adams, and there is talk that they will elect to leave their work as individual employés and not wait for a strike order. It is said that the recent vote taken in the local brotherhoods was overwhelmingly in favor of a strike, and that this sentiment is even stronger than it was at that time.

The injunction was issued for two hours before the labor leaders knew anything about it. They had presented President Ramsey with their ultimatum yesterday and gave him until noon to give his answer. The understanding was that his refusal to grant them the advances in wages they demanded was to be the signal for an immediate strike.

Gives Them No Notice.

At noon Mr. Ramsey asked for a little more time, and he was given until 5 o'clock this afternoon. Shortly after the labor men left his office, representatives of the company went into the federal court and the injunction was issued in a short time. Meantime the grievance committee had prepared and submitted to Mr. Ramsey their demand in another letter. Then the deputy marshals served the writ.

Following is the text of the injunction:

"Whereas, It has been represented to the judges of the Circuit court of the United States for the Eighth circuit, in the eastern district of Missouri, in chancery sitting, on the part of the Wabash Railroad company by its certain complaint against you and each of you that you are combining and confederating together to order and cause a strike on the part of the employés of the said railroad company, engaged in and about the operations of its trains, as brakemen, switchmen, and firemen, and in interfering with, hindering, obstructing, and stopping the business of said railroad company as a common carrier in the United States.

"And it being ordered that a writ of injunction issue out of our said court, upon said bill of complaint, enjoining and restraining you and each and every one of you as prayed in said bill.

Terms of the Order.

"We, therefore, in consideration thereof and the particular matters in said bill set forth, do strictly command you and each and every one of you, individually and as representatives of the order of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, your and said organizations' representatives, clerks, agents, and attorneys, and all others who may be aiding and abetting you or them, or acting in concert with you or them and under your or their direction, until the further order of this court, absolutely to desist and refrain from in any way or manner ordering, coercing, persuading, inducing, or otherwise causing, directly or indirectly, the employés of the said the Wabash Railway company, engaged in or about the operation of its trains within the United States, and brakemen, switchmen, or locomotive firemen, to strike or quit the service of said company, and from in any way molesting or interfering with said railroad company's said employés, or with the operations of its trains or the conduct of its business as a common carrier, and from molesting or interfering with said railroad company, its officers, agents, or representatives in respect to the operation of its trains or employment of men for or in connection therewith, and from preventing or interfering with said railroad company in the carrying out of its contracts of employment with its employés and its contracts with shippers for the transportation of property, and from interfering with or preventing said railroad company from offering reasonably, proper, and equal facilities for the interchange of traffic between its lines of railroad and other lines of railroad connecting therewith, and the receiving, forwarding, and delivery of passengers and property to and from its lines of railroad with other railroads connecting with such lines, and making a continuous carriage of freight from the place of shipment to the place of destination, and from preventing or interfering with said railroad company's connecting lines and their employer in the like interchange of traffic and facilities with said complainant railroad company, and from ordering, advising, or otherwise influencing employés of said connecting lines to refuse to interchange traffic and afford facilities therefor as aforesaid, and from interfering with or preventing said railroad company and its connecting lines from complying with the requirements of the interstate commerce act of the United States, and with their agreements with each other respecting said facilities for the interchange of traffic, and from interfering with or preventing said railroad company in the carrying of the mails in accordance with its contracts with the United States and the law relating thereto, to the end that by any of the acts or means aforesaid, the said defendants, their agents,

or servants shall not interfere with said railroad company in the discharge or prevent said railroad company from discharging its duties and obligations with respect to interstate commerce; or prevent it from performing any or all its duties or obligations imposed by the act of congress of Feb. 4, 1887, and amendments thereto in relation to interstate commerce.

"Hereof fail not, under penalty of what the law directs.

"To the marshal of the eastern district of Missouri to execute and return in due form of law.

"Witness, the Hon. Melville W. Fuller, chief justice of the Supreme court of the United States, the 3d day of March, A. D. 1903.

"Issued at office in the city of St. Louis under the seal of said Circuit court, the day and year last aforesaid.

"JAMES R. GRAY, Clerk."

It was made operative against the following officials, clerks, agents, and attorneys of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and Locomotive Firemen. The persons against whom the injunction is issued may appear in court at any time and present a plea to have the injunction dissolved, or, if no one asks that it be dissolved, it may be made permanent.

Morrissey Issues Statement.

The following signed statement was given out tonight by P. H. Merrissey, grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen:

"The firemen and trainmen employed on the Wabash system, by a decisive vote, authorized the committees representing them and the officers of their organizations to declare a strike if the wage scales and other working conditions which they had presented to the management were not granted. This course was decided upon only after every other honorable method to induce the company to give them deserved consideration had failed. Their determination to take this step was deliberately reached, as their personally written signatures will attest. They chose to hazard their employment and the consequences to themselves and their families that might follow rather than to longer hold the relation of the only railway employés of this section who could not meet their managing officers on terms of equality and be accorded equal wages and similar treatment given employés of their class on other lines.

"Some idea of their situation may be conceived when it is known that the division officials of the Wabash would not meet a committee of their employés to hear or discuss matters of complaint. There was no question of 'recognition of organized labor' to prejudice the issue, even though the influence of the employés was exerted through their organizations, as their action could not have been made effective or intelligently directed through any other method.

"To prevent the men from carrying out their determination to defend their position in a proper and legal way the company applied to and was granted an injunction by Judge Adams of the United States court for the Eastern district of Missouri, restraining the organizations, their officers, the committee, and all concerned from directly or indirectly sanctioning the procedure agreed upon by the employés themselves.

"We Bow in Submission."

"To this command, as law abiding citizens and organizations, we bow in submission. We will respect it because we recognize that until dissolved it is the law. While we view the action of the court as subversive of American rights and privileges, and we believe contrary to common justice and fairness, we utter no defiance to its mandate and indulge in no heroics. We will, however, contest the proceeding to the end, for if Judge Adams' order is written into the laws of our country, organization of labor, which is today the hope and protection of those who toil, can no longer contribute its beneficent influences in bettering the condition of the working people. In this effort we believe we will not only have the support of organized labor everywhere but all right thinking citizens who are lovers of human rights.

"As to the action of President Ramsey in this connection, we leave the public to be the judge. For years he has boasted of his contempt for labor organizations. He liked the distinction it brought him of being the one managing officer in this section who 'could get along without them.' Every previous effort of the employés to meet and deal with him had proved futile. He 'did not fear a strike; would easily fill the men's places.' They refused to be longer bluffed or cajoled. They told him they would strike if their requests were not granted. He knew they were in earnest and that he could not handle the situation as on previous occasions.

Were Not Met Fairly.

"Instead of meeting it squarely and operating his property without the men, if he were able to do so, as he has so often said, the ability which he has asserted heretofore seems to have deserted him, and he takes refuge behind the injunction, the men are legally enmeshed and must accept without protest, under penalty of imprisonment, the working conditions which he chooses to impose.

"If he has faith in his assertion that the purpose of the injunction goes no further than 'to prevent outsiders from interfering with his employés,' if he will withdraw the writ, the officers of the organizations will agree to leave the matter wholly to the decision of the committee of his employés having the matter in charge and abide the result.

"P. H. MORRISSEY, grand master B. R. T."

Ramsey Defends His Actions.

President Ramsey this evening made reply in a letter of considerable length. In contained the following reply:

"We now pay higher rates for firing our engines than nearly all other roads. In this connection I would remind you that your own demands Nov. 16 last were for $2.40 per 100 miles on heavy engines, and I gave you $2.50 in our Dec. 1 schedule, posted Dec. 8, and Dec. 10 you raised to $2.60. The classification of engines will stand on $2.30 and $2.50 rate until we find other lines paying for engines of same weights. The demand is declined.

"You now demand 19 per cent increase for all firemen on the Buffalo division (in Canada). This is an absolutely new demand and was not voted on by the employés. We now pay the same as the Grand Trunk railway, whose tracks we run our trains over. The demand is declined."

Mr. Ramsey reiterated that the demands of 12 per cent increase for passenger men and 15 per cent for freight men would not be conceded east of the Mississippi until competitive roads made such advances above present Wabash rates.

"In my office, on Jan. 29, Messrs. Hannahan and Lee admitted that the rates of pay, rules, and regulations of the Wabash company were as fair, and in many cases fairer, to the men than on other roads, only in some minor points being out of line. When they are not as fair as those of our competitive lines we will correct them."

After sending this reply to the committees Mr. Ramsey said:

"I do not believe there will be any strike. There are about 900 men of the conductors and engineers who are opposed to a strike. About 1,100 firemen and trainmen favor a strike. With an engineer in his cab and a conductor at his post of duty the train will be run, because it is not hard to secure a man for firing or braking.

"We will go on dealing with our own employés the same as usual. This order will not affect them at all. If a strike takes place it will be due to outside interference. The order is meant to restrain others on the outside from interfering with our employés or of ordering a strike. It was outside influences that caused dissension. The employés of the Wabash were satisfied, and would have remained satisfied if left to their own accord."

Sympathy of Engineers.

Grand Chief P. M. Arthur of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers held out hopes of support from his organization in event of a strike.

"It is a fact that there are a number of conductors in the trainmen's organization and a number of engineers in the firemen's organization, and it is fair to presume that the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, in case of a strike, will give the firemen and trainmen at least moral support," he said.

SENATE FINISHES SESSION'S WORK.

Takes a Recess at 2 A. M., but Meeting Today Will Be Purely Formal.

TILLMAN WINS A FIGHT.

Threatens to Block Important Bills and Secures Payment of State's Claim.

Washington, D. C., March 4, 3 a. m.—[Special.]—The senate, after a stormy session, practically continuous from 11 o'clock yesterday morning, completed all the most important work before it, and at 2 a. m. took a recess to 10 o'clock this morning.

The big appropriation bills were passed and, except for the treaties for which an extra session of the senate has been called, all the work planned for it is completed.

Attempts at filibustering by Senators Tillman and Quay marked the late hours of the night, and at one time the South Carolina man threatened to block all legislation and compel an extra session of congress.

Tillman Blocks the Work.

When he learned that the state claims of South Carolina had been cut out of the general deficiency bill Senator Tillman became indignant. That bill and the naval appropriation bill were both to be acted upon, and the threat of a continuous speech made the hope of further legislation useless.

The senator had a stack of books beside his desk almost as high as the desk, while on the desk was a volume of Byron's poems, open at "The Vision of Judgment."

"It is a just claim and must go in," he said, "or I will defeat both the remaining bills and force an extra session of both houses of congress. I can talk until 12 o'clock tomorrow, and that is all that is necessary for the accomplishment of my purpose."

Wins Claim for His State.

Another conference was held, the South Carolina item restored, and the senator ceased his speech.

The general deficiency and naval bills then were agreed to and the recess followed.

The senate accomplished considerable other work. It killed the Aldrich banking bill finally, passed the sundry civil bill, the omnibus public building bill, the bill to protect the president, and several minor measures. The two new senators from Delaware were sworn in and seated.

This leaves practically nothing to do in the morning. President Roosevelt will have an easy time of it when he arrives at the capitol at 10 o'clock, as there will be no important measure hanging fire.

In the course of the night session Mr. Quay sprung a surprise by offering as an amendment to the Philippine tariff bill the statehood bill, which he later withdrew, remarking "that the circumstances requiring the offering of the amendment had collapsed."

Continues the Committees.

When the senate met at 11 o'clock yesterday morning a resolution was adopted continuing until the next regular session the standing and select committee.

The conference reports on the sundry civil bill was agreed to.

Mr. Hoar called up the conference report on the bill to protect the president. Mr. Bacon of Georgia declared that the alleged conference report is a bill which, with the exception of one single sentence, had never been read in the senate. The bill, he said, is far reaching in its character and absolutely subversive of the fundamental principles upon which the government is founded.

Replying, Mr. Hoar insisted that the conference report was the senate bill in its entirety, with the exception of the matter pertaining to anarchists.

Mr. Bacon criticised the provisions of the bill, saying that it discriminated in the matter of gravity of a crime committed against an officer and an individual.

Wants Officers Protected.

Mr. Platt of Connecticut interrupted with the statement that, while he recognized the right and duty of the government to protect every citizen, there was an additional duty on the part of the government to protect its officers, that being protection of the government itself.

Mr. Hoar contended that the bill does not punish a crime against the official more than the government punishes a crime against the citizen.

At 1 o'clock the unfinished business—the Aldrich bill—was laid before the senate. Mr. Hoar immediately made the point that the unfinished business did not take precedence over a conference report.

Mr. Aldrich asked that his financial bill temporarily be laid aside. To this Mr. Teller objected, whereupon Mr. Hoar moved that the conference report be further considered. After Mr. Teller had predicted the defeat of the bill Mr. Hoar withdrew his motion.

Aldrich Admits His Defeat.

Replying to a question by Mr. Teller, Mr. Aldrich said it was not his purpose to keep the financial bill before the senate at any great length or for the purpose of preventing the disposition of other business. "After the notice served last night," he said, "I am satisfied this bill cannot pass this session."

Mr. Quay rose and said that in all humility of spirit he offered a proposition which he said would clarify the situation. He asked unanimous consent that at 2 o'clock a vote be taken on five propositions before the senate, naming the omnibus statehood bill, the Aldrich bill, the conference report on the bill to protect the president, the Philippine tariff bill, and the pure food bill.

Mr. Foraker said he took advantage of the opportunity to say that it would be little short of a public calamity if the senate adjourned without passing some of these measures.

"I hope," said he, "that the senate will in the early future adopt some kind of a reasonable cloture rule."

On a yea and nay vote the senate refused to take up the pure food bill, 28 to 32.

Democrats Are Denounced.

The Aldrich bill then was taken up and Mr. Aldrich took the floor. He had, he said, been greatly surprised at the attitude of certain democratic senators. The national banking system, he declared, is beyond the power of the senator from Arkansas and the senator from Kentucky to destroy. Facing the democratic side, Mr. Aldrich said:

"We have appealed to you in a businesslike way to give to the treasury a chance to stop the process of contraction, to provide what is equivalent to a means of expansion when it is imperatively needed by the business of the country, and yet you say 'No, we will talk your bill to death for political effect.'"

A small lot of men in the senate, he said, had "deliberately, with malice aforethought, murdered this bill."

"The destruction of the bill by you gentlemen," said he, speaking to the democratic side, "as sure as the sun will rise tomorrow morning, will impair confidence in business circles." He added that he wanted to put the responsibility where it belonged.

Mr. Aldrich explained the purpose of his bill and answered a number of criticisms made by the democrats to it.

Delaware Senators Sworn In.

Mr. Teller followed in continuation of his remarks begun on Saturday, but yielded in order to permit the two new senators from Delaware, J. Frank Allee and L. Heisler Ball, to be sworn.

Amid loud applause from the occupants of the galleries, many of whom, including J. Edward Addicks, came from Delaware especially for the occasion, Mr. Ball was escorted to the desk by Mr. Aldrich, while Mr. Allee was accompanied by Mr. Hanna. The usual oath was administered and the two senators were conducted to their seats.

Mr. Lodge expressed his anxiety to have the Philippine tariff bill disposed of at this session. Mr. Teller stated that there was no more possibility of passing it than there is of passing the Aldrich bill.

Mr. Teller replied to Mr. Aldrich's charge that the democrats had filibustered against his bill, and said that the senate had listened to the dreary readings and dreary speeches made against statehood with no pretense that they were for the purpose of enlightening the senate.

If closure had existed, he said, there would have been three new states. "You have belied your platforms," said he, facing the republican side, "and belied your professions." He said the statehood advocates finally were compelled, in the interests of the public, to surrender to the minority. He declared the republicans were afraid of the democratic party in the west. A man was a fool, he said, who had sat in the senate and did not know it, and is a coward who, knowing it, is not willing to declare it. "You are afraid of that power," he said. Mr. Teller concluded his remarks by pleading for action regarding the trusts.

Mr. Lodge moved to take up the Philippine tariff bill, which was agreed to, displacing the Aldrich financial bill.

Mr. Elkins then spoke on the Aldrich bill and said it was a calamity that the bill had been defeated. He said that the republican party was responsible for the condition of affairs in the senate. For fourteen weeks a majority of the senate had been kept from voting on the statehood bill. The Aldrich bill, the Philippine bill, and the treaties had been defeated by the filibuster against the statehood bill. The republican party had been false to its solemn pledges in three successive platforms. He referred to the activity of Senator Aldrich in his leadership to accomplish the defeat of the statehood bill, and said while doing so he (Aldrich) was digging the grave of the currency legislation and the other important measures. Every time a spadeful of earth was thrown on the statehood bill there was one put on the Aldrich bill.

"This is the first time," said Mr. Elkins, "in the history of the republican party that it resorted to filibustering." He said he was not ashamed to be in the camp of the democrats when they were for so just a measure as the statehood bill. "The minority opposing statehood in this senate," he declared, "is responsible for all these failures and these disasters that are overtaking us and causing us so many regretful tears at this moment."

Mr. Lodge followed with an explanation of his bill and said that it simply provides for further reduction of the duties on Philippine products coming into this country.

Sees Trust Behind Proposal.

Mr. Patterson of Colorado opposed the bill, saying he objected to being used either by a trust or by any combination of speculators under the plea of humanity.

Mr. Bacon of Georgia said that, even if he shared the apprehensions of Mr. Patterson with regard to the threatened competition of sugar and tobacco, he still would say that now is the time when the hand of relief to a desolate people should be extended.

Mr. Foraker said he would rejoice if the Philippines would produce 5,000,000 tons of sugar. It would be a sad miscarriage of this government's duty toward those islands if it so legislated as to make it impossible for a country of such capacity to have no prosperity at all.

The Hawaiian ditch bill was passed.

At 6 o'clock a recess was taken until 8 o'clock. When the senate reconvened Mr. Patterson made the point of no quorum. After a wait of ten minutes a quorum appeared.

Porto Rico Measure Wins.

The bill providing for the appointment of three commissioners from Porto Rico was taken up and amended so as to require the commission to report to congress instead of to the president, and as amended the bill was passed. The bill provides for a report upon the lands claimed by the Catholic church in the island.

The chair appointed the following senators to represent the senate at the dedicatory exercises of the St. Louis exposition April 30 and May 1 and 2. Messrs. Burnham, Depew, Penrose, Dolliver, Hansbrough, Mitchell, Teller, Berry, Martin, and Foster [La.].

Mr. Fairbanks then presented the conference report on the omnibus public building bill.

Mr. Mallory of Florida made a formal objection to the report in which he criticised the methods adopted in securing an agreement on the bill.

Mr. Warren of Wyoming said the conferees on the part of the senate had been put in a humiliating position. He referred to the use of the word "bunko" by Mr. Tillman, and said that hereafter whenever anybody should speak of bad faith or bunko, his mind would involuntarily turn to the actions "of those from another place," alluding to the house conferees, "surrounding this measure that we have in such a humiliating way surrendered today."

He said the senators on the committee had refused to allow provisions for sites in the bill, because they had agreed with the other committee not to do so, being assured that the bill could not pass the house if new sites were provided. Yet the bill came back with many new sites, and the senate conferees were told they must accept them or there would be no bill.

White House Office Criticised.

Mr. Warren referred to the office for the White house as "that diminutive little wigwam which cost $65,000. That wigwam or tepee, whose front yard is a coal hole, and whose back yard is a site for a decent building to which this wigwam or tepee will serve as a porch or piazza." He said that if he could not make a better building for $65,000 he would owe an apology to those who saw it.

The senator spoke of the large amounts that were being expended for public buildings. Immense sums, he said, had been asked for a temple of justice, $7,000,000 for the department of commerce with 1,300 employés, a mail bag shop, and a hall of records. Continuing, Mr. Warren said:

"I say it with shame that in view of all this great expenditure, this perfect ghost dance of intoxicated indulgence and extravagance, we have not time nor ability nor inclination to pay the debts we owe to those who have furnished supplies to this nation."

Whenever a claims bill is asked to be passed the senator, he said, is looked upon as the paid representative of some corporation is looked upon. The senate conferees, he said, had most reluctantly yielded, and so far as he was concerned he owed an apology to the senate for accepting what was "dished out to us on the bluff that we would have to take what they said or nothing."

Reason for Amending Explained.

Mr. Fairbanks, chairman of the committee, said he did not understand that the house conferees were acting with any ungenerous motive. They had said, and this was concurred in by senators on both sides, that in the present state of affairs in the house an amendment to this bill was fatal to its passage. The measure, he said, was wholesome, beneficial, and wise, and it was on that account that the senate conferees yielded. The conference report then was agreed to.

A joint resolution was agreed to transferring all the authority and jurisdiction conferred on the secretary of the treasury by the immigration bill to the secretary of the department of commerce and labor.

Mr. Carmack then discussed the Philippine tariff bill, which, he said, was gasping out its last hours on the table. Answering the statement of Mr. Aldrich made today, Mr. Carmack said that Mr. Aldrich himself was responsible for the defeat of his bill. Mr. Aldrich, he said, had not talked much because he was one of those senators who did his talking through other men's mouths. He said that Mr. Hoar had a bill, but that he had announced that if it occasioned debate it would be abandoned.

"The senator is as mistaken as any benighted individual ever was," replied Mr. Hoar.

"We are all benighted in comparison with the luminous and illuminated intellect of the senator," said Mr. Carmack. Continuing, he said he did not intend to vote against honest principles of government in order to favor men of his state. He declared that Mr. Oxnard of the beet sugar trust would never have consented that a bill should pass the senate in this form if he believed it could possibly have done him any harm or done harm or have done the Filipinos any good.

Hoar Reads Wrong Speech.

At this point Mr. Hoar read the official report of what he had said regarding the bill to protect the president, referred to by Mr. Carmack. With some emphasis he remarked: "That's what I said."

"You have the wrong page," said Mr. Carmack.

"The senator has got the wrong story," retorted Mr. Hoar amid peals of laughter in the galleries.

Mr. McEnery of Louisiana then spoke on the pending bill of the Philippine tariff bill. He said it was a scheme worked up by the sugar trust of the United States in order to get control of the sugar market of the world and thus destroy the sugar industry in the United States and control the entire output of the product of cane. He declared that it was the intention of the sugar trust to control every pound of sugar raised in Cuba, the Philippines, or any other possession this government may obtain.

The people of the United States are to be impoverished and destroyed, he said, in order that a gigantic corporation can live. It is a great scandal on the congress of the United States, he said. "Even its shadow over the capitol is such a baneful influence as to create the impression that honest and honorable men can fall under its influence and power."

Cigars Not on Free List.

An amendment was agreed to excluding from the free list cigars and cigarets.

The amendment increasing the duty on sugar and tobacco from 25 to 50 per cent of the Dingley rate was agreed to on a yea and nay vote, 29 to 19.

Mr. Dubois and Mr. Patterson followed in opposition to the bill. Mr. Patterson had proceeded only a brief time when Mr. Tillman forced a roll call on a point of no quorum.

After a quorum appeared a house bill was passed appropriating $45,000 to refund the duties paid on merchandise brought into the United States from Porto Rico between April 11, 1899, and May 1, 1900, and also on merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine islands between April 11, 1899, and March 8, 1902.

Mr. Patterson then resumed his remarks, and had spoken but a few minutes when he yielded to Mr. Quay, who said the debate on the Philippine bill was amusing. On a motion made by him at one time for a reduction of tariff he had received a miserable vote of seven against the entire majority.

Quay Fights for Statehood.

He branched out on the statehood bill, which he said had been carried into the gloom of the cavern of death and laid away for resurrection. He then sent to the desk the statehood bill as an amendment to the Philippine tariff bill and had it read. He said he wanted the forty-seven pages of italics read.

"Why not read the plain type, too?" suggested Mr. Beveridge.

"That would be dilatory tactics," replied Mr. Quay with some sarcasm.

"I desire for once and all," declared Mr. Quay, "to get a vote on this statehood bill."

Mr. Patterson interrupted with the statement that with this amendment to the tariff bill the latter will be so vastly improved that it would furnish an inducement for senators to suspend their opposition.

Mr. Quay called Mr. Tillman's attention to the fact that Indian Territory had been stricken out of the bill.

"Then I will vote for it," Mr. Tillman quickly replied.

The amendment then was read in its entirety.

Later Mr. Quay withdrew his statehood bill. Then came the Tillman incident, which won the day for the South Carolina claims, the conference reports on the general deficiency naval bills were adopted, and the senate at 2 a. m. took a recess until 10 o'clock this morning.

PANAMA OPTION IS EXTENDED.

United States Secures New Agreement Concerning Canal Which Assures Control of Route.

Washington, D. C., March 3.—Attorney General Knox, on leaving the cabinet meeting today, announced that he had received from the Panama Canal company an acceptance of his proposal for the extension of the option on the canal company's property. He said that the option would be kept alive until the ratification of the pending treaty.

The correspondence which has passed regarding the acceptance of the offer of that company was made public today and includes a letter from Mr. Cromwell, the counsel of the company, accepting the offer of Attorney General Knox. The other letters and messages have already been published.

President Roosevelt and his cabinet were in session for nearly two hours. The status of the Panama negotiations was the most important subject discussed. The reply of Attorney Cromwell was received with expressions of satisfaction.

Later Mr. Cromwell made the following statement: "It gives me satisfaction to confirm the fact that, after the fullest exchange of views, I have reached a complete understanding with the attorney general upon the points involved in the contract for the purchase by the United States of the Panama canal and properties. I have, therefore, today, under the full powers and discretion with which the company vested me, reached a satisfactory understanding with the government upon all points, and have signed and delivered the documents which make the contract complete and binding upon the government and canal company.

"This action absolutely assures to the United States the acquisition and completion of the Panama canal, as well as the control of the railroad. The rest is only a matter of detail and of time.

"As to Colombia, my advices satisfy me that, while the treaty has disappointed their expectations in several respects, it will be ratified in its present form by the new congress, for which elections are now taking place. The Panama canal has now become the American canal."

IS IDENTIFIED AS MRS. KNAPP.

Brother Identifies the Body Found Floating on the Ohio River and It Is Sent to Hamilton, O.

New Albany, Ind., March 3.—Edward F. King of Cincinnati and Charles Goddard, brother-in-law and brother of Hannah Goddard Knapp, have positively identified the body found floating in the Ohio river late yesterday afternoon as that of the wife of Alfred Knapp, the confessed murderer. The jewelry found on the body was the same known to have been worn by the young woman before she became the wife of Knapp. The remains were sent to Hamilton.

Tells of Other Crimes.

Hamilton, O., March 3.—Knapp has confessed other crimes. He says in 1886 he attacked a girl at New Madrid Bend, Mo., and was chased by a mob bent on lynching him. He told of other similar atrocities.

Life of Sister Threatened.

Cincinnati, O., March 3.—Mrs. Edward F. King, sister of Alfred A. Knapp, has reported that her life has been repeatedly threatened by another woman interested in the Knapp defense, and today she asked for police protection, which was accorded her. She believed the threats were brought about by the investigation which she and her husband started in connection with the disappearance of Hannah Goddard.

CAR RUNS INTO MEAT WAGON.

One Man Hurt and Twenty Passengers in Ogden Avenue Vehicle Are Shaken Up.

One man was injured and twenty passengers were thrown to the floor of an Ogden avenue electric car when it collided with a meat wagon at Springfield avenue yesterday morning.

The injured man was Willis H. Bervis, 1683 West Madison street, who sustained four scalp wounds. Bervis, the driver of a meat wagon, was attempting to cross the street car tracks in front of the approaching electric car when the collision occurred.

A question over a street car transfer resulted in a fight between George G. Fuller, employed by a west side undertaker, and John Grady, a conductor on a Van Buren street car, and Fuller was arrested.

WILL PAY IF HE FINDS GOLD.

Collector and $300 Disappear and Later a Promise Is Made in a Letter.

The police have been asked to search for Roy McKilzie, 22 years old, who is charged with having left Chicago with $300 belonging to Cook & McLain, cleaners and dyers, at 56 East Thirty-ninth street, by which firm he was employed as a collector until Monday. On Tuesday the firm received a letter purporting to be from McKilzie giving an itemized account of collections made by the young man and saying that he intended going west. If he "struck gold," the letter said, he would repay the money.

Actress Bessie Palmer Sued.

Bessie Palmer, the actress who was shot, she charges, by her friend, Elsie Barrett, recently, was defendant yesterday in a criminal suit in Justice Richardson's court. She was charged with concealing or disposing of property that had been mortgaged, the complainant being Loftis Bros. & Co. Because she has not fully recovered from her wound the hearing was postponed to March 10.

HOUSE NEAR END OF NEEDED WORK

Democratic Opposition Continues, but Good Progress Is Made.

POLITICS IN THE DEBATES

Night Session Held to Clear Up Important Business Before Adjournment.

Washington, D. C., March 4, 3 a. m.—The session yesterday was almost a repetition of Monday's in the house. Slowly but surely, through the operation of ceaseless roll calls, the conference reports to complete the necessary legislation were ground out. A night session was held beginning at 10 o'clock.

The democratic opposition did not abate and will be continued until congress expires at noon today.

During the debates on conference reports members on each side got in political speeches and several times party passion flared up.

Just before the evening recess bedlam broke loose, and there was an exchange of high words between two members on the floor. A personal altercation seemed imminent in the confusion, but was averted by the intervention of friends.

The conference reports on the immigration, public building, and sundry civil bills were adopted. The president's veto message of a Virginia claim bill was referred to the committee on war claims. A resolution to correct clerical errors in the immigration bill was adopted. A senate bill to authorize the treasury department to coin souvenir coins for the Thomas Jefferson Memorial association was passed.

The conference report on the bill to reduce the population required of "reserve cities" from 50,000 to 25,000 was adopted.

Roll Call Is Demanded.

As soon as Speaker Henderson called the house to order Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, attempted to make the point of no quorum, but the speaker recognized Mr. Payne to demand the ayes and noes on the pending question coming over from last night—the adoption of the conference report on the immigration bill.

Mr. Richardson insisted that his point was good, but the speaker overruled him, and when the democratic leader appealed from the decision he declined to entertain the appeal, on the ground that it was dilatory. The report was adopted 197 to 17.

Mr. Cannon presented the conference report on the sundry civil bill. He pleaded with the minority to dispense with the reading of the report in extenso, but Mr. Richardson was obdurate and refused consent.

An amusing scene followed. The voices of the reading clerks having been worn out by the calling of the roll, a member of the capitol police force was drafted in. He had at one time been an auctioneer. He had a foghorn voice and his tones gradually ascended like an auctioneer's. The members, as well as the spectators, were convulsed with laughter.

The new clerk suspended the reading to bow right and left. The confusion became so great that Mr. Goldfogle of New York protested, and the chair admonished members to preserve order.

The ten minutes' debate allowed on the bill was consumed in the discussion of the action of the conferees in striking out the appropriation of $2,000,000 for a New York postoffice site. Mr. Cannon, in charge of the report, explained that the house conferees had no information on the subject, and, ascertaining that nothing could be done until the convening of the next congress, had insisted on the item going out. The report was adopted, 211—11.

Political Topics Discussed.

The debate on a railway right of way bill took a wide range. Mr. Gaines of Tennessee again discussed the subject of the White house furniture. Mr. Little of Arkansas arraigned the republican party for its hypocrisy on the trust question. Before congress convened, he said, the party was split into factions and the leaders were fighting like mad dogs. But now, having agreed on a program that would not hurt the trusts, he said the whole "shebang, the president, J. Pierpont Morgan, Knox, and Littlefield could lie down at night like the lion and the lamb."

Mr. Vandiver of Missouri and Mr. Olmsted of Pennsylvania discussed the Wagoner-Butler contested election case. Olmsted took occasion to deny the democratic charge that Mr. Butler had been unseated without a quorum. He asserted that there were fifteen more than a quorum present.

Souvenir Coin Plan Scored.

A senate bill to authorize the treasury department to provide souvenir coins for the Thomas Jefferson Memorial association drew from Mr. Grosvenor a protest against any aid for the construction of a monument to the "author of the Kentucky resolutions of 1798, which helped to bring on the war of the rebellion in which 200,000 Americans lost their lives."

Mr. Williams of Mississippi indignantly denied the bill contemplated any aid from the government. The metal for the coin was to be furnished, he said, by the association, and he expressed his astonishment that the author of the declaration of independence and of the first statute for religious freedom should be made the subject of a political diatribe by one "unworthy to loose the latches of his shoes." The bill was passed, 187 to 3.

Public Building Bill Adopted.

The conference report on the omnibus public building bill was adopted without debate. The vote stood 202 to 11.

Mr. Hill of Connecticut presented the conference report on the bill to reduce the population of "reserve" cities for bank deposits from 50,000 to 25,000. With the question of the adoption of the report pending and in the midst of a scene of confusion caused by Mr. Payne, the majority leader, reading an editorial in condemnation of the course of the minority, the house at 7 o'clock took a recess until 10 o'clock.

When the house reconvened Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, was on his feet with the point of no quorum. The chair overruled him and the roll was called on the pending question. The report was adopted, 199 to 18.

Veterans to Have Preference.

Mr. Grosvenor then was recognized and he moved the passage under the suspension of the rules of the "veterans' preference" bill.

Mr. Gillett of Massachusetts demanded a second, which was ordered, 109 to 7. Mr. Grosvenor explained that the bill had been indorsed by the G. A. R. Its purpose was to give ex-soldiers and sailors of the civil war preference for appointment and retention in the civil service. He said the bill had been referred to the committee on civil service, but had not been reported.

Mr. Gillett opposed the bill. He regretted, he said, that he was obliged to antagonize it, but he believed it would be detrimental to the government service. One of the most troublesome questions in connection with the civil service now was that of the superannuation of clerks. The pending bill, if it became a law, would add to this difficulty as the youngest of the veterans of the civil war were now over 60.

Mr. Gardner of Massachusetts asked unanimous consent to include the veterans of the Spanish war among the beneficiaries.

Mr. Underwood of Alabama objected. The bill was passed, 148 to 57.

BOY CONFESSES KILLING GIRL.

Edward Knapman of Chicago Tells Detroit Police of Shooting Agnes Mooney.

Detroit, Mich., March 3.—[Special.]—Edward Knapman, the Chicago boy, this afternoon made a statement to the police that he shot Agnes Mooney two weeks ago, while he was under the influence of liquor, and then tried to kill himself. Knapman shot himself through the breast, but the wound is healing rapidly, and a charge of murder will be lodged against him if he recovers. Knapman at first blamed the girl for the shooting.

MANY BILLS ARE KILLED.

END OF SESSION RESULTS IN GRAVE FATALITIES.

Senator Aldrich Delivers Impressive Funeral Sermon Over His Law Slain by the Democrats—Lodge Also Is a Victim—Addition to Chicago Building Fund Finally Fixed at $750,000—Blame for Obstructive Tactics Is Fixed Upon Chief Offenders.

(Continued from first page.)

that the project, which is entirely meritorious and artistic, may be adopted at the next session of congress.

***

When the clock strikes 12 tomorrow the sale of liquors in every form at the capitol will cease. Members of the house, who were responsible for this provision of the new law, now say the joke is on the senate after all. The house goes out of business tomorrow, and will not reconvene until December in all probability. The senate, however, is in for a month or so of tiresome executive sessions, with a series of dreary speeches and calls for quorum, but with no real necessity for any senator remaining in the chamber. That is the time when the restaurant is most patronized. Senators, however, will have to go dry or violate the law.

The paragraph in the immigration bill is so worded as to prevent the sale of liquors anywhere in the capitol building, so that it will be illegal to send wine up to the committee rooms, as is now done when there is a little lunch being served upstairs. The house members say the senate provision can be repealed easily enough next December when they meet, but it proposes to see to it that the senate goes dry as long as the special session lasts. There are on the capitol police a large percentage of men appointed by representatives of the house, and it will be made their duty, it is said, to see the senate restaurant does not violate the law in a single instance during the special session.

No "cold tea" fiction will be tolerated, and already representatives of the District of Columbia Woman's Christian Temperance union have decided to take frequent lunches at the senate restaurant during the special session to see that the law is observed.

***

An order was entered in the Supreme court today providing that the taking of testimony should be resumed next Monday in the drainage canal case, and thereafter the work should proceed as rapidly as possible so as to have all evidence before the court by Oct. 12. As this is the case growing out of the dispute between two states the Supreme court has original jurisdiction both as regards the law and the facts, and the judges will have to go over all the evidence presented before rendering a decision.

***

Liliuokalani, the former queen of Hawaii, will not get the big bonus the senate proposed to give to her. Senator Blackburn of Kentucky was particularly lively in advocating a gift to the dusky queen of the generous sum of $200,000, which was supposed to be in compensation of her loss of income from crown lands. The house refused to accept the amendement, and Queen Lil will have to depend on her private fortune, which is by no means meager.

The fact was clearly brought out in the senate that the so called crown lands were nothing more nor less than the general public lands of Hawaii. They could not be alienated nor sold by the sovereign. They belonged to the state and to the state alone. The gift to Queen Lil was not intended as an act of justice, but merely as charity. Nevertheless, the conferees on the part of the house would not listen to the amendment. They said Queen Lil had plenty of money of her own, although she had never worked for any of it, and they insisted that a gift to her would be misunderstood by the Hawaiian people and by the world at large.

Attention was called to the fact that the queen was personally responsible for the rebellion against the provisional government of Hawaii, and that she had never been punished for that, nor had any attempt been made to confiscate her private fortune.

***

In the postoffice bill as finally passed there are some plums for the Chicago office, because the postmaster's salary is raised from $6,000 to $8,000; the assistant postmaster is jumped $500, so as to make his salary $3,500, and the superintendents of bureaus get increases so as to make their present salaries of $2,700 $3,000.

***

An agreement was reached this afternoon by the conferees on the omnibus public buildings bill and all doubt as to whether the limit of cost of the Chicago building will be increased to $4,750,000 has disappeared. The senate yielded to the house on all questions in dispute.

Other items of interest to the middle west include provisions for increasing the cost of postoffices at Kankakee, Pekin, and De Kalb, Ill., from $70,000 to $80,000 each; at Oak Park, from $35,000 to $45,000; and new buildings are authorized at Sterling to cost $35,000, and at Champaign to cost $70,000.

A new site is authorized at Dixon, Ill., to cost $10,000. The cost of the public building at Hutchinson, Kas., is increased from $50,000 to $60,000; at Lawrence, from $50,000 to $60,000; at Emporia, from $51,000 to $60,000; at Battle Creek, Mich., from $100,000 to $110,000; at Wausau, from $50,000 to $57,000; at Fond du Lac, from $60,000 to $65,000; at Janesville, $75,000 to $81,000; at Council Bluffs, Ia., from $247,800 to $253,347; at Centerville, from $35,000 to $40,000.

New sites are authorized at Ann Arbor, Mich., to cost $12,000; York, Neb., $10,000; Grand Island, Neb., $10,000; Chippewa Falls, $10,000; Marinette, $10,000; Webster City, Ia., $10,000, and Mason City, $8,000.

***

In the sundry civil appropriation bill, which went to the president today for his signature, are many items of interest to Illinois and the middle west, among them being an appropriation of $750,000 for completing the Chicago building under old limit of cost, and $26,758 for the rent of the Chicago temporary building; for completing public buildings of Decatur, $20,000; De Kalb, $16,250; Pekin, $17,500; Evanston, $22,500; Ottawa, $15,000; Kankakee, $17,500; Oak Park, $8,750; for extending the office at Springfield, $125,000. For machinery and fixtures and the care and preservation of the Rock Island arsenal, $32,500; for a new building to replace one destroyed by fire, $185,000, and for a new hospital, $19,500.

For improving Calumet harbor an appropriation of $204,280 is made, and for the harbor at Waukegan $240,000 is authorized.

The secretary of war is directed to purchase 110 acres of land adjoining the military post at Fort Sheridan, to be used for the erection of additional buildings necessary for the accommodation of the increased garrison and for drill ground. For this purpose $280,000 is appropriated. There is also authority for the expenditure of $352,700 for a soldiers' home at Danville.

Other items of interest are for improving the harbor at Ludington, Mich., $165,000, and for the harbor at Marquette, $180,000. Appropriations for public buildings are authorized as follows: Adrian, Mich., $10,000; Atlantic, Ia., $7,500; Baraboo, Wis., $11,500; Battle Creek, Mich., $25,000; Boone, Ia., $25,000; Burlington, Ia., $15,000; Centerville, $8,750; Eau Claire, Wis., $80,000; Emporia, Kas., $26,000; Flint, Mich., $16,250; Fond du Lac, $15,000; Grand Haven, Mich., $12,500; Green Bay, Wis., $35,000; Hastings, Neb., $60,000; Hutchinson, Kas., $12,500; Iowa City, $15,000; Kalamazoo, Mich., $30,000; Lawrence, Kas., $12,500; Lincoln, Neb., $175,000; Marshalltown, Ia., $21,250; Muskegon, Mich., $17,500; Omaha, Neb., $20,000; Owosso, Mich., $8,750; Superior, Wis., $56,250; Waterloo, Ia., $37,500; Wausau, Wis., $12,500.

BREAKS HIS LEG BY COUGHING.

Boy with Fragile Bones Is Strapped to His Bed After Suffering Twenty-two Fractures.

Rochester, N. Y., March 3.—[Special.]—Hiram Bartholomew, the 6 year old son of William Bartholomew of North Cohocton, broke his leg today for the twenty-second time. The child is suffering from a rare disease known as fragilitas ossium. He never has been able to play or run about, as the slightest exertion snaps the bones of his legs. A few days ago the child contracted whooping cough, and, during a fit of coughing, fractured his limb. It now is necessary to keep him strapped to his couch day and night.

SAYS "NO" TO NEW 'PHONE CHARGES.

Mayor Asserts the Committee Played Into the Hands of Chicago Company.

INSISTS ON A MAXIMUM.

Plan Declared to Be Identical with One That Gave Rival Concern a Permit.

That the telephone committee of the city council played directly into the hands of the Chicago Telephone company was charged by Mayor Harrison yesterday. In recommending the substitution of a measured service for the fixed rate now in force, he said the committee had reintroduced a plan which the company had endeavored to put into effect a year ago.

This plan of the company was directly responsible for the existence of the Illinois Telephone company now preparing to enter the field and cut rates against the older corporation.

If it had not been for this proposition to substitute the measured system for the fixed rate the Illinois Telephone company's ordinance would have been vetoed, said the mayor. It had been vetoed once and the mayor said he signed it because of the action of the Chicago company.

"I object to taking the roof off the rates," said the mayor, "and thus allowing the telephone company to charge all sorts of rates. I should not object to the measured service with a limit—with a maximum rate such as the Illinois company has established."

Ellicott Tries to Explain.

City Electrician Ellicott, a member of the committee which sent the report to the council, endeavored to defend the recommendations to the mayor.

"Do you want the subscriber who uses a telephone only twice a day to pay $100 or $125 a year for that privilege?" he asked.

"I don't object to the small user getting a small rate," said the mayor, "but I do object to the taxing of the big user an unlimited sum for the service."

"If the telephone company gives a small rate to the small user it must make it up some way. The big user should pay proportionately," said Mr. Ellicott.

"If I remember correctly," said the mayor, "the Chicago Telephone company has cut up several melons in late years, and I don't think they need to make up any sum."

Insists on a Maximum Charge.

"As a matter of fact, the company brought in this proposition a year ago. I considered it an insult to the intelligence of Chicago citizens. A telephone schedule can be worked out, but there must be a maximum charge. Carry this plan to its conclusion and it would increase rather than reduce rates.

"When the Illinois Telephone ordinance first came up I vetoed it. Then the Chicago company came in with its measured telephone service and the directors of that company tried to convince me that it was a reasonable plan. Up to that time I had opposed the second company. Then I told the directors that their proposition belittled the intelligence of the men to whom it was made and I signed the Illinois ordinance because I thought the older company needed a check.

"We are now trying to get the Chicago Telephone company to conform to its ordinance in regard to rates, and the matter is being fought in the courts. We have secured decisions from the Circuit and Appellate courts.

"The Illinois company will give a measured rate system with a maximum $40 lower than that the Chicago company is allowed to charge, and $90 lower than it actually does charge. If the Chicago company wishes to benefit the city let it offer a measured rate system with a reasonable maximum rate fixed."

It was asserted that there was a chance for the company to slip through a franchise extension provision in the manipulation of the rates. The franchise expires in eight years. The mayor said that there was no probability of franchise extension getting through under any guise.

Objects to "Message" Rate.

Chicago, March 3.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I wish to protest against the "plan to reduce 'phone charges" which was proposed by the telephone committee in the city council last night.

Any one who will take the trouble to examine these proposals will discover that they involve an increase rather than a decrease in charges to firms who use the phone frequently. The average firm uses its 'phone from six to fifteen times a day. Taking ten as the average and you have 3,000 calls a year. According to the "reduction" plan proposed the charge for this service would be $145, whereas it is now $125.

Another objection to this plan is the measured service idea. About twice out of ten times you get the wrong number, by mistake of the operator, so you stand a pretty good chance of paying 20 per cent more than you should—if the company is honest in its count. Now, what firm has time to keep tab on the company to see if it counts right?

I can understand how the telephone company might propose this plan, but how a disinterested outsider can do so is past my comprehension.

M. J. FOYER.

GRAVE FEARS ARE EXPRESSED FOR FISHERMEN'S SAFETY.

Those Who Were Carried Out on the Ice in Green Bay Are Known to Be in Great Peril.

Menominee, Mich., March 3.—Late reports in regard to the fishermen who were carried out on the ice are not favorable. Men who came from the ice this evening say that seven or eight men from Menekaunee are known to be afloat and the gravest fears are felt for their safety. Those still in danger include Ole Betson, Ruby Peterson, John Williams, John Wachter and his son, George Boyd, and Julius Boghardt.

CHILD FLEES FROM PUNISHMENT

Alice Lindgren, Aged 11, Missing from 630 Winona Street Because of Trouble at School.

Fearing punishment for misconduct at school, Alice Lindgren, 11 years old, yesterday afternoon slipped out a back door when she saw her teacher coming, and has not been seen since. During the day she had misbehaved at school, and her teacher went to her home to consult her parents after school hours. The girl had said nothing of trouble at school, and when she went out her mother thought she had gone to play.

The girl is the adopted daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lindgren, 630 Winona street.

Oscar Anderson, a carpenter boarding at 9033 Superior avenue, has disappeared, and suicide is feared. For several weeks he has been quiet and moody and has told his acquaintances of seeing skeletons at night.

ASKS PASSES FOR LEGISLATORS

Member of Minnesota House Would Compel Railroads to Give Officials Free Transportation.

St. Paul, Minn., March 3.—Representative Mork today introduced a bill in the legislature requiring all railroads in Minnesota to furnish free transportation for all legislators, state officials, and appointees, and county officials, and repealing the law for the payment of mileage. The attorney general is authorized to proceed against railroads failing to provide such free transportation.

POPE BLESSES VAST AUDIENCE.

Leo XIII. Takes Part in Celebration of 25th Anniversary of Coronation.

BEARS EXERTION WELL.

Services in Cathedral Attended by 75,000 Persons from All Over the World.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

ROME, March 3.—Pope Leo XIII. took an active part today in the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of his coronation, as he had promised he would.

The wonderful papal mass was held this morning amid the wildest enthusiasm.

His holiness was carried in the sedia gestatoria in the midst of forty-four cardinals. Many ecclesiastics from all parts of the world had assembled at the entrance of the church, and the approach of the pontiff was heralded by the blowing of silver trumpets, and there was the faint sound of singing, which gradually swelled until finally his holiness came into view, held high above the crowd. He was followed by the famous choir of adult male trebles.

The crowd at the basilica of St. Peter's was estimated at 75,000. This enormous crowd greeted the pontiff with cries of "Long live the pope."

At 11 o'clock precisely the great bell of St. Peter's rang out a signal, which was followed by the clanging of the bells of 493 churches in Rome, as they sounded the announcement that the pontiff was on his way to the basilica. The life of the ancient city seemed to pause for a moment, hats were raised, and the sign of the cross was made. Shortly afterwards, inside St. Peter's, the silver trumpets blared out their message and the pontiff appeared. The people held their breath for a moment, and then all the pent up enthusiasm burst forth in a tremendous roar of welcome.

Pope Appears Before the Crowd.

From his elevation on the new sedia gestatoria the pope appeared to be more than a human being. He seemed to be a white spirit, this impression being added to by the pontiff's white robes and white miter, delicate features, face white as alabaster, and his thin hand moving slowly in benediction.

Many of those present, overcome with emotion, sobbed loudly, while others fainted from excess of feeling or fatigue. Meanwhile the pope proceeded slowly on what seemed a carpet of heads, absorbing the entire attention of the vast throng.

Throngs of Notable Persons.

Forty-four cardinals and 315 bishops were present at the ceremony and a notable feature was the English pilgrim band headed by the duke of Norfolk and several other Catholic peers. The pope appeared to be in good health. Although he was pale and his voice was hoarse he showed no sign of weakness otherwise.

The pope wore a golden pluvial and upon his head was the tiara presented to him by Christians of the whole Roman Catholic world. The spectacle of the high personages grouped about the throne with the noble guard in their new red uiforms and the Swiss guard in helmet and cuirass gave a most superb and imposing tone to the ceremony, completing the picture which, with the magnificent costumes and uniforms, was full of richness and variety.

Impressive Scene at Mass.

At the moment of the elevation of the host a beautiful symphony was executed by silver trumpets from the top of the great dome.

The face of the pontiff was thin, and his eyes at first lacked their usual luster. His limbs trembled occasionally as he arose to bless the people amidst redoubled cheers. His benediction was given in a weak voice, and during the service he twice partook of cordial.

When the pope arrived at the throne the ceremony proceeded rapidly. Leaving the sedia gestatoria the pontiff knelt and prayed and then rose without assistance, donned the falda, and the new triple crown and the celebration of the mass began.

Pope Blesses His Audience.

The pope then administered the papal benediction and retired to a room for restoratives, prepared on purpose every time he goes to St. Peter's. There, addressing Dr. Lapponi, his private physician, the pontiff said: "You see that after all your warnings the ceremony did me good. What touching loyalty!"

Before leaving his apartment he said with emotion: "After today I can die happy."

Is Carried Through the Crowd.

When the pope returned to the vatican from the basilica, he resumed his place on the sedia gestatoria, and was carried throughout the whole length of the cathedral, rising erect many times to bestow blessings while many princes, cardinals, diplomatists, and bishops bowed low, and the crowd saluted him frantically.

Rome in Blaze of Lights.

Tonight all the sacred edifices in Rome, monasteries, convents, seminaries, and also many private houses, were illuminated in commemoration of the event, the Trastevere quarter and the Leonine city especially presenting a blaze of light, while the general effect was heightened by the burning of Bengal fires throughout the city.

Pope Leo, who supported admirably the fatigue and excitement of today's ceremony, after having retired rose again from his couch, and going to the window of his bedroom gazed for a while upon this scene of illumination. The view from the vatican, embracing a stretch of seven miles brilliant with light, was marvelous one and his holiness exclaimed as he withdrew from the window: "This will, indeed, be a pleasant thing to dream of."

Americans at Ceremony.

There were about 1,000 Americans in the tribunes and the body of the church. The transatlantic visitors present included Mgr. Kennedy, rector of the American college at Rome, with eighty-five American students; Mgr. Seton of St. Joseph's church, Jersey City; Mgr. O'Connell, the new rector of the Catholic university at Washington; Mgr. Farrelly of Nashville, Tenn.; the Very Rev. John A. Zanm, provincial of the congregation of the Holy Cross of Fort Wayne, Ind.; the Very Rev. Pius Rudolf Mayer, general of the Carmelite order; the Rev. William Kieran, rector of St. Patrick's church, Philadelphia; Mr. McLant and family of Lancaster, Pa.; Miss Troth, Mrs. McLaughlin, and Miss Holmes of Philadelphia; Gen. and Mrs. Clous, Col. and Mrs. Tillman of West Point; Charles Bristed Astor of New York, and Prof. Toy of Harvard.

Crowds Leave in Rain.

When the pontiff had departed the people immediately left St. Peter's, but, as it was still raining heavily, there was much difficulty and confusion in obtaining carriages. However, in three-quarters of an hour the piazza was deserted.

Among the many cases brought to the ambulances from inside the basilica as a result of the early crush only one was relatively grave. It was that of a woman who, having partly climbed up a pillar, fell and injured herself.

When the pope returned to his apartments he wished to discuss the ceremony and give his impressions of it, but his physician insisted on complete quiet, on which the pontiff exclaimed:

"The demonstration today has been so affecting. It surpassed all my expectations. I am completely satisfied. There was no note of discord."

City Awaits Ceremony.

From sunrise today all Rome was on the alert and showing most unusual animation and interest in the celebration. This was especially noticeable at the large hotels, which were illuminated as though for a ball. An idea of the number of people congregating at the vatican could be formed by the fact that it was utterly impossible to get a carriage if the vehicle had not been ordered yesterday, especially as it was raining, and by the prices charged for those secured in advance. The scene on the piazzas of St. Peter's was magnificent. There were assembled many hundreds of Italian troops in various modern uniforms, making a striking contrast with the medieval costumes of the Swiss papal guard on duty at the bronze doors of the cathedral.

Royalty Inside the Church.

In a group of royal personages inside the cathedral were the crown princess Victoria of Sweden and Norway, the Countess Mathilde of Trani, of the Bourbon-Naples family; the grand duchess of Saxe Weimar, Duke Robert of Parma, the grand duchess of Mecklenburg, the prince of Liechtenstein, and Prince Maximilian of Saxony.

In a special tribune were relatives of the pope, the diplomatic corps, and the members of the order of Malta, all in full uniform.

Guards in New Uniforms.

Special interest was shown in the changes introduced in the uniforms of the different detachments of the papal guards. The Swiss guard wore red velvet knee breeches, red silk stockings, black shoes with red rosettes, burnished steel cuirasses, inlaid with gold and steel collars, in addition to large white linen collars, starched stiff, falling over their shoulders. The silver mounted arms of the Swiss guard were also inlaid with gold, and they wore steel helmets with red ostrich plumes, similar to the helmets of the sixteenth century.

The noble guard wore their new uniforms of bright red.

Message from Cardinal Gibbons.

Among the many congratulations received by the pope, one that especially pleased him was that from Cardinal Gibbons, although he was sorry not to see him in Rome on this occasion after several years' absence. To show how little he appreciates his own age, the pope said to an intimate friend, referring to Cardinal Gibbons: "I should have liked to have seen him, but the poor man is getting old and must now have a rest."

The telegram sent to the pope by Cardinal Gibbons was by the Marconi wireless system, and said: "The American hierarchy, clergy, and laity send congratulation on your jubilee. JAMES CARDINAL GIBBONS."

Fans Gift of American.

It is interesting to note that the Flabelli or immense feather fans carried immediately behind the pope were the gift of an American, Mrs. Drexel, who obtained the old ones for a museum in Philadelphia. The Flabelli have been carried in papal processions for at least a thousand years, their primitive use was to dust the altar.

POPE LEO XIII. AS HE APPEARS PRONOUNCING A BENEDICTION; SLEEPING APARTMENT IN WHICH MOST OF HIS DAYS ARE PASSED.

Austere bed room in which aged Pope is spending his last Days

His Holiness Pronouncing the Benediction

LADRONES CAPTURE ONE TOWN.

Ous Taken by Filipinos After Fight in Which Two of Constabulary Are Killed.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, March 3.—Ladrones captured the town of Ous, in the province of Albay, yesterday. They at first disarmed the municipal police and then surprised the constabulary garrison. A few of the constabulary obtained rifles and resisted stoutly, but they finally were overcome. Two of the constabulary were killed and fifteen were captured.

At the request of Gen. Allen Gen. Davis will furnish two companies of scouts to assist the constabulary in suppressing the disorder in Albay province. Col. Scott has been sent to Albay to command the joint forces.

Gen. Allen also has requested that two companies of scouts be sent to Batangas and two to Nueva Ecija. There is no trouble in those provinces, but it is the general's intention to use the scouts as police.

Fourteen companies of scouts, numbering 1,300 men, now are assisting the constabulary. The territory around Manila is quiet, except in the vicinity of Cavite, where small disorders have taken place. The government has a large force in Rizal province, but it is unable to locate the ladrones, who apparently are scattering.

FRANCIS STARTS FOR MADRID.

Head of St. Louis Exposition Receives Much Encouragement During Visit to Paris.

PARIS, March 3.—President Francis of the St. Louis exposition started for Madrid today after devoting the morning to visits. He went to the chamber of commerce and to the bourse.

M. Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, was among the callers at the hotel while Mr. Francis was out, so that they did not have the opportunity for a personal conference.

During the ball last night President Loubet separated himself from the presidential group in order to confer with Mr. Francis on the subject of the exposition and American affairs in general. The French president referred with special kindness and warmth to President Roosevelt.

A banquet is being arranged for when Mr. Francis returns here on Saturday. About 500 representative French officials and the members of the chamber of commerce will be present.

STARVATION ON ARAN ISLANDS.

Little Community on West Coast of Ireland Cut Off from Supplies by Severe Storms.

DUBLIN, March 3.—The inhabitants of the Aran isles are in a state of semi-starvation in consequence of the prolonged storms on the west coast of Ireland. The wants of the population are ordinarily supplied by steamer three times weekly, but communication with the islands has been completely cut off since Feb. 21 and all attempts to provision the islanders have had to be abandoned.

Admiralty Buys Polar Ship.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, March 3.—The antarctic exploring ship Discovery has been sold to the admiralty for the sum of $8,200.

Famous Czech Is Dead.

PRAGUE, March 3.—Baron Rieger, the veteran Bohemian statesman and leader of the Czech emancipation movement, is dead.

BOXERS PLAN NEW REVOLT

GREAT ANTI-FOREIGN MOVEMENT IS BREWING.

Prince Tuan Credited with Purpose of Sweeping Down from the North with Hordes of Fanatics—Court Believed Powerless to Check Rising—Intends to Leave No Foreigner Alive in Empire—Parliament Discusses Colonial Defense Fund.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, March 4, 3 a. m.—Rumors are again prevalent of approaching trouble in China and an anti-foreign movement within the next few months is declared to be inevitable.

The Standard correspondent at Tien Tsin sees in the entertainments which are being prepared at the palace for members of the legations the treacherous friendliness that preceded the Indian mutiny. Tung and Tuan are declared to be the villains of the piece, and the Standard correspondent thinks that the idea once again will be the powerlessness of the court to check the rebellion.

Plan to Sweep from North.

The northern hordes will come down under the two exiled leaders and nominally overpower Pekin, and at the same time swell their following with all the forces in the capital and commence a grand march of extermination against everything foreign. This time, however, the Yangtse and every port must rise simultaneously, and for this purpose all the Yangtse defenses are being brought to the highest state of efficiency. Russia is alive to the situation, and the latest information received at St. Petersburg from secret emissaries to the Russian legation in Pekin indicates that nearly the whole celestial empire is ramified by a huge network of secret boxer committees which only await an opportune moment, and then give the signal to sweep the detested white barbarians out of the country.

Discuss Colonial Defense Fund.

There was an interesting discussion in the house of commons yesterday on the colonial office vote. Mr. Robertson wanted more information about the colonial conference, and asked whether any proposal was made at the conference as to the amount the colonies should be asked to contribute towards the cost of the imperial army or the navy lines for the defense of the empire. Austen Chamberlain, replying for his father, said the proportion of naval and military expenses which Great Britain and the colonies now shared might not always be maintained, but any increased share from the colonies would have to come spontaneously and not from any attempt on the part of the imperial government to demand greater contribution from them.

Henry Norman asked Mr. Balfour about the St. Louis exposition, and the prime minister said the British government had accepted the invitation of the United States government to take part in the exposition, but the question of a contribution was still under consideration.

The passengers of the stranded liner Merion were safely landed yesterday morning, but all efforts to float the vessel have so far proved unsuccessful. The belief now is that the Merion's inner bottom has been pieced by rocks.

LORENZ DISCUSSES AMERICANS.

Women Are Intellectual, but Cannot Cook, He Says, and the Men Have Many Good Qualities.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

VIENNA, March 3.—Prof. Lorenz related his experiences in America before a distinguished gathering of society people and scientists yesterday evening. He referred jestingly to the fact that he had been "banqueted to death" and to the "tyranny of the American toastmaster."

The American woman, the professor said, undoubtedly was preëminent in intellect, education and art, "but she cannot cook, and, according to President Roosevelt, will not marry."

Continuing, the professor remarked:

"The president's fears, however, are probably exaggerated, as the American man is by no means the purely dollar seeker he has so often been described. He is, above all, tender hearted, often sentimental, charitable, public spirited, chivalrous to women, and unapproachable in hospitality."

Prof. Lorenz summed up his impressions by saying that America was "a magnificent country, inhabited by a noble people."

SAY GERMANS PLANTED A BOMB.

Venezuelans Declare Explosive Was Found in Coal Bunkers of Restaurador When It Was Returned.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CARACAS, March 3.—Much excitement has been caused among Venezuelans by the statement that a bomb was discovered by stokers in the gunboat Restaurador, lately turned over to Venezuela by the Germans, who captured it at the beginning of the blockade. It is charged the bomb was found in the coal in the gunboat's bunkers. This coal was left on board the Restaurador by the Germans when they returned the vessel. The semi-official press denounce the placing of the bomb as an act of felony, and declare it furnishes new proof that Germany is acting in concert with the revolutionists to annihilate the Venezuelan fleet.

FORM ANTI-AMERICAN COMBINE.

Under Leadership of Julius Wolf of Breslau Europeans Take First Step in Fight.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, March 4, 3 a. m.—The first practical step towards the organization of a European combination against American competition has been taken. A number of German public men, under the leadership of the foremost German political economist, Julius Wolf of Breslau, have formed a central European commercial association to fight the American trusts, not by hostile tariffs or commercial alliances but by an organization extending over two or more European countries.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), used as tooth and mouth wash in the morning, leaves mouth sweet and pure all day.

CLASH IN THE BALKANS.

MACEDONIANS AND TURKISH SOLDIERS IN BATTLE.

Several Killed on Both Sides, the Enemies of the Sultan Being Led by the Famous Sarafoff—Bulgaria Likely to Attack Turkey Single Handed—Former Has Nothing to Lose and Everything to Gain Owing to the Attitude of the Powers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SOFIA, March 3.—A collision has taken place between Macedonian revolutionary forces under the famous leader, Boris Sarafoff, and a body of Turkish troops near the village of Vladinirovo. It is reported that ten of the insurgents were killed or wounded, while the loss on the Turkish side was much greater. The revolutionaries succeeded in escaping to the hills.

Compel Peasants to Take Oath.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 3.—According to advices from Macedonia revolutionary agents enter the houses in the villages of Macedonia at night time, and, holding a black cross in one hand and a revolver in the other, compel the peasants to choose between death and an oath of allegiance to the Bulgarian cause.

Bulgaria May Attack Turkey.

[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BELGRADE, March 3.—M. Miloch Petronievitch, chief of the king of Servia's cabinet, has received information from Sofia indicating that the Bulgarians may take hostile steps towards Turkey. They are not at all satisfied with the conditions of the Austrian and Russian notes and may fulfill their promises, made six months ago, to liberate Macedonia.

In the course of an interview today M. Petronievitch said he could not give an official opinion, but personally he had no idea that the sultan would fulfill his promises. In fact, the sultan could not do so. He was surrounded officially by Albanians, who were hostile to any reforms. If he did not act up to his pledges the powers would step in and relieve him of the control of Macedonia. This could be done without bloodshed, except with reference to the Albanians.

Wants to Annex Macedonia.

The sultan had too much sense to pit his forces against so powerful an allied foe, but that would not suit Bulgaria. Annexation of Macedonia, with her Mediterranean ports, would make Bulgaria the greatest of the Balkan states and close Servia in forever. To liberate Macedonia Bulgaria must fight the Turks. It was doubtful whether she would receive any help. Servia in any event would not assist Bulgaria. Bulgaria's position was like that of Greece in the late war with Turkey. Even if she received no assistance and were defeated by Turkey she would lose nothing, for the powers would not suffer any encroachment by the sultan upon the territory of the principality. The Bulgarians knew they had everything to gain and nothing to lose.

M. Petronievitch declined to answer the question whether Seriva would allow Bulgaria to annex Macedonia. Servia was not, he declared, a disinterested spectator. She had bought new cannon and guns and plenty of ammunition and had 126,000 men armed well with modern implements of war. The Macedonians ethnologically and historically were closer to the Servians than to any other people. The Servians would think it their duty to annex Macedonia if she were to be annexed.

SEES SAFETY FOR BRITISH FOOD

Lord Avebury Thinks International Mercantile Marine Assures Protection of United States.

LONDON, March 3.—In his presidential address at the forty-third annual meeting of the association of British Chambers of Commerce, held here today, Lord Avebury expressed pleasure over the formation of the international mercantile marine company, and especially in connection with the British food supply in war times.

He pointed out that the United States would never permit the ships of the American company to be interfered with on the high seas. The meeting unanimously resolved to urge the appointment of a British minister of commerce.

Lord Brassey said that business circles here would certainly be grateful to the government if through the creation of the proposed ministry it could remove "some of those ungenerous tariffs which British commerce encountered in every quarter."

LADY COOK LOSES SUIT.

JURY AWARDS DAMAGES TO FORMER PRIVATE SECRETARY.

Defendant Hears Decision with Emotion and Protests in a Loud Voice—Chief Justice Induces Her to Leave the Room—Cries: "Cruel! Cruel! Cruel!"—Plaintiff Testifies He Was Employed as Detective to Watch Lord Francis Cook.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, March 3.—The suit of Mr. Wallace, the former private secretary of Lady Francis Cook (Tennessee Claflin) against her for damages for libel and slander, was today decided in favor of the plaintiff, and he was awarded $2,750 damages by the jury.

When the verdict was given Lady Cook approached the bench, and, in an excited voice, loudly protested against the decision, waving her arms and screaming. She declared that she would have the case reopened.

Makes a Scene in Court.

The chief justice several times told her the case was over, and finally she was induced to leave the court. One of the ushers took Lady Cook by the arm. She protested, crying out:

"Don't pull me out. I'll walk out. I am a sorrowful woman. I have done more for England and America than anybody else has done and my reputation is ruined."

She was led from the court, crying: "Cruel, cruel, cruel."

Wallace in his testimony alleged that he was employed by Lady Cook to watch the movements of the late Sir Francis, her lady-ship's husband, and those of a mysterious lady, whom he agreed to call "Mrs. G.," and who was suspected of alienating the affections of Sir Francis.

Wallace further alleged that Lady Cook had offered to make him independent for life if he followed her instructions. He said he had acted the rôle of private detective, not only in this case, but he also watched the movements of "Mrs. G's" father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, sisters, and brother.

Paragraph Inspired Suit.

Eventually a paragraph, said to have been inspired by Lady Cook, was published referring to an alleged plan to blackmail Lady Cook. Wallace states that he believes the paragraph to have been a direct reference to him, hence his suit. Lady Cook was not called upon to testify.

ARMLESS MAN HOLDS UP AND ROBS A FARO DEALER.

Charles Payne of Butte, Montana, with Revolver Held by Right Foot, Forces Gambler to Repay Him Five Dollars.

Butte, Mont., March 3.—[Special.]—Charles Payne, an armless man, held up and robbed Jack Richards, a faro dealer, this morning, at the California club.

Payne has been a resident of Butte for several months, and had been drinking and gambling, losing steadily until he went broke and became desperate. This morning he entered the California club while a score or more men were engaged around the tables. With a big revolver grasped between the toes of his right foot, he ordered Richards to hand over $5, the amount of money he had lost at the table during the night. Richards cried for help and asked the men around him to disarm Payne, but every one was afraid.

"Hand over the money in a second or I'll shoot up the house," commanded Payne with his gun foot still elevated and pointed at the dealer. The latter hesitated no longer, but handed over the money, which Payne took and backed out of the room. He made his escape and, although the robbery was reported to the police, the latter could not locate him until this afternoon, when they were called to a West Mercury street lodging house by a report that the armless man had become crazed from drink and had taken a shot at another roomer.

When the police arrived Payne resisted arrest. With a razor between the toes of one foot and a revolver in the other he succeeded in standing the officers off for a while. He was finally disarmed, however, and taken to jail, where charges of robbery and assault were placed against him.

Lyon & Healy are remodeling their salesrooms and offer remarkable bargains in pianos this week. Wabash avenue and Adams street.

ASSAILS MONROE POLICY.

BERLIN PROFESSOR CALLS IT AN EMPTY PRETENSION.

Says Even Most Arrogant Conqueror Would Not Venture to Assert So Much Authority—Asks What United States Has Ever Done for Civilization—Sees No Real Power Behind Phrase He Says Is Without International Significance.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, March 3.—The Monroe doctrine was ridiculed as an empty pretension of no stability whatever and the United States was described as a nation that had done nothing of importance toward the real civilization of the world, and in that respect not to be mentioned in the same breath with Italy and France, by Prof. Adolf Wagner, the professor of political economy in the University of Berlin.

The economist asserted that even the most pretentious rulers at the climax of power never ventured such unwarranted assertions of authority.

Other authorities were more conservative in their expressions of opinion, and felt less disposed to start a controversy.

Prof. Wagner's declarations were provoked by two questions submitted, asking whether the Monroe doctrine was in a moral sense as binding as international law and what action seems dictated first in the interest of the German people, and then in the interest of the European nations.

No Power Behind It.

He said at the outset: "The Monroe doctrine is an empty pretension behind which is neither energetic will nor actual power. Scarcely could such a doctrine be forced upon a conquered people after extraordinary victories.

"No people and no great ruler ever proclaimed such a doctrine. Neither England, nor Rusisa, nor Napoleon, at the height of his power, ever made a similar pretension. But not even the United States' predominant interests are behind this unheard of assumption. South America is neither geographically nor historically so allied with North America and the United States as to justify such a pretension, even from a North American standpoint."

Why Question Is Considered.

Answering the second question, Prof. Wagner says: "It is only the divisions of European politics and lack of insight into and recognition of the solidarity of the interests of middle, western, and southern Europe, which hitherto have been and will remain the chief seats of human civilization, that explains why Europe, why Germany even, takes this empty pretension into consideration, for every European country's practical, political course will naturally depend solely upon its interests and accordingly upon considerations of strength.

"Therefore any binding engagement in advance regarding this pretentious doctrine of union appears to be a wrong policy.

Recognition of It a Bad Slip.

"From the standpoint, too, of the wider Germanic races a simple recognition of the Monroe doctrine would be a false step, even if it were settling the world question whether the Germanic or Romanic elements should dominate the world. As a member of the Germanic race I do not want to see the Romanic element pressed to the wall, because it is indispensable to the world's civilization and is a necessary complement to Germanic culture. This applies to Italy and France and even to Spain.

"What do we Germans owe to them? What would our civilization be without Italy and without France? They are as indispensable to us as the classic peoples were. No objective member of the Germanic race can wish to see the world exclusively Germanic, but if we once concede the United States predominance in South America, according to the Monroe pretensions, would German interests be promoted thereby? Would not we Germans be completely pressed to the walls by the English element on both sides of the sea? We really have no interest in furthering the preponderance of the United States or England or both. The world's civilization would hardly be advanced thereby.

America Has Done Little.

"Aside from some technical and business spheres what has the United States done of importance for the real civilization of the world? What has it done that has deserved to be named in the same breath with the achievements of Italy and France?

"Middle, western, and southern Europeans, hold yourselfs together against the east as well as the far west. That seems to me to be the only right answer to the Monroe pretensions. The Germanic people should not act against but should act with the domestic peoples. That would serve the true interests of the civilization of the world."

Philosopher Prefers Silence.

Prof. Eduard von Hartman, the philosopher, declined to discuss the question, because, he said, it was "inexpedient, since the Americans make capital out of both affirmative and negative answers." He added: "An indorsement of the Monroe doctrine, however, hedged with qualifications, would be accepted as a recognition of their program, while the merest theoretical criticism would be interpreted as expressing Germany's plans for conquest and the American people would be called on to resist the same. Silence is best."

Doctrine Is Nonbinding.

Baron von Zedlitz und Neukirch, a member of the Prussian diet and editor of the Berlin Post, wrote: "The Monroe doctrine is, from the standpoint of international law, a nonbinding monologue whose enforcement is purely a question of force. Germany's interests, however, are so little touched by the doctrine, at least as interpreted in the Venezuela incident, that we have no practical need for opening the question."

Prof. Hans von Delbrueck of Berlin university, discussing Venezuela in the Preussische Jahrbuecher, alludes to the "perfidious nature" of the American policy and advocates an alliance between Great Britain and Germany, "which," he says, "would be the strongest coalition in the world, as, while Germany covered Great Britain's rear against Russia and France, she could develop an overwhelming superiority toward the United States. Germany would have no need to fear the French-Russian alliance, because with Great Britain she would be sure of Italy's support, while Austria in her own interests would range herself alongside Germany."

TELLS OF EXPELLED DENTIST.

L. A. O'Brian, Said to Have Been Ordered Out of Saxony, Has Many Friends in Providence.

Providence, R. I., March 3.—[Special.]—Dr. L. A. O'Brian, not O'Brien, who is reported as being ordered out of Saxony, married a daughter of L. A. Belcher in this city fifteen years ago and went to Paris, where he was associated with an eminent French dentist. He visited his native country only once since. Mrs. O'Brian came to Providence last summer and visited her parents. She returned in January. Mr. and Mrs. Belcher were intending to sail for Dresden in March. The father of Dr. O'Brian is living in Pawtucket in poor health, and has not heard from his son for some time. Mr. Belcher has heard regularly from O'Brian, and said he had known for some time of O'Brian's intending to leave Dresden this spring, and says he knows nothing of the order of banishment. In respect to O'Brian's acquaintance with the crown princess, Mr. Belcher says that about five years ago he was seen out wheeling with the crown princess.

WANTS TO TEAR UP TRACKS.

Harry Pillinger of Austin Proposes to Lead Citizens and Remove the Suburban Road Steel.

After fifteen days have elapsed for an application for a rehearing by the Illinois Supreme court, the Suburban railway tracks in Randolph street, in Austin, will have to come up if the citizens have their way.

Harry Pillinger offers to lead a committee to tear up the tracks. Mr. Pillinger said:

"I do not understand why the citizens hesitate. The Supreme court has decided the city of Chicago has a right to order the tracks taken up. If the authorities do not do their duty it is for the citizens to do it."

BUFFALO MURDER NEAR SOLUTION.

Police Find Motive and Believe They Know Woman Who Killed the Man.

NAME IS KEPT SECRET.

Slayer of Edwin L. Burdick May Soon Be Arrested—Proof of How Blow Was Struck.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 3.—The finger of police suspicion in the case of the murder of Edwin L. Burdick, the manufacturer, is pointing toward a woman whose home is in the Elmwood district. Her history is known to the police.

By far the most important statement made since the tragedy was given out today by Supt. Bull, who heretofore has had but little to say. He announced a suspect, that the motive has been established, and that in due time there will be an arrest.

Supt. Bull says the suspect is a woman. He said in part:

"While I have not been taking an active part in the work and left it to Mr. Cusack, he reported to me fully from time to time. Mr. Cusack has well defined theories. He has established a motive. I gave my ideas to Mr. Cusack as to the motive that led up to the murder and told who I suspected of the crime. He had come to the same conclusion I did. While we think he could make an arrest with safety, we prefer to wait, and we believe that certain evidence we wish to gather will lead to successful results."

"Is it a woman?" Supt. Bull was asked.

Sure Slayer Is a Woman.

"Yes," he replied, "it seems to me it is a woman."

"Are you quite clear and satisfied from the evidence you have in hand as to the accuracy of your suspicions?"

"Yes," said the superintendent emphatically.

"Will there be an arrest?"

"Yes, there will. I cannot say when. Not until we are fully satisfied we have evidence enough to justify the arrest. When we have enough evidence to justify the arrest we will have enough to convict."

The cautious manner in which the police are moving is undoubtedly due to the expectation that when an arrest is made a stubborn legal battle will follow. They want to be sure of their ground. The social prominence of the victim and of those who will be dragged into the case later on calls for extreme caution on the part of the authorities.

That Burdick was murdered while lying on the couch in his room, the first blow rendering him unconscious, the police now claim to know. They give considerable evidence in support of their theory, but in addition they claim they have information they are not prepared to give out.

The assertion that Burdick was lying on the couch when murdered is based on a most important fact which has so far not been made public by the authorities. There was not even a spot of blood on the floor of the "den" except just beneath the couch, and that had soaked through from the couch.

Attacked While Defenseless.

This fact is evidence enough to satisfy the police that Burdick was attacked while lying down and almost literally defenseless.

That the attack came unawares is shown by the further fact that there were no evidences of a struggle in the room. It is probable that the first blow was sufficient to daze the man and incapacitate him for resistance.

That the assailant was not a man the criminal authorities believe from some things which they have disclosed and some things which they decline to make known. No one now doubts that a woman was with Burdick that night and in the den.

"But may not a man have struck the blows which ended Burdick's life?" was asked of one authority.

Crime Concealed by a Woman.

"The direct evidence of the crime was concealed by a woman," was the reply. "We are satisfied with that fact. And if it was a woman who piled the cushions on Burdick's body it was a woman who killed him.

"The woman who struck the fatal blows had some things to do before she left the room, and to do these things she required a light.

"But all who understand a woman's nature, no matter what sort of a woman it might be, know that women cannot bear horrible sights. Women who can commit murder cannot often bear the sight of the person who has been killed.

"This woman's nervous system could not bear the appearance of a corpse, with the head mutilated, lying on the couch, even for the few minutes which it was necessary for her to remain in the room.

Slayer Fears to Look at Body.

"It was no doubt necessary for this woman to put on her wraps after the murder. While she made her preparations for going on the street, therefore, she concealed the body of Burdick by covering it with cushions.

"These, however, are not the only reasons we have for believing a woman committed the crime. We have other evidence, but cannot disclose it now."

Assistant Superintendent of Police Cusack said today: "I am as firmly convinced as ever that it was a woman who killed Burdick. It was, in my opinion, a woman of some social standing, particularly one of the set in which Burdick moved."

"I fully expect that the murderer will be apprehended and punished," said Assistant District Attorney Abbott. "But this belief is not based on any evidence which we now have in our possession."

Telephone Message Explained.

The woman who is said to have been in conversation with Mr. Burdick over the telephone on the afternoon preceding his death, it has been learned, was Mrs. Seth T. Paine. It was Mrs. Paine who visited the district attorney's office yesterday. Today she admitted calling up Mr. Burdick and added:

"It was in response to a telephone message from him the night before and related exclusively to social affairs. It had no relation to any appointment with him at any time."

At the interview yesterday the police and district attorney questioned Mrs. Paine closely, but she never varied from her story. The golf stick, which was at first supposed to have been the instrument with which the murder was committed, now is said not to have been such an instrument as would have caused the wounds on Burdick's head. Furthermore, the stains upon it have been found to be rust.

Big Policies on His Life.

In the investigation of Burdick's personal affairs it has developed that the dead man's life was insured for a large amount. It is understood the full amount will reach $25,000.

It was learned today that notwithstanding the domestic troubles and divorce proceedings of the Burdick family several large policies on the dead man's life still remain payable to his wife, Alice Burdick. The largest policy is for $10,000. It was taken out about ten years ago. The policy was made payable to Mrs. Burdick and never since has been changed.

It is declared strange, in view of the facts relating to the insurance, that Mr. Burdick, as has been alleged, should have changed his will, leaving his wife without a cent, while he did not think it necessary to change the clause making a large insurance payable to her. No authoritative statement regarding the changing of the will can be obtained from Burdick's attorney. When asked regarding the matter today he declined to say whether the will had been altered.

Dowie's Lieutenant Restrained.

An injunction has been granted by Judge Dunne enjoining Neil J. Shannon, as administrator to collect, from turning over to John G. Speicher of Dowie's church any of the money or property from the estate of Frederick Sutton, the New Zealand sheep raiser, who died at Dowie's "hospice" in Michigan avenue on March 28, 1902. The estate has been in litigation for months.

COMMITTEE WILL AID THE NOMINEE

County Organization Meets to Discuss Mayoralty Campaign Work.

JUDICIAL CALL STANDS.

Authority to Postpone Action Vested Only in Delegates to Be Elected.

"We want to elect a republican mayor, and nothing we can do to bring about that result should be left undone."

This was the keynote, as sounded by Chairman Conway and reiterated by the members of yesterday's meeting of the republican county committee. There was some talk of postponing the judicial convention until after the city election, but nothing was done. Nothing could be done, so the committeemen declared. The delegates must decide on Monday whether the judicial nominations shall be postponed.

State's Attorney Deneen and other members said that the call must stand; that the election of delegates to the judicial convention will have to proceed at the primaries on Friday. The delegates will meet at 1 p. m. in the First regiment armory on Monday, the time and place designated by the official call, and then decide the question of postponing.

Merely a Question of Policy.

That the proposition to delay the judicial convention is not founded on any scheme to manipulate the nominations was emphasized by the committee. The only question, it was asserted, was one of policy—would it be a good thing to mix the judicial with the city campaign? Since both parties have decided to put up straight partisan judicial tickets some of the politicians thought mixing the two campaigns could make no particular difference.

"For one," said Judge Haney, "I rather like a fight, and it is immaterial to me whether the convention is put off or not. I do not know who the people are that want it postponed or what reasons they have."

Will Work for the Nominee.

The committee then turned its attention to a discussion of the mayoralty situation. Chairman Conway insisted that it was the duty of the committee to work in harmony for the election of the candidate who is named by the convention next Saturday.

"When the campaign committee is made up and takes charge of the fight," he went on, "this committee must and will cooperate with it. We will offer our services and do everything we possibly can to elect a republican mayor. Being a resident of Oak Park, of course I shall not have the privilege of voting for the nominee, but I am just as anxious to see a republican elected. I believe that 95 per cent of the Oak Park people feel as I do about it."

The chairman's utterances were applauded and a number of the members reiterated his sentiments. They said that the nominee would undoubtedly be ready to name his campaign committee, and have it in working order early next week, and that with the assistance the county committee intends to give it Chicago would witness the liveliest four weeks' campaign the city has gone through in many years.

Ballots Given Out Tomorrow.

Ballots for the primaries and tickets to the conventions will be given out at the Fifth avenue headquarters tomorrow. The regular ballots will be furnished by the several ward clubs under direction of the managing committee and distributed to the captains of the different primary districts, who will deliver them to the polling places.

While the total number of voting precincts in the thirty-five wards is 1,252, the total of primary districts is 316. The smallest number of districts in any ward—and that ward is the Thirty-fourth, where William Lorimer resides—is five, and the largest is eighteen, in the Sixth ward. The Seventh ward has sixteen, and the Twenty-first—the home of both mayoralty candidates—has ten. As the judicial district takes in the whole county, the judicial convention will have 1,017 delegates. The aggregate of delegates to the thirty-five aldermanic conventions will be 1,372. The primaries, therefore, will elect altogether 3,329 delegates and as many alternates.

DENEEN TALKS OF SITUATION.

Taking No Part in Fight Till After Convention—Union Ticket in Lake and Elsewhere.

"I have taken no part in this fight, nor do I intend to become an active participant until after the ticket has been nominated."

In these words State's Attorney Deneen explained his position yesterday. He also declared that no one could forecast the outcome of the primary election on Friday in the Town of Lake wards.

"The voters," Mr. Deneen continued, "will decide whether Stewart or Harlan shall have the delegates in the Twenty-ninth, Thirtieth, Thirty-first, and Thirty-second wards. The sentiment is divided, and I would not attempt to predict which candidate will carry any district."

The union ticket plan, Mr. Deneen said, had been agreed on between the Stewart and Harlan supporters and adopted in all four wards. Both tickets with explanations will be sent to every voter in the four wards.

Only eight wards as far as known have adopted the union ticket. Some of the committeemen have expressed fears that it will cause trouble and complaints of unfair representation should separate tickets appear. In all the west side wards the friends and supporters of each candidate will furnish their own delegate tickets.

The probable effect of the "union ticket" has puzzled not a few of the politicians. Election Commissioner W. C. Malley explains it has follows:

"The union ticket is merely the creature of the organizations in a number of the wards, notably the Seventh. In order to head off little contests which might arise between rival candidates as delegates the organizations of the Seventh and some other wards agreed to name one set of delegates only at the caucuses in each of the several districts of the ward. Two tickets, one of which will bear the name of John M. Harlan and the other that of Graeme Stewart, will be prepared, the same list of delegates appearing on each.

"Any citizen not liking the union ticket delegates may prepare a ticket of his own, with other delegates, naming on it his choice for mayor, or not, as he wishes. In determining what delegates shall be seated in the convention the number of votes cast for such delegates on all tickets voted will govern. In determining who is the choice of the voters of the district for mayor the total number of all tickets, union and individual, cast for any one candidate shall govern, and the organization has agreed that the delegates elected shall be guided in their action in the convention by such results. This is the plan to be used in the Seventh ward."

WARRANT FOR STANLEY KUNZ.

Man Who Refused to Drink Alleges That State Senator Whipped Him.

On a charge of assault and battery with intent to do bodily harm John Katke, 235 Augusta street, secured a warrant yesterday for the arrest of Stanley H. Kunz, state senator and alderman from the Sixteenth ward. Senator Kunz is now in Springfield, but is expected to return to Chicago on Friday, when he will be arrested. Katke alleges he was beaten by Kunz early Sunday morning in the saloon of Peter Dukes, Noble and Blackhawk streets. Kunz, he says, entered the saloon and ordered drinks for all there, and when Katke declined to drink it is said that Kunz attacked him.

STEWART IN WICKER PARK

CANDIDATE HEARD BY BIG TWENTY-EIGHTH WARD CROWD.

Hall Is Filled with Audience That Cheers the Speaker's Remarks—He Answers the Story of the "Nomination Gift" and Outlines the Principles of His Platform—Urges Every Man to Vote at Primaries and Favors Early Closing of Business.

More than 3,500 people heard Graeme Stewart outline his platform and lay down the principles on which he is making his campaign for the mayoralty nomination in Wicker Park hall, at North and Milwaukee avenues, last evening. Before 8 o'clock every chair was filled on the main floor and balcony, and those who attempted to gain admittance half an hour later were turned away. Mr. Stewart was delayed until nearly 9 o'clock, and Ald. Raymer and Ward B. Sherman made brief speeches pending his arrival. He was introduced by Adolph Larsen as "the next mayor of Chicago."

The applause which followed Mr. Stewart's appearance on the platform lasted five minutes. Women, of whom there were many in the audience, waved their handkerchiefs, while men climbed on the chairs, throwing their hats into the air and shouting until they were hoarse. After the applause had died away Mr. Stewart stepped to the front of the platform and expressed his satisfaction over the great number of people present and the enthusiasm they had displayed in his cause.

Stewart Answers "Gift" Story.

"This is by far the largest meeting I have had the pleasure of addressing during my campaign," he said, "and it is a source of great satisfaction to me to note the interest the people are displaying in this primary election. I regard it as an excellent sign." Mr. Stewart then briefly disposed of the story concerning the offer of the nomination to one of his friends, and, on the friend's refusal, to himself.

"I submit, ladies and gentlemen," said he, "that the republican convention will not be held until next Saturday, and I could not therefore accept a nomination from any one before that date."

After making several complimentary references to Ald. Raymer, Mr. Stewart proceeded to state concisely his views on the principal issues of the campaign. Several times he was interrupted by applause, and when he had finished his hearers shouted: "What's the matter with Stewart? He's all right."

"On Friday I want my friends in this ward to turn out at the polls for me in a body," said he. "I am especially anxious to have a strong representation in the council from this part of the city. There are some people who prefer to vote an unpledged ticket, but this is a mistake. I will ask those of you who wish to see me nominated to make a point of voting no ticket that has not my name at the head.

Wants Every One at Primaries.

"I think it is of sufficient importance to the business men of this city that their places of business should be closed at 4 o'clock on Friday to afford an opportunity to all their employés to cast their votes at the primaries."

At the close of his speech Mr. Stewart said he was willing to answer any questions which the audience might ask him.

"How about the referendum on the traction question, Mr. Stewart?" said a man in the hall.

"As I stated in my remarks on the traction question that is a matter which concerns the council," replied the candidate. "You have two aldermen in that council to represent this ward, and you must look to them to protect your interests. Any ordinance that is presented to me must have the approval of the people. As to the referendum, my competitor says that it requires 25 per cent of the people. What the per cent should be is a question that may well be left to the people. I would like to state at this point, however, that if there is at any time a bill of any kind which the people of Chicago want passed I stand ready to go down to Springfield and give it my personal attention."

Ald. Raymer Answers Harlan.

One week ago, speaking in the same ward, John M. Harlan turned his oratory loose on Ald. Raymer. Last night the alderman's chance came. He was the chairman of the meeting last evening.

"There are two men before the party seeking the nomination," he said. "One of them, Mr. Stewart, is a clean, honest, straightforward republican. The other one is nothing but a 'knocker.' He is 'knocking' everything that comes within reach of his hammer. He is 'knocking' against the party and against the best interests of the city. I do not indorse this policy, nor do the voters of this ward. Let the northwest portion of this city show that it resents the methods of Harlan."

WANTS FULL JUDICIAL TICKET.

Mayor Harrison Tells the Democrats He Is Opposed to the Nonpartisan Plan.

It was made known to the democratic county committee at its meeting yesterday that Mayor Harrison favors a partisan judicial ticket. Earlier in the day Mr. Harrison had declared that it would be better to have as many nominees as possible, so the people could choose from among them.

"If each of the two parties nominates a full ticket of seventeen we will have thirty-four candidates," he said. "Any voter ought to be able to pick seventeen good men from that number. The idea of a nonpartisan ticket is all right in theory, but not in practice. I understand that if a nonpartisan ticket were to be put up there would be an independent citizens' ticket in the field against it, so I shall urge the democratic party to nominate seventeen candidates."

Besides taking a hand in the appropriation controversy between Sheriff Barrett and the board of county commissioners to the extent of adopting resolutions condemning the board, the committee arranged for a round up of workers at Medinah temple tomorrow night. Reports from the committeemen showed that the party organization by wards is weak, and the object, therefore, is to create new interest.

JUDGE TAKES ELECTION SUIT.

Arguments on the Lorimer Injunction Concluded and Court Has Case Under Advisement.

Arguments were concluded in Judge Haney's court yesterday afternoon in the injunction proceedings brought to restrain the board of election commissioners from producing the ballots cast in the Sixth congressional district last fall.

Attorney Levy Mayer occupied the attention of the court throughout the day with arguments on behalf of the defendants. He argued that the court is without jurisdiction to issue an injunction.

Judge Haney at the close of the arguments said he would not dispose of the case at once, but named a number of questions which he said were controlling ones. Among them are:

First—The effect of the state statute in regard to the preservation of the ballots and the federal act of 1851.

Second—If the act of 1851 was not passed, then the state statutes govern.

Third—The only federal act conflicting with the state laws is that of 1851.

Fourth—So far as the act of 1851 deals with the ballots and roll books it is governing.

Fifth—Is there any property right involved in the case?

Sixth—If there is a property right involved, what may a court of chancery do when it has not the main election contest before it?

GABRILOWITSCH

Repeats His Former Triumphs by Remarkable Playing at Music Hall.

It is hard to comprehend the tremendous advance the Everett piano has made within the past three or four years.

Only those who have kept themselves informed are in position to realize the revolution in its musical qualities since the piano formerly made under that name was discontinued and the present magnificent instrument was introduced—something over three years ago.

Those who were fortunate enough to hear it last Sunday afternoon at Music hall of Fine Arts building under the musicianly touch of Gabrilowitsch confirmed the oft repeated opinion by critics of the highest ability that it never had a superior, if, indeed, it has ever been equaled.

SHERIFF'S FUND BATTLE CENTER.

Friends of Barrett and of the County Commissioners Threaten Exposures.

ACTION BY DEMOCRATS.

Committee Adopts Resolutions on Appropriations, Blaming It to Politics.

The county building atmosphere was surcharged yesterday with threatened outbreaks between Sheriff Barrett's friends and the county commissioners, headed by President Foreman, over the former's effort to compel the county board by mandamus to grant the sheriff a larger appropriation. Open hostilities were averted, however, and both sides made threats of exposures when the hearing on the mandamus issued by Judge Haney comes up tomorrow morning.

The democratic county committee took a hand in the matter during the afternoon. It adopted a resolution which went to Sheriff Barrett at West Baden as the first dove of peace since the fall campaign. It bore Mayor Harrison's stamp of approval.

Resolution of County Board.

The resolution was as follows:

"Resolved, That the members of the democratic central committee of Cook county, not alone as members of the democratic party but as citizens of Cook county, do protest against the unwarranted and wrongful exercise of the power of the majority of the county board in appropriating for the management of the office of sheriff for the year 1903 a sum which is obviously inadequate, and which, by reason of the increase in appropriations for the year 1903 for a number of other offices, must have been prompted not by a desire to economize but by the desire of the republican majority of the county board to play politics and cripple, if possible, the democratic sheriff in the administration of his office according to law."

"Politics nothing!" exclaimed President Foreman. "We made a just and proper appropriation. I have nothing more to say. The courts can fight it out."

"We'll fight it out in the courts, all right," said John McGillen, one of Barrett's close friends. "We will show some things in court, too, when the time comes, that will measure up Foreman and his pinhead politics pretty closely. There may be a few explosions that will clear the atmosphere greatly."

Dispute as to Judges.

There is still a dispute over which judge shall hear the case. The Foreman-Walker forces of the county board do not want to go before Judge Haney.

"The hearing will be held before Judge Haney," said Attorney Levy Mayer, counsel for Barrett. "The order was issued by Judge Haney and made returnable before him Thursday morning."

"The matter is on Judge Dunne's docket," said County Attorney Sims, representing the board.

Deputy Circuit Court Clerk Bradley explained during the afternoon that the matter was docketed in Judge Dunne's court through a misunderstanding. Lawyers say the case will go before Judge Haney.

More Trouble Over Pay Rolls.

The county board met during the afternoon, and there was another row over the sheriff's office. During the morning the finance committee, passing on the delayed pay rolls for the months of December, January, and February, entered an order to hold up the sheriff's pay rolls for that period because they included the names of eight carpenters and plumbers who had been transferred to the public service department as skilled workmen. The sheriff's supporters objected, and at the last minute the matter was arranged by passing the names on the public service pay roll.

The board approved the pay rolls for December, January, and February, amounting to $400,000. Salaries will be drawn in a few days.

Foreman on Lorimer's Statement.

Congressman Lorimer's long distance telephone denial that he had had a hand in cutting down the sheriff's appropriation and his assertion that the county commissioners were "making a lot of fools of themselves" raised a small tempest.

"I don't believe he ever said it," asserted President Foreman. "Anyhow, who is accountable to the people for the way in which this money is spent—Mr. Lorimer or this board? I don't believe Mr. Lorimer ever interfered in other people's business, as is stated."

The charges of Barrett's friends that the $200,000 appropriated for the drafting of new abstract books in the county recorder's office was a sort of "grab" were answered by Mr. Foreman.

"We do not intend to spend all that sum this year, even if the revenue yields that amount for that purpose," said he. "We shall use only what is needed to conduct the work economically."

County Treasurer Hanberg fulfilled his ante-election promise and broke the records of his office yesterday when, within thirty days after assuming control, he turned over to the various taxing bodies $300,000, representing taxes collected on personalty. Of this amount about $225,000 will go into the city treasury, $20,000 to each of the park systems, and the remainder to the county treasury.

AGED MAN CLAIMS AN ESTATE.

Says Wife Deserted Him Long Ago and That Her Children Have No Rights.

Engelberth Damon, 78 years old, visited the Probate court yesterday to claim the estate of his wife, who, he declares, deserted him nearly half a century ago. She, whom the old man refers to in his petition to the court as "Elisebeth Scheff Damon," died Dec. 23 under the name of Elizabeth Cooper, and her son, John H. Cooper, 1052 Addison street, was named as administrator on the petition of another son, Joseph P. Cooper, 345 School street. Another heir to the estate was named as Mrs. Eva M. Kean, 174 Lewis street.

Yesterday Mrs. Kean joined with Damon, declaring that he is her father, and that the Coopers have no standing in law. Both the Coopers are past 40 years old and Mrs. Kean is their senior.

"My wife deserted me nearly 50 years ago," said Damon, "and went to Philadelphia or New York. There she met Cooper, and they lived together after that. We were never divorced, however."

The request to pass upon the legal status of men as old as the Coopers is said to be novel in the courts.

DURBIN VETOES STATUE IDEA.

Opposes Putting Monument to George Rogers Clark in Indiana Niche at Washington.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 3.—Gov. Durbin vetoed the bill today placing the statue of George Rogers Clark, conqueror of the Northwest territory, in the vacant Indiana niche in statuary hall at Washington. The bill was passed by the republican majority, the democratic minority trying to substitute the name of Benjamin Harrison. In vetoing the bill the governor said: "Clark was a powerful agent in advancing the civilization of the Northwest territory, but there is no question that he characterized the government of the United States as weak and without character, and was willing to join the army of Spain."

Stone Falls and Kills a Man.

Herman Anderson, a carpenter, employed by Joseph Wiggington, while working yesterday on a barn belonging to John Nally, 1563 Sherman avenue, sustained a fracture of the skull from a falling stone, and died a few hours later. Several fellow workmen were hoisting a stone, when the rope broke and the stone fell. Anderson was 35 years old.

QUERY BOX FOR HARLAN.

HE IS ASKED MANY QUESTIONS AT CHICAGO COMMONS.

Candidate Suggests to His Hearers Some Interrogations for Graeme Stewart—Attacks the Lorimer Home Ward Indorsement of His Rival for the Nomination—Invades Austin to Make His Second Speech of the Night—Hirsch at Theater Meeting.

John M. Harlan made a short speech last night at the Chicago Commons. The chairman, in introducing him, explained that Mr. Harlan would be glad to answer any questions, and he was kept answering them for a half hour.

"What do you think of the civil service question?" was the first query.

"Ask John Powers," was the answer. "Ask 'Bathhouse John' and his conferees who it was that two years ago fought them at every turn in their attempt to overturn the civil service system."

"Do you think the car fare should be lowered or the surplus go into the treasury?"

"I am not prepared to answer that. The fare should be as low as practicable. I do not think, however, that 5 cents is too high a price."

"My friend Stewart is going to speak to you tomorrow night," said Harlan as he put on his overcoat. "I want to suggest some questions for you to put to him in his turn. Ask him about that conference held on Dec. 12. Who was there, what they did, and what conclusions they came to that could make him so confident of success. Then ask him why he used his influence in behalf of Chris Mamer not long ago. Ask him if Mamer comes up to his ideal of fitness for office, and if he says yes, ask yourselves if you want a mayor who thinks Mamer's kind the right kind, and if he says no, ask yourselves if you can afford a mayor who would give any position to a poor man."

Harlan's Speech in Austin.

At the second meeting, at Library hall, Austin, Mr. Harlan attacked Lorimer and suggested a combination between him and Mayor Harrison, and ended with an appeal to the people to turn out to the primaries, and an assurance that they would find a ticket that they could know for his.

"Men in the Thirty-fifth ward don't begin to breathe until Lorimer says 'live,'" declared Mr. Harlan. "They don't pretend to think they think until he taps them on the head and says, 'Turn loose the gray matter.' Do you suppose, then, that that ward indorsed Mr. Stewart without Lorimer's full knowledge and direction? They have done it to beat him, for no candidate of Lorimer's can win.

"If any man makes up a ticket with my name at the head without consulting me he will find me camping on his trail until I get him, if he lives a hundred years. I shall hold him to be a traitor and worse, and if ever he tries to run for office he will have men to account with. The delegates who are authorized will be pledged, whether to Stewart or myself, and if any one of them votes contrary to his instructions you ought to tar and feather him and run him out of town."

At the McVicker Meeting.

More attention to the traction question, in which Mr. Harlan addressed himself to the women; less talk about William Lorimer, and a speech by Rabbi Emil G. Hirsch were the chief features of the candidate's noonday meeting at McVicker's theater. Rabbi Hirsch presided, and in presenting Mr. Harlan he had a few things to say about the fight.

"I construe your coming hither as a new emphasis upon the declaration of independence," said the rabbi. "The principle underlying our government is that the people shall govern themselves and that the voice of the people shall be heard and shall be decisive. It is kind of some gentlemen to take the trouble of self-government off our shoulders, but I think it time that we remind them that we have not deputized them to act for us; that we are grown men and know our own minds and wish to be consulted in the making of the slate and in the fixing of the nominations.

Between Two Evils.

"It has long been a taunt and a reproach on our political life that our franchise is practically only a privilege to choose between two evils. The primaries are much more important, in my opinion, than the election.

"We wish to have a voice in the selection of the banner bearer of our party in the coming contest for the redemption of Chicago from all that has been a burden upon our shoulders these many years. Let us go to the primaries next Friday and register there our dissent, first, from the prevailing methods of making candidates and nominating them on the ticket, and in the second place let us make our voices effective for Harlan as the leader of the campaign, a man known to belong to nobody and to wear nobody's label and to give no promises to anybody which he will not redeem later as any honest man would.

Harlan Appeals to the Women.

"The women of Chicago," said Mr. Harlan, "have the whole question of the betterment of their city in their own hands. If they will only apply their influence where it is the most potent and help their husbands and brothers and sons to see that the government of Chicago is largely a matter of good civic housekeeping, then the day for a cleaner and better Chicago has begun to dawn.

"The women suffer more than the men from all the present evils and shortcoming of our city government. What I wish to suggest is that the women of Chicago, who are the greatest sufferers from bad government, make themselves so miserable about it and make their husbands so miserable by their continuous crossfire of questions as to the purpose of a city government that the easiest and most comfortable and quickest way out of the trouble will be for the men to stop playing politics and give the women what they want—namely: a clean and decent, safe, and comfortable city to live in."

Friday Will Decide.

Mr. Harlan discussed at length the traction question, the dirty streets, and other matters pertaining to present conditions, and then said that Friday would decide whether Mr. Harrison is to be continued as the mayor of Chicago for a fourth term.

During the afternoon Mr. Harlan visited the stockyards and was given a big reception by managers, merchants, and employés at the Exchange building. He made a short speech and indulged in a deal of handshaking.

ASSERT HARLAN BROKE FAITH.

Former Friends in Twenty-sixth Ward Write a Letter Arraigning the Candidate.

Former supporters of John M. Harlan in the Twenty-sixth ward have written the candidate a letter in which they denounce him for placing his campaign in their ward in charge of County Recorder Robert M. Simon.

In the letter they say it had been agreed with Mr. Harlan:

"That there should be no double headed or union ticket allowed in the ward; that we should be intrusted with absolute charge and control of your campaign in the ward, and that there should be no selling out or betrayal of confidences, you agreeing to stay with us to the end; that our organization, in conjunction with the public meetings called by us, should name the delegates, and that if any proposition of any sort were submitted to you by the machine it should be referred to us and decided by us, you disclaiming any intention to use us as a convenience, or we to use you as a club."

The letter continues:

"To our part of the agreement we have faithfully adhered, but you have broken every pledge named, have betrayed our confidence, and have turned your campaign over to the tender mercies of a machine far more vicious than that Lorimer ever maintained, and formed a cheek-in-jowl alliance with them, permitting them to name the delegates."

Those who are said to have deserted Mr. Harlan include James Dorney, J. A. Holmes, W. H. Moeller, A. Nelson, William A. Iden, M. F. Dattelzweig, J. S. Frost, G. H. Lowes, S. B. Frost, R. B. McIver, Charles Schuler, E. W. Fersberg, E. Chattell, C. D. Brown, William Kramer, W. A. Blomgren, H. C. Talcott, George M. Boyd, and David Frost. Mr. Harlan says they represent only themselves.

MANY DO HONOR TO GEN. BOOTH.

Farewell Demonstrations at New York Attended by Large Crowds.

GIVE GOOD CIGARS AWAY.

War Between the Trust and Independent Firm Brings Joy to the Old Customers.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE. New York, March 3.

Gen. William Booth's farewell to America tonight was marked by the most enthusiastic rally that the Salvation army has ever held here. It began with a celebration at the Metropolitan opera house, and at midnight there was a torchlight procession through the streets, headed by the venerable salvationist in a carriage.

Big Rally Marks Farewell Given to Gen. Booth.

The gathering in the opera house was presided over by Justice Charles F. McLean, in the absence of Senator Hanna, who was unable to leave Washington. In responding to Justice McLean's farewell, Gen. Booth said that since coming here five months ago he had been enthusiastically received everywhere, and that he had found his daughter and son-in-law and the other officers, as well as the rank and file of the army, doing all in their power to advance the movement which he had started for the people.

In bidding her father farewell, Mrs. Booth-Tucker said that his coming to the United States had brought about good results, and he had placed the standards on a higher ground and had directed the movement towards greater achievements.

The following letter from President Roosevelt was read:

"My dear Gen. Booth: In wishing you farewell and continued success for your work in the future, let me say how glad I was to have the chance of meeting you and of having you break bread in the White house.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Letters and telegrams also were read from Gov. Odell, Gov. Nash of Ohio, Speaker David B. Henderson, Senator Hanna, Senator Frye, Gov. Terrell of Georgia, Admiral Dewey, and Mayor Schmitz of San Francisco.

At the conclusion of the meeting Gen. Booth drove at the head of a procession of 2,000 Salvationists to the army headquarters, where he reviewed the parade.

Gen. Booth made a misstep in going downstairs at the army headquarters here and sprained his knee. While the injury is not serious, the general has been so fatigued by his long trip in this country that he will not sail for England tomorrow, as he intended. His departure will be postponed several days.

Former Sheriff Peter Bowe is dead at his residence here from pneumonia, in his seventy-first year. He was elected sheriff in 1879 on the Irving hall ticket.

Cigar Firms Giving Away Havanas.

The retail cigar war reached an advanced stage today when Morten & Co. of 44 Beaver street announced they would give cigars away. Last week Acker, Merrall & Condit and the United Cigar Stores company cut the price of imported Havanas. Today Morten & Co. published this announcement: "We're in it, too. We will give away cigars to all customers on our books to date." When asked to explain the advertisement Mr. Morten said:

"The ostensible war between Acker, Merrall & Condit and the United Cigar Stores company was part of a scheme to drive out of business the unfortunate retail dealer. It is obvious that when the small retail dealer and shopkeeper shall have been ruined and effaced, as undoubtedly he will be, and when competition shall have ceased, the people who then have a free field will be able to sell the public any cigars made of any tobacco at any price they may choose to ask. Further than this I do not care to make a statement other than that as the corporation I represent deals only in cigars specially made to order of the finest tobacco and of extra heavy weight we are not affected by this attempt at extermination. It is true, however, that the threat has been made that my own customers could be taken away from me if it was thought desirable. Of course I must take my chances."

It was officially announced at the Metropolitan opera house today that Miss Ethel M. Smyth's opera, "Der Wald," will be produced for the first time in this country next Wednesday evening at the Metropolitan opera house. The cast will include Mmes. Gadski and Reuss Belce, Messrs. Althes, Bispham, Blass, and Muhlmann.

To help pay the debts of the Peary Arctic club an old violin, a relic of the ill-fated Greely relief expedition, bequeathed by Roderick R. Schneider, its former owner, as he lay in the snow to die in 1884, to the next explorer who should come so far north, is now for sale in Brooklyn. Mr. Peary found the violin and turned it over to the Peary club.

Interprets Dingley Law for Manufacturer.

Judge Archbald, in the United States Circuit court at Trenton, today rendered a decision in favor of the Guggenheim Smelting company in its appeal from the decision of the board of general appraisers and the collector of the port of Perth Amboy. The case involved a large amount of custom dues, and the decision hinged on the proper construction of section 29 of the Dingley tariff act.

That section, in order to encourage manufacturing, provides that crude metal imported into this country for purposes of refining and the exporting of the refined article should be received free of duty. The government contended that the company was bound to export a quantity of refined metal equivalent in weight to the crude metal imported.

The case involved a good deal of discussion as to how much of the crude metal was wasted through the process of refining. Judge Archbald, however, decided that the Dingley act arbitrarily fixed 90 per cent of the crude metal as the amount of refined metal that would have to be exported, and that no duty could be charged upon the remaining 10 per cent of the crude metal, most, if not all, of which was waste.

The sale by auction of Ada Rehan's collection of antique furniture and objects of art was continued this afternoon. The total for the afternoon's auction was 250 objects which brought $4,837.

It is announced that Adele Ritchie, the comic opera actress, is soon to be married to George Holland of London.

Suspended Broker Demands Big Damages.

Papers were filed at Mineola, L. I., today in the suit instituted by Camille Weidenfeld, who recently was suspended from the New York stock exchange, against William McClure, secretary of the stock exchange. Herbert R. Limburger, counsel for the plaintiff, in a deposition alleges that McClure did not make the charges against his client in good faith, but willfully, recklessly, dishonestly, and maliciously, and the plaintiff seeks to recover punitive damages to the amount of $500,000, together with costs and disbursements.

Antoine de Jour and Jules de Doux, said to be stewards on the French line steamer La Savoie, were arrested today and held in $2,500 bail each on charges of smuggling embroidery and fancy articles from France. It is alleged that members of the crew of steamers touching at French ports have been smuggling fancy goods for years.

Ald. Downing of the Bronx offered a resolution at the meeting of the board of aldermen today that "No building hereafter erected in the city of New York shall be built of a greater height than 150 feet." There was no debate and the matter went to the committee on buildings.

"Funny" Man Punished by an Indian.

Wounded Buffalo, a long haired Mohawk Indian, nearly scalped a man on Broadway, near Franklin street, this afternoon. Wounded Buffalo says he is a graduate of Carlisle, '89, and a bag puncher and boxer by profession. He was walking in Broadway shortly after noon, when two men, to be funny, bumped against him. Wounded Buffalo turned around and hit one of the men, who fell and cut his head so badly that an ambulance surgeon put five stitches in his scalp. A policeman came along and took Wounded Buffalo to a station house. The man knocked down is Frank Rumpen, a plumber, who admitted he had been drinking. His injuries were not serious and he appeared in court against Wounded Buffalo. The magistrate let him go.

The board of aldermen today decided to appoint a committee to confer with Mayor Low and the borough presidents to decide what action shall be taken for an exhibit from the city at the St. Louis exposition.

Select Candidates to Succeed Quigley.

The Roman Catholic bishops of this province met at the residence of Archbishop Farley today to select three candidates to succeed the Rt. Rev. Edward Quigley in the bishopric of Buffalo. The Rev. Father Hayes, Archbishop Farley's secretary, said no official information regarding the selection could be given out, and, in accordance to time honored custom, the names will be sent to Rome without being made public here. The priests of the diocese of Buffalo have selected the Rev. John D. Biden of St. Joseph's cathedral, Buffalo, as their first choice, Dean Cannon of Lockport second, and the Rev. James A. Lanigan third.

Form a Civic Federation.

Joseph Haworth, who is supporting Blanché Walsh in "The Resurrection" at the Victoria theater, was forced by illness to give up his part tonight. It is said his illness is from stomach trouble. He expected to be at work again tomorrow night.

The Civic federation of New York City was organized today in the rooms of the New York board of trade and transportation. This is the local committee of the National Civic federation, organized in pursuance of the policy of establishing local federations, which was adopted at the last meeting of the national body. Among the members of the committee who agreed to serve were: Lewis Nixon, president of the United States Shipbuilding company; W. C. Brown, vice president of the New York Central railroad; William H. Baldwin Jr., president of the Long Island railroad; S. R. Calloway, president of the American Locomotive works; Robert C. Ogden, John Starin, Cornelius N. Bliss, August Belmont, Bishop Henry C. Potter, Archbishop John M. Farley, and President Nicholas Murray Butler. The following permanent officers were elected: Chairman, Lewis Nixon; first vice chairman, William H. Farley; second vice chairman, Col. John J. McCook; treasurer, Corenlius N. Bliss; secretary, Samuel B. Donnelly.

Denies Story That Carnegie Has Given $1,000,000.

President Woodrow Wilson of Princeton university today denied a report to the effect that Andrew Carnegie had given the university $1,000,000. What Mr. Carnegie had done is to promise a substantial contribution to the fund that is being raised by men interested in Princeton for the purpose of constructing at the southern end of the campus a big artificial lake, which may be used by the residents of Princeton for rowing and particularly by undergraduates for developing crews. It was learned tonight from sources outside the university that the cost of constructing the lake will be considerably more than $100,000.

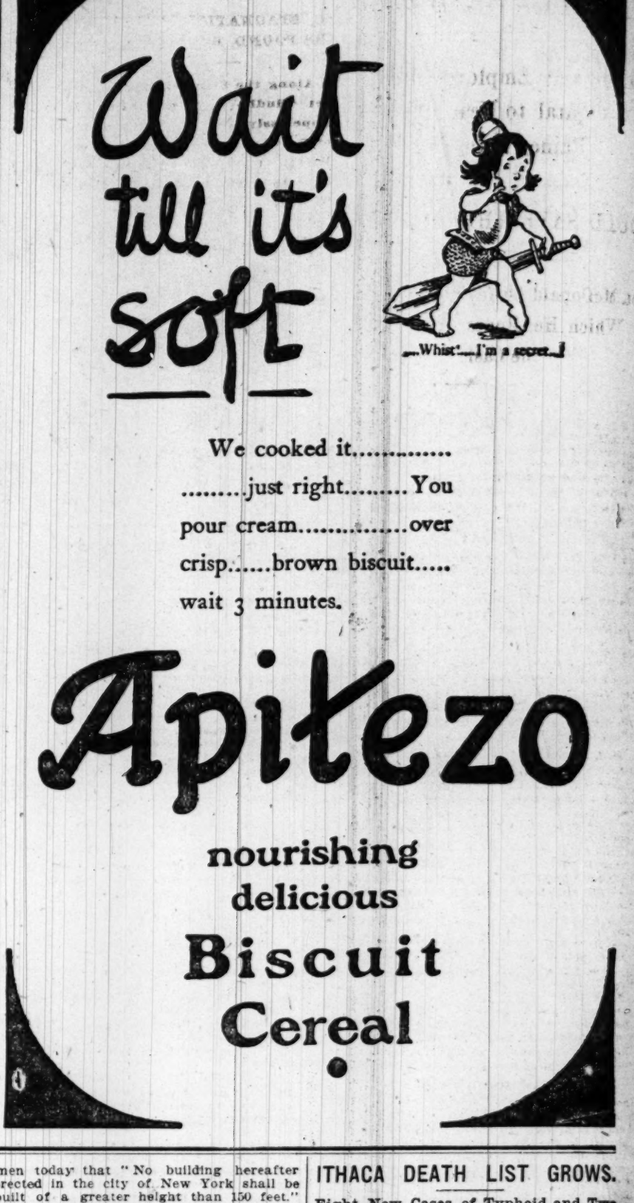
The International Banking corporation has acquired a controlling interest in the National Shoe and Leather bank, purchasing the stock held by a syndicate which recently secured a majority of the shares. The president of both institutions is William L. Moyer. The National Shoe and Leather bank has a capital of $1,000,000 and net deposits approximately of $9,000,000.

Acquitted on Poisoning Charge.

Cedar Rapids, Mich., March 3.—A jury in the Circuit court at Ionia today brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case of Bailey Korekas of Lowell, charged with attempting to murder George Merritt of Saranac, by sending him a poisoned headache powder. This case grew directly out of the killing of Mrs. Ada Klump of Lowell a year ago by a poisoned powder.

Boston Stock Exchange House Fails.

Boston, Mass., March 3.—The failure of A. B. Turner & Bro. of this city was announced on the stock exchange today. The firm was largely interested in Massachusetts Consolidated Mining and in western railway projects. The failure is attributed to the stringency of the money market.



ITHACA DEATH LIST GROWS.

Eight New Cases of Typhoid and Two Dead in Last Twenty-four Hours in College Town.

Ithaca, N. Y., March 3.—Eight new cases of typhoid fever, three suspected cases, and two deaths have been reported in the last twenty-four hours. The deaths were those of Ledra Bagley and Edward Besmer, citizens of Ithaca.

The situation among the students of Cornell university is good, there being no new cases today, and the general condition of the sixty-five patients in Cornell infirmary is satisfactory, none of the cases being considered critical. One hundred of the 1,200 absent students have returned to work.

A committee of twelve has been appointed to draft a bill to be presented to the state legislature for the establishment of a water works system under city ownership.

FOUND GUILTY OF TREACHERY.

Secretary of Union at Colorado City Is Ordered Out of Town for Revealing Secrets.

Colorado Springs, Colo., March 3.—A meeting of the striking members of the Mill and Smelters' union, at which many business men were present, was held to investigate charges against the recording secretary of the union, A. H. Crane, that he had divulged the plans of the union to the mill owners. Crane was brought to the meeting under police protection, and at the conclusion of the investigation he was ordered to leave the city, which he is supposed to have done.

Whiskey Vs. Coffee.

A Woman's Experiments.

Some families have sad experiences with whiskey. Probably twice as many families have sickness and distress caused by coffee and the cause not suspected half the time.

A woman from Tacoma, Wash., says: "One of our family had become so ill that the doctor finally pronounced him incurable from enlarged liver. He recommended a sea voyage which might prolong his life but said it was only a question of time when he would die from the disease.

"He was dreadfully nervous, thin, could not sleep at night, lost flesh and strength daily and everything he ate or drank soured on his stomach. He was so weak and faint he could hardly walk about.

"I finally came to the conclusion that coffee made the mischief, so took coffee away from him altogether and the next morning gave him Postum Food Coffee. He steadily began to get better and has never had a sour stomach from that time. He now sleeps all night where he used to suffer the agonies of death. He has gained over 20 pounds and is well and strong.

"My little boy was given coffee at an early age and he began to have spells of sickness at times. I did not suspect the trouble until my experience with Postum opened my eyes, then I took coffee away from him and gave him Postum steadily. If you should see him now and see how well and strong he is you would not believe it was the same puny boy he was when he was drinking coffee.

"An acquaintance of ours carried Postum with him to the gold fields of Alaska. He says he met some men up there who had run out of Postum and could not drink coffee. They offered him as high as twenty dollars a pound for the Postum. He said it was worth forty dollars a pound to him, for it gave him strength to endure the hardships, and that he would not part with it at any price until he could get more.

"Now about my own case. I was a sick, nervous woman and did not suspect it was coffee, but from the experience I had gained about two years ago I quit coffee and took up Postum Food Coffee. My appetite improved. I can eat anything, have no indigestion, and have gained about forty pounds in the two years.

"I know of a man whose eyes were so affected by coffee drinking that he was going blind. The doctor suspected coffee to be the trouble and ordered him to quit and take on Postum Food Coffee. The change produced a great change in his eyes. He gradually got better and has now left off his glasses altogether. He would have been stone blind if he had not quit coffee and taken up Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

CANAL PATRIOTS FIGHT FOR JOBS.

Officials and Employes Rush to Capital to Head Off Rainey Plan.

WOULD SAVE THE DITCH.

Supt. McDonald Issues Statement Which He Hopes Will Win the Cash.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., March 3.—[Special.]—Canal Commissioners Snively, Sackett, and Miller, the latter, by the way, a member of the royal family, together with Supt. McDonald and the noble army of pay roll patriots belonging to the canal, have tumbled in here within the last twenty-four hours to try and save their official positions and to save also the Illinois and Michigan canal as a home for unborn generations of office-holders and untold millions of catfish and tadpoles.

Senator Rainey of Chicago today introduced in the senate his resolution declaring that as the canal is costing the state $100,000 more than the revenues from it the legislature should make no appropriation for it this year, and should take steps to change the ditch into a public road or highway.

The canal officials are literally and actually scared to death. They are begging the senators to tow the Rainey resolution into an appropriate committee and bury it.

McDonald Issues a Statement.

From 9 o'clock this morning the bunch has been in consultation and Supt. McDonald prepared a long winded statement denying, as best he can, the charges made by THE TRIBUNE as respects the financial and physical position of the old mudhole which furnishes them a living.

Snively is sore at heart and does not like the outlook. Sackett tells his intimate friends that if the statement does not satisfy the senate the commission might as well shut up shop and go home. Miller, who knows nothing about the practical working of the canal, has nothing to say. McDonald is doing the Napoleon act for the crowd and is going to lead a forlorn charge in the hope of beating Rainey and pulling another $200,000 out of the state treasury.

Funny as it may seem, the icy weather of the last three weeks has caused all the party, with a single exception, to put rubber plates on the heels of their shoes, and one cannot hear them coming or going.

Fear Loss of Water Power.

When the canal officials landed in Springfield last night and this morning they were bold enough to deny the official figures showing the canal to have been operated at an immense loss for a period of twenty years. When, however, the documents themselves were shoved under their noses, they began to retract a little, and now they are talking that unless the canal is saved a great water power property of immense value will be lost to the state. They are not saying much about the Gaylord contract, which made history less than a year ago.

Many of the senators are disposed to vote with Rainey and wipe the old ditch out of existence. Others think it ought to be kept along with a small appropriation, but the state administration will do its level best to keep it going in some shape or other. It will come in useful, especially in Fulton and Will counties, about this time once a year.

The senate does not evince any special disposition these days to cross swords with Gov. Yates. Lieut. Gov. Northcott, "fresh from the people," is not nearly so handy with his little gavel as he was in the early days of the session when he made his famous grand stand play.

Will Be Forced Into House.

Representative Burke had a copy of the Rainey resolution in his hand today and was trying to get recognition so that it could be brought before that body, when he was shut out with an adjournment. He will renew his effort tomorrow and will have all kinds of help from all over the house.

A half hour before the house adjourned Representative Burke showed Speaker Miller a copy of the resolution and asked the speaker to recognize him so the matter could be brought before the body today. The speaker refused to recognize Burke for the purpose. But on the principle that "you cannot keep a squirrel on the ground" Burke will get there in due course of time and friends of the administration and canal can wrestle with it to their hearts' content.

The canal commissioners are furious over the charges of extravagance, and they accuse the trustees of the Chicago drainage district of inventing the insurrection which threatens their political destruction.

Trustees Wenter, Webb, Smith, and Cloidt of the drainage board, who are here, appear amused and edified over the straits the canal commissioners find themselves in, and their air of contentment adds to the discomfort of the canal people. The canal commissioners say that as officials their actions are those of saints in comparison with those of the drainage trustees. While they are ready and court an investigation, they hope the legislature will also make an inquiry into the actions of the Chicago drainage board trustees as well, whom some of their friends accuse of gross profligacy in the management of the finances of the drainage district.

Some members of the drainage board here, after reading the screed issued by the canal board tonight, say the only immediate question involved is whether or not the canal board is powerful enough to defeat the bill for the annexation of Evanston and Calumet to the Chicago drainage district.

Fight on Extending District.

Among the drainage questions submitted to the legislature this is the most important, as affecting the health of the people of Chicago. The project, if carried out, must necessitate a crossing of the canal near the Sag, for which the present law provides for adequate compensation, and must restore the canal to its former usefulness.

In the statement defending their course issued by the canal commissioners tonight they assert that "the canal is a benefit—a vast benefit—to the people of the state; that the state cannot afford to abandon it, even if such a course were not prohibited by the constitution; that there have been no careless or extravagant expenditures of its funds; and that its affairs have been managed wisely and economically."

In support of the statement that the canal is a benefit the commissioners quote freely from the argument made by F. J. Delaney, representing the Illinois Grain Dealers' association before the appropriation committee of the forty-second general assembly. Mr. Delaney's statement was to the effect that the canal lowered and equalized the rates by rail, and that its presence saves from 1½ to 4 cents in freight charges per hundred pounds on grain alone.

Denounce Chicago Papers.

The commissioners then go into a lengthy statement of the value of canals in general and conclude their argument that the canal is a benefit to the state as follows:

"Some of the newspapers of the city of Chicago are making a great outcry against the whole canal. They know but little of the facts and care less, the influences by which they are controlled having little, if any, regard for the conservation of the interests of the state and its people. But show us if you can a single newspaper published along the Desplaines valley, where the value of the canal to the state is known and understood, no matter what its political faith, but favors its continued maintenance."

The commissioners then review the history of the canal, the terms and conditions upon which it was built, and the disastrous results that would follow its abandonment. They state that the canal was built with funds provided by the United States government and that its construction cost the state of Illinois practically nothing, save the assumption of the obligation to provide for its maintenance and to keep it open forever as a public highway.

CANAL RUIN IS EXPLORED.

MUD, STAGNATION, OFFICEHOLDERS FOUND, BUT NO TRAFFIC.

Trip Along the State Administration's Pet "Mudhole" Ditch Shows How Hopelessly Gone to Decay and Out of Date Is the Ancient Waterway in Which It Is Proposed to Sink $199,000 More of the People's Money—Townspeople Protest.

(Continued from first page.)

are five brand new gigantic pumps, four of which are capable of pouring 27,500 cubic feet of water into the canal each minute. Then there are two great electric motors to run the pumps. The current is furnished by Joliet. There are five men in charge of the pumping station, their chief being F. H. Fulford.

And now the explorer, mounted on a horse, proceeded to take to the ancient towpath in the vicinity of which sixty-seven years ago Fernando Jones and others gathered to celebrate the breaking of ground for the canal.

Where Ruin Reigns Supreme.

Immediately there opened to view a scene of desolation. Away in the distance stretched the slate colored line of the channel between such growths of dead weeds that one rode as through a cane brake. A half ruined lock sagging into the ditch was but the introduction to the tale of decay. Here and there the retaining walls of the canal were caved in, letting the clay spread into the channel. In some cases the wooden piles were prostrate and submerged, while in others they sagged into the muddy ditch as if at the collapsing point.

And not a barge to be seen, wet or dry!

It turned out also that there was no towpath. It disappeared like a lost trail. At length the weeds gave way to swamps, in which the ditch meandered in and out, and from which it was at times scarcely distinguishable. Below the feeder from the pumping works the water lost its stagnancy, but little of its stench, and it flowed for the most part sluggishly through a mud choked channel.

Great bars of mud showed from time to time, only a few inches beneath the surface, while trees and logs formed snags where they had fallen or drifted slowly along. Navigation for any great distance would have been attended by difficulties, even for a row boat, in this avenue of decay.

At Summit the ditch leaves the swamps and runs between two walls formed of the mounds of earth resulting from the excavation years ago. Forest trees and a thick underbrush cover these dunes almost uninterruptedly for the next ten miles. Through this country the course of the channel is better preserved, but the rotting of the piles and coping here and there attest the steady progress of decay.

In striking accentuation of the antiquity of the $199,000 relic are the modern drainage channel to the right and a railway to the left on which freight trains rush back and forth carrying the commodities that went by barge a generation ago. And not a canal boat yet in sight!

It transpires here in Lemont that the canal cities and villages are up in arms against the commissioners. None will be so glad to welcome the abandonment of the state mudhole as the residents along its slimy banks. President P. A. Nelson of the village of Lemont is a prime mover in the fight on the board.

Struggle Over the Bridges.

The present bitter feeling was precipitated a short time ago by a notice served on the cities and villages to the effect that the canal board would no longer keep the bridges across the ditch in repair. The commissioners turned the bridges over to the municipalities, but the municipalities refused to accept them. Trouble broke out at Summit, where several canal employes came to blows with the citizens on the bridge. The state laborers were promptly arrested by the village marshal.

Forthwith a meeting of all the officials of the municipalities along the canal from Chicago to La Salle was called at Joliet. Twenty mayors, presidents, and supervisors responded, and there they proceeded to express their views of the ditch and the ditch commissioners in vigorous manner. The officials flatly refused to accept the burden of the bridges from the canal board and gave out a broad intimation for the benefit of Mr. Snively, that he would do well in view of that $199,000 not to get his ditch too unpopular with its riparian communities. The matter has not yet reached an adjudication, and another meeting of the town officials will be called to determine on further action. As stated, plans are on foot to hold massmeetings in the various municipalities to denounce the mud hole's administration and inveigh against any legislative appropriation to prolong its Rip Van Winkle career.

Says Its Usefulness Is Over.

"The canal is doing these towns no good now," said President Nelson. "There was a time when the municipalities received much benefit and were even made prosperous by the commerce of the waterway. But that was long ago. Now there is no commerce. Our stone, which once filled the barges of the Illinois and Michigan canal, now goes by railway or the drainage channel. There is, you see, really no use for the old ditch."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

MAN AN AUTOMATIC MACHINE? CHICAGO PROFESSORS ASK.

Theory of Shock to Cell Life May Have Results on the Lives of Motormen, Factory Employes, Etc.

Is man a mechanical and automatic machine, whose length of life is affected by constant or intermittent vibration? This is a question which experimental physiologists at the University of Chicago have set for themselves to answer.

"As a result of our work," declare Prof. A. P. Mathews and B. R. Whitcher in the last issue of the American Journal of Physiology, "we have become convinced of the probable truth of Meltzer's opinion concerning the importance of mechanical shock in the life history of the body and other cells."

Following this assertion, Prof. Mathews raises the question as to how constant submission to shock by motormen, street car conductors, and factory employes may affect the length of their lives.

"The question thus raised is of considerable practical importance," writes Prof. Mathews. "For example, what effect has the constant vibration of the floors of mills on the length of life, the vital resistance, and physiological functions of mill operatives? How far will mechanical jarring account for the digestive and vaso-motor disturbances many suffer in railway travel? Are the motormen or conductors of street railways influenced by the violent shocks to which they are constantly subjected?"

EXPLOSION CAUSES BANK SCARE

Police Are Told Thieves Are Trying to Rob the Drovers' National—All Due to Can of Gasoline.

An explosion of gasoline in a store adjoining the Drovers' National Deposit bank at Forty-second and Halsted streets at noon yesterday caused many persons to think thieves were trying to rob the money vaults.

"They are trying to rob the bank," was the cry, and depositors who were in the place made a rush for the door, while the clerks grabbed money and checks and hurried them into the vaults and safes. Some one sent in a telephone call to the stockyards police station that the Drovers' bank was being robbed and a wagon load of police was hurried to the scene.

There the police found the excitement had been caused by a gasoline explosion and fire in the tailoring shop of J. E. Ikert, 4207 Halsted street. No one was injured. The loss is put at $2,000.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

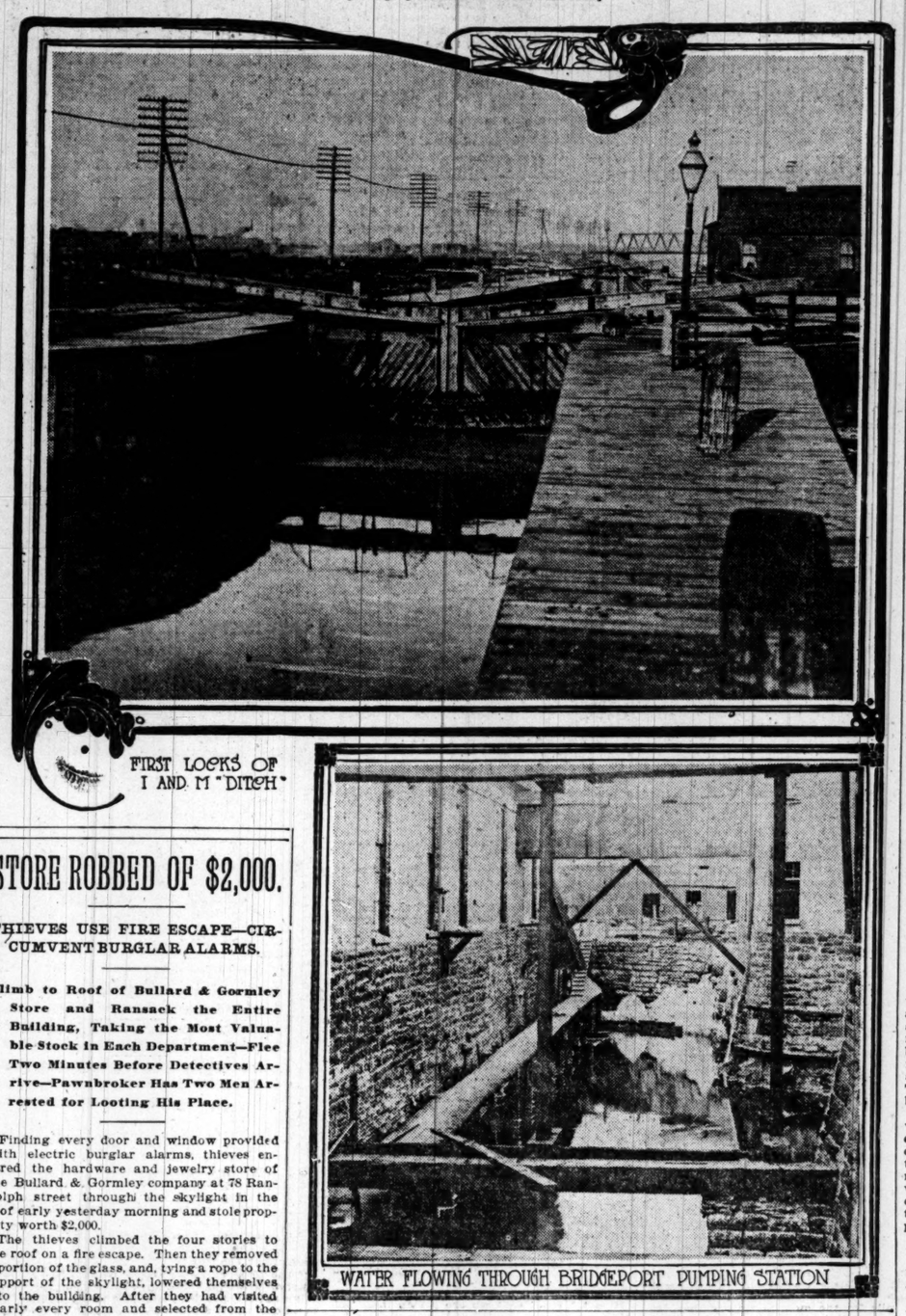
Otranta E. & W. Otranta
A New Collar.

Faded hair recovers its youthful color and softness by the use of Parker's Hair Balsam.

Hindercorns, the best cure for corns. 15 cts.

SCENES ALONG THE STATE'S $199,000 "MUDHOLE" CANAL, WHICH OLD SETTLERS SAY WAS ONCE AN ARTERY OF TRADE.

[From photographs taken for THE TRIBUNE.]



FIRST LOCKS OF I AND M "DITCH"

WATER FLOWING THROUGH BRIDGEPORT PUMPING STATION

STORE ROBBED OF $2,000.

THIEVES USE FIRE ESCAPE—CIRCUMVENT BURGLAR ALARMS.

Climb to Roof of Bullard & Gormley Store and Ransack the Entire Building, Taking the Most Valuable Stock in Each Department—Flee Two Minutes Before Detectives Arrive—Pawnbroker Has Two Men Arrested for Looting His Place.

Finding every door and window provided with electric burglar alarms, thieves entered the hardware and jewelry store of the Bullard & Gormley company at 78 Randolph street through the skylight in the roof early yesterday morning and stole property worth $2,000.

The thieves climbed the four stories to the roof on a fire escape. Then they removed a portion of the glass, and, tying a rope to the support of the skylight, lowered themselves into the building. After they had visited nearly every room and selected from the most valuable stock of each department, the burglars raised a window on the first floor, setting off a burglar alarm. When a squad of detectives arrived a few minutes later they found the thieves had fled.

The plunder consisted of about $100, which was taken from a cash drawer, thirty gold watches, and razors, knives, and silverware in great quantity.

"The burglars certainly evinced a startling knowledge of the interior of the building," said Mr. Gormley. "They must have known that the doors and windows and cash drawer were provided with burglar alarms. The cash drawer was left until just before the thieves made their departure, for the cash drawer alarm and the window alarm rang almost simultaneously."

Pawnbroker Plays Detective.

Harry Goodman, a pawnbroker at 201½ Clark street, turned detective yesterday and caused the arrest of two men who, he alleges, entered his store Sunday afternoon and stole jewelry and clothing valued at $650. Among the articles stolen were thirty-five gold filled watches, twenty-five gold chains, fifteen rings, and seven pairs of trousers.

Goodman says John Miller and W. Evans, the men whose arrest he caused, tried to sell him three revolvers. Later the place was robbed, and the next morning he learned that the guns which he had refused to purchase had been sold to a pawnbroker at Van Buren and Clark streets, with several articles stolen from his place.

Yesterday afternoon Goodman saw Evans standing at Clark and Van Buren streets and had the man arrested. Later in the evening Goodman caused the arrest of Miller, whom he saw standing at Clark and Madison streets.

Policeman Fights Four Men.

With a knife wound in his throat Policeman Fitzpatrick of the Thirty-fifth street police station overpowered three men early yesterday morning, and at the point of a revolver held them until the arrival of half a dozen patrolmen. Fitzpatrick was taken to the Provident hospital, where his wounds were dressed.

The men, who gave their names as William Jennings, Frank Warson, and Frank Callahan, and a companion, it is said, compelled Thomas McGrath, a saloonkeeper at 835 Thirty-first street, to give them free drinks for three hours. When Fitzgerald appeared the men attacked him and a struggle followed.

Fitzpatrick, after knocking two of the men to the ground, after he was stabbed, then drew his revolver and commanded the other two to surrender. One of them complied, but the fourth escaped. At the point of his revolver the policeman then marched the three men to a patrol box at Thirty-first and Morgan streets and held them till the patrol arrived.

ACCUSES CONDUCTOR OF THEFT

Mrs. R. Penocci Leaves Rings in Van Buren Trolley and Recovers Only Part, She Says.

Warrants were issued at the Desplaines street police station yesterday for the arrest of Charles Stengel, a conductor on the Van Buren street electric line. Mrs. R. Penocci, wife of a saloonkeeper at Van Buren and Robey streets, charges Stengel with larceny.

Mrs. Penocci left a number of jewels tied in a handkerchief in Stengel's car. A girl found them and turned the package over to the conductor. Later Stengel met Mrs. Penocci at the car barns, and gave the bag to her. She alleges that two diamonds were missing. Stengel denies any knowledge of the missing jewels.

H. H. Maybury of Montgomery, Ala., had two employés of the Union League club arrested on the charge of larceny. Mr. Maybury is a guest at the club, and while he was taking a bath he says that the pockets of his clothing were rifled and $150 taken. The boys, Roy Sterling and Thomas McWeen, were held to the Criminal court.

Two University Lectures Tonight.

Centers of the University Lecture association announce lectures for this evening as follows: West side, Lewis Institute, "The Unfortunate Aftermath of the Revolution," by Prof. Edwin Erle Sparks; Englewood Men's club, 6221 Harvard avenue, "Thackeray and His Work," by Prof. William Henry Hudson.

Cleveland Back from Florida.

Princeton, N. J., March 3.—Former President Cleveland returned to Princeton today from Stuart, Fla., where he has been for several weeks.

ACTOR DIES OF DIPHTHERIA.

De Witt Clinton, Leading Man in Players' Stock Company, Expires—Wife Ill, but Will Recover.

De Witt Clinton, leading man in the Players' Stock company at the Bush Temple of Music, died early yesterday morning of diphtheria. Mr. Clinton came to Chicago from New Orleans in December, and the

DE WITT CLINTON.

cold weather, together with overwork, is supposed to have weakened him so that he was unable to resist the disease. His body was cremated at Graceland cemetery. The dead actor was a great grandson of Gov. Clinton of New York. He had recently taken the leading part in the productions at the Bush temple, and was studying the part for the play put on last Sunday. At the last minute he was obliged to abandon his ambition. Mrs. Clinton is ill with diphtheria. It is thought she will recover, and a benefit will be given her this week at the theater.

OBITUARY.

MAJ. GEN. ROBERT SANFORD FOSTER of Indianapolis, Ind., died yesterday afternoon after a lingering illness. He was quartermaster general of Indiana at the time of his death. By proclamation of the governor his body will lie in state and business will be generally suspended. The legislature will take action. Gen. Foster attained prominence in the civil war, having risen from the ranks. He was personally complimented by President Lincoln for bravery in action, being the only general in the war, it is claimed, who received this distinction. To his prompt action at Appomattox is credited much of the victory.

JOSEPH A. KOHN, Chicago, died yesterday at his home, 2018 Calumet avenue, aged 74 years. Mr. Kohn was the senior member of the firm of Kohn Brothers, wholesale clothiers, at Fifth avenue and Jackson boulevard. He came to America in 1848 from Wittemberg, Germany. He left a widow and eight children, Emanuel J. and Albert W. Kohn, Mrs. Max Eberheimer, Mrs. Sol Kaiser, Mrs. Morris Schwabacher, Mrs. Sidney B. Cahn, Mrs. Sidney M. Spiegel, and Mrs. Harry W. Hahn.

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM FARRAR SMITH, U. S. A., who died on Saturday, will be buried in Arlington cemetery today. Funeral services were held at Philadelphia yesterday.

STOPOVER AT WASHINGTON, D. C., Baltimore and Philadelphia.

The Baltimore and Ohio railroad allow a stopover of ten days each at Washington, D. C., Baltimore, and Philadelphia on all first class through tickets. Two through trains to Washington daily. Ticket office, 244 Clark street.

FIGHT FOR JEWELED RINGS WAGED IN JUSTICE COURT.

Two Kenwood Women Claim the Property, but Tell Different Stories Concerning It—Missed from a Trunk.

A ring contest which is being fought to a finish, despite Gov. Yates and the militia, is on in Justice Hall's court in the form of a replevin suit brought against Mrs. Winifred Gross, 421 East Forty-eighth street, by Mrs. Jeannette Strong, 5048 Forrestville avenue. The rings involved are set with diamonds and other precious stones, and are in the possession of Mrs. Gross. Mrs. Strong claims them as her property.

Mrs. Strong testified that in April, 1902, when she was visiting Mrs. Gross, she possessed several rings, including a turquoise surrounded by diamonds, two solitaire diamond rings, and one set with rubies and diamonds. On the day she left the Gross residence she says the rings disappeared from her trunk. Mrs. Strong took no legal action until a few weeks ago, while in the café at the Auditorium Annex, she saw a turquoise ring on Mrs. Gross' finger. Later she learned that Mrs. Gross had visited a downtown store to have a number of rings reset.

Mrs. Minnie Clark, 7456 St. Lawrence avenue, said she had seen Mrs. Gross wearing rings within the last six months that resembled those lost by Mrs. Strong.

Thomas Glenn, for the defense, testified that a week after Mrs. Strong moved to her new home she told him that while she was away from the flat some one had taken her diamonds from her trunk, which she had left unlocked. According to Glenn, the robbery took place several days after Mrs. Strong had left the Gross residence.

Mrs. F. L. Gentry, 6718 Normal avenue, and Mrs. W. H. Overman, 6425 Ellis avenue, told of seeing Mrs. Gross wearing a year ago the rings which were alleged to have been reset recently.

Mrs. Gross declared that one diamond in controversy had been given her by her husband, while another had been her property for eight years. The turquoise ring had been given to her by her husband ten years ago.

Charles W. Gross, superintendent of a department in Swift & Co.'s plant, confirmed his wife's story, and the case was continued to this morning.

CHANGES TORRENS LAW FIGHT.

Amendment Proposed at Springfield Not Accepted by Opposition to Compulsory Plan.

Interest in the fight over the proposed amendment to the Torrens law centered yesterday in the action of the Torrens committee in amending the measure so as to make registration discretionary with the probate judge. This was done, according to the committee, for the purpose of avoiding the entailing of any hardship on estates.

According to a circular sent out by the committee in the afternoon the amendment "will operate to excuse from registration all titles thought by the probate court to be defective or subject to adverse interests which owners do not desire to have litigated. It will also avoid necessity for registration in all cases deemed by the probate court to be a hardship."

According to George Birkhoff Jr. the opposition to the proposed change in the law will not accept this last amendment, as it opposes any compulsory provisions. As a result the opposition will carry the fight into today's meeting of the real estate board.

About twenty mortgage brokers and others attended a meeting held at the Sherman house yesterday afternoon to take action against the proposed change in the law. An address to the members of the legislature was drafted, as well as one to property owners in this county.

New Appointment for Judge Early.

Springfield, Ill., March 3.—Gov. Yates today appointed Judge W. P. Early of Edwardsville judge of the Circuit court for the Third circuit, to succeed Judge N. W. Schaefer of Bellaville, resigned. Judge Early recently completed a term of service as county judge of Madison county.

Utah Kills Referendum Bill.

Salt Lake City, Utah, March 3.—After the hardest and closest fight of the session, the senate has killed the initiative and referendum bill by a tie vote.

NO HIGHER PAY FOR NEW JUDGES.

Emergency Clause Stricken from Salary Increase Bill Now in House.

EFFORT TO KILL IT FAILS

Senate Considers Change in Torrens Measure Presented by Senator Juul.

Springfield, Ill., March 3.—The house this morning considered Arnold's bill increasing the salaries of the judges of the Circuit court outside of Cook county from $3,500 to $5,000 per annum. The bill was attacked first by Mr. Allen [rep.], who moved to strike out the emergency clause. On a viva voce vote this motion was declared carried. The effect of striking out the emergency clause is virtually to make the bill inoperative unless the clause be restored for the reason that without it the bill will not become effective until after the judicial election in June.

Mr. Wilson [dem.] moved to strike out the enacting clause of the bill and Mr. Trautmann [rep.] moved to lay this motion on the table. Quite a debate followed and on a roll call Mr. Trautmann's motion prevailed, yeas 72, nays 38. The bill was then advanced to third reading.

Mr. McRoberts' bill authorizing the judges of county courts to appoint shorthand reporters was amended so as to exempt Cook county from its operation. It was then advanced to third reading.

Mr. Murray's bill to regulate the taking of contingent fees by attorneys was advanced to third reading after being slightly amended.

Mr. Backus' bill relating to the licensing of barbers and barber shops was the subject of an extended discussion. Mr. Schlagenhauf moved to strike out the enacting clause. The motion was lost.

Mr. McClenathan offered an amendment providing that "this act shall not apply to lady barbers." The amendment was not entertained by the speaker. The bill was ordered to third reading and the house adjourned. A moment later, however, Speaker Miller announced that he had been informed that a number of members had amendments to the bill which they desired to offer, and with the absence of objections he would have the bill remain on the order of second reading and placed on the calendar under the head of unfinished business.

Offers Torrens Amendment.

In the senate when the order of bills on third reading was reached, Senator Juul asked that the bill requiring executors and administrators of estates in Cook county to register the same under the Torrens land law be recalled to the order of second reading for the purpose of offering the following amendment, which was requested by the Torrens land committee of the Real Estate board of Chicago:

"Provided, however, that the court, either within or without this state, appointing such executor or administrator, upon any sufficient suggestions, whereby it shall appear that such application for registration may not be in the best interests of the heirs, devisees, beneficiaries, or creditors, may by an order entered of record, excuse such application for registration as to the whole or any part of the land."

Explains Purpose of Change.

Senator Juul said that he made this motion to recall at the request of those who are most interested in the bill, and that it was offered for the purpose of curing the defects, if any defects there are, in the original bill.

Goes Back to Committee.

He further stated that personally he would prefer to have the bill voted upon without any further amendments. After the bill had been recalled to second reading Senator Berry made a motion that it be sent back to the committee on judicial department and practice for the purpose of being amended still further in order that it might not work a hardship upon the state outside of Cook county. His motion prevailed and the bill was sent back to the committee on judicial department and practice.

The house bill appropriating $5,000 for the sufferers in north Sweden and Finland was read a third time and passed.

Joint Session on Boys' Home.

A joint meeting of the house and senate appropriations committees was held in the senate chamber in the afternoon for the purpose of hearing the trustees of the St. Charles Home for Boys in support of their request for an appropriation of $785,000. Judge R. S. Tuthill of Chicago made the principal talk. Others who spoke in favor of the appropriation were Trustees T. D. Hurley, J. S. Brown, and Henry E. Weaver, and Judge O. N. Carter.

New Bills in House.

Bills were introduced in the house as follows:

Mr. Burgett—To strike coal mines from the list of corporations whose capital stock is exempt from assessment by the state board of equalization.

Mr. Church—To amend the law defining the jurisdiction of justices of the peace. The bill limits the jurisdiction of a justice to the township in which either the plaintiff or the defendant resides or in which all the defendants may be served. The purpose of the bill is to prevent the bringing of suits at a great distance from the home of the defendant for the purpose of annoying him and causing him additional expense.

Mr. Lurton—To amend the bookmaking and pool selling law by authorizing the governor to call out the militia to suppress violations of the law.

Mr. Lyon—To prohibit bookmaking and pool selling.

Mr. Turner of Cook—Amending the revenue law by curtailing the powers of the board of review in Cook county. The bill requires the board to make publication of all changes in assessment and provides that no increase or decrease shall be made until the board of assessors has been notified and given an opportunity to be heard in opposition to the change. No change is to take effect unless it receives the approval of the board of assessors, except in cases where the board of review acts upon sworn complaints.

Mr. Turner of Cook—Providing that one-half the inheritance revenue shall be paid to the county from which it is collected.

Mr. Wheeler—To revise the law in relation to employment agencies.

Mr. Wheeler—To amend the act creating the state board of arbitration by fixing the salary of the secretary at $2,500 per annum.

New Bills in Senate.

The following bills were introduced in the senate:

Senator Clark, amending the act in regard to the treatment and control of dependent, neglected, and delinquent children by providing that in counties having over 500,000 population the Circuit court by rule to be entered of record shall determine the number of probation officers to be employed each year.

Senator Humphrey, amending the Juul revenue law, which applies to Cook county, by striking out county taxes over the 5 per cent limit.

Senator Mueller, giving the Lincoln park commissioners in Chicago power and authority to fill in the lake front from Fullerton avenue to Cornelia street, thus adding about 215 acres of land to the park, and authorizing the issue of $1,000,000 of bonds by the town of Lake View for this purpose.

Senator Clark, amending the inheritance tax law by providing that 50 per cent of the taxes collected under this law in each county in the state shall be retained by the county.

SAY JAILS ARE NOT FIT TO LIVE IN

State Board of Charities, in Annual Report, Scores the Conduct of Illinois County Institutions.

Springfield, Ill., March 3.—[Special.]—The condition of the almshouses and jails in many counties in southern Illinois is declared to be unsanitary and dangerous to health by the state board of charities in its seventeenth annual report.

Criticism is aroused by the alleged neglect and lack of care, old and unsanitary buildings, bad plumbing or none at all, lack of bathing facilities, impure and insufficient supplies of water, and inadequate fire protection.

With the exception of the institutions found wanting in essential comforts the commissioners believe the general conditions are improving in other parts of the state.

McVICKER'S Jacob Litt, Lessee & Mgr.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
KYRLE BELLEW
As GASTON DE MARSAC in
A GENTLEMAN of FRANCE
TOMORROW
SEAT SALE FOR
JAMES O'NEILL
In the Great Hall Caine Play,
THE MANXMAN
Engagement Begins Sunday Night.

ILLINOIS Every Night. Saturday Mat.
ANOTHER ROUSING HOUSE!
FRANCIS WILSON
AND
COMPANY OF ONE HUNDRED
IN THE
TOREADOR
Easily Leading Every Amusement in Chicago

AUDITORIUM.
THEODORE THOMAS CONDUCTOR CHICAGO ORCHESTRA 12th Season
BEETHOVEN PROGRAM
INCLUDING
NINTH SYMPHONY
With the assistance of the Apollo Musical Club.
SOLOISTS:
MISS JENNIE OSBORN, Soprano.
MISS MABELLE CRAWFORD, Contralto.
MR. GLENN HALL, Tenor.
MR. DAVID L. CANMANN, Basso.
FRIDAY At 2:15 SATURDAY At 8:15

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Evenings at 8:15. Matinees Today, Saturday.
JEFFERSON DE ANGELIS
IN THE EMERALD ISLE
ARTHUR SULLIVAN'S LAST OPERA.
Monday Eve. Seat Sale Tomorrow—HENRIETTA
CROSMAN
In "THE SWORD OF THE KING."
Next Sunday at 3:30 P. M. George Hamlin's 20th Concert Hamlin, tenor; Steindel, cellist; Kramer, violinist; Borroff, basso.

STUDEBAKER TONIGHT. Popular Mat. Today.
6TH BIG WEEK | SECOND SOCIETY EDITION
HENRY W. SAVAGE'S Presentation of
THE MIRTHFUL, MELODIOUS HIT,
GEO. ADE'S NEWEST MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS
PEGGY from PARIS
MUSIC BY WILLIAM LORAINE.

POWERS'—LAST 4 NIGHTS
Mat. Today at 2:15. Tonight at 8:15.
JOHN DREW
The Mummy and the Humming Bird.
Next Week—Seat Sale Tomorrow, 9 A. M.
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
IN IMPRUDENCE.

DEARBORN
THE LIVELIEST OF COMEDIES
At the White Horse Tavern
Regular Mats. Sun., Wed., Sat.
SOUVENIR MATINEE TODAY

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
McIntyre and Heath. Long & Cotton. Galetti's Monkeys. Phyllis Allen. Raimund & Vack. Mr. & Mrs. W. Reed. The Prince Sisters. The Kinodrome. Nat Willis. 3—Melani Trio—3. Mignonette Kokin. Rawson & June. George Austin. O'Reilley & Manning. Jumping Johnnie. Butts & Bailey.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Cressy & Dayne. Terry, Elmer & Co. Tim Cronin. 3—The Livingstons—3. De Vaney & Allen. Ernest Forrest. Monarch Quartette. The Kinodrome. C. H. Unthan. Wood & Bates. Duryea & Kearney. Murphy & Slater. Posturing Pascatel. Nessen & Nessen. Hettie Kenton. Cameron Sisters.
PRICES—5, 10, 20 AND 25 CENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Binns, Binns & Binns. Arthur Deming. 4—Harmony Four—4. Alcide Capitaine. Burke's Musical Dogs Flo Adler Shyan & Lucier. The Kinodrome. Francesca Redding & Co. 10—Kitamuras Japs—10. Zazelle & Vernon. 3—The Magelles—3. Tascott, White Coon. Petching Brothers. De Lacy Children. Macy Marble.
PRICES—10, 20 AND 30 CENTS.

HOPKINS
Matinee Every Day. Tel. 643 Harrison.
TOM MINER'S
BOHEMIAN BURLESQUERS

COLUMBUS Matinees Mon., Wed., Sat. and Sunday.
LAVINIA SHANNON
In Theodore Kremer's Great Play,
BEYOND PARDON
NEXT WEEK—WINCHESTER.

SAM T. JACK'S
Madison-st., nr. State. Tel. Cent. 2198
2 BIG SHOWS EVERY DAY AT 2 AND 8.
PARISIAN WIDOWS.
Prices—10, 20, 30, 50.

TROCADERO State and Van Buren sts. Tel. Har. 2097.
Mat. Daily, 10c, 20c, 30c, 50c. Smoke if you like. Stage always filled with Lovely Women.
IN GAY PARIS BURLESQUERS
ONLY REAL BURLESQUE SHOW IN TOWN.

31ST ST. THEATER Near Cottage Grove. Phone South 20
CHAS. P. ELLIOTT - - - Manager
Matinee Today: First Chicago Production THE RESURRECTION Columbus Stock Co.
By COUNT LEO TOLSTOI.
Matinees Sun., Tues., Wed., Thurs., and Sat., 25c.
Next Sunday—HELD BY THE ENEMY.

LA SALLE THEATER. Phone Main 1779
Madison-st., bet. Clark and La Salle.
Every Night. Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat., Sun.
THE FUNNIEST SHOW IN CHICAGO.
PLAYING TO CROWDED HOUSES.
Grasp the Opportunity and Don't Miss It.

SLOW BUSINESS
IS MADE PROSPEROUS
BY ADVERTISING IN
THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE

SMATHERS BUYS DICK BERNARD.

McChesney's New Owner Pays Reported Price of $8,000 for Crack Colt.

BUCHANAN MAY EXPLAIN.

Jockey Returns to New Orleans and Rumor Says He Will Talk to Stewards.

New Orleans, La., March 3.—[Special.]—The owner of McChesney, E. E. Smathers, added to his stable today by purchasing the 2 year old Dick Bernard from Durnell & Herz at a reported price of $8,000. The Florist colt will run in the colors of his new owner in the Premier stake tomorrow.

Dick Bernard is pronounced to be the best colt of his age at the course, and it is likely that Mr. Smathers début on the running turf will be marked by a victory. It is also likely that he will still further add to his stable. He may pick up a few horses in California, as he left for San Francisco today.

Dick Bernard, McChesney, and the Durnell & Herz horses will be shipped to Memphis on Thursday, and will be rested up at Montgomery park until the opening of the meeting there. The fact that the stable will be shipped away sets at rest the rumors that Durnell & Herz will be represented in the Crescent City Derby, which will be run here a week from next Saturday.

Jockey Buchanan returned to New Orleans today. He came from New York by way of Memphis, where he had a talk with Trainer Poole, who is handling the horses of Tichenor & Co., to whom Buchanan was under contract for the season.

Telamon Cost Weller $50,000.

Barney Weller a few days ago said that the poolroom which he managed at Hot Springs when Old Hutch beat Telamon lost $50,000 over the victory of Charles Head Smith's horse. It will be remembered that it was Buchanan's bad ride on Telamon in that race and Owner Hildreth's charges that the jockey had pulled him which brought about his suspension. At least that was the last straw, as the stewards had a number of black marks against him for previous exhibitions in the saddle.

This was ladies' day at the track and the stand, as usual, was trimmed with palms and bunting. Standing room was at a premium, although the weather was most disagreeable. A rainstorm set in early this morning and continued all afternoon, and the track returned to a state of muddiness again. The program was one of the best of the meeting, all but one of the races being at one mile or over, with many high class horses among the entries. However, the changed track conditions caused so many withdrawals that the fields were cut down to half their original size, and many of the best horses that appeared in the overnight entries did not go to the post.

New Orleans Summaries March 3.

Weather wet. Track sloppy.

First race, 1 mile, purse $400:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
3-1 De Reszke, 113½ [Odom]....1 1^{1} 1^{5} 1^{5} 1^{5}
7-5 Bondage, 101 [Gannon].....4 4 2^{2} 3^{10} 2^{3}
8-1 Decoration, 101 [Lindsey]...3 3^{3} 3^{3} 2½ 3^{20}

Time, 1:46 1-5. Watkins Overton, 100 pounds [Helgesen], also ran. Winner, b. c., by Lamplighter—Serene. Start fair. Won easily.

Second race, 1 mile, purse $400:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
7-10 Ahumada, 97 [Davisson]...3 1^{1} $1^{1½}$ $1^{1½}$ 1½
8-5 Birch Broom, 89 [Phillips].1 2^{2} 2^{1} 2^{2} 2^{1}
15-1 Shrine, 95 [Helgesen].....2 3^{8} 3^{15} 3^{15} 3^{20}

Time, 1:46. Provost, 105½ pounds [Morper]; Tom Kingsley, 104 [Treanor], finished as named. Winner, br. c., by G. W. Johnson—Floroon. Start good. Won easily.

Third race, 1¼ miles, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
3-1 Leflare, 98 [Phillips].......7 1^{2} 1^{3} 1^{4} 1^{6}
3-1 Ceylon, 106 [Helgesen]......1 4^{6} 3^{2} 3^{3} 2^{h}
2-1 Nettie Regent, 99 [Fuller]...2 6^{1} 6^{1} 4^{4} 3^{10}

Time, 2:15 4-5. Accolade, 96 pounds [Haack]; Locochee, 106 [O'Neil]; Floria S., 94 [W. Higgins]; Alline Abbott, 93 [Treanor]; Azim, 103 [Munro], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by The Commoner—Leora. Start good. Won easily.

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, purse $500, handicap:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
3-2 Maj. Tenny, 97 [Fuller].....3 3^{1} 3½ 1^{h} 1^{4}
4-5 Albula, 106 [Gannon]........1 1^{h} 1^{1} 2^{8} 2^{15}
7-1 Bud Embry, 93 [Davisson]...4 2^{5} 2^{h} 3^{1} 3^{1}

Time, 1:49 1-5. Jena, 95 pounds [Helgesen], also ran. Winner, b. c., by Tenney—Rose. Start good. Won easily.

Fifth race, ⅞ mile, purse $400, 3 year olds:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
1-1 Floyd K., 97 [Fuller].......5 5^{1} 3^{3} 3^{3} 1^{n}
7-2 Frank Rice, 105 [Helgesen]..1 1^{5} 1^{5} 1^{5} 2^{2}
9-1 Farmer Jim, 95 [Davisson].1 $2^{1½}$ 2½ 2^{h} 3^{nk}

Time, 1:32. Melbourne Eclipse, 99 pounds [Munro]; Star and Garter, 102 [McCafferty]; Brookston, 101 [Treanor], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Pontico—Onaetta. Start good. Won driving.

Sixth race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
7-2 Denny Duffy, 125 [W. Hicks]5 1^{5} 2^{3} 3^{1} 1^{2}
7-2 Lofter, 127 [Helgesen].......3 5^{nk} 5^{nk} 6^{3} 2^{4}
7-1 Banish, 117 [Pollak]..........7 6^{2} 4^{1} 2^{1} 3^{1}

Time, 1:48 1-5. Watoma, 127 pounds [Gormley]; Meran, 117 [Haack]; Rasselas, 120 [Fuller]; Marion Lynch, 115 [Phillips]; Chorus Boy, 122 [T. O'Brien], finished as named. Winner, b. h., by Strathmore—Lilith. Start fair. Won easily.

New Orleans Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, 3 year olds—War Cry, 112 pounds; Barkelmore, 109; Musical Slipper, 107; Handspinner, 104; Prince Eugene, 102; Ornature, 102; Versifier, 102; King Dodo, 102; Double O, 99; Carpet Knight, 99; Little Adele, 97; Lexington Bess, 97.

Second race, ¾ mile—Russellton, 115 pounds; Allyar, 115; Hanzie, 113; Miss Hume, 111; Hopedale, 111; Katie Gibbons, 108; Alpaca, 108; Our Lady, 108; Mollie T., 107; Little Chico, 105; Lady Brockway, 103; Lakota, 99.

Third race, ¾ mile—Scorpio, 122 pounds; If You Dare, 114; Bummer II., 107; Tenderloin, 107; Mattie Spencer, 102; Mrs. Frank Foster, 95; Right and True, 93; Shoo Fly, 91.

Fourth race, ⅝ mile, 2 year olds, the Premier stakes, $1,000 added—*Petunia, 118 pounds; †Dick Bernard, 108; †Dr. Loder, 108; May Holladay, 105; *Transmigration, 102. *R. W. Walden & Sons entry. †Durnell & Herz entry.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles, handicap—Maj. Mansir, 109 pounds; Ben Chance, 107; Witfull, 102; Jessie Jarboe, 98; *Standard Bearer, 97; *Hanover Queen, 93; Erne, 90. *R. W. Walden & Sons entry.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Scotch Plaid, 112 pounds; Sir Vere De Vere, 107; Thane, 106; Lissome, 104; Pay the Fiddler, 104; Peat, 104; Palarm, 104; Inspector Shea, 103; Georgia Gardner, 102; Moroni, 102; Compass, 97; Euterpe, 97.

New Orleans Track Notes.

Old Hutch, which is trained by ex-Jockey Willie Martin, broke down in his morning work today and it is likely his career as a racehorse is ended.

Entries for the Worth stakes closed today and Secretary Jasper is well satisfied with the number and class which he received. Among others who have declared their intention of participating in the spring meeting at the Chicago track are Tichenor & Co., Corrigan, Drake, Durnell & Herz, Bennett, Hildreth, Strode, J. Arthur, Westerfield, Turney Bros., Lamasney Bros., Vincent, Hayes, Goldblatt, Streett, Dernham, and Ownby.

ORDINARY CARD AT OAKLAND.

First Three in Opening Race Finish Noses Apart—Sombrero Given Top Weight in Waterhouse Handicap.

San Francisco, Cal., March 3.—[Special.]—The sport at Oakland this afternoon was of a most ordinary description. The track was heavy on account of an early morning downpour. There were three noses on the post in the first race, Pat Morrissey securing the verdict. Stunts gained a lucky victory in the second race, beating Greyfield a scant neck.

Sombrero has been assigned top weight, 120 pounds, in the Waterhouse handicap at two and one-fourth miles. Nones has 118, Cunard, 117, and Siddons, 108. F. W. Cooper claimed Ultruda out of the fifth race for $725.

Oakland Summaries March 3.

Weather clear. Track fair.

First race, 6½ furlongs, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
10-1 Pat Morrissey, 119 [Stuart].5 7^{h} 4^{h} 3^{1} 1^{n}
7-1 Legal Maxim, 104 [Shee'n].4 $3^{1½}$ 1^{1} 1^{h} 2^{n}
8-1 Dollie Wiethoff, 100 [Adk's]3 1½ 2½ 2^{1} $3^{1½}$

Time, 1:24. Alaria, 103 pounds [Donovan]; Frank Pearce, 103 [Lewis]; Estado, 102 [Carson]; Assessment, 106 [Linton]; The Singer, 108 [Bullman]; Aunt Polly, 108 [Bonner], finished as named. Winner, b. g., by Lord Clifden—Tenny B. Start fair. Won driving.

Second race, 1 mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
16-5 Stunts, 91 [Bonner].........3 $1^{1½}$ 1½ 1½ 1^{n}
18-5 Greyfeld, 114 [Jenkins].....1 2^{h} 4^{3} 3½ 2½
10-1 James F., 88 [W. Daly]....2 4^{h} $2^{1½}$ 4^{h} 3^{n}

Time, 1:43½. Goldone, 109 pounds [Carson]; Mr. Dingle, 109 [Adkins]; Bonnie Lissak, 109 [Birkenruth]; The Counselor, 83 [Connell], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Dr. Rice—Eothen's Pearl. Start fair. Won driving.

Third race, 3½ furlongs, purse $400, 2 year olds, maidens, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¾ Str. Fn.
2-1 Young Pepper, 112 [Boland]...5 3^{3} 2½ 1^{1}
2-1 H. L. Frank, 105 [J. Daly]....7 5^{1} 4^{1} 2^{3}
20-1 T. J. Cox, 112 [Kelly]........2 $1^{1½}$ 1^{h} $3^{1½}$

Time, :43½. George Koester, 112 pounds [Minder]; Cayucos, 108 [Birkenruth]; The Cure, 112 [Lewis]; C. Schneider, 112 [Powell]; Shorty Kans, 103 [Mirando]; Neko, 112 [Jenkins]; Emil, 112 [Donovan]; Vogue, 109 [Donnelly]; El Verraco, 112 [T. Knight], finished as named. Winner, br. c., by Juvenal—Peppergrass. Start fair. Won handily.

Fourth race, 6½ furlongs, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
9-2 Velma Clark, 108 [Powell]..2 3^{h} $3^{1½}$ 4½ $1^{1½}$
10-1 Tyranus, 107 [Kelly]....5 4^{h} 5½ 1^{h} 2^{n}
4-1 Bogus Bill, 110 [J. Daly]..1 1^{h} 2^{3} 2^{h} 3^{2}

Time, 1:23. Stella Perkins, 97 pounds [W. Knapp]; Grand Sachem, 102 [Waterbury]; Platonius, 107 [Burlingame]; Arthur Ray, 110 [Bullman]; Montana Peeress, 100 [Reed]; Breton, 110 [Jenkins]; Del Vista, 95 [Watson], finished as named. Azarine, 100 [R. Wilson], left at the post. Winner, ch. m., by Kismet—Tulsa. Start good. Won easily.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles, purse $400, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
7-1 The Ledaean, 107 [Minder].3 4½ 3^{h} 3^{1} 1½
11-5 Col. Ballant'e, 107 [Bull'n]1 3½ 1^{h} 1^{5} 2^{4}
5-2 Star Cotton, 104 [Bonner]..5 1^{5} $2^{1½}$ 2^{4} 3^{4}

Time, 2:11. Ultruda, 105 pounds [Adkins]; Arbamahela, 104 [L. Jackson]; Poorlands, 104 [McGavin], finished as named. Winner, b. c., by Brutus—Leda. Start good. Won driving.

Sixth race, ⅞ mile, purse $400, 3 year olds, selling:

Bet. Horse, weight, jockey. St. ¼ ¾ Str. Fn.
11-5 Orsina, 92 [Reed]..........6 $3^{1½}$ 1½ 1^{1} $1^{1½}$
4-1 Mimo, 99 [J. Daly]...........2 1^{1} $2^{1½}$ 3^{2} 2^{3}
4-1 Diamante, 107 [Minder].....1 6 6 5^{h} 3^{h}

Time, 1:28¾. Snare, 97 [Bonner]; Prestolus, 107 [Bullman]; Fast Master, 102 [Carson], finished as named. Winner, blk. f., by Orsini—Sloe. Start fair. Won in a canter.

Oakland Entries.

Probabilities: Weather clear; track good.

First race, Futurity course, 3 year olds and upward, selling—Gibraltar, 118 pounds; Flourish, 116; Straight Shot, 115; Mike Rice, 115; The Miller, 115; Midlove, 113; Rubino, 111; Flo Culver, 109; Educate, 109; Pirate Maid, 109; Myrtle H., 109; Belle Street, 104; Lady Gallantry, 99; Pure Dale, 97.

Second race, ⅞ mile, 4 year olds and upward, selling—El Piloto, 110 pounds; Rim Rock, 108; Learoyd, 107; Nat Goodwin, 107; Hutch Miller, 105; Ural, 105; Marineuse, 105; Rud Hynicka, 102; I. O. U., 102; Fred Atterbury, 102; All About, 97; Tonopah, 97; Rosarie, 95; Ohio Girl, 95; Dora I., 95; Darna, ch. f., by Cicero—Frances, 90.

Third race, 1 mile, 4 year olds and upward, selling—Sea Lion, 110 pounds; Hippomax, 110; Decoy, 107; Jim Gore II., 107; Lode Star, 107; El Pilar, 105; Handpress, 105; Kickumbob, 102; Lapidus, 102; Light Ball, 102; Filibuster, 102; Johnny McCartey, 100; Glissando, 97.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, 3 year olds and upward, selling—Money Muss, 115 pounds; Matt Hogan, 109; Quiz, 109; Tower of Candles, 107; Bronze Wing, 107; Miss Remsen, 106; Rag Tag, 104; Muresca, 99; Mexicana, 98.

Fifth race, Futurity course, 3 year olds and upward, selling—Berendos, 120 pounds; Mission, 115; Formero, 115; Snark, 115; J. Boggs, 113; Little Margaret, 112; Tommy Knight, 107; Ripper, 104; Lansdown, 104; Naulahka, 102; Puss in Boots, 102; Priestlike, 102; Judge Voorhees, 102; Alice Cary, 97.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 50 yards, 4 year olds and upward, selling—Diderot, 111 pounds; Barklyite, 107; Constellator, 107; Lady Kent, 100; Forest King, 98; Rose of May, 96.

MANY ARE IN METROPOLITAN.

Big List of Horses Entered in Handicap to Be Run at Morris Park on May 7.

New York, March 3.—The entries and weights for the Metropolitan handicap, to be run at Morris park May 7, were announced today as follows:

Hermis	127	Huntress	98
Advance Guard	121	Sidney C. Love	97
Col. Bill	120	Clarion	97
Old England	118	Contend	97
Herbert	117	Americano	97
Masterman	117	Lord Badge	97
Sombrero	117	Slave	97
Prince of Melbourne	115	Paul Clifford	96
Goldsmith	115	Gimcrack	96
Good Morning II.	113	Girdle	96
Francesco	113	Extinguisher	95
Articulate	112	Jameway	95
Argregor	110	Judith Campbell	95
Igniter	110	Sergeant	95
Leonora Loring	110	Rigodon	95
Chilton	109	Injunction	95
Gunfire	109	Sambo	95
Olympian	108	Yardarm	94
Ixieine	108	St. Daniel	94
Namtor	108	Bob McLean	93
Royal	107	Invincible	93
Syrlin	107	Merry Acrobat	93
New York II.	107	Hunter Raine	93
Arsenal	106	Ildcarine	92
Omaha II.	105	Prediction	92
Waswift	104	Pageant	90
Luke Ward	104	Sun Gold	90
Disadvantage	102	Bar le Duc	90
Zoroaster	102	Dr. Saylor	88
Lux Casta	102	Sir Faust	88
Hurstbourne	102	Tugal Bey	87
The Giver	102	Miss Dorothy	87
Bon Mot	100	Royal Summons	87
City Bank	100	Tioga	86
Rossignol	100	Daly	86
Wealth	98	Ancke	85
Spencer Reiff	98	Taps	84
Yellow Tail	98		

DRAKE NAMES HIS YOUNGSTERS

Chicago Turfman Completes the Appropriate Identification of Two Year Olds in His Stable.

Nashville, Tenn., March 3.—[Special.]—J. A. Drake has finally selected names for his entire lot of 2 year olds. For the bay colt by Ben Strome—Roseleaf he has claimed the name Roseben. This is the only youngster Drake has in the Futurity.

He claims the name of Clyde for the bay colt by Alwyd—Miss Jumba; The Elf for the brown filly by Scorpion—Fience; Rudabeck for the bay colt by Wagner—Ginnie; Wavelow for the bay colt by Oddfellow—Wavelet; Turtle for the bay colt by Scorpion—Hygeia; Miss Oddity for the bay filly by Oddfellow—Lavina II.; patrolman for the bay colt by St. George—Patrona; Rosseric for the chestnut colt by King Eric—Lady Rossington; Ort Wells for the chestnut colt by King Eric—Tea's Over.

Ort Wells is a full brother to the good colt Dick Wells. Van Esher is the name chosen for the bay colt by Esher—Van-a-clar; Matrona for the bay filly by Esher—Matron; Handsome Florry for the chestnut filly by Handsome—Florry; Foncasta for the chestnut filly by Fonso—Lucasta; Miss Veracity for the bay filly by Scorpion—Truth.

ARRESTED FOR WIRE TAPPING.

Four Men with Sure Get Rich Quick Scheme Are Caught Near Springfield —Three Chicagoans.

Springfield, Ill., March 3.—Sheriff Brainerd and a posse of deputies at noon today arrested A. W. Graham, William Bennett, and Andrew Swan, telegraph operators from Chicago, and James Johnson, a saloonkeeper of Chatham, for wire tapping.

The men claim to have tapped a wire near Chatham for the purpose of securing the name of a Chicago commission house sending quotations to bucket shops in southern Illinois. The men are suspected of having tapped the wire for the purpose of securing the results of races.

They had established headquarters for telegraph instruments in a field and were discovered by a section man on the Alton road. Sheriff Brainery went to the scene on a switch engine, arrested the men, and brought them to Springfield.

Additional arrests were made in the city today of Charles Anderson, Thomas Manning, and J. L. Clements. All are telegraph operators from Chicago. Swan confessed this evening the tapping had been done for the purpose of securing the results of races with the intention of beating the local poolrooms out of money.

GOLF FIXTURES AT ONWENTSIA.

Lake Forest Club Will Have a Number of Additional Features for the Coming Season.

Secretary Sturges of the sports and pastimes committee of the Onwentsia club yesterday issued the schedule of the principal golf events of the year. In addition to the usual fixtures there will be a handicap open only to members of the University club and medal play championships for both men and women. At the request of the Western Golf association the dates for the women's open tournament have been moved forward. Eighteen hole sweepstakes will be played on Saturdays except on July 4, Aug. 1, Sept. 5, and Sept. 19. Sweepstake matches for women will be played on Fridays and also mixed foursome events.

The schedule is as follows:

Saturday, May 30, Decoration day—Thirty-six hole class handicap, medal play, for men; cup to winner of each class and cup to player making best gross score of day.

Saturday, July 4, Independence day—Morning, eighteen hole handicap for men; prize to best net score and prize to best gross score. Afternoon, mixed foursome, handicap, eighteen holes.

Tuesday, July 28, to Saturday, Aug. 1—Men's annual open tournament.

Friday, Aug. 14—Morning, Onwentsia club championship for women; player making best score for eighteen holes will be declared champion of the club for 1903; her name will be engraved on championship cup, which will remain with the club until won three times by the same player, when it becomes her property; winner will be given a souvenir cup; there will also be a prize to second best score. Afternoon, mixed foursome, handicap, open to all clubs.

Tuesday, Aug. 18, to Saturday, Aug. 22—Women's annual open tournament.

Monday, Sept. 7, Labor day—Onwentsia club championship for men, thirty-six holes, medal play, eighteen holes in morning and eighteen in afternoon; player making best score will be declared champion of the club for 1903; he will have his name engraved on championship cup, which will remain with the club until won three times by same player, when it becomes his property; winner will receive souvenir cup; a prize will be given to second best score.

Saturday, Sept. 19.—University club handicap cup, thirty-six holes; open only to members of the University club of Chicago.

Wednesday, Oct. 7, and Thursday, Oct. 8—Newspaper men's championship.

The Byron L. Smith class cup competitions will be held on Saturdays during the months of June, July, August, and September.

GETS CHANCE TO REDEEM HIMSELF

Harry Forbes Jumps at Offer to Fight Frankie Neil Again on March 18.

YANGER MAY GO TO COAST

Negotiations On for Bout with Attel if the Weights Can Be Adjusted.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

The refusal of James Neil of San Francisco to permit his son, Frankie, to fight Abe Attel at 120 pounds, weigh in at 3 o'clock, gives Harry Forbes, the world's bantamweight champion, an opportunity to redeem himself among followers of pugilism.

Neil and Attel were matched to fight under the auspices of the San Francisco Athletic club this month at 118 pounds, but after Abe raised the weight to 120 the match was declared off. With the date of the contest close at hand and no match in sight Manager Greggains turned his eyes Chicagoward, and wired John Hertz, Forbes' manager, asking if Harry would meet Neil at catchweights on March 18. Hertz jumped at the chance, and notified Greggains to send monetary conditions immediately.

Forbes, it will be remembered, defeated Neil at Oakland on Dec. 23 last, and when rematched was too ill to fight. The betting on their second battle looked suspicious, and it was rumored the contest was "fixed," and that Forbes was slated to lose on a foul. Clarence Forbes took his brother's place and was defeated. The fiasco injured Harry's reputation, and the chance is now before him to clear his skirts of any wrong intent in that affair.

Greggains, to make sure he would not be left in the lurch for a strong attraction for his show, wired Ike Bloom, Attel's manager, asking at what weight Attel would meet Benny Yanger on March 17. Ike said his protégé would fight Yanger at 124 pounds ringside, and failing to get Benny at that weight, would not mind hunching it a couple pounds. When John Hertz was seen regarding this match he said he did not care to have Yanger fight Attel at any specified weight, but if forced into a match he might sign articles for 126 pounds at 3 o'clock. If Greggains can clinch this match he will drop the Forbes-Neil matter.

Billy Considine, matchmaker of the Metropolitan Athletic club of Detroit, has secured Henry Fagin and Mike Ward to contest the windup at the club's show on March 13. This was the date selected for Benny Yanger to meet a fighter to be named by Considine, but Billy wanted at least two weeks to advertise the show. Should Benny not go to the coast he can, if he so chooses, fight at Detroit on March 27.

Maurice Rauch and Mage King will furnish the feature event at an athletic show to be given by the Wausau A. C. of Wisconsin tomorrow night. Jack Memsic and Young Sharkey will box the main preliminary.

Harry Gilmore Jr., who looks after the interests of Martin Duffy, yesterday posted a forfeit of $100 on behalf of his protégé to fight Matty Mathews for the welter weight championship. This forefeit is for a guarantee of good faith, and if accepted will be increased to any amount desired by Mathews.

Hugo Kelly was taken sick yesterday, and his contest with Mike Schreck, which was scheduled to take place at St. Louis tomorrow night, has been postponed until March 12.

BIG MATCH AS FAR OFF AS EVER.

Jeffries and Corbett May Not Meet After All as No Club Will Offer $25,000 Purse.

New York, March 3.—[Special.]—There is a hitch in the Jeffries-Corbett fight which threatens to prevent the match. When the two heavyweights met here on Sunday the conditions under which they agreed to meet stipulated that the purse be not less than $25,000.

In a statement made in Baltimore today Corbett said that the provision would certainly be in the articles which he is to sign on Thursday. Now it develops that the San Francisco clubs, knowing they have the fight in their own hands, will not offer a purse. A dispatch from 'Frisco today, received by Jim Kennedy here, stated that the Hayes Valley A. C. would offer 70 per cent of the receipts for the mill, but no purse, and that the other clubs would follow suit.

As the fighters agreed to meet only for a $25,000 purse and the clubs refuse to hang one up there is a chance the contest may, after all, fall through. Jeffries, when shown the dispatch, said:

"I really don't think Corbett will fight me after all. The fact that he demands a purse of $25,000 makes me think he will not fight. He knows no club will hang up such a purse. Corbett's talk that he is entitled to fight me is all bosh. Sharkey is more entitled to fight me than is Corbett, because he is the only man I did not knock out."

CORBETT TO BEGIN TRAINING.

Ex-Champion to Cancel Theatrical Engagement and Start Work Two Months Before Fight with Jeffries.

Baltimore, Md., March 3.—[Special.]—Jim Corbett said tonight that he would cancel his theatrical engagements and go to San Francisco to train two months before the date set for his fight with Jeffries. He does not think there will be any hitch in the arrangements.

"I think I can defeat Jeffries," he continued. "I am quicker and can outpoint him, but I don't want to do too much talking about it, because Jeffries is a big, strong fellow and a tough proposition to go against. I don't underestimate his ability a bit.

"The trouble between Jeffries and me? O, that's all off, and I don't think there'll be any more hard feelings between us—there's none on my part. Jeffries is a nice, big, good natured fellow, and I don't think he'll bear malice."

SPRINTERS AT STOCKYARDS.

Dr. Raycroft Takes Chicago Athletes to a 75 Yard Straightaway Track in Packing House.

Chicago sprinters and hurdlers went to the stockyards last night, under the leadership of Dr. J. E. Raycroft, for the purpose of training on a seventy-five yard straightaway in one of the big packing or storage houses. Six athletes were in the party—Blair, Senn, Friend, Catlin, Kelley, and Wightman.

Capt. Jerry Magee had a full track team out yesterday, and all told twenty-seven men are training hard for the Milwaukee meet Saturday night.

The names of the twenty-seven men who will compose the Chicago team in the A. A. U. meet are: Capt. Magee, Clyde A. Blair, Tom B. Taylor, George Senn, Fred Speik, McMillin, Fred Hall, H. Mock, W. G. Mathews, E. E. Quantrell, Arthur M. Sullivan, R. L. Henry, E. M. Miller, C. Kennedy, Wightman, Hugo Friend, Mark Catlin, R. B. Kelley, Ferris, J. C. Moore, R. W. Maxwell, Eli Gale, B. Gale, M. L. Cahill, J. F. Carroll, C. Buckwalter, and W. R. Jayne.

WEIGHT "PHENOM" AT HARVARD

Frank Schoenfuss, a Baseball Pitcher, Hurls the 16 Pound Shot Almost Forty-five Feet.

Cambridge, Mass., March 3.—[Special.]—Frank Schoenfuss, who up to a few days ago was regarded only as an unusually good baseball pitcher, has now come forward as the best shot putter Harvard ever had and a likely aspirant for the intercollegiate record.

With the sixteen pound ball in the Hemenway gymnasium today he put the weight forty-four feet eight inches, which is only three inches less than Beck's record breaking put at the Mott Haven games last spring, and incidentally is three-quarters of a foot better than Harvard's best previous record of 43 feet 11 inches, made by Chester Robinson last year.

Trainer Graham, who has brought Schoenfuss to his present high state of development from being practically a green man, is counting on the big fellow to capture his event not only in the dual games with Yale but in the Mott Haven games as well.

TRIES TO PROTECT GYMNASIUM.

Director Butterworth Prohibits "Rough House" Methods of Evanston Athletes in Their Training Quarters.

There will be no more "rough house" in the Northwestern university gymnasium at Evanston. Director Butterworth has placed the following notice on the door of the exercise room:

"This room is to be used only for work and exercise. No games or rough play will be allowed here."

Northwestern university students had come to regard the gymnasium as a joke. So lightly has the gymnasium been held in the student estimation that for several years the building has been battered and disfigured. Not only has the floor been scarred and misused, but in many places the boards on the inside walls have been torn off. The gymnasium has recently been remodeled and repaired, and Director Butterworth issued his orders to keep it in as good shape as possible.

A few of the more ambitious track men exercised in the open air yesterday. This practice will be repeated when the weather permits. The men have no facilities for long distance training indoors, and are making the most of the fine weather to get in shape for the long distance runs.

NOTED YALE ATHLETE IS DEAD.

Howard Hinkle, the Best Sprinter at New Haven, Expires from Typhoid Attack—Death Is a Blow.

New Haven, Conn., March 3.—[Special.]—Howard Hinkle of Cincinnati, the best sprinter at Yale and one of the best football half backs, died today at his home of typhoid fever. He had been ill for two weeks. With his death, Yale's chances for winning the intercollegiate track championship this year have received a heavy blow. Hinkle was 21 years old. He prepared for Yale at the St. Mark's school, Southboro, Mass. He was enrolled in the Sheffield Scientific school.

Pillsbury and Teichmann Are Tied.

MONTE CARLO, March 3.—In the third round of the second half of the international chess tournament today Schlechter beat Marco, Ruy Lopez, thirty moves; Teichmann defeated Reggio, French defense, thirty-two moves; Maroczy worsted Mieses, Danish gambit, twenty-five moves; Marshall beat Mason, bishop's opening, thirty-five moves; Taubenhaus beat Moreau, Ruy Lopez, sixty-three moves; Albin and Pillsbury, three knights opening, drew, forty-two moves; Tarrasch beat Wolf, Ruy Lopez, forty-eight moves. The scores to date are as follows:

Pillsbury	11½	Marshall	7½
Teichmann	11½	Taubenhaus	7½
Tarrasch	11	Wolf	6½
Maroczy	11	Mason	6
Schlechter	10½	Albin	5½
Marco	10	Reggio	4½
Mieses	9	Moreau	0

Erb to Coach Vanderbilt Eleven.

New York, March 3.—William Erb, former quarter back on the Leland Stanford Jr. university football team and quarter on the Columbia varsity team last season, has been engaged to coach the Vanderbilt university eleven at Nashville, Tenn., next season. Erb's absence next fall will deprive the Columbia team of its strongest quarter back.

Lake High, 7; South Chicago, 2.

Lake High defeated the South Chicago High school five at basketball yesterday by a score of 7 to 2.

GAMES IN BOWLING LEAGUES.

Fort Sherman Players Take Three Straight from the Olympias and Eskimos Defeat Atlas Team.

Fort Sherman rollers last night averaged 970 2-3 in the Northwest league and won three straight games from the Olympias. With one exception the team was the same as finished second in the team championship at Indianapolis last week. Schmidt led the averages with 209 1-3. The Eskimos won two games from the Atlas players. In the Star league the Brilliants took three games from the Engravers and the Fellowships twice upset the Stars.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE.

Ft. Sherm'n.	1.	2.	3.	Olympia.	1.	2.	3.
Schmidt	212	212	204	A. Hoeft	180	167	126
Nessler	188	183	205	Fabisch	151	134	137
Fors	203	193	170	Hohlt	188	139	144
Haselhuhn	159	202	190	Hanson	162	176	177
Allen	174	216	201	Anderson	178	180	160
Totals	936	1006	970	Totals	859	806	744
Eskimo	908	798	953	Atlas	852	816	860

ILLINOIS LEAGUE.

Gunther.	1.	2.	3.	Oriental.	1.	2.	3.
Kling'nb'rg	150	197	182	Keogh	151	198	201
Lamont	177	214	205	Neufell	213	223	159
Kischel	173	180	170	Martin	184	160	139
Chalmers	193	207	171	Gilbert	194	205	159
Stoike	136	202	177	Driesbach	163	184	177
Totals	829	1000	905	Totals	905	970	835

STAR LEAGUE.

Brilliants.	1.	2.	3.	Engravers.	1.	2.	3.
Hofmann	159	159	159	Kurth	166	156	157
Barker	213	144	179	Kenyon	197	186	199
Hull	183	222	213	Alward	205	186	190
Winship	198	179	146	Thurber	137	198	144
Brill*	170	175	207	Hull	171	148	153
Totals	923	879	904	Totals	876	874	843
Fellowship	828	905	784	Star	946	832	782

POSTOFFICE LEAGUE.							
Lake View	811	864	786	East Room	728	500	579
Station U.	811	775	830	Centrals	796	832	802
Money Or.	725	837	834	Englewood	732	659	728
Lake View	940	836	830	Mains	834	826	886
COAL TRADE LEAGUE.							
Coxe Bros.	756	715	665	Peabody	766	841	859
Y. & L. Co.	734	802	720	Lehigh V.	709	738	732
NORTH CHICAGO LEAGUE.							
Paramont	788	785	803	Crescents	889	821	922
North Pk.	796	919	898	Plaza	874	847	819
PAINT, OIL, AND VARNISH LEAGUE.							
Chi. V. Co.	793	744	879	R. P. Co.	865	717	687
C. W. L. Co.	737	837	650	Rice & Co.	Forfeited.		
BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.							
Deering	844	827	918	Comm'ns	828	902	825
Drug Tr.	919	951	894	Ill. M. Co.	Forfeited.		
BANKERS' LEAGUE.							
Merchants	762	848	813	Chic. Nat.	772	798	764
Am. Trust	919	843	809	Com. Nat.	828	888	757
SOUTH WATER STREET LEAGUE.							
Newhalls	863	877	765	Martin & Co.	795	847	803
PHŒNIX LEAGUE.							
Schaefers	862	893	897	Broadway	731	802	786
BENSINGER LEAGUE.							
Monroes	687	725	764	Bensinger	804	777	866
IROQUOIS LEAGUE.							
Krollman	804	830	794	Hyde Parks	816	887	773
ENGLEWOOD LEAGUE.							
Lindens	829	853	954	King Pins	822	944	912
HUMBOLDT LEAGUE.							
Wahoos	895	962	927	Birns' Colts	874	981	925
KROLLMAN'S LEAGUE.							
Garfields	808	710	662	Chrysan's	580	623	692
METROPOLITAN LEAGUE.							
Premiers	893	808	788	Halsteds	765	778	791
UNION BOWLING LEAGUE.							
West Lake	871	875	830	Currans	781	836	835
NATIONAL LEAGUE.							
Marvels	916	869	832	Live Topics	793	785	759
MANHATTAN LEAGUE.							
Roanoke	799	874	903	Chatt'ga	960	836	842

New York Bowlers Want a Match.

Frank Brill yesterday received a letter from Charley Star, the New York bowler, asking if it is possible to arrange a two men team match with two Chicago players for $250 a side. He suggests thirty-five games, seventeen in New York and eighteen in Chicago. The offer is open to any two players in Chicago. Starr proposes maximum weight of balls to be 16½ pounds and pins to weigh 3 pounds 4 ounces.

Racquet Tourney at C. A. A.

Racquet players of the Chicago Athletic association are competing in a round robin tournament for the championship of the club. As a result of the matches so far Walter J. Ferron, Samuel T. Chase, and George A. Thorne are even. I C. Gifford survived the preliminary round, but has yet to play his first match in the round robin. The results so far follow: Chase defeated Ferron, 15—12, 15—11, 17—15; Thorne defeated Chase, 15—12, 15—11, 8—15, 10—15, 15—1; Ferron defeated Thorne, 15—10, 15—13, 15—12. A handicap tournament will be held next month for the class B, C, and D players.

Last Night's Billiard Scores.

At Mussey's—White defeated Thomas at three cushions, 45 to 26. White and Lawrence play tonight.

At Foley's—Adair won from Miller at balk line, 150 to 108. Long and Cochrane play tonight.

HOLDING STOCK FOR FEW FRIENDS

Cincinnati Magnates Explain Connection with Philadelphia Deal.

OPPOSE SYNDICATE BALL.

Hermann and Fleischmann Say They Will Soon Dispose of Shares to Others.

Cincinnati, O., March 3.—[Special.]—The report that Mayor Fleischmann and President Garry Hermann of the Cincinnati club would be large stockholders in the new Philadelphia baseball club is true, but in a limited sense.

When the matter of the purchase of the Philadelphia club was undertaken by President Dreyfuss of the Pittsburg club he called President Hermann of the Cincinnati club into consultation. Hermann advised Dreyfuss to go ahead with the deal, secure all the Philadelphia capital he possibly could, and what was lacking would be made up here.

When the deal was about ready for consummation Dreyfuss found himself about $50,000 shy of the amount required. He informed Hermann of that fact and immediately the local club's president and Mayor Fleischmann pledged themselves for that amount, with the understanding that they would dispose of the entire block of the stock to local capitalists who had at various times expressed a desire to get into baseball.

Merely Temporary Affair.

The arrangement was satisfactory to Dreyfuss and stock to the amount of $50,000 was put aside for Messrs. Hermann and Fleischmann. It is said that in the last week the greater portion of these holdings has been disposed of to Cincinnati people, and it is expected the entire $50,000 will pass out of the hands of Messrs. Hermann and Fleischmann within the next few days. The local owners, when they purchased the Cincinnati club, agreed they would hold no stock in any other baseball club, and are carrying out this understanding by disposing of their temporary interests in the Philadelphia club as quickly as possible.

New Club Organizes.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 3.—The new owners of the Philadelphia National league baseball club met today and elected officers as follows: President, James Potter; vice president and treasurer pro tem., Arthur E. Newbold; directors, E. M. Robinson, Francis E. Bond, George H. Frazier, Charles E. Ingersoll, and Edwin I. Hyneman.

GENERAL EXODUS TO NEW YORK

Local Magnates Leave to Attend Baseball Meeting—Griffith Talks of Spring Training Plans.

James A. Hart, president of the Chicago National league club, left for New York yesterday morning to attend the National league meeting, which will be called to order at the Victoria hotel at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The American league magnates will convene at the Fifth Avenue hotel tomorrow afternoon. Clark Griffith and Robert McRoy, secretary to President Johnson, will leave for Gotham this morning. It is likely Tom Loftus and Henry Killilea will go east on the same train.

Griffith said yesterday when asked if he knew where the New York grounds were: "No, I do not. Of course, I have a general idea, but I do not know just where they are. They will surely be announced at the meeting in New York, however."

In speaking of his plans for the training trip of the New York team this season Griffith said:

"I shall issue a call to have the men report at Atlanta, Ga., about March 17. There is no necessity of making any of the men travel all the way to New York to report and then have to start from there on the training trip. We shall stay at Atlanta until April 5. Then we shall go direct to New Orleans. We shall probably remain there until about the 13th. Then we shall go back to New York before the season opens. We shall play at Worcester, Mass., on the day that the season opens in Boston.

"I do not know whether I shall return to Chicago before I go to Atlanta. I shall have to look about New York and get things into shape for the opening before I can tell."

Herman Long, who is scheduled to play shortstop for the New York team, was in Chicago yesterday. He had a talk with Griffith. Long is on his way to Hot Springs, Ark.

POSTAL MAY SELL SENATORS.

Detroit Man Likely to Dispose of His Interests in Washington Club to Syndicate.

Detroit, Mich., March 3.—[Special.]—The general belief in baseball circles is that at the New York meeting of the American league on Thursday Fred Postal is apt to sell his majority holdings in the Washington team. He received a letter this morning from the Washington syndicate saying its members would meet him at New York, and the impression in Washington is that the deal will be closed then.

The reason of the delay is thought to have been the failure of Ban Johnson to announce the location of his New York grounds. With this park advantageously situated the value of every franchise is increased, but Postal gave the Washington men to understand that he would expect more if the grounds were in a good place.

"The deal will probably be closed up all right," said Postal this noon, "but whether I shall become part owner in the Detroits is something I cannot tell just now."

This morning Manager Barrow and an architect visited Bennett park and a general scheme of the improvements was outlined. The present bleacher will be torn down, and it is likely that the pavilion will take the place of part of it.

Indianapolis, 11; Racine, 5.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 3.—Indianapolis defeated Racine tonight at roller polo by a score of 11 to 5.

A NATURAL LAXATIVE WATER
RELIEVES AND CURES
Constipation
Liver Troubles
Disordered Stomach
Most enlightened and eminent physicians in every part of the globe recommend it.
The only HUNYADI Water that is safe and sure, is
Hunyadi János
All Others are Imitations and Substitutes.

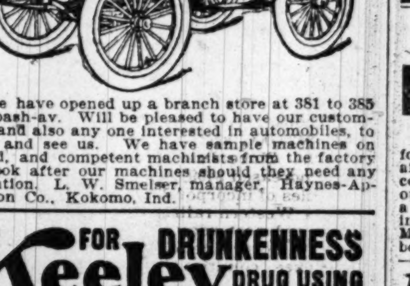
STUDEBAKER 1903
EXTENSION BROUGHAM

CORRECT 1903 DESIGN.
FURNISHED IN SIX DIFFERENT SIZES.
The Largest and Finest Stock of 1903 Vehicles Ever Placed on Sale
STUDEBAKER BROS. MFG. CO.
378 to 388 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

Old Underoof Rye
A pure, palatable whiskey. It satisfies the connoisseur. Bottled in full quarts, pints and half pints.
Chas. Dennehy & Co., - - - Chicago.

Dr. Hilton's Specific No. 3
Will Positively Cure a Cold, the Grip And Absolutely Prevent Pneumonia
Mothers of young children should always have a bottle of No. 3 handy; you can save them from croup, diphtheria and whooping cough. It is only 50 cents a bottle, contains nearly THREE times as many doses as the imitations and substitutes offered for 25 cents. All druggists or G. W. Hilton, M. D., Lowell, Mass. [42]

MAYBE you'll ask some clothier for Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes who hasn't got 'em. We know the rest.
He's got something "just as good"; of course; he may even have the nerve to say "better." He knows you don't know much about it.
Do you want what you want? Look for our label in the next block; small thing to look for, big thing to find.
Hart Schaffner & Marx
Good Clothes Makers

The Haynes-Apperson Co.

We have opened up a branch store at 381 to 385 Wabash-av. Will be pleased to have our customers and also any one interested in automobiles, to call and see us. We have sample machines on hand, and competent machinists from the factory to look after our machines should they need any attention. L. W. Smelser, manager, Haynes-Apperson Co., Kokomo, Ind.

Keeley Cure
FOR DRUNKENNESS DRUG USING
Chicago Office: 269 DEARBORN ST SUITE 400 Tel. Harrison 2345
KEELEY INST DWIGHT, ILL.
Correspondence STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.
Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION
GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FURS Reliable Quality and Style.
BEST ALASKA SEALS, RUSSIAN SABLES AND RICH FURS.
JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.,
187 STATE-ST., CHICAGO.
Catalogue Free.

EDUCATIONAL.

ENGINEERING TAUGHT BY MAIL.
Instruction directed by members of Faculty of Armour Institute of Technology.
Write for catalogue.
American School of Correspondence,
AT ARMOUR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY,
3321 ARMOUR-AV.
Open evenings.

THE ART ACADEMY 46 JACKSON BOULEVARD.
DRAWING, PAINTING, ILLUSTRATION.
Practical school. Send for catalogue.

LANGUAGES.
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
Chicago { Auditorium (Congress-st.) / Bush Temple of Music.

WINTER RESORTS.

Mt. Clemens, Mich.
AN IDEAL WINTER RESORT
for people afflicted with rheumatism and kindred ailments or requiring absolute rest. The hotels are commodious, evenly heated, provided with the famous mineral baths, and the circumstances such that a larger percentage of cures is effected in winter than in summer. Address F. R. Eastman, Mt. Clemens, Mich., who will mail you free a beautifully illustrated book and full particulars.

Hotel Maryland
PASADENA, CALIFORNIA.
Provided with All Modern Conveniences.
Maintaining a High Standard of Excellence.
Address A. R. PARSONS, Manager.

MANY MILLIONS FOR NEW MILLS.

Steel Trust Will Spend Total of $37,133,529 at Once on Improvements.

SOUTH CHICAGO SHARES.

Addition of $12,000,000 Annually to Profits Expected as Result of Changes.

New York, March 3.—[Special.]—The expenditure of $37,133,529 for improvements, to be made as soon as possible, was announced by the United States Steel corporation today. Of this sum $7,545,000 will go to the Illinois Steel company for betterments on its plants at South Chicago and Joliet.

The earnings of the subsidiary companies, when the improvements are completed, will be increased $12,000,000 a year, according to a statement issued by Judge Gary, chairman of the executive committee of the steel corporation, today.

Judge Gary says: "It is estimated that under normal conditions the increased earnings from the increased and improved capacity will be about $7,000,000 a year, and that there will be a saving in the cost of manufacture of about $5,000,000 a year."

How the Money Is Divided.

The money to be expended has been divided among the various companies as follows:

Illinois Steel company	$ 7,545,000
National Tube company	17,901,758
American Steel and Wire company	4,535,000
American Sheet Steel company	355,000
Carnegie Steel company	1,740,000
National Steel company	1,592,000
American Steel Hoop company	285,000
American Tinplate company	1,000,000
H. C. Frick Coke company	446,000
Mining companies	480,810
Transportation companies	1,273,961
Total	$37,133,529

New Bonds Will Be Issued.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the corporation today the form of circulars to be sent to stockholders in connection with carrying into effect of the bond conversion plan was approved. They will be sent out during this week.

The plan provides for the issuance of $250,000,000 of 5 per cent bonds, $200,000,000 of which are to be exchanged for $200,000,000 of 7 per cent preferred stock.

Judge Gary, in his official statement regarding the plans, which have been under consideration and preparation for over a year, for harmonizing, extending, and rounding out the various plants, says the work will be pushed forward with all possible dispatch. The presidents of the various subsidiary companies, who have been in session here this week, have given their final approval of the plans, which provide for the additions and improvements.

It is estimated that when these expenditures are completed there will be added to the total capacity of the various subsidiary companies 2,700,000 tons of all products.

Details of the Estimates.

The estimates in detail are as follows:

ILLINOIS STEEL COMPANY.

At South Chicago, Ill.—The construction of the new open hearth furnace plant, blooming mill, and finishing mill, $3,000,000.

Remodeling the 132 inch plate mill train, $650,000.

Additional heating capacity at the rail mill, $200,000.

Improvement of the Bessemer department, $150,000.

New blast furnace blowing engines, $475,000.

Per repairing stoves at furnaces Nos. 1 to 4, $400,000.

Addition to machine shop and foundry of $200,000.

At Joliet, Ill.—Remodeling blast furnaces Nos. 1 and 2, $900,000. Addition to converting mill, $150,000. Sundry improvements of lesser magnitude have been authorized at South Chicago and Joliet, at an expenditure of $420,000.

NATIONAL TUBE COMPANY.

At McKeesport, Pa.—The entire rebuilding of the present rolling mills and tube and pipe mills, with the addition of one new blast furnace, an additional Bessemer converter, and the installation of a new water and power plant at a cost of $9,256,662. The increased earnings from the additional capacity will be $1,553,000 per annum and a saving in cost of production of $1,805,000 per annum.

At Lorain, O.—The erection of two additional blast furnaces, additional rolling mills, and a new tube and pipe mill at a cost of $8,646,096. The increase in production will be $1,809,000, while the saving in cost of producing pipe will be $1,500,000, a total gain of $3,309,000.

AMERICAN STEEL AND WIRE COMPANY.

Improvements at the Newburg steel works, Consolidated works, American works, Central works, Emma furnace, and at Central furnace docks, in the Cleveland district, at Shoenberger works, Rankin works, Edith furnace, Neville furnaces, in the Pittsburg district; at Waukegan, De Kalb, Rockdale, Scottstreet, and Anderson works, in the Chicago district; and at Worcester, Mass., works, and Allentown, Pa., works, to the aggregate amount of $4,535,000.

AMERICAN SHEET STEEL COMPANY.

The rebuilding, with modern equipment and buildings of the Canal Dover, O., plant; an addition to the Wellsville plant; the improvement of McKeesport, Pa., works; the erection and installation at Vandergrift, Pa., works of improved methods, all to cost $355,000.

CARNEGIE STEEL COMPANY.

At Homestead, Pa., works—The erection of an additional 140 inch plate mill; the improvement of the 32 inch mill and of the boiler plant, $1,135,000.

At Edgar Thomson works, Braddock, Pa.—Addition to foundry and installation of new blowing engines, $275,000.

At Duquesne works, Munhall, Pa.—Additions and improvements to existing plants, $330,000.

NATIONAL STEEL COMPANY.

Additions and improvements to existing plants at Newcastle, Pa., Bellaire, O., and Youngstown, O., $1,592,000.

AMERICAN STEEL HOOP COMPANY.

Additions and improvements at Isabella furnace, Pittsburg, Pa., and at the Upper Union mills, Youngstown, O., $285,000.

AMERICAN TINPLATE COMPANY.

Installation at various mills of modern and improved methods of operation, $1,000,000.

H. C. FRICKE COKE COMPANY.

The development of coke and steam coal properties, including erection of additional ovens, $445,000. This will increase the productive capacity of coke 275,000 tons per annum and of steam coal 600,000 tons per annum.

MINING COMPANIES.

The erection of a crusher plant at Escanaba, Mich., $143,810, also the erection of additional power houses, shafts, and mining plants on the Vermilion, Gogebic, and Menominee ranges, $317,000.

TRANSPORTATION PROPERTIES.

Duluth, Mesabe, and Northern railway—Additional locomotives, the extension of the ore dock at Duluth, and improvements at shops, $543,961.

Duluth and Iron Range railroad—Improvements to shops, bridges, and line of road, $187,000.

Chicago, Lake Shore and Eastern railway—Steel cars, $300,000.

Pittsburg Steamship company—Installation of steam towing machines on bridges and the alteration and improvement of fleet, $208,000.

Pittsburg and Conneaut Dock company—Improvement on unloading machines, $40,000.

TAKEN FROM HER SICK CHILD.

Mrs. Annie Nelson, Held for Death of One Baby, Sees Other Only Short Time.

Though she begged to be allowed to remain at the county hospital with her sick child, Mrs. Annie Nelson, 77 Ontario street, was taken with her husband back to the East Chicago avenue police station. The child has pneumonia and is suffering from insufficient nutrition.

Before visiting the child in the hospital Nelson and his wife were taken to the county morgue to attend the inquest over the dead child, but it was continued until tomorrow morning.

Dr. Joseph Springer of the coroner's office found that death was caused by pneumonia and starvation. On account of this Coroner John Traeger recommended that the couple be held without bail.

Nelson denies his wife's accusations and says he has done everything in his power to support his family. He is a cook employed in a restaurant in West Madison street.

Awarded $10,000 for an Arm.

George W. Olds, formerly a Baltimore and Ohio switchman, was given a verdict of $10,000 yesterday for injury to his right arm, which was crushed by the shifting of iron on a car. The arm is said to have been useless since that time.

MADE TRAFFIC DIRECTOR OF GOULD LINES.

A. C. BIRD.

A. C. Bird, third vice president, in charge of traffic of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul lines, has been appointed traffic director of all the Gould lines and will assume his new duties within a few days. Mr. Bird's authority will extend to many lines both east and west. It is considered likely that his headquarters will be in Chicago.

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

A. C. BIRD TO CONTROL TRAFFIC OF GOULD LINES.

Milwaukee and St. Paul Official Announces That He Will Accept the Important Position—His Authority Will Extend to Many Roads East and West—Headquarters Probably Will Be in Chicago—Securities Company Proposed in Rock Island.

Reports from the east that A. C. Bird, third vice president in charge of traffic of the Milwaukee and St. Paul railway system, would be made traffic director of all the roads in which the Goulds are interested were confirmed by Mr. Bird yesterday, who said he had accepted the position and would assume his new duties in a few days. This is practically the same position that J. C. Stubbs holds with the Harriman roads and Darius Miller with the Hill lines.

Mr. Bird's appointment brings the traffic affairs of the Gould roads under one head and will prevent competition between the various lines comprising this great system. The roads over which Mr. Bird will have jurisdiction are the Wabash and its eastern connections (the Wheeling and Lake Erie, the Ann Arbor, the Western Maryland, and a few small roads in the vicinity of Pittsburg), the Missouri Pacific, the Iron Mountain and Southern, the International and Great Northern, the Texas and Pacific, the Denver and Rio Grande, the Rio Grande Western, the Rio Grande Southern, and the St. Louis Southwestern. The total mileage of these roads is in the neighborhood of 18,000.

Headquarters Probably Here.

It has not been decided where Mr. Bird will make his headquarters, but it probably will be Chicago, as the headquarters of Traffic Directors Stubbs and Miller, as well as those of the chief traffic officials of the Santa Fé and Rock Island systems are in this city and frequent conferences between those officials are necessary to insure the strict maintenance of rates. This is the principal object of placing traffic directors in charge of the traffic affairs of the principal western railroad systems, as they prevent the traffic officials of the individual roads from meddling with the rates without the sanction of their superiors. Thus traffic directors will practically be a commission to control the traffic of the various western systems.

Is a Traffic Authority.

Mr. Bird is one of the leading traffic officials in the west, and there are few who have had greater experience or are more thoroughly posted in traffic matters than he. He came to Chicago in 1883 as general freight agent of the Milwaukee and St. Paul. In 1889 he was promoted to freight traffic manager and in 1895 was made general traffic manager. In December, 1899, he was elected third vice president in charge of traffic. Prior to taking service with the Milwaukee and St. Paul Mr. Bird made a splendid record as general freight agent of the Wabash, with which he was connected for many years. He was born March 4, 1843, at Pittsfield, Ill., and entered railway service in 1865 as truckman and station baggage smasher. He served in the army during the rebellion and came out as a colonel.

It is considered certain that J. H. Hiland, who is now general traffic manager of the Milwaukee and St. Paul, will succeed Mr. Bird as third vice president.

Rock Island's Great Plan.

The negotiations now in progress in New York by which the Rock Island interests are about to purchase the St. Louis and San Francisco will be of much greater significance and more far reaching than has yet been disclosed. A securities company, it is claimed, similar to the Northern Securities is being formed through J. P. Morgan & Co., which will hold the stock of the 'Frisco, the Rock Island, the Southern, and the Santa Fé.

It is said that a majority of the stock of the several companies will be put into a block and the holders thereof will share alike in the profits derived from the operation of the roads involved. The scheme will mean that Morgan will be the controlling spirit of the proposed combination.

Pennsylvania's Monthly Earnings.

Gross earnings of the Pennsylvania lines east of Pittsburg for January increased $984,000, but owing to the large increase in operating expenses the net earnings show a decrease of $361,200. The lines west of Pittsburg show an increase in gross earnings of $274,600 and a decrease in net earnings of $317,400.

Thomas H. Garland has been appointed general agent of the refrigerator car service of the Burlington system east and west of the Missouri river, with headquarters at Chicago.

W. E. Dauchy, late chief engineer of the Rock Island, has been appointed chief engineer of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western in place of W. K. McFarland, resigned.

Wisconsin Central earnings for February were $425,000, an increase over last year of $27,711. Since July 1 the gross earnings have increased $409,349.

Articles of incorporation of the Chicago and Illinois Western railroad company were filed for record yesterday. The road will extend from the north line of Cook through Will and Kankakee counties. The capital stock is $25,000.

Alaskan Ratification Exchanged.

Washington, D. C., March 3.—Secretary Hay and Sir Michael Herbert today exchanged ratifications of the Alaskan boundary treaty.

MAYOR TO AID PARK PLAN.

WANTS CITY TO GIVE UP TITLE TO LAKE FRONT.

Will Have Revived Ordinance Turning Over to South Side Commissioners the Ground North of the Art Institute—Favors One Board for All Chicago Until Municipality Is Able to Manage the Grounds—Bills Now Before the Legislature.

Mayor Harrison yesterday promised Henry G. Foreman of the south park board to take action which, it is hoped, will tend materially to aid the movement toward an ultimate consolidation of the park systems of the city. To this end the mayor will ask the city council to agree to relinquish the municipal title to that portion of the lake front lying between the Art institute and Randolph street, and to surrender this strip to the south park commissioners to be utilized as a part of Grant park.

An ordinance to this purpose was buried weeks ago, but the mayor will have the measure revived and seek to secure its immediate passage, the sole new provision being that if the city should desire to make use of the land for municipal purposes in the future the park board will give its consent. In discussing the matter the mayor proposed a further step.

"I believe," said he, "that all the small parks now held by the city should be turned over to the park boards controlling in the various divisions in which the plots are located. I should like to see the day when the city will control all parks and when their management will be made a part of the municipal government. Until that day does come it is best for the park boards to control all park land, however small the plots may be."

The small parks now held by the city and which the mayor urges should be turned over to park boards include the plots known as Ellis, Douglas monument, Aldine square, Washington square, Green Bay, Oak park, Lakewood park, Kedzie park, Bickerdike square, Congress, Irving, Jefferson and Gross parks, De Kalb square, Norwood, Dauphin, Eldred, Merrick, and Holden parks, the two latter being in the Thirty-fifth ward; Normal park, Barnard, East End, Fernwood, and Patterson parks, and the triangular plots of ground bounded by Ogden front, Clark and Wells street, by North Clark street, Belden avenue, and Sedgwick street, and Seventy-second street park, along the thoroughfare formerly known as Lowe avenue.

The bills now pending before the general assembly include the measures by which the south park board seeks to secure the state's title to certain lands adjoining the Grant park strip, the right to issue bonds to fill in between the government breakwater and the present shore line, and the request for right to levy a small tax to maintain the proposed Field museum.

FIREMEN MAKE A LAST PLEA.

Give Reasons Why the Finance Committee Should Grant Them an Advance in Salary.

Chicago firemen who are struggling with the city finance committee to secure an advance in salary, issued another statement last night to show the justice of their demands. The hardships of their calling and the reasons they should be paid more are given briefly as follows:

They never know how long they will remain in one house.

They can be transferred to any other house in the city at the pleasure of the chief.

Their average yearly expenses are about $100.

Their gross average salary for all positions is about 15 cents an hour.

Their net average salary is about 13 cents an hour.

They think they are entitled to more, and most respectfully submit their claims to that board of final appeal—the public.

They firmly believe that if this be done their case is already won.

That in view of the foregoing facts we respectfully submit that an occupation in life which requires more than four years of apprenticeship, imperiling of life, limb, and health, is entitled to a larger remuneration than we are at present receiving.

The firemen declare that their hours of service are practically twenty-four hours a day. It is true that they have three hours a day for meals, and a few more hours for "offs" during the week, but according to the rules they must respond to all second and third alarms of fire to which their companies respond; thus, practically, they are on duty continuously.

TO CONFER WITH STRIKE BOARD

Invitations Are Sent to Representatives of Operators and Miners to Meet in Washington on Thursday.

Scranton, Pa., March 3.—Representatives of the operators and miners have been summoned by the mine strike commission for a conference in Washington, to take place Thursday morning at 11 o'clock. All the local lawyers who appeared before the commission will leave tomorrow for Washington. The summons from the commission simply states that the commissioners want to confer about the question of weighing coal. According to the statements given out here today by some of the most prominent mine workers the award of the strike commission is expected to be in the hands of the district boards by Friday next.

ULTIMATUM BY "L" ROAD LABOR.

Employes of the Metropolitan System Decide to Force the Issue.

MANY DESIRE A STRIKE.

Demand Is That the Company Agree Not to Hire Any More Nonunion Men.

The 700 men employed by the Metropolitan Elevated railway will serve an ultimatum on the company today that while they will not coerce men to join their organization they will not permit the company to hire any nonunion men to fill vacancies or new positions.

President MacAllister and General Manager Brinkerhoff refused to accept this proposition on Monday and broke off negotiations. Now the men have decided that it must be accepted, even at the cost of a strike. At a meeting held last night they decided to make one more attempt to secure a peaceable adjustment. Many of the employés wanted to call a strike at once, but Organizer Pratt, who represents the national organization, prevented this.

Mr. Pratt wants the Metropolitan to accept in full the working agreement signed by the Lake street and Northwestern roads last week, which incorporates the clause the men want adopted to govern employment.

Company's Side of It.

The company has posted a notice which, after informing the men that joint conferences have been held for ten days regarding affairs of the company and its men, reads as follows:

On March 2, after discussing the various questions, the committee withdrew, after refusing to insert the following clause, it being practically the only serious disagreement:

"The Amalgamated association agrees that its members shall work peaceably in the line of their duty with other employés who may not be members of the Amalgamated association."

The management feels assured that all fair minded employés will agree that it is but just to those employés who for various reasons cannot or do not wish to belong to the Amalgamated association that they should be specifically protected in any agreement the company may make with such association, by clause, as above.

The union employés fear that under such an agreement all vacancies would be filled with nonunion men.

Strike in Stockyards.

Engineers and firemen in the plants of Swift & Co. and the Anglo-American Provision company struck yesterday for higher wages. Police protection has been furnished and it is expected that an effort will be made to break the strike today.

If this is done, the union men say, the strike will spread to the other concerns in the packing house district and serious embarrassment if not actual suspension of business will follow. A meeting of the dissatisfied employés will be held at Fifty-second street and Ashland avenue at 10 o'clock today. As a result of the strike all the engines supplying power for electric lighting purposes and for the hoisting machinery were shut down. Should the strike spread throughout the yards about 1,000 engineers, firemen, and their helpers would become involved.

Dr. Hirsch Chosen as Arbiter.

Late in the afternoon Dr. E. G. Hirsch was chosen as the arbiter for the adjustment of the differences existing between the Chicago City railway company and its cable splicers. The full board will consist of former Judge N. C. Sears for the company, former Judge William Prentiss for the men, and Dr. Hirsch.

The selection came after several futile attempts to find a man satisfactory to both parties. List after list was submitted to the two former judges, but some objection was found against all the men. Exasperated by the delay the men notified former Judge Prentiss to demand that the company agree to an arbiter by 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon or negotiations would be declared off. Then Dr. Hirsch was proposed and accepted. He will be asked to serve today.

STRIKING METER READERS APPEAL TO FEDERATION.

Fail to Prevent People's Gas Company from Having Inspecting Done—Ask That Other Unions Be Called Out.

The meter inspectors of the People's Gas, Light and Coke company failed to make their strike a success yesterday and will turn over the entire trouble to the executive board of the Chicago Federation of Labor. That body will meet this noon to devise means of spreading the trouble to the gashouses of the company. Officials of the company say emphatically that consumers need not fear gas will be shut off.

Inspectors Guarded by Police.

Policemen and private detectives were called into service by the company to protect the inspectors who remained loyal. A party of nineteen were sent out from the headquarters at 2 Adams street early in the morning and were immediately surrounded by pickets. The party boarded a car and started south, but the strikers followed, and at Twelfth street had induced all but a few to desert.

The company scored on the men by ordering the inspectors to appear without uniforms, which the majority of them did. This deceived the strikers, and the company was enabled to have practically all its work done. The secretary of the men complained to Commissioner of Public Works Blocki that such a course was contrary to the ordinances of the city.

Tells Company's Side of Trouble.

At the offices of the company it was denied that any serious difficulty existed. Vice President C. K. Wooster declared that the regular inspectors were at work and that a real strike was not on.

Mr. Wooster made the following statement:

"Referring to articles in certain newspapers which would seem to indicate that there was danger of the gas being shut off from the city, and which have been the occasion of many inquiries at our office today, we think it is only due to the public to state that there is no such danger, and that the public will not be put to any inconvenience whatever in this regard.

"We laid off some of our employés on account of slackness of work, which occurs every year soon after Jan. 1, and this, in addition to the fact that two departments were combined into one, made it necessary to lay off a few more than usual. We regret exceedingly that some of these men are now endeavoring to intimidate other employés of the company who are engaged in statement taking, and who are contented to remain in the employment of the company."

RAILWAY OFFICALS ARE FREED.

Indictments at Minneapolis Dismissed Because Court Holds That Evidence Is Insufficient.

Minneapolis Minn., March 3.—Judge Lochren in the United States District court today ordered that the indictments against four officials of the Wisconsin Central and the Ann Arbor railways be dismissed as being based on imperfect information. The court directed that if the grand jury had had additional evidence the indictments, charging violation of the interstate commerce law in the rates on flour mill products, never would have been found.

$20,000 Cash as a Bond.

Twenty $1,000 mills were deposited with Clark of the Criminal Court Lawson yesterday by George J. Hammond, former president of the Combination Investment company, who is under indictment for alleged embezzlement and larceny. The cash deposit was to insure appearance for trial.

The Worst Month in this Latitude

January? No. January is cold and blustery, but you can endure it.

February? No. February is bad, but not half as bad as March.

March is the worst month.* It is the month of wind and mud, of violent extremes; 15 below one day, 30 above the next. It is the month when every one who can, should get away.

The place to go is California and the way to get there is via the

Golden State Limited

THERE

HERE

Newest, handsomest and most luxuriously equipped train to California. Leaves Chicago 7.45 p. m. daily. Arrives Los Angeles 1.50 p. m. third day thereafter. Through cars to Pasadena, Santa Barbara and San Francisco. Every comfort and convenience—even a barber and a bath tub.

Tickets, descriptive literature, and full information at this office.

GEO. F. LEE, General Agent, Passenger Department, 91 Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

Rock Island System — Southern Pacific — El Paso Route

* April isn't much better.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

A Composer's Concert.

It was an evening of no inconsiderable musical interest an attentive and appreciative audience had offered it last night at Music hall by Frederick A. Stock, the assistant conductor of the Chicago orchestra. The program contained only compositions by Mr. Stock, the numbers consisting of a quartet and two movements of a quintet for strings, six songs for soprano, and a romantic scene for 'cello. The list, it will be seen, was sufficiently varied to afford good opportunity for judging of the young composer's abilities, and the statement can with all sincerity be made that the evening left no doubt in the minds of the hearer as to the existence of such abilities.

While there was a suggestion of sameness about the music before the concert was at an end—the sameness that is almost inevitable when the works of any one composer are listened to for two hours—the fact that Mr. Stock has talents for composition and talents of no mean order was clearly brought home to those who heard. That he will yet do better work than he offered last evening is confidently believed—that he will come to look with a sort of tenderness not unmixed with amusement on some of the numbers performed is not entirely impossible—but that those who listened last evening will watch him and his future development with interest is certain.

The chief fault found in Mr. Stock's work at present is the fault frequently met with in the compositions of youth—he endeavors to put too much into all he writes. The result is not only undue length but a crowding of ideas and a restlessness that robs both the work and the listener of the sense of repose essential to an art work and its enjoyment. There is too often evident a striving and seeking that betray the labor the creation has cost. The ease and fluency of expression which, while they usually are the product of a long process of rewriting and polishing, always suggest definiteness of idea and consciousness of purpose on the composer's part, are wanting at times in Mr. Stock's music. They are present in certain places and then satisfaction and pleasure to the hearer are the result. But no sooner does the tonal stream begin to flow smoothly, naturally, and clearly than the composer bethinks himself of the necessity of "doing something," and he hastens to stir the contentedly moving current to its depths. There is then a vast amount of trouble for all concerned—music, composer, performer, and listener, and happiness returns only when Mr. Stock gets back into his more natural bent and writes as his inspiration and not his acquired learning prompts.

That he can write a melody that has beauty, nobility, and breadth he demonstrated clearly repeatedly last evening—the first theme of the 'cello number, the trio of the scherzo in the quartet, and certain phrases in the songs are pleasantly recalled—and that he can harmonize that melody richly and effectively was also shown, but he seems afraid to trust himself and dashes off into dissonances that in themselves are far from lovely, and which are delayed so long from resolution that the hearer grows restless if not positively irritated.

If Mr. Stock will now strive to see how naturally, clearly, and—yes, simply, he can write, seeking beauty of harmonic progression instead of unusualness, endeavoring to write no counterpoint that does not mean something and does not have fluency, and, listening more to his inspiration and less to his reason, it is confidently believed he will produce works of beauty and possibly of enduring worth. The talent is his, what it needs is to be guarded from artificiality.

The quartet was played with a good degree of finish by the composer and Messrs. Becker, Kuehn, and Brueckner, Mr. Dasch joining them in the two movements from the quintet. Mr. Steindel was heard in the romantic scene for 'cello, lending all the charm of his beautiful tone and technical supremacy to the performance. The composition has many attractive moments, and these knew full revealment at the player's hands. Miss Jenny Osborn sang the six songs, three of which were with German text and three with English. They are intensely difficult, the limitations and needs of the human voice being but slightly considered by the composer, but Miss Osborn's vocal equipment is of a completeness and thoroughness that made the task of performance possible, and the songs as given by her became not only interesting but effective. The best of them was a setting of "Longing," by Tennyson.

The trustees of the Chicago Orchestral association held a meeting yesterday, and while nothing of importance was done save to discuss plans and means for the raising of the sum needed for the new building, the report on the amount received from the call for public subscriptions was interesting. In the three days since Friday, when the call was issued, over $10,000 has been received. The subscriptions range in amount from $2 upward. The public, at least, seem to want the orchestra.

W. L. HUBBARD.

Times Critic Barred Out.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, March 3.—Much curiosity has been aroused by a notice in this morning's Times that its critic A. B. Walkley, was refused admission to the Garrick theater last night when Henry Arthur Jones' new play, "The Whitewashing of Julia," was produced.

Chorus Girls' Case Falls Flat.

Two representatives of the Federation of Labor called at Glickman's theater yesterday to demand the reinstatement of two union chorus girls, Ida Bloom and Dora Miller, but they went away satisfied that the girls had been discharged for incompetency. Manager Glickman said he was in favor of unionism.

Reception for the Rev. T. E. Stevens.

The Rev. T. E. Stevens, who came from Gray's Lake, Ill., to accept the pastorate of the Central Park Congregational church, was given a reception by his new parishioners in the church parlors last evening. Addresses were made by the Revs. C. T. Robinson, S. E. Haskin, and Clatt, and by a number of the laymen of the congregation.

Scholle's Special March Sale.

Our Own Upholstering at

Wholesale Prices.

IF a wholesale manufacturer of upholstered Furniture used as good materials and employed as high class workmen as we do, he would have to charge *us* as much as we'll charge *you* for upholstered goods of our own make.

Therefore you'll buy Scholle's good upholstered Furniture *at wholesale prices, besides being able to* choose your own coverings.

It pays us better to make such goods ourselves, not alone because we make them better, and use better materials, but from the fact that *they bring people back again for other articles*, numbered among those known as Scholle's Good Furniture.

Same work and materials used in re-upholstering *Old* Furniture.

H. E. SCHOLLE & CO., 222 Wabash, Bet. Adams and Jackson.

"The Store of Quality."

CALL OUT MILITIA IN STRIKE.

Governor of Colorado Sends 500 Men to Colorado City, Although There Has Been No Violence.

Denver, Colo., March 3.—At the request of Sheriff Gilbert of El Paso county and the United States Reduction company, operating at Colorado City, Gov. Peabody at noon today called out the state troops to proceed to Colorado City and protect the reduction company's plant from strikers. About 500 men in all were sent. No serious disturbance has occurred since the strike began, two weeks ago. Secretary W. D. Hayward of the Western Federation of Miners said: "There was positively no reason for the action of Gov. Peabody. There has been not even an act of violence; at most, a few petty quarrels. Gov. Peabody is but carrying out the plan determined upon in advance, which has for its end the destruction of the mill workers and smelter men's unions."

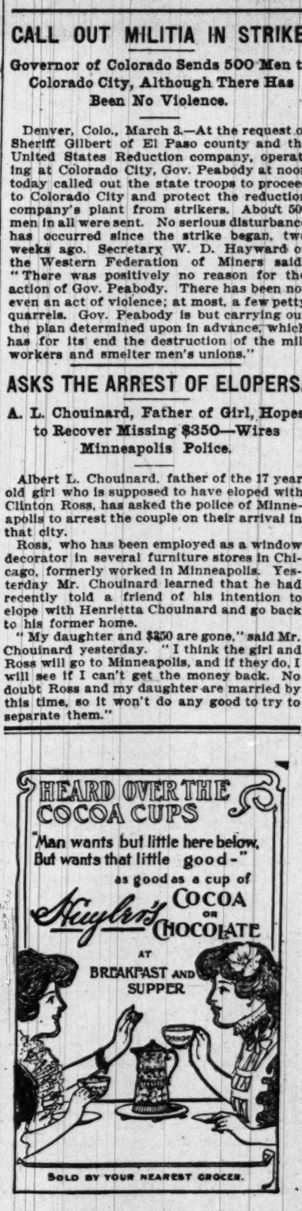
ASKS THE ARREST OF ELOPERS.

A. L. Chouinard, Father of Girl, Hopes to Recover Missing $350—Wires Minneapolis Police.

Albert L. Chouinard, father of the 17 year old girl who is supposed to have eloped with Clinton Ross, has asked the police of Minneapolis to arrest the couple on their arrival in that city.

Ross, who has been employed as a window decorator in several furniture stores in Chicago, formerly worked in Minneapolis. Yesterday Mr. Chouinard learned that he had recently told a friend of his intention to elope with Henrietta Chouinard and go back to his former home.

"My daughter and $350 are gone," said Mr. Chouinard yesterday. "I think the girl and Ross will go to Minneapolis, and if they do, I will see if I can't get the money back. No doubt Ross and my daughter are married by this time, so it won't do any good to try to separate them."



MILLINERY.
MAISON NOUVELLE
308-310 Wabash-av., Chicago, Ill.
(2 Stores under Auditorium Hotel.)
We are the only firm in the west that make a specialty of Street and Practical Hats. Chicago agency for the genuine "Connelly" and "Croft" Turban s Illustrated Booklet mailed free. Spring, 1903.

HATS KNOX Spring Shapes Ready.
187-189 STATE-ST.
JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.

SKIN TORTURES, eczemas, rashes itchings, irritations and chafings instantly relieved by warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP and gentle anointings with CUTICURA OINTMENT, the great skin cure and purest of emollients, to be followed, in severe cases, by medium doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. This is the purest, sweetest and most speedy cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, scaly, crusted and pimply humours, with loss of hair, from infancy to age yet compounded.

Sold throughout the world.

"Best in the world"

If we said "best in the world" about Devoe paint you would probably have your doubts about us.

"Best in the world" is easy to say: majority do say it: that's what makes it doubtful. The few who are trying to do it don't say it often.

We are making the best paint we know how to make at moderate cost. We think we know enough about it—been paint making for 146 years—to make as good as anybody can; and we're pretty certain it's better than most of 'em do.

GOOD-PAINT DEVOE, CHICAGO

FURS Superb Jackets EVERYTHING IN FURS.
REMODELING AND REPAIRS.
A. BISHOP & CO.,
Send for Catalog. 156 State-st.

"The most wonderful medicine for all bronchial affections."—HON. MRS. PERRY, Castle Grey, Limerick, Ireland.
BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
Fac-Simile Signature of John S. Brown & Son on every box.

WEAVER COAL AND COKE CO.
MARYLAND SPLINT DOMESTIC COKE
MARYLAND SMOKELESS (Substitute for Hard Coal.)
501-505 MARQUETTE BUILDING.

MANDEL BROTHERS DAILY STORE NEWS

Last day of the preliminary millinery opening.

TODAY we continue our preliminary opening of spring millinery, showing the very latest Paris conceptions in the season's hats, together with a notable collection of chic models from our own talented designers.

The wealth of new designs shown proved a revelation in style to the thousands of women who visited our millinery parlors yesterday. It was pronounced by all to be Chicago's most successful showing of the new hats.

All the new notes of the season find their highest expression in the handsome models exhibited. The new high crowned hats attract much attention on account of their unique beauty. Flowers and foliage are more than ever in evidence.

The exposition of the Lauterbach collection of foreign and American paintings, including Jean Leon Gerome's $25,000 masterpiece, "The Wild Beasts' Return to Their Dens," continues today on our fourth floor art galleries. Come in and view this superb collection of art treasures.

Semi-annual sale of Trefousse kid gloves.

HAVE you visited the great glove sale—seen the magnetic bargains—bought Paris gloves for as little as you would have to pay for them in the shops of Paris?

If you haven't, ask your friends if it's worth visiting—certainly most of them must have been here, for it seems as though the women of Chicago were turning out *en masse* for this great glove event.

Twice each year we inaugurate these great sales of the Trefousse kid gloves (for which we are sole Chicago agents)—a time when thousands of Chicago women take advantage of the wonderful saving possibilities and secure an entire season's supply.

The Trefousse is recognized as the kid glove standard—only the best French kid skins are used, and the constructing is done by experts.

Women's Trefousse gloves, 1.65, 1.35 and 1.15.
Men's Trefousse gloves, $2 and 1.65.

Special—new importation of women's kid gloves—in beautiful spring coloring, two clasp wrist, self and two-tone embroideries. All sizes, regularly priced at 1.35—very special offering for this sale—**$1.**

Editorial comment.

Weather today—Threatening.
Store closes at 5:30.

The exclusiveness of Mandel merchandise has long been a matter of favorable comment among connoisseurs. Many of the best manufacturers of the world confine the sale of their goods to us for Chicago. Some of our novelties cannot be bought elsewhere in America. Our prestige as merchants of the first rank and the extent of our business bring the choicest products of all nations within our reach. We believe that these facts will be of great interest to that body of discriminating shoppers to whom novelty and distinctiveness, when in good taste, appeal with force.

"Uebung macht den Meister" (practice makes the master), says an old German proverb. Our 48 years of practical experience in storekeeping have given us a mastery of its details that redounds in hundreds of ways to the advantage of our patrons.

Careful as we are in choosing and training employes, it occasionally happens that one will entirely misrepresent the spirit and policy of the house. It's only justice both to you and to ourselves to promptly report all cases of incivility and misunderstandings.

Grand display of new spring tailor-made suits.

THERE'S a congress of new spring styles to greet you this morning, many of which make their initial appearance today. There's such a decided change in the tailor-made suit modes that you cannot conceive of their beauty—you must see them. It's hard to distinguish a tailor-made suit from a costume now, especially in the higher priced creations—the trimmings, the ornamentations, all suggest the fashionable costume.

You cannot obtain a correct forecast of the season's styles until you have seen our showing, and to give you an extraordinary incentive to learn how well and how economically we can satisfy your wants we are offering about two hundred fine suits today at early season prices that hardly represent midseason cost.

Here's a suit in the new mixtures that's planned to please the stylish, economical woman—a natty blouse suit—fancy revers faced with rich peau de soie—has that much desired swagger cape effect and a panel gored skirt. The price does not do it justice, but then we hold it up as a bargain at **$15.**

There's no fabric so stylish as granite cloth this year—here's a 22.50 suit that's equal to most $30 suits. It comes in cheviot, if you like that better—has a fancy cape and the new stole effect—vest trimmed with fancy ornaments, lined throughout with silk, drop skirt—**22.50.**

Perhaps you've been admiring those etamine dresses? Well, we've gotten the price down to 17.50 now—your choice of black and blue; and just think of it—these suits have a silk drop skirt, too, and the trimming is all piped with taffeta—we hold it up as the handsomest suit we've sold for this price—**17.50.**

An advance sale of spring coats—you'll have to pay more for them later—and they are made the same shape as the $40 coats—covert jackets, double-breasted and fly front, taffeta lined, bishop sleeves. If you have a jacket want you'll not pass these by at the price, 300 jackets at **7.50.**

Dotted and checked silks.

THESE natty effects are fashion's mandate for 1903—and they are, really, extremely chic and stylish—make such fetching shirt waist suits and separate waists. We've never before shown anything that would equal them for dash and elegance.

They fully reflect all the jaunty smartness of the 1903 spring season, yet are imbued with an exclusive simplicity which at once appeals to the correct dresser of refined taste.

You'll find Chicago's best variety of designs here—not a new or novel idea was overlooked in the selection of this stock—many effects not obtainable elsewhere—and an extensive assortment in every line.

Dots ranging in size from the small pin dot to the size of a half dollar—nearly all in the new shades of navy with white and black and white—per yard, **42½c to $1.**

Checked louisines and taffetas in plain and jacquard effects, all sizes—new barre designs, new hairline stripe glace, pin check glace—these are to be had in navy and white, black and white, green and white, red and white, tan and white, and helio and white—at from **55c** to **1.25.**

In the basement: 25,000 yards corded wash silks in 100 different styles—all colors, as well as plenty of white—per yard **25c.**

Women's spring hosiery.

FIRST glimpses today of the new designs from the European hosiery centers—a greater variety than ever, and many novelties you have never seen anything like before.

You'll be delighted with the pretty, dainty, embroidered and plain effects in gauze and lace—both in black and colors.

At 25c we are showing a fine line of black and colored hose with the popular silk embroidered ankles. Black and colored lace effects and a variety of colored spring novelties.

Our 35c hosiery might easily pass for the highest priced line in the market—it has all the new patterns and color effects characteristic of the very finest hosiery made, lace embroidered and drop stitch effects.

For our 50c hosiery we have sought out the most dainty effect that the best French and German makers could produce. Among them you'll find black and colored gauze lisles, plain sheer cottons and lace novelties, hand embroidered and in the most exquisite patterns, **50c.**

Umbrella repairing.

SPRING will soon be here with its frequent showers, and you'll need to carry an umbrella with you wherever you go.

Better look over your supply of umbrellas now, and see if they need repairing or re-covering.

We have a repair department in connection with our umbrella section, will put in new ribs, mend broken handles, or re-cover umbrellas promptly, at very low prices.

Just notify us by letter or 'phone, and we'll be glad to call for any umbrellas you wish repaired.

New French dress fabrics.

THE latest novelties shown in the smart shops of Paris and London are here in profusion—all those beautiful, sheer, clingy materials that are to be worn so much over silk gowns.

Foremost in our collection of new spring novelties is the French boutonne—an overshot thread forming a button or frog effect on the surface of the fabric. This is produced in voiles, canvas cloths, etamines, twine cloths, silk warp eoliennes and other seasonable fabrics.

The new eolienne pointelle is shown in many beautiful designs exclusive to Mandel's—then, too, in our dress goods section you'll find a variety of etamines, such as etamine faconne, French lattice etamine, in all the new colors, including the very much sought cream.

As an extra special bargain for today we mention 150 pieces of the latest and most fashionable French fabrics that have just arrived from the custom house.

50 pieces of new French voile—fine sheer cloth with a crisp, wiry finish—in French gray, reseda, tan, castor, mode, royal, navy, cream, etc., at **1.25.**

50 pieces of French crepe d'anglais—a handsome, soft, clingy fabric that comes in tan, gray, cadet, rose, reseda, royal, navy, etc., very similar to the regular 2.50 fabrics at **1.25.**

50 pieces canvas etamine, in medium weight—all the fashionable spring colors, including cream—per yard, **1.25.**

Imported wash fabrics.

THE foremost manufacturers of Europe contributed their best productions to this magnificent gathering of fine imported wash fabrics.

Not only have we the choicest designs and colorings—many of which are not shown elsewhere—but our stock is more varied and extensive than any ever before exhibited in America.

New burr canvas in the new shades of tan, blue, green, navy and black with combinations of white—particularly suitable for street or house dresses—it is a fine sheer material with a heavy appearance—never before quoted so low as—yard, **50c.**

Our stock of dainty grenadines is rapidly diminishing—but there's an immense reserve stock yet—they're so popular this season, you know, that every one seems buying grenadines. We have a superb showing in fancy figures, scrolls, embroidered stripes, etc., in all the leading delicate shades—45 inches wide—**1.25** to **$2.**

Exquisite cream veilings, handsomely embroidered in all the new designs of the season—40 inches wide—yard, **1.25.**

We also show the most exclusive and handsomest line of white vestings ever placed before the buying public—Barathea, sicilians, burr and boucle effects—every new and popular idea of the season at very reasonable prices.

Exclusive new shirt waists.

YOU'LL find every one of the new creations from the world's master designers, as well as many original and exclusive ideas of our own, in this great gathering of 1903 shirt waists.

White is still more decidedly in favor, and comes in heavy linens, madras, oxfords, momie cloth, and the very sheer lawns and India linens.

The new waists are characterized by the immensely pouched sleeves, the unique fancy stocks and the prodigality of rich embroiderings and appliques, as well as fine drawnwork used.

Special—150 white mercerized and pure linen waists, very handsome styles to choose from, made with box or side plaits, handsome stocks and the new sleeves—price, **2.95.**

Our showing of heavy wash waists stands without a peer in this city—elegant heavy linens, oxfords, momie cloths, etc., artistically finished with Mexican drawn work, fine silk embroiderings in white, black and Persian colors in all the most popular designs, and grape and floral patterns, both hand and machine made all those handsome tailored effects with broad tucks and stitchings—at **7.50, $10** and **12.50.**

New Paris veils.

Never were veils so novel and artistic as this season, with their wide borders of lace, ribbon, or insertion, and all sorts of dots and figures.

We show all the most handsome of the new Paris designs.

Nose veilings are the latest novelty. Many dainty designs and combinations at **25c** to **$1** per yard.

$6 mesh bags, 2.90.

500 of them—they actually cost the maker more than you can buy them for today.

Such a bargain as this is so unusual that these 500 will be snapped up quickly by women who read this announcement.

Several different styles and sizes fine link and mail mesh bags—all perfect in every way, **2.90.**

"New eyes."

If your head grows tired after reading or sewing awhile it's a pretty sure sign that you need a pair of new eyes—you can easily secure them in our optical section.

Experienced, practical opticians are here to tell you just what kind of glasses you need.

Solid 10 karat $5 gold spectacles and eyeglasses, today **3.50.**

Popular new 1903 belt models at 50c.

That sounds almost incredible, doesn't it? But it's an assertion we're prepared to back up by the most astonishing belt bargains ever offered in this city.

A mammoth belt sale that will certainly hold an enthusiastic buying crowd in this aisle until the last one is sold—ten distinct styles to choose from and you'll admit you never saw anything like it—strictly up-to-date 1903 styles for only **50c.**

Handsome satin belts, silk elastic, stitched silk, nobby tailor stitched belts, etc., finished with small buttons, French gray oxidized buckles in back and dainty clasps in front, some with postilion backs or long streamers—you choose from the lot at **50c.**

The new coat chain girdle, an exact copy of a $25 girdle, in the silver ox. with handsome clasps, **2.50.**

The new "Rejane" belt is composed of two strands of fine silk elastic, finished with German silver slide in back and clasp in front—exclusive with Mandel's—**75c, 1.25, $1.75** and up to **$10.**

Fine silk braid belt (like cut), with cut steel buckle and long tab ends trimmed with tassels—**95c** to **1.75.**

THE WELL DRESSED WOMAN

She will wear this season:

Waists lavishly incrusted with the rich old laces and artistic hand-embroiderings so popular almost a century ago.

• • •

Sleeves that have immense pouches below the elbow, with a close-fitting upper portion finished with broad tucks or fancy bands.

• • •

Hats of fine Tuscan, Spanish, or Italian straw, profusely bedecked with violets or forget-me-nots, supported by pompadour bows of velvet ribbon.

• • •

Gloves that are from 1-2 to 1 1-2 sizes too large. Perfect-fitting gloves are considered quite provincial this season.

• • •

All white—the gown, hat, gloves, hosiery and parasol to match as nearly as possible.

The distingue shapeless coat in delicate shades of soft silks and other materials—pleated, appliqued and strapped.

• • •

For evening, a jaunty box-gown, or robe, of light, gauzy fabric embroidered in some novel design.

• • •

Long, medium high bust corsets with princess hip and straight front.

• • •

Rich black net or lace coats in Monte Carlo designs with kimono sleeves, taffeta foundation.

• • •

Dainty linen collar and cuff sets, hand-made.

• • •

Trimmings—especially laces—in abundance on all her garments, the tailored suit not excepted.

• • •

Collarless blouse jackets with capes or stole.

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald if advertisers so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Adams, Fred St. P.
Ambler, Rachel.
Brunner, Joseph.
Brockob, Theodore W.
Concannon, Mary.
Conway, Catherine.
Caldwell, Pearl N.
Cook, W. J.
Denison, Sarah.
Dunn, Francis Edward.
Ek, Anna Charlotta.
Fahey, Sarah.
Finnegan, Mary.
Green, Catherine.
Ganford, Catherine.
Gray, John Gray.
Griffith, Mrs. Maria C.
Goble, Palmer C., Sr.
Hanley, John.
Helbach, Jacob.
Hepner, Edna.
Henning, William F.
Hanna, Jacob.
Hogan, Edward B.
Horman, Henry.
Keary, Edward.
Kolding, Karl.
Kohn, Joseph A.
Lulay, Agnes B.
La Buy, Rozella.
Meehan, Peter.
Martin, John Le Roy.
Martinetti, Louis.
Murphy, Mrs. Maria.
McLaughlin, Anna T.
Meyers, Frank.
McMahon, James.
Newburger, Lulu.
Nixon, Wilson K.
O'Brien, Thomas J.
O'Connor, Bridget.
Peterson, Peter O.
Pfeiffer, Mrs. Louise.
Rafferty, James J.
Reinhardt, Margie.
Roehr, Otto.
Roth, Maggie.
Sacha, John.
Schlegel, Peter.
Seipp, L. S.
Sapper, John.
Schubert, John G.
Schallawitz, Theresa.
Tuttle, Mrs. Carrie.
Thompson, Joseph.
Terry, Aurora E.
Wheeler, Mary E.
Whalen, John.
Zaremba, Dr. Charles W.

ADAMS—Fred St. P., in the 31st year of his age, of tuberculosis, on the morning of March 3. Son of Robert C. and Annie E. Adams, leaving parents, two brothers and a sister (formerly of St. John, N. B.) to mourn their loss. Funeral services at the Church of the Redeemer at 11 a. m., March 4. Interment at Oakwoods. St. John (N. B.) papers please copy.

AMBLER—Rachel, aged 71 years, at 3309 Archer-av. Funeral March 5 at 10 a. m. from residence to Paulina Street Methodist Episcopal church, thence by carriage to Rosehill.

BRUNNER—Joseph Brunner, March 3, at 2919 Wallace-st., aged 67 years. Funeral Thursday, 11 a. m., by carriages to Waldheim.

BROCKOB—Theodore W., aged 30 years, husband of Sophia (née Lampe). Funeral from 289 W. 18th-st., March 4, at 1 p. m., by carriages to Waldheim.

CONCANNON—Mary, March 3. Funeral Wednesday at 10 o'clock from the Home of the Aged, Fullerton and Sheffield-avs., by carriages to Calvary.

CONWAY—Catherine, wife of the late Michael Conway. Funeral March 5 at 9:30 a. m. from 347 E. 26th-st. to All Saints' church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

CALDWELL—March 2, 1903, Pearl N. Caldwell, aged 24 years. Funeral services at late residence, 5542 Michigan-av., Thursday, 8 p. m., thence by train to Vinton, Ia.

COOK, March 3, 1903, W. J., beloved husband of Mary E. Cook. Funeral Thursday, March 5, at 1 p. m. from residence, 586 E. 60th-st., to Oakwoods. Clinton (Ia.) papers please copy.

DENISON—In remembrance of Sarah Denison, wife of Patrick H. Denison, who died March 3, 1893.

DUNN—March 3, at 3324 Auburn-av., Francis Edward, child of John J. and Nora Agnes Dunn. Funeral notice hereafter.

EK—Anna Charlotta, wife of N. J. Ek, born 1815. Funeral from 2116 W. Monroe-st., March 6, at 1 p. m.

FAHEY—March 3, at 3728 Wallace-st., Sarah, wife of John Fahey. Funeral notice hereafter.

FINNEGAN—March 2, at Mercy hospital, Mary Finnegan, aged 21 years. Funeral Wednesday, 9:30 a. m., from 274 E. Superior-st. to Holy Name church, thence by carriage to Mount Carmel.

GREEN—Catherine, wife of the late John Green, 5553 Lowe-av. Funeral notice hereafter.

GANFORD—Catherine, wife of the late Richard Ganford. Funeral from 470 North Park-av., March 5, at 10:30, to Church of the Immaculate Conception, by carriages to Calvary.

GRAY—At Bellaire, O., John Gray of 301 Clybourn-pl. Funeral notice later.

GRIFFITH—Mrs. Maria C., aged 78 years, at 6553 Yale-av. Burial today at Aurora, Ill.

GOBLE—The funeral of Palmer C. Goble Sr. will be held from his late residence, 22 Bittersweet-pl., Thursday at 1 p. m. Interment private.

HANLEY—John Hanley. Funeral March 4, 8 a. m., to St. Agatha's church, to Champaign, Ill.

HEPNER—Edna, March 2, aged 1 year, daughter of Edward and Louisa Hepner. Funeral from 468 Lyndale-av., March 4, at 1 o'clock, by carriages to Waldheim.

HENNING—In memory of William F. Henning, who passed away March 3, 1899.

HANNA—Jacob, March 2, aged 37 years, son of Mrs. Katie Hanna. Funeral from 2906 Parnell-av., to Bohemian National cemetery, March 5, 10 a. m.

HOGAN—March 3, at 702 Carroll-av., Edward B., husband of Maggie M. Hogan, aged 45 years. Funeral March 5 at 10 a. m., by carriages to Calvary.

HELBACH—Jacob, March 1, 1903, aged 74 years and 7 months, beloved husband of Annie Helbach and father of Jacob Helbach Jr., Otto Lafrentz, Louisa Harrington, Elizabeth Baier, and Katherine Rogers. Funeral from late residence, 3459 Cottage Grove-av., Wednesday, March 4, 2 p. m., to Oakwoods.

HORMAN—Henry, March 2, 1903, aged 77 years, beloved husband of Mrs. Louisa Horman and father of Mrs. Isaac Hansaw, John Horman, and Henry A. Horman. Funeral from late residence, 387 North Hoyne-av., Thursday, March 5, at 1 p. m., to Zion Evangelical church, Hoyne-av. and Iowa-st., thence by carriages to Rosehill.

KEARY—Edward. Funeral from 71 Hamilton-av., March 4, 2 p. m., by carriages to Forest Home.

KOLDING—Karl, March 2, at 269 W. Chicago-av. Funeral March 4, 2 p. m., at Siloam church.

KOHN—Joseph A. Kohn, March 3, aged 74 years, husband of Julia Kohn. Funeral from late residence, 2018 Calumet-av., Thursday, March 5, at 9:30 a. m., to Mount Maariv by special train. Please omit flowers.

LA BUY—Rozella, beloved mother of Justice La Buy, at the residence, 581 Milwaukee-av., aged 94 years 2 months. Funeral services at St. John's church, Carpenter and Front-sts., March 5, 10 a. m., thence by carriages to Wells-st. depot, thence to Princeton, Wis.

LULAY—Agnes B., daughter of John Lulay, 419 E. 32d-st., March 2, at 11 p. m., aged 22 years. Funeral at 9 o'clock, March 5, to St. James' Catholic church, by carriages to St. Boniface.

MEEHAN—Peter, husband of Mary Meehan, at 3625 Paulina-st. Funeral notice hereafter.

MARTIN—John Le Roy, child of Bernard and Mary Martin, aged 9 months. Funeral Wednesday from 46 W. 18th-pl. at 10 o'clock, by carriages to Calvary.

McMAHON—James McMahon, March 1, aged 49, years. Funeral Thursday, March 5, 10:30 a. m., from Sheldon's undertaking rooms, 239 West Madison-st. Interment at Calvary.

MARTINETTI—Louis, husband of Lillie Sutherland Martinetti, Sunday, at Victor, Colo. Funeral notice later.

MURPHY—Mrs. Maria, age 72, beloved mother of Mrs. J. S. Calley, Mrs. A. Fields, and Henry Murphy. Funeral private. No flowers. Milwaukee and Janesville (Wis.) papers please copy.

MEYERS—Frank, beloved husband of Mary Meyers [nee Poritz], and father of Mrs. J. C. Sutton, Mrs. C. B. Winzler, Fred C. and Harry L. Meyers, at his residence, 7024 Stony Island-av., aged 56 years 7 months and 11 days. Funeral from late residence Thursday, March 5, at 2 p. m. Interment at Oakwoods.

McLAUGHLIN—Anna Theresa McLaughlin. Funeral March 4 at 10 a. m. from 67 Edgemont-av., by carriages to Calvary.

NEWBURGER—Lulu, daughter of Percy and Kitty Newburger, aged 18 months. Funeral March 4 from 294 Center-av. by carriages to Calvary; private.

NIXON—Wilson K. Nixon, March 1, in his 77th year. Services at St. James' church, Cass and Huron-sts., Wednesday, March 4, at 4 o'clock. Burial at Spring Grove, Cincinnati.

O'CONNOR—March 2, 1903, Mrs. Bridget, beloved wife of the late John O'Connor, and mother of John, Thomas, Chas. Jr., Frank, Dennis, Edward, Mrs. Derahs, and the late Mrs. Kent. Funeral Thursday, March 5, from her late residence, 187 E. Division-st., at 9 o'clock to Church of Immaculate Conception, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary. Glen's Falls (N. Y.) papers please copy.

O'BRIEN—Thomas J., son of James and Mary O'Brien, March 2, aged 24 years, at 28 E. 16th-st. Funeral March 5 by cars to Mount Carmel.

PETERSON—Peter O., husband of Anna Peterson, March 1. Funeral from 158 N. Peoria-st., March 4, at 1 o'clock by carriages to Mount Olive.

PFEIFFER—Mrs. Louise, wife of Gottlieb Pfeiffer. Funeral Wednesday at 1 p. m. from 1676 Flournoy-st.

RAFFERTY—James J., March 2, aged 1 year, son of John and Mary Rafferty. Funeral March 3 at 10 a. m. from 585 W. Superior-st.

ROTH—Maggie, March 3d, beloved wife of John Henry Roth and mother of Peter J. Roth, at her home, 412 Armour-st., Austin. Service Thursday, at 2 o'clock, at late residence. Interment at Forest Home. Take Lake-st. elevated to 52d-av. station.

REINHARDT—March 3, at 636 Fulton-st., Margie, wife of William E. Reinhardt, aged 27 years. Funeral March 5 at 1 p. m. to Forest Home.

ROEHR—Otto, husband of Mary Roehr, aged 44 years. Funeral March 5 at 11 a. m. from 1647 W. 63d-st. to Evangelical St. Lucas church, thence to Mount Greenwood.

SACHA—John, aged 55 years, husband of the late Frances Sacha. Funeral from 2609 Princeton-av. March 5 at 9 a. m., by carriages to Bohemian National cemetery.

SCHLEGEL—March 2, Peter, husband of the late Mary Schlegel. Funeral at 11 a. m. March 5 from 361 Rhine-st. to St. Barnabas cemetery.

SCHUBERT—John G., aged 85 years and 3 months, father of Charles, Frank E., Louis Schubert, Mrs. M. Hagerhorst, and Mrs. M. Winterburn, at his residence, 564 West 12th-st., corner Loomis. Funeral Thursday, March 5, 1903, at 1 p. m., to Forest Home.

SEIPP—L. S., daughter of Mrs. Conrad Seipp. Funeral notice hereafter.

SAPPER—John, husband of Lena Sapper, aged 27 years. Funeral from 425 25th-st., Wednesday, 12 o'clock, to Oakwoods.

SCHALLAWITZ—Theresa, Feb. 2. Funeral Feb. 5, 10 a. m., from 889 Clifton Park-av., to Rosehill.

TUTTLE—Mrs. Carrie, wife of Wilbert Tuttle, at 842 W. Ohio-st. Funeral notice hereafter.

THOMPSON—Joseph, son of Isaac and Sanna, nee Stretton. Funeral from parents' residence, 273 N. Homan-av., Thursday, 10 a. m., to St. Matthew's church, by carriages to Mount Carmel.

TERRY—Aurora E., wife of George S. Terry. Funeral at Rochelle, Ill., Wednesday, March 4.

WHEELER—Mary E., beloved wife of Mr. John J. Wheeler, daughter of Mr. Edward and Mrs. Katherine Kehoe, sister to Mrs. Julia McClellan, Miss Katherine Kehoe, Mrs. John E. Kehoe, and the late Michael Kehoe. Funeral from her late residence, 799 W. 13th-st., Wednesday, March 4, 1903, at 9 a. m., by carriages to Calvary.

WHALEN—March 1, John, beloved husband of Kate Whalen, nee Patten, and father of Patrick John, and James Whalen and Mrs. Mary J. Ford. Funeral Wednesday, March 4, at 8:30 a. m., from his late residence, 20 Wolfram-st., to Annunciation church, where high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary. Member of Peter Cooper lodge No. 188.

ZAREMBA—Dr. Charles W., Sunday, March 1, 1903. Funeral from 2455 W. Cornelia-st. to Waldheim Wednesday, March 4, at 1 p. m.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854.
C. H. JORDAN & CO.,
14 AND 16 E. MADISON-ST., CHICAGO.
135 EAST 53D-ST., HYDE PARK.
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM [20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan], undertaker, 1722 Wabash-av. Tel. South 953.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., March 3.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois—Rain Wednesday and Thursday, colder in north portion Wednesday, fresh north to northwest winds.

Ohio—Rain Wednesday and probably Thursday, colder Thursday in west portion, fresh southwest winds, becoming northwest.

Upper Michigan—Snow and colder Wednesday, Thursday fair, fresh northwest winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Wednesday, Thursday snow or rain and colder, fresh northwest winds.

Indiana—Rain Wednesday and Thursday, colder in north portion Wednesday, fresh north to northwest winds.

Minnesota—Fair and colder Wednesday, except snow in northeast portion, Thursday fair, fresh northwest winds.

Wisconsin—Snow and colder Wednesday, Thursday fair, fresh northwest winds.

Missouri—Rain Wednesday, colder in northwest portion, Thursday fair in north, rain and colder in south portion.

North Dakota—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

South Dakota and Nebraska—Snow Wednesday and probably Thursday.

Iowa—Snow and colder Wednesday, Thursday fair, except snow or rain in south and west portions.

Place of observation. Time taken: March 3, 8 p. m.	Thermometer	Max. temp.	Direction of wind	Precipitation 24 hours	State of weather
Abilene	60	64	S.E.	....	Clear
Albany	36	42	S.E.	....	Clear
Alpena	34	42	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Atlanta	52	56	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Amarillo	32	38	S.E.	....	Clear
Battleford	8	10	Calm	....	Clear
Bismarck	14	18	N.	....	Clear
Buffalo	40	42	S.W.	....	Clear
Boston	34	34	S.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Cairo	46	46	N.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Charlotte	56	62	S.E.	....	Clear
Cheyenne	26	32	S.	....	Clo'dy
Chicago	38	38	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Cincinnati	48	52	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Cleveland	38	46	W.	....	Clear
Concordia	36	38	S.E.	.02	Rain
Davenport	40	42	S.	....	Clo'dy
Denver	32	40	N.	....	Clo'dy
Des Moines	38	40	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Detroit	34	38	W.	....	Clo'dy
Dodge	32	34	N.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Dubuque	40	42	S.	....	Clo'dy
Duluth	34	38	N.W.	.04	Clo'dy
El Paso	62	66	S.W.	....	Fair
Edmonton	22	24	Calm	....	Clear
Galveston	62	64	S.E.	1.74	Clo'dy
Grand Haven	34	34	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Green Bay	34	36	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Havre	12	16	E.	Tr.	Snow
Helena	8	12	W.	.28	Snow
Huron	28	34	N.	....	Clo'dy
Indianapolis	44	46	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Jacksonville	56	58	N.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Kansas City	40	42	S.E.	Tr.	Rain
Lander	34	38	S.	....	Fair
Little Rock	58	60	E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Marquette	30	36	N.W.	.01	Snow
Memphis	58	60	E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Medicine Hat	12	16	S.	....	Clear
Milwaukee	36	40	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Montgomery	58	62	E.	....	Clo'dy
Montreal	16	18	E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Nashville	56	56	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
New Orleans	58	60	E.	.88	Rain
New York City	40	46	S.E.	....	Clear
North Platte	28	30	N.E.	Tr.	Snow
Oklahoma	46	54	S.E.	Tr.	Rain
Omaha	34	38	N.	Tr.	Rain
Oswego	38	44	S.	....	Clear
Palestine	56	58	E.	.12	Rain
Parkersburg	48	54	W.	....	Clear
Philadelphia	40	54	S.E.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	46	50	N.W.	....	Clear
Pueblo	34	40	S.E.	....	Clear
Qu'Appelle	4	10	N.W.	.04	Clear
Rapid City	24	26	E.	Tr.	Snow
St. Louis	42	44	S.	.02	Rain
St. Paul	34	38	N.W.	....	Fair
Salt Lake City	38	38	S.W.	Tr.	Snow
San Antonio	56	58	N.E.	.06	Rain
Ste. Marie	34	34	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill	40	42	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Springfield, Mo	40	40	S.E.	.16	Rain
Vicksburg	52	64	E.	.74	Rain
Washington	46	52	S.E.	....	Clear
White River	26	28	Calm	Tr.	Snow
Wichita	44	46	S.E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Williston	0	12	N.	....	Fair
Winnipeg	4	18	W.	....	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 34 degrees; 9 a. m., 36; 10 a. m., 36; 11 a. m., 38; 12 m., 38; 1 p. m., 40; 3 p. m., 42; 6 p. m., 43. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.80; 6 p. m., 29.80.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:
Adams, Fred, 30; 101 N. Clark-st., March 2.
Brackob, Theo. W., 30; 289 W. 18th-st., March 2.
Bendkowski, Agnes, 48; 8634 Hanston-av., Feb. 28.
Bielecka, Marciana, 60; 7 Walleck-pl., March 1.
Borg, George, 44; 4121 Halsted-st., March 1.
Carroll, Mary A., 21; 1393 35th-st., March 2.
Compagne, Salvador, 52; 135 W. 14th-st., March 1.
Cave, Willard A., 43; 5025 Forrestville-av., March 1.
Clanson, Liese, 23; 288 N. State-st., Feb. 28.
Ford, Anna L., 56; 163 Lincoln-av., March 1.
Fringegan, Mary, 21; 481 Superior-st., March 2.
Generalska, Palina, 15; 53 Chase-st., March 2.
Goble, Palmer C., 63; 22 Bitter Sweet-pl., Mar. 2.
Hanley, John, 36; 644 S. Sawyer-av., March 1.
Harpster, Rufus, 26; 275 E. 26th-st., Feb. 25.
Honeycutt, Josephine, 20; 6347 Carpenter-st., March 2.
Inden, Catherine, 28; 300 Courtland-st., Feb. 28.
Jamer, Eliza, 55; 5306 Dearborn-st., Feb. 28.
James, Harriet W., 16; 456 36th-st., March 1.
Kruger, Frank, 30; 8821 Houston-av., March 1.
King, Louise, 42; 629 W. 45th-st., March 1.
Knaak, Minnie, 23; 445 N. Hermitage-av., March 1.
Leighton, Hugh G., 25; 6101 Washington-av., March 1.
Lang, Lucinda, 72; 5340 Dearborn-st., March 2.
Lascher, Caroline, 60; 212 W. Division-st., March 1.
Mawer, Otto, 25; 10751 Michigan-av., March 1.
Meyers, Hattre, 38; 1629 State-st., Feb. 27.
Mahogany, Andrew, 29; 251 W. 26th-st., Feb. 28.
Meadows, Rosanna, 37; 83 29th-st., March 1.
Miner, George H., 41; 4348 Milwaukee-av., March 1.
McLanlin, Louisa, 79; 415 W. 45th-st., March 1.
Nieman, Frank A., 36; 29 Palmer-av., Feb. 28.
O'Connor, Bridget, 70; 187 E. Division-st., March 2.
Palina, Frank Padzicki, 61; 58 Augusta-st., March 1.
Reinholtz, Dorathra, 23; 288 N. State-st., Feb. 28.
Redmond, Michels, 50; 3753 Union-av., Feb. 28.
Ryan, Matrick, 65; 893 Clifton-av., Feb. 28.
Sheahan, Michael, 67; 830 35th-st., March 1.
Sapper, John, 27; 425 25th-st., March 2.
Schmeltz, Christian, 31; 2531 Wabash-av., March 1.
Thompson, Lilly G., 38; 6012 Green-st., March 1.
Tietz, Elmer, 11; 10 Blucher-st., March 2.
Vieth, Ellen, 43; 4 N. Center-av., March 2.
Whalon, John, 52; 20 Wolfram-st., March 2.
Westerberg, John, 79; 52 Oak-st., March 1.
Wheeler, Thaddeus, 45; 1697 N. Troy-st., March 2.
Whelan, Sarah, 66; 118 Washburn-av., March 2.
Zeremba, Chas. W., 60; 2455 Cornelia-st., March 1.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
William Rose, Angeline E. Powell	38—34
John J. Otzen, Blondina R. Trien	44—34
Andrew G. Risberg, Anna Nelson	35—36
Edmond Anderson, Carrie Hanson	21—21
Fred Steffens, Lizzie Krueger	25—25
Emil Ruth, Jennie Anderson	22—23
Frank L. Campbell, Lora Schnidler	21—18
Harry Sennes, Tillie Franks	24—21
Henry B. Hill, Belle Van Alstine	36—36
William H. Rammage, Helen W. Backus	29—21
Chester A. Vandersyde, Agnes Halilson	21—21
Canice J. Fogarty, Anna A. Farwell	32—28
Pietra Coppia, Lulu Hartfield	25—21
Walter F. Spemlay, Lottie Dechert	24—22
Herman P. Bouffler, Emma J. Weaver	43—37
William Clark, Alfrieda Anftzen	28—20
Charles H. Truce, Mollie Rackow	28—21
Felix Mendelsohn, Rose Despres	26—24
Doc J. Pitts, Beaver Dam, Wis., Emma Draheim, same	23—24
Clarence E. Gay, Ethel Mawby	24—20
Benjamin Thromans, Josephine Schneider	33—30
Vine Beetle, Lizzie Ruby	32—35
Daniel H. Gregg, Winona, Ill., Martha Missal, same	35—22
Carl Anderson, Ruth Benson	22—18
John Baumann, Bessie Stasney	27—19
Andrew B. Strandberg, Centerville, Ia., Martha E. Anderson	
Charles W. Peters, Martha Ewert	29—23
William Dittus, Union Hill, Ill., Dagman Osterman	25—23
Walter Szulczewski, Milwaukee, Wis., Frances Zieleski, same	
Fred Goins, Alta Gladden	22—19
Ferdinand Eggert, Hinsdale, Ill., Bertha Redichs	22—22
Emil L. Scherer, Emilie Wiedenmuller	24—24
Joseph Vasicek, Mary Kodidek	27—22
William H. Smith, Rae Goldsmith	28—22
Fred Carlin, Louise D. Klopien	26—25
Hermann Lessmann, Evanston, Ill., Gertrude Goldits	21—20

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord on Tuesday, March 3, 1903:

Cottage Grove-av., 90 n of 41st-st., w f, 35x100, incumb. $17,000, Feb. 24 [Charles Kean to John W. and George F. Smith]	$35,000
Ashland-av., n w cor Taylor-st., e f, 50x150, incumb. $12,000, Feb. 18 [Adolph Sutter to Frank C. Weber]	25,000
Drexel-blvd., 156 s of 47th-st., e f, 40x214, Jan. 10 [estate of James W. Oakley to Fred E. Lee]	20,000
Aberdeen-st., n e cor 90th, w f, 299x125, Jan. 20 [O. Charles to Frederick W. Benton]	3,000
Glenwood-av., n w cor 90th-st., e f, 599x125; Aberdeen-st., n e cor 90th, w f, 599x125; May-st., n w cor 90th, e f, 599x125; Center-av., n e cor 90th-st., w f, 599x125, Feb. 16 [Kendrick W. Benton to Allen O. Hodges]	25,000
Lincoln-av., 202 s e of Belmont, s w f, 49x75, with 24 ft fronting on Belmont-av., Nov. 20, 1902 [E. Kubitz to William F. Streger and Frederick L. Francke]	11,000
N. 44th-av., 200 n of Sunnyside, e f, 50x148¼, Feb. 21 [A. H. Hill to Katie W. Snope]	2,000
Homan-av., s w cor Cullom, e f, 48x125, Feb. 19 [A. H. Hill to Anna D. Kang]	1,000
Park-av., 99 s of Thomas-st., w f, 37½x124, March 2 [V. Johnson to Augusta C. Anderson]	2,200
Milwaukee-av., 90 n w of North, n e f, 50 ft through to North-av., March 2 [G. A. McLinden to Albert H. Hollander]	6,500
Fulton-st., s e cor California-av., n f, 44.86x110, Feb. 26 [H. Hecht to J. Howard Bradford]	5,000
Mackinaw-av., s e cor 133d-st., w f, 50x125, March 22, 1897 [O. P. Nielsen et al., by M. in C., to Equitable S., L. and H. Assn.]	2,100
Archer-av., s w cor 43d-st., s e f, 82x104 1-6, Feb. 28 [J. Hankes to Cooke Brg. Co.]	1,000
Union-av., 222 s of 119th-st., w f, 25x123, Aug. 31, 1901 [R. E. Paulk to Henry J. Holmbeck]	1,250
Wallace-st., 100 n of 122d, w f, 31¼x123, March 2 [O. D. Johnson to John Bauer]	2,000
California-av., 185 s of Armitage, w f, 25x125, Sept. 8, 1902 [C. Morris to Emma M. Johnson]	1,000
California-av., 135 s of Armitage, w f, 50x125, Sept. 8, 1902 [same to same]	2,000
Seeley-av., 225 n of Cornelia-st., w f, 25x124, Feb. 25 [B. M. Barnard to Charles E. Smith]	1,800
Springfield-av., 49 n of Belle Plaine, e f, 37¼x125, Sept. 25, 1902 [C. W. McLaury to Emil Redelings]	3,200
Ward-st., 155 s of Grace, e f, 30x120 8-10, Aug. 27, 1902 [estate of L. Miller to John W. Sheahan]	1,260
St. Louis-av., n w cor 27th-st., e f, 34.62x125, Feb. 20 [J. W. Vokoun to Josef Petrzeka]	1,200
Melrose-st., 192 w of Southport-av., n f, 25x125, Feb. 24 [J. H. Peters to Peter F. Bischoff]	1,850
Wolfram-st., 198 e of Sheffield-av., n f, 25x124, March 2 [G. Duncker to Louis C. Bugenhagen]	1,800
N. 43d-av., 211 s of Courtland-st., e f,	

50x125, Feb. 27 [E. E. Prussing to William A. Merigold Jr.]	1,300
34th-pl., 240 e of Lincoln-st., s f, 24x125, Feb. 28 [A. H. Maack to Frederick J. Meder]	1,500
Goldsmith-av., 189 n of 78th-st., w f, 20x130, m. or l., Feb. 26 [G. J. Case et al., by M. in C., to Eugene C. Pomeroy]	3,750
Rogers Park, e 33 1-3 lot 6, block 8, March 3 [L. F. Roth to John E. Hochbaum]	2,900
Princeton-av., 98 s of 116th-st., w f, 50x123.95, Feb. 2 [Frank Gougeon to John R. Dalton]	1,000
Stewart-av., 163 s of 70th-st., w f, 33x125, Feb. 28 [Richard Peck et al., by M. in C., to Eugene C. Pomeroy]	7,000
Barber-st., 156 e of Halsted, s f, 25x73, Feb. 16 [H. Abderhalden to Anton Laadt]	2,000
Michigan-av., 97 s of 114th-pl., w f, 24x125, Feb. 10 [W. B. Topleff to Z. Maciejewski]	1,550
Escanaba-av., 205 s of 96th-st., w f, 25x138½, Feb. 12 [G. Kallen to Otto W. Nelson]	1,400
Manistee-av., 60 s of 87th-st., e f, 25x138½, Feb. 21 [A. Bakowski to John Dolata]	3,000
Drexel-av., 227¼ n of 71st-st., e f, 50x125, March 2 [J. A. Anderson to Anna C. M. Fick]	2,000
56th-st., 48 e of Normal-av., s f, 24x140, Jan. 26 [J. E. Woolsey to Louis Thompson]	1,050
Honoré-st., 286 s of 49th, e f, 24x124, Feb. 27 [J. Pytlik to Joseph Franek]	1,440
Indiana-av., 116 1-3 s of 41st-st., w f, 16 1-3x177, incumb. $2,500, Feb. 7 [J. G. Parker to Margaret A. Martin]	3,500
45th-pl., 316 e of Grand-blvd., s f, 25x124, incumbrance $5,000, Feb. 27 [O. M. Stimson to William Schmitz]	8,500
38th-st., 175 e of Stewart-av., s f, 24x125, Feb. 25 [A. E. Anderson to Fra F. Clark]	2,500
Emerald-av., 118 s of 37th-st., e f, 24x123 7-10, Nov. 28, 1902 [E. R. Martin to James Warner]	2,000
Troy-st., 78 n of 23d, e f, 25x125, Feb. 25 [J. F. Polak to Anna Simek]	2,000
Sangamon-st., 138 n of 14th, w f, 24x100, Feb. 23 [D. M. Lewis to Nathan Getz]	1,575
Sawyer-av., 284 s of 12th-st., w f, 25x124 85-100, Feb. 16 [P. Ryan to Annie Sheridan]	1,050
Center-av., 216 n of 12th-st., e f, 25x125, Feb. 28 [J. C. Ford to Dora Wolf]	4,000
Van Buren-st., 161 e of Western-av., s f, 62½x200, more or less, Feb. 21 [M. S. Bierstadt to Francisco D. Lobraici]	6,000
Paulina-st., 198 n of Taylor, e f, 25x99, incumbrance $3,500, March 2 [B. Mayer to Jacob H. Marks]	6,500
Oakley-av., 196 n of Van Buren-st., w f, 18x124, and other property, Jan. 17 [M. A. Lord to Clinton S. Woolfolt]	7,500
Lexington-st., 136 e of S. 44th-av., n f, 25x186, Feb. 24 [S. M. Gunderson to Henry P. Bigelow]	8,250
Warren-av., 240 e of Francisco, s f, 48x122, Feb. 19 [L. H. Thomas to Michael F. Powers]	5,000
Fairfield-av., 127 n of Iowa-st., w f, 25x126, March 2 [D. Germandt to Fred Germandt]	2,400
Humboldt Park-blvd., 89 n of Cornelia-st., e f, 44¼x172½, Feb. 24 [K. R. Taylor to Walter B. Downs]	1
Iowa-st., 166 e of Homan-av., s f, 25x125, incumbrance $1,000, Jan. 22 [B. L. Weigel to Theo. F. Decker]	2,000
Cherry-pl., 154 w of Powell-av., s f, 30x111, Feb. 26 [A. B. Lawther to Anton Groseth]	2,300
N. 48th-av., 300 n of Wabansia, w f, 25x116, Feb. 28 [A. A. Ziesemer to Nickolas M. Boss]	1,550
Rockwell-st., 217½ s of Humboldt-blvd., e f, 37½x125, March 2 [C. E. Detlifson to Joseph Krischke]	1,500
Warner-av., 183 w of W. Ravenswood-pk., s f, 29¼x125, Feb. 16 [F. A. Nelles to Arthur W. Chapman]	2,400
Mozart-st., 149 n of Waveland-av., e f, 25x125, Nov. 10, 1902 [J. Schuminski to John Franck]	100
Same property, Nov. 10, 1902 [J. Franck to Rosa Schuminski]	100
Winchester-av., 92 n of Sunnyside, e f, 50x152½, Feb. 21 M. H. Hubbard to Arnold Holinger]	3,000
Archer-av., 2871, 25x100, incumbrance $5,000, July 22, 1902 [M. Purvey to Leo Wahl]	1
Western-av., n w cor 43d-st., e f, 96 7-10x125, Aug. 18, 1902 [D. H. Wamsley to Percival Hunter]	9,000
Clark-st., n e cor Devon-av., w f, 530x60, Jan. 31 [Anna Maria Letto, by trustee, to Sivert F. Hollesen]	19,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

NEW INCORPORATIONS WERE LICENSED yesterday by the secretary of state at Springfield as follows:

Builders' and Pavers' Supply company, Chicago; capital, $25,000; dealing in building materials; incorporators, Daniel V. Harker, Edward T. Wade, S. Carr Caroll.

Mudbach Drug company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; manufacturing patent medicines; incorporators, John E. Murbach, Charles I. Climer, Edna B. Murbach.

R. B. Whitsett Coal and Mining company, Chicago; capital, $25,000; mining; incorporators, Edward O. Pomeroy, Charles G. Hutchinson, D. Miner Owens.

Columbus Wagon company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing vehicles; incorporators, H. P. Chancellor, Julius S. Marx, N. E. McDonald.

L. Starks company, Chicago; capital, $150,000; dealing in fruits, vegetables, and produce; incorporators, H. P. Chancellor, Julius S. Marx, N. E. McDonald.

Johnston & Chapman company, Chicago; capital, $50,000; manufacturing machinery, equipment, and supplies; incorporators, G. B. Chapman, James D. Johnston, Alexander Bradley.

Fred Daab company, Belleville; capital, $5,000; merchandise and drayage; incorporators, Fred Daab, Henry Bien, Hannah Daab.

Momence Ice company, Hoopeston; capital, $25,000; dealing in ice; incorporators, Albert Seiffert, Adolph Neukom, S. E. Sparks.

J. F. Glidden Publishing company, De Kalb; capital, $25,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, Clinton Rosette, Fred W. Smith, Albert F. Rowley.

Kewanee Pure Milk company, Kewanee; capital, $10,000; dealing in dairy products; incorporators, Arthur J. Hawkes, Frank W. Bassett, Edwin L. Kellogg.

Watch Factory Social club, Rockford; social; incorporators, Emil Brown, Charles Page, James F. Davis.

Chicago Grocers' and Butchers' association, Chicago; mutual protection; incorporators, Oscar F. Kling, F. J. Frank, Joseph Leverman.

Schoeder & Kemler Lumber company, Chicago; name changed to Kemler Lumber company.

Northwestern Safe and Trust company, Chicago; capital increased from $325,000 to $500,000.

American Trust Fence company, Pekin; capital increased from $100,000 to $110,000.

Thornton & Co., Chicago; capital increased from $2,500 to $10,000.

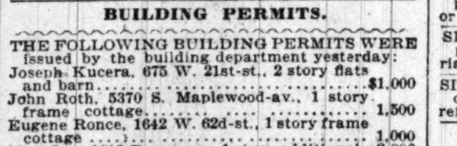
Chicago and Northwestern Railway company, Chicago; capital increased from $64,000,000 to $100,000,000.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING BUILDING PERMITS WERE issued by the building department yesterday:

Joseph Kucera, 675 W. 21st-st., 2 story flats and barn	$1,000
John Roth, 5370 S. Maplewood-av., 1 story frame cottage	1,500
Eugene Ronce, 1642 W. 62d-st., 1 story frame cottage	1,000
Mrs. Sax, 1012 Byron-av., 1 story additional	2,000
Mr. Sang, 2772 N. Paulina-st., interior alterations	2,500
Nathaw Mears estate, 454-456 N. Branch-av., 3 story factory	6,000
Chas. Novack, 800 Augusta-st., 3 story flat building	3,500
E. F. Marshall, 243 N. 51st-ct., 2 frame flat building	1,500
E. F. Marshall, 1182-1184 N. 51st-ct., 2 story frame flat building	3,600
John Malkowski, 1575 N. Monticello-av., 1 story cottage	2,500
William Derman, 755 S. Frankfort-st., 1 story cottage	1,000

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.



Other cribs, bad.

The Harrison street pumping station is near Halsted and Harrison streets.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue.

Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Lake street east of Western avenue, with a mixed supply from the Chicago avenue and the Carter H. Harrison tunnels.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Canal street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street, and Western avenue is supplied by a mixture from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnel, by stations at Harrison street and at Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street west of Western avenue to the city limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel by stations at Springfield avenue and at Central Park avenue.

The territory south of Forty-seventh street and east to the lake and city limits in both directions is supplied from the Sixty-eighth street station with water from the Hyde Park tunnel.

The boundaries of adjoining areas fluctuate three or four blocks either north and south or east and west, according to the varying pressure from the pumping stations.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO postoffice today as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Roumania, Belgium, Cape Colony, and Lorenzo Marquez, 4:30 p. m.
For Cuba, 7:30 p. m.
For Jamaica, West Indies, via New York, 12 p.m.
For Alaska, 9 p. m.
For Bahamas, via Miami, Fla., 12:15 p. m.
For Japan, China, and Corea, via Seattle, by S. S. Kaga Maru, Friday, March 6, 9 p. m.
For Hawaii, Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines, via San Francisco, by S. S. Siberia, Saturday, March 7, 9 p. m.
For Hawaii, Samoan islands, Fiji islands, New Zealand, New Caledonia, and Australia, via San Francisco, by S. S. Sonoma, Sunday, March 8, 9 p. m.
F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—IN HYDE PARK, MARCH 2, FOX TERrier dog, about 5 months old, leather collar, not marked; answers to name of "Punch." Return to 4941 Kimbark-av. and receive reward.

LOST—LADY'S POCKETBOOK, CONTAINING money and name, in Olympic Theater or Field's store. Finder return to 607 Security Bldg. and receive reward.

LOST—GREEN AND GOLD ENAMELED SNAKE neck chain. Return to 3848 S. Park-av. and receive reward.

LOST—SMALL GOLD WATCH, AT SINAI TEMple or on the street. Finder please return to 4547 Ellis-av. and receive reward.

LOST—VICINITY STATE AND WASHINGTON, small black lizard coin purse, containing money. Reward. ALICE MILLARD, 3719 Vincennes-av.

LOST—TUESDAY EVENING, MADISON "L" station, wrist bag. Return to 1220 N. Y. Life Bldg. for reward.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—
An expert accountant wants work opening, writing up, examining, or balancing books. Large experience, excellent reference, reasonable price.
Address W. C. BAINE, 514 North Park-av.

SITUATION WANTED — BY THOROUGHLY competent bookkeeper and accountant, capable of taking entire charge of accounting department; well versed in credits and correspondence; 32 yrs. old, with 15 years' active experience; highest Chicago references. Address J 135, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CASHIER, BOOKkeeper, or assistant by sober married man aged 32, posted on modern business methods; one year with professional systematizing concern. Address E 67, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF 21, good habits and education; thoroughly experienced in office work; clerical position of any kind. Address H 128, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE MAN OR bookkeeper; good writer, speedy, and accurate; age 30; A1 references; salary no object. Address H 297, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERT ACCOUNTant, large experience; will post and adjust books, any kind, reasonably; prefer financial statements, etc. Address J 138, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — FIRST CLASS ACcountant and office manager, with experience, speaking German and French; responsible position; best references. Address J 137, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED bookkeeper, where efficiency and executive ability is desired; best of refs. J 136, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 23, experienced d. e. bookkeeper, or office clerk; good penman; refs. Address E 55, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—DRUG CLERK, AS RElief, Sunday or evenings; six years' experience; best of reference. Address H 298, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN AS general office man; 8 years' experience in collections and credits; married. H 542, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, 21 years old, experienced in dry goods and sporting goods; best of refs. Address J 158, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GENERAL OFFICE work; reasonable salary; good references. Address J 150, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN OFFICE BY A HIGH school graduate, 20 years old; best of references. Address J 51, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—D. E. BOOKPR.; LONG exp.; good ref.; $14. H 514, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—SHIPPING CLERK; long exp.; A1 ref.; $10. H 515, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE ASST.; GOOD penman; ambitious; ref.; $8. H 516, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—A1 D. E. BOOKKEEPer and cashier; evening position. J 178, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CLERK; BANK EXperience; $12. Address G H 120, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT YOUNG man, thoroughly acquainted with the grocery business, wishes steady position as salesman; city or traveling; refs. J. W. ELSTER, 1212 N. Maplewood-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENERGETIC young man of good address and executive ability to represent manufacturer in Chicago, or would travel. Address H 331, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, EXperienced, as salesman, window trimmer, and card writer; can make clever cartoons for window; best references. Address J 175, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY JEWISH YOUNG man, as salesman inside store; no experience; A1 references; security. Address T R 404, Tribune.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE BOY, FAMILiar with filing, indexing, etc., 17 years; want steady position. 1464 Barry-av.

SITUATION WANTED—STRONG BOY, AGE 15, wants manual employment in small town; live with employer; salary no object. J 101, Tribune.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SUPT. OR FOREman; general factory experience; not afraid to hustle; several years handling labor, mixing iron, molding machinery, etc. J 105, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRICKLAYER WOULD like to estimate small job; day or contract. WARNER, 161 S. Paulina-st.

SITUATION WANTED—PAPER CLEANED, $1 per room; painting, calcimining. MANDSLEY, 52 S. Ann-st.

SITUATION WANTED—CARPENTER; HOTEL, business house, something permanent. Address H 279, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY ENGINEER AND electrician; experienced with dynamos, motors, elevator, and general repairs. J 174, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—WOOD DRAFTSMAN; expert; piece work; steady job. A 482, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED — BY A COMPETENT, first class butler, a Swedish young man, with excellent references from prominent people; desire position in a fashionable place where a thoroughly reliable man is required. Address NELS HAGSKIOLD, 768 N. Talman-av., care of Rev. J. A. Berg.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED, reliable houseman with excellent reference from last place. Address E 369, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WELL EXP., RELIable houseman; six years with one family; very good references. CUNO, 2729 Indiana-av.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BUTLER AND houseman, by young Swede; willing and obliging. Address H 520, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT, first class butler; ref. J 155, Tribune office.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN BY single, middle aged man; Danish; has long experience; has been in last place over eight years and can furnish best of references. Address E 563, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COACHMAN, married, no children; thoroughly competent; willing to do anything around a place; city or country; best city references. D 209, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RELIABLE, EXperienced German coachman, married; refs.; city or suburb. Address J 124, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN IN private family; understands fine horses and carriages; city references. Address J 151, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, GARdener, and general work; competent; best city references; single. Address J 132, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 25, GOOD penman and figurer; also knowledge of shorthand. Address H 528, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER; ACcurate, rapid; Rem. or Smith; $15. Address H 513, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER, by young man, 20; experience. D 362, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—AS MANAGER OR Supt. of factory; long and successful experience in interchangeable and rapid mfg.; practical and economical; good designer of labor saving machy. and tools; good organizer and manager of help; high character in every respect; best reference to substantiate my claims. A 576, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — GERMAN, 28; GOOD reference; learnt cooper [wines]; tradesman and chemist; correspondent English, French, German languages; sober; wants enter office, store, factory, brewery; would also attend to youth even sick. Address H 600, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY MIDDLE AGED man of large experience as head of commission house, selling dry goods and grocery jobbing trade in Chicago and west; good judge of credits; reference. Address E 355, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS INSTRUCTOR OR assistant instructor of stenography and typewriting; Graham system; have had experience. Address J. M. S., 336 Warren-av., Chicago.

SITUATION WANTED—COLLECTING OR OUTside work of any kind by young man of good address, habits, and education, age 21; references. Address H 129, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS GENERAL MANAger or business manager for large firm; salary required, $8,000; can furnish best of references and will make contract. Address J 183, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TO TAKE CHARGE OF a farm; thoroughly understands farming and stock of all kinds; three in family. Address J. K., Box 228, Antioch, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN, 28, as steward or assistant manager for hotel or institution; experience and good refs. H 591, Tribune

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED PORter in saloon or barber shop. J. L. GALLION, Flat 16, 412 27th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXP. MAN, 25 YRS. old, in shipping room, wholesale house; refs. J. W. G., 7035 Parnell-av.

SITUATION WANTED — AS GRIDDLE MAN; exp.; colored. E. P. CARLTON, 2821 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, AGE 21, to do office work; references. N W 225, Tribune

SITUATION WANTED—GARDENING, CARE of lawn, etc.; experienced; refs. J 184, Tribune.

LEGAL NOTICES AND PROPOSALS.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN IRELAND, KING'S BENCH DIVISION, Probate, the Principal Registry, Dublin:
In the Goods of MARY FAGAN, formerly of Tullamore, in the King's County, Ireland, supposed to be deceased.
To the said Mary Fagan, if living, or if dead, to her Husband, Executor, Administrator, or Assign:
Take Notice that THOMAS FAGAN of NEW YORK, U. S. A., a lawful son of the said Mary Fagan, has applied to the said Division for Letters of Administration of the Goods of the said Mary Fagan, as of a person who has died intestate, and unless you or one of you communicate with Messrs. A. & L. Goodbody of 30 College Green, in the City of Dublin, the Solicitors for the said Thomas Fagan, within Six Weeks after the last insertion of this advertisement, such Letters of Administration may be issued.
JACOB T. GEOHEGAN, Assistant Registrar.
MESSRS. A. & L. GOODBODY,
30 College Green, Dublin,
Solicitors for the said Thomas Fagan.

PROPOSALS FOR DREDGING, PIER WORK, AND CRUSHED STONE. SOUTH PARK COMMISSIONERS.
Proposals will be received by the South Park Commissioners at their office, 57th-st. and Cottage Grove-av., until 2:30 o'clock p. m. Wednesday, the 18th of March, 1903, for dredging approximately 135,000 cubic yards in Jackson park, for the construction of 2,600 lineal feet of pile pier, and for the furnishing and delivery of about 4,000 cubic yards of crushed stone.
Specifications and other information concerning the above work may be obtained at the above named office.
Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check, payable to the South Park Commissioners, or currency, in the sum of $200 as a guaranty of the good faith of the bidder.
The South Park Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all proposals, or any part or parts of a proposal.
E. G. SHUMWAY, Secretary.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY AS bookkeeper and cashier; accurate at figures and plain writer; can furnish reference and bond. 3921 Indiana-av.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXP. COLORED cook; no washing; private or boarding house. 3115 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GERman general nurse; 3 years' reference. Phone 9314 Drexel.

SITUATION WANTED — WORK BY DAY OR week; refs. given. 3112 Armour-av.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST CLASS GERman cook. Phone Drexel 8581.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT COLORED girl, chamber or day work; refs. 179 18th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED — GERMAN GIRLS, housework; $3.50 week. 3816 Rhodes-av.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY WITH TWO children, as housekeeper in small family; moderate wages; A No. 1 references; ten years' experience. Address MRS. MARY TEWARD, 883 Central Park-av., Chicago, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED — A WIDOW, UNINcumbered, desires to keep house for bachelors' club; will furnish house in any good location; best social refs. Address H 370, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WORKING HOUSEkeeper, competent; best service exchanged for board self and two school children; city or country. 3 East 22d-st., basement.

SITUATION WANTED — STRANGER, ALONE, desires managing housekeeper position for widower or elderly couple. Address H 369, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST CLASS dressmaker; $1.25 per day; work in families; North Side. Address J 169, Tribune office.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—TRAINED NURSE, EXperienced; if you need skillful care you can have a $25 nurse for $17 per week; A1 references; city; only responsible parties need apply. 2100 Michigan-av. Tel. 1054 South.

SITUATION WANTED—INFANTS' NURSE; German; wages $6. 3155 Indiana-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY STEnographer; education, experience, ability; qualified for high position; first class ref.; railway, mercantile, or any other line; salary $90 per mo. Address T R 276, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A THOROUGHLY competent lady stenographer; long experience; anxious to secure evening work; South Side. Address F 215, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STEADY GIRL, 16 years; typewriter, asst. bookkeeper, or general office girl; college and German school graduate. MINNIE WOTTKOPP, 4828 Justine-st., city.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER; good ref.; accurate, swift; Rem.; $12. Address H 512, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT, EDUCATED girl, willing, accurate; small salary. Address E 295, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENO. AND BKPR., competent and experienced; refs.; no agencies. Address J 166, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER by bright, refined girl; age 19; 1½ years' experience; $8. Address J 180, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRAPHER; experienced; good reference; $12. Address J 144, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST CLASS stenographer and an expert Remington operator; 10 yrs.' experience; no agencies. J 148, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY STENOGRAPHER; rapid, accurate, 3 yrs.' exp. D M 231, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, Remington, in law office. J 142, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER, Remington; evening position. J 141, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT, RAPID, 5 years' exp.; refs. Address J 165, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY, EXP.; best refs. Address J 161, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TYPEWRITING AT home; no dictation. Fanny Stewart, 2912 Armour

SITUATION WANTED—CIRCULAR WORK; have own machine. Address H 546, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY AS spotter and finisher of photographs or pictures. Address D 533, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG LADY AS spotter and finisher of photographs or pictures. Address D 533, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—LADY WOULD CARE for home of party leaving city for few months; best city references. Address D 178, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT COLORED girl in doctor's office. 5302 Dearborn-st., Flat 1.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—BY COMPETENT, trained domestics, verbal references, city or suburbs. Private telephone, Ashland 1591. MRS. SMITH, 871 Monroe.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—
Many families in moderate circumstances do all of their trading with us. "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything worn by men, women, and children, or used in furnishing a home completely from "parlor to kitchen."
Established in 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO.,
2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—MRS. SARA REIDY, FORMERLY 145 STATE-ST., removed to MASONIC TEMPLE. Hair store, 57 RANDOLPH-ST., ground floor. Hair dressing, manicuring, hair ornaments, etc.

PERSONAL — VARICOCELE, STUBBORN AILments; cures guaranteed; no operation; no guesswork; agreeable new treatment; latest discovery; home and office treatment equally effectual. Dr. Boyd, recently from clinics of Europe, specialist, chronic blood, nervous diseases. 78 State-st.

PERSONAL—SUFFERERS FROM GENERAL debility, alcoholic, or other excesses find quick and permanent relief through our Nature-Cure System. Open day and night. Atlanta Sanitarium, 232 Michigan-av.; Dr. Lindlahr, director. [Battle Creek methods.]

PERSONAL—THE KALLITHRIX SYSTEM REmoves all dandruff, stops falling hair, produces a beautiful new growth; absolute guarantee given. MRS. E. HULETT, 1214-15 Champlain Bldg., 126 State-st. Tel. Central 4675.

PERSONAL—MANICURING.
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT.
LADIES! GENTLEMEN!
MME. BARTONE,
Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn-st.

PERSONAL—MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, 435 Wabash-av., teaches barber trade in short time. Free clinic, instructions, demonstrations, etc.; tools, diplomas, and positions given. Catalogue mailed free.

PERSONAL — ENTIRELY NEW METHODS used in shampooing; new hygienic appliances for scalp and skin; Compressed air brushes used with nebulizers. Manicuring, electrolysis, chiropody. The Beranek Hygienic Co., 156 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—WHERE ALL OTHER REMEDIES FAILED BELGIAN HAIR GROWER restored the hair; examination of the hair and scalp free. BELGIAN DRUG CO., 84 ADAMS-ST., Dexter Bldg.

PERSONAL—THE PARIS.
MANICURING, CHIROPODY.
Vibratory treatments for rheumatism, etc.
R. 315 BALTIMORE BLDG., 21 QUINCY-ST.

PERSONAL—FRUIT, SHADE, ORNAMENTAL trees, shrubs, vines, and perennial plants; landscape engineering. Write for catalogue. Klehm's Nurseries, Arlington Heights, Ill. Phone No. 222.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS, EXTERminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Call, write, or phone Wabash 322.
FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL — MANICURING, FACIAL AND scalp treatment. MISS SANFORD, R. 34 Times Bldg., Washington and 5th-av. Open Sundays.

PERSONAL — HYPNOTISM — CALL OR SEND your address to De Laurence Institute of Hypnotism and Occult Philosophy, 295 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—GEO. H. KIRK, HEATING ENgineer, steam or hot water; expert work. 5319 Wentworth-av.

PERSONAL—HAIR, RED VEINS, MOLES, PIMples, and facial deformities our specialty. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXIONS guaranteed all imperfections of the face removed. TOMPKINS, M. D., 1508 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—PRIVATE DETECTIVE WISHES few more engagements; personal attention given. HENDERSON, Cen. 3519.

PERSONAL—FACIAL TREATMENT, SHAMpooing. 95 Washington-st., Room 3. LIND.

PERSONAL—ERMA DAWSON, MANICURING and chiropody. 1903 Wabash-av. Open Sundays.

PERSONAL—52 McVICKER'S—MANICURING, scalp and facial treatments; high class work only.

PERSONAL—MRS. WARNER, 138 STATE-ST., 4th floor, painless chiropodist and foot specialist.

TYPEWRITERS.

THE UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER—

Positively the only standard machine having absolutely visible writing. This feature alone places it far in advance of others:

Prices of new machines:

No. 4, with metal case	$100.00
No. 4, with rubber cover	97.50
No. 5, eight extra characters, metal case	105.00
No. 5, eight extra characters, rubber cover	102.50

Machines rented at $4 per month, with stand and choice of ribbon.

The above prices are for cash or on time. Call and examine the machine or send for catalogue.

WAGNER TYPEWRITER COMPANY,
139 Monroe-st.

ALL MAKES OF TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—Cash or terms; rentals $3 per month. Write for catalogue.
C. R. CARPENTER,
100 Jackson-blvd. 'Phone Har. 3076.

$3 PER MO. RENTAL, ALL MAKES—All machines sold at practically cost on terms to suit. Write or call. We'll sell you sure. Typewriter Clearing House, 168 La Salle-st.

TYPEWRITERS — BOUGHT, SOLD, RENTED, and repaired. Typewriter Headquarters, Inc., Old Colony Bldg., 291 Dearborn. Phone Har. 2340.

RENT — REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS FROM the makers. They furnish the best. Most interested in satisfactory use. 154 Wabash-av.

SAVE MONEY BY INSPECTING OUR FRANKlin typewriter before purchasing; rent applies on purchase. Cutter Tower Co., 225 Dearborn-st.

COLUMBIA BAR LOCK TYPEWRITERS, UNequaled for every purpose. Examine and be convinced; machines for sale and rent. 118 La Salle-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER — AND GENERAL office man; must live on West Side; $10. MACDONALD, 134 Monroe-st.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—MUST HAVE EXperience; state references and salary. Address J 146, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—ALSO SHIPPING CLERK, FAmiliar with lumber business. W. H. & G. A. GARDNER, W. 12th-st. and 46th-av.

BOOKKEEPER — FOR LEDGER WORK; MUST be good writer, rapid, and correct poster; salary $12 to commence. Address J 140, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—UNDER 35, SALARY ABOUT $20 week. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER — EXPERIENCED IN FACtory costs. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPERS—OVER 800 OF THE BEST houses ask us to recommend men for their offices. There isn't room to
The rest is under "Employment Agencies."

EXP. DOUBLE ENTRY BOOKKEEPER—ONE FAMILIAR WITH WHOLESALE CLOTHING OR WOOLENS; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFS., AND SALARY WANTED; FIRST CLASS POSITION FOR THE RIGHT MAN. ADDRESS T R 364, TRIBUNE OFFICE.

EXP. BILL CLERK—MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 115 Michigan-av.

FIRST CLASS BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; $15; references. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

LEDGER CLERK—EXP., GOOD, RAPID PENman; A1 refs.; age 23-25. SMITH, 403, 134 Monroe-st.

LEDGER CLERK—23-25; EXP.; TO WORK AT Pullman; $50. R. 460 Monon Bldg.

MAN—FAMILIAR WITH DOWNTOWN RENTing business, in office handling downtown property. Address T R 227, Tribune office.

OFFICE MAN—A1 PENMAN; GOOD REFS.; $10. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

OFFICE MEN—GOOD WRITERS AND FIGURers, $50 to $80. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

OFFICE CLERK—GOOD, RAPID PENMAN. 185 Dearborn-st., Room 911.

TIMEKEEPER—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, QUICK and accurate at figures. Apply L. A. BECKER CO., 194 N. Union-st., 4th floor.

TYPEWRITER BILL CLERK—YOUNG MAN; experience; $12. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

YOUNG MAN IN LOCAL FIRE INSURANCE office to make indorsements and enter reports on abstract. Reply in own handwriting, stating schooling, age, and experience. Address J 143, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—BRIGHT, FOR NIGHT WORK in wholesale pie bakery; must be quick at figures, neat, and well recommended; good wages. Address J 159, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FOR OFFICE WORK; GOOD writer; state age and salary expected. Address J 199, Tribune office.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR BUILDING up a large and annually increasing income is afforded men of character, force, energy, and ambition under the new renewal contract of the ILLINOIS LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. For information call or address the home office of the company, 134 Monroe-st., Chicago.

CANVASSERS — FOR A NOVEL AND PRACtical safety match box holder; home use; 200 per cent profit. Address "MINIMAX," 235 Washington-st., Boston, Mass.

CANVASSERS—TO SELL IMPROVED KITCHEN utensils. Address F 315, Tribune office.

CITY LUMBER SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED; now engaged in the business; no other need apply. Address T V 600, Tribune office.

DRUMMERS CALLING ON DRUG TRADE, small side line; you can put sample in your pocket. WYATT, 119 Dearborn-st.

ENERGETIC MAN—OF BUSINESS EXPERIence, to travel, meet merchants and manufacturers; permanent situation. A 458, Tribune office.

FIRST CLASS SALESMEN—3, FOR OHIO, INdiana, and Kentucky, for office specialty; commission 33 1-3%. 412 Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

FIRST CLASS CLOTHING SALESMAN—MAAS, BAER & CO., North-av. and Larrabee.

GOOD SUBSCRIPTION MAN—FOR LEADING technical journal. Address D 179, Tribune office.

MAN—RELIABLE, OF ABILITY AND GOOD address, to represent as traveling salesman and solicitor old established corporation; must be man of strong personality, good talker, and capable of handling heavy proposition among bankers and general trade; we want a man who can earn $5,000 and more per year, and if you can fill the bill we have a place for you; state age and particulars. Address D 192, Tribune office.

MAN—ACCUSTOMED TO MAKING $3,000 TO $5,000 per year, to place a gilt edged dividend paying stock with the better class of investors. Address D 297, Tribune office.

MEN AND BOYS—TO GO FROM HOUSE TO house and show a new article that sells itself; millions will be sold; 80,000 sold in Minneapolis; men are now making $7 per day; it costs 7c, sells for 25c; send 5c today for sample outfit. Domestic Manufacturing Co. [desk 8], Minneapolis, Minn.

SALESMAN—TO CALL ON BUSINESS AND professional men by introduction and request ONLY; must engage with a view to permanency, have good address, executive ability, and be capable of presenting in forceful and convincing manner a strictly high grade proposition; preference given to a man 25-45 years; compensation $4,000 yearly. Call or write, 1124 National Life Building, Chicago.

SALESMAN—TO CARRY OUR LINE OF LACES in the southern half of Iowa, on the Rock Island R. R. and south of it; must have an acquaintance with the retail dry goods trade and who has recently traveled over the territory; liberal commission; can be carried as a side line. Address H 118, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FIRST CLASS CIGAR SALESMAN for city and road for a clear Havana factory; only those that have an established trade and first class references need apply; to the right man an exceptional opportunity. Address, giving full particulars, A 539, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A LUMBER AND BOX SALESman familiar with the business for local city trade; must furnish good references and be of good character, habits, etc.; state age and salary expected. Address J 170, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—OF EXPERIENCE AND ABILITY, to call on retail drug trade in the central states; one familiar with clinical thermometers, hypodermic syringes, etc., preferred; none but hustlers need apply. Address E 457, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—BY AN OLD ESTABLISHED firm, first class, for southern Illinois, to sell a staple to retail grocers; trade already established; salary and expenses; give age, experience, and references. Address H 68, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO HANDLE THERMOMETERS on commission as a side line. Address L. J. ZETTELMAIER, Phœnix Thermometer Co., 177 William-st., New York.

SALESMAN—BY HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & CO., experienced book salesman, and also inexperienced men if adapted to the work, to call and see their line. 378 Wabash-av.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, YOUNG, OF good address; fine tailoring; steady position; state age, last employed, salary, all particulars. Address E 137, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING; SPECIALTY; REliable, energetic, accustomed selling retailers; will pay competent man expenses and good salary; permanent position. Address D 408, Tribune.

SALESMAN—FOR ILL. AND IOWA; GOOD ADdress and business ability more desired than road experience. C. S. GOODWIN, 319 Rialto Bldg.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED IN TAKING measurements for custom clothing; good position open for the right man. H 393, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — TEA AND COFFEE, EXPERIenced, for city and country. Call or address N. MARTIN & CO., Importers, 44-46 S. Water-st.

SALESMAN—STOCK, OF A1 ABILITY, AS closer to follow up inquiries. Call on Magnetic Equipment Co., 105 Washington-st.

SALESMAN—FOR TAILOR STORE; AT ONCE. 219 W. Madison-st.

SALESMEN—JOHN SEXTON & CO., IMPORTers of teas and coffees and wholesale grocers,
16 TO 22 STATE-ST., CHICAGO.
Want experienced, honest, energetic high grade men to sell farmers and other large buyers. We are the largest grocery house in America engaged in this business, and the originators of honest and modern methods of conducting it. We handle the finest goods and guarantee quality and quantity of every article; no capital required; exclusive territory given, in which an established trade insures fine income. We are Farmers' Headquarters in Chicago.

SALESMEN—WE WANT TWO GOOD SALESmen to follow up inquiries we receive from advertising and circulars; these inquiries come from those who are interested and are good for sales; commission and railroad fare; references required. Address F 333, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—THREE, TO FOLLOW UP NEWSpaper coupon inquiries on the Warner Library; good, profitable business for the right men. The American Newspaper Association. DAVIS, 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMAN—HIGH CLASS, WITH INSURANCE, stock, book, or piano experience desirable; none but the best need apply, as this is a high class proposition. Call bank floor, Reaper Block.

SALESMEN—LIVE MEN FOR CITY AND COUNtry; part salary, part commission; $50 premium readily obtainable. Room 996, 215 Wabash-av.
CHAS. O. BROWN.

SALESMEN—6, EXPERIENCED, AND ONLY those having unexceptionable references wanted; city work, selling to business houses, corporations, etc. Apply Room 409, 153 La Salle-st.

SALESMEN—THE REAL THING FOR REAL salesmen; brand new novelty; money saver to every householder; price $1; agents make 65 per cent. 164 La Salle-st., ground floor.

SALESMEN—TO SELL OUR GOODS TO GENeral stores, clothiers, druggists, and grocers; fine side lines; big profits; liberal terms. Model Mfg. Co., Box G, South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN—TWO EXPERIENCED, THORoughly acquainted with fine woolens, to travel and reside in the west. Address E. H. VAN INGEN & CO., New York City.

SALESMEN—GOOD, TWO, TO DRIVE PIE WAGons; must be good hustlers, sober and intelligent, and come well recommended; cash deposit necessary. Address J 160, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—FIRST CLASS, IN TOUCH WITH moneyed people; legitimate proposition. Address E 418, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—GOOD COMMISSION SIDE LINE; pocket sample to sell Black "Mammy" Paint. Ashland Paint Co., Ashland, Ky.

SALESMEN—TRAVELING, TO SELL SIDE line [skirt bindings] to dry goods trade. ROBERT RAU MFG. CO., Chicago, Ill.

SALESMEN—TO SELL PURE SYLMAR CALIfornia olive oil to the clubs, hotels, restaurants, etc. Address H 402, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TRAVELING MEN; SALARY $80 month, all expenses; no canvassing; $25 cash required. 385 Wabash-av., Abbott Co.

SALESMEN—CITY, BY WHOLESALE COFFEE house. Address E 302, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—FOR BARREL TRUCKS, WHOLEsale and retail. Room 1205, 184 La Salle-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SOLICITOR—HIGH CLASS, FOR WHOLESALE, jobbing, and manufacturing trade; $3,000 to $5,000 a year; old reliable house; permanent; no cheap man need apply. D 191, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—A WELL DRESSED MAN, GOOD talker and gentlemanly, can make $250 per month. Call 12 to 2. Suite 502, 98 State-st.

SOLICITOR—EVENINGS ONLY; FAIR SALary; state experience and particulars. Address J 167, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—FOR STEADY WORK, CITY; SALary, $12 and commission. D 167, Tribune.

TRAVELERS—MEN AND WOMEN TO TRAVEL and employ lady agents; best line; best terms ever offered. Call or write. Taxis Toilet Goods Co., Chicago.

TRAVELING SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED, for wholesale paper house, in Rock Mountain section; one that is posted on printers' and publishers' stock; salary what you can earn. Address CARTER, RICE & CO., Denver Colo.

TRAVELING SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED, spool silk. M. Heminway & Sons Silk Co., 234 5th-av.

UNMARRIED MAN—25 TO 35, TO TRAVEL; one who has had experience with and can talk to railroad, street car, and men employed in manufactories; permanent and pleasant position for the right man. Address D 260, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FOR CITY TRADE WHO HAS had experience selling advertising novelties; favorable arrangements. Regent Mfg. Co., 152 5th-av.

Boys.

BOY—AGED 13; GOOD WRITER; GRAMMAR school education; ins. office. Wilsdon, 134 Monroe.

BOY—EXP. OFFICE; MUST BE GOOD WRITER; $5. 403, 134 Monroe-st.

BOY—OFFICE CLERK; GOOD WRITER; EXP.; $5-$6. R. 460 Monon Bldg.

BOY—STRONG, FOR ERRANDS; MUST HAVE references. Room 63, 53 River-st.

BOYS—TWO BOYS TO RUN ERRANDS AND make themselves generally useful. Apply to H. J. IBSEN, Mahin Adv. Co., 200 Monroe-st.

BRIGHT, INTELLIGENT BOY—ABOUT 15 YRS. of age, in general fire insurance office. Address, giving references, T R 363, Tribune office.

CLEAN, BRIGHT BOY—FOR ERRANDS; $4. Suite 46, 92 La Salle-st.

EXPERIENCED BOY TO CHECK NEWSPApers. Banning Adv. Co., 2d floor Marquette Bldg.

OFFICE BOYS—FOR FACTORY WORK; 16 TO 18 years. Apply 16 Fullerton-av.

OFFICE BOY—AGE 17; EXPERIENCED IN filing, etc.; $6. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

OFFICE BOY—QUICK, AT OFFICE NO. 626, 159 La Salle-st.

Trades.

ARTIST—FIRST CLASS; DESIGNING AND photo retouching. R. GOLDSCHMIDT & CO., Caxton Bldg., 334 Dearborn-st.

BOILERMAKERS AND MACHINISTS — RAILroad experience, for work in western shops; free transportation; steady work for competent railroad mechanics. Apply Room 9 Atlantic Hotel.

BUSHELMEN—APPLY 8 A. M. TO J. R. RICHARDSON, with F. M. Atwood, Madison and Clark-sts.

CUSTOM CUTTER — EXPERIENCED, TO take charge of special order department in high class wholesale clothing house. Address J 117, Tribune office.

EXPERIENCED FINISHER AND VARNISH room man—For mandolin and guitar work; do not apply unless you understand the work in all departments and can show first class results. Address Waldo Manufacturing Co., Saginaw, Mich.

FIRST CLASS ELECTRICAL ENGINEER—TO act as superintendent of company engaged in the manufacture of telephones and various other signal devices; the best of references required. Address "W. B.," P. O. Box 168, Milwaukee, Wis.

FIRST CLASS CARVER—ONE WHO UNDERstands designing and is good at making figures; wages from $20 a week up; steady work. Address G S 37, Tribune office.

FOREMAN — FOR PANTS AND VEST SHOP. W. D. SCHMIDT & CO., 147 5th-av.

GLASSBLOWERS — EXPERIENCED, TO WORK on incandescent electric lamps. Apply to Modern Electric Co., Lincoln, Ill.

JOB COMPOSITOR—FIRST CLASS; STEADY position. Room 809, 358 Dearborn-st.

JOB COMPOSITOR—STEADY WORK. ROWINS Printing Co., 102 Van Buren-st., 5th floor.

LICENSED 2D ENGINEER — CALL R. 1001 Ellsworth Bldg., 355 Dearborn.

MEN—2 OR 3, EXPERIENCED IN THE HANDling of automatic screw machines; steady employment. Address Illinois Sewing Machine Company, Rockford, Ill.

PRESS FEEDER — GORDON, AT 3023 STATE-st.

THREE MEN—TO LAY OUT WORK IN BOILER shop. Address Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, Pueblo, Colo.

TRAINMEN AND LOCOMOTIVE FIREMEN—200, AT ONCE. APPLY 309 U. S. EXPRESS BLDG.

House Servants.

BUTLER AND HOUSEMAN—JAPANESE, IN private family. Address J 153, Tribune office.

Agents Wanted.

WANTED—AGENTS [EITHER SEX], EVERY locality; be your own boss; establish yourself in a legitimate, permanent, and profitable business without investment; experience unnecessary; we want reliable representatives to sell our coffees, teas, spices, extracts, baking powder, soap, and toilet articles direct to consumers; new plan; best goods; handsome premiums; exclusive territory; cash compensation $15 to $30 per week assured hustlers. E. N. MANNING & CO., 1481 E. Belmont-av., Chicago.

WE CAN PROVE THAT OUR GENERAL agents make $25 per day; no experience needed; our circulars teach you the business and our patented goods do the rest; if you are making less than $300 per month write to us; don't waste stamps and money on catch-penny advertisements; we forfeit $500 to any person proving we do not send free samples at once on receipt of application, with full information to start right to work to earn $25 per day. Braham Co., R. 154, Cincinnati, O.

COMPETE FOR THE PRIZE THIS MONTH—Taking orders for the pair of great national pictures, "OUR PRESIDENTS" and "LADIES OF THE WHITE HOUSE," genuine photogravures, size 18x24; sells at sight. Send stamp for particulars; secure territory at once. T. H. DEVEREAUX CO., Publishers, 324 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS AGENT TO SELL stock of substantial mining company with meritorious proposition that will stand rigid examination; liberal contract and opportunity for large profits to right man or firm; no expense fund grabber need apply. Address H 333, Tribune office.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL INDUSTRIAL securities; 2% investment now 25% to 100% within two years; can invest $25 to $25,000; investment secure, interest guaranteed; guarantors worth $400,000; liberal commissions. J. S. McKENNEY & CO., 145 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

LOOK—THE MARVEL FOUNTAIN PEN SET; contents, fountain pen, nickel penholder, nickel automatic pencil, indestructible pen points, indelible leads, all for 25c; worth 50c. Zellar Novelty Works, 5248 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS WANTED — TO SELL OUR NORTH Dakota lands on com.; $5 to $12 per acre; best kind of sellers, safe, substantial; free coal, free homesteads. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 131 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS — ODD SIZE FRAMES FROM 100 styles molding, to order; sample outfit and catalogue free; family records 3 cents, crayons 50 cents; 30 days credit. Consolidated Portrait Co., 276 W. Madison-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—LEARN THE LATEST ART AND make $6 daily; absolutely new; no competition anywhere; sample, 15c [talks itself]; particulars free; investigate today. Sherman Co., Jacksonville, Ill.

"CHRIST WALKING ON THE SEA." THIS fine photo plate, 16x20, samples 15c postpaid. Kurz Art Co., 985 N. Clark-st., Chicago. Agents wanted.

AGENTS—TO SELL THE NON-ABSORBENT bread and pastry board; something new, needed in every family; exclusive territory given. GUS GORD, 85 E. Lake-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—SELL MAGIC TOOTH BEAUTIFIER; sells on sight; big profits; sample, with particulars, 10c. Turkish Beauty Co., 250 N. State-st., Chicago.

EMPLOYES—TO SEND CUSTOMERS TO BUY at responsible stores, keeping everything; good commission. Write or call, 12 to 2. 169 E. Van Buren-st.

AGENTS WANTED FOR NEW PATENTED household necessity; sells at sight; no opposition; big money for ambitious men. Apply Lofgren Mfg. Co., Room 56, 221 5th-av.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL "WOMAN, Know Thyself"; large 512 page ill. cloth book; big profits; sample postpaid for 60c. STEIN CO., 342 State-st., Chicago.

GAS AGENTS WANTED TO HANDLE NEWEST lamp on market; rapid seller; no adjustment; little capital needed; 35 candle power for each foot of gas. The Air Light, 30 La Salle-st.

AGENTS WANTED—EITHER SEX, MANYwhere, for family medicines; best terms; fine goods; quick sellers. Call or address Synvita Co., R. 53, 115 Washington-st., Chicago.

SALESMAN—SPLENDID SIDE LINE FOR salesmen calling on implement and hardware dealers; commission on actual and future orders. LUTHER BROS. CO., North Milwaukee, Wis.

AGENTS—FOR NEW SPECIALTIES TO PHYsicians and dentists; easy sellers; big commissions. 40 Noble-st., cor. Milwaukee-av.

AGENTS WANTED—CITY AND COUNTRY; samples free. 1118 W. Lake-st.

Stenographers.

FIRST CLASS TYPEWRITER OPERATOR—$10-$12. Howard, 403 Fort Dearborn Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEP'R—YOUNG man capable to take charge of office; $10, $12. 403, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER—A1; REM. OPERATOR; $65-$70. WILSDON, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; EXPERIence, for railroad office; $50. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER — GOOD PENMAN; SALARY $20 week. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—GOOD POSITIONS ARE open; we can tell you how to get them. There isn't room to
Read the rest under "Employment Agencies."

STENOGRAPHERS—TWO GOOD OPERATORS, neat appearance. $15, $18. 740, 148 Washington.

Miscellaneous.

ADVERTISING AGENCY WANTS BRIGHT and ambitious young advertisement writer; send samples of work, also references, with application, or no attention; no "has beens" wanted; small salary to start, but splendid opportunity to acquire knowledge of advertising business. Address J 125, Tribune office.

ASSISTANT PACKER—MEN'S FURNISHING goods; refs. 155 Market-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

BUYER AND MANAGER—FOR LADIES', misses', and children's merino and muslin underwear departments; must be A1 man, of through experience. Address, stating age, where formerly employed, and for how long; also salary expected. THE FAIR, Chicago, Ill. J. L. Kesner, general manager.

CARRIAGE WASHER AND CARETAKER FOR carriage salesroom—Good. Address, with references, J 168, Tribune office.

COLLECTORS—2; ONE SPEAKING POLISH; $2 a day for 4 days, rest of week commission; middle aged or men who cannot work hard acceptable; apply, Thursday, 10 to 11, 227 92d-st., side entrance, third floor.

EDUCATED, ENERGETIC MAN—CALL FROM 10 to 12; salary or guarantee. DODD, MEAD & CO., 378 Wabash-av.

EDUCATED GENTLEMAN—CAPABLE OF INterviewing college graduates; steady employment; must be a worker. F H 162, Tribune office.

EXPERIENCED MAN—TO TAKE CHARGE and manage a paper box factory at Canton, Ohio; good references required. Apply to WRIGLEY BROS., Paper Box Manfrs., 430 W. 14th-st., New York City.

FREIGHT PACKERS—EXPERIENCED; NONE other need apply. MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 115 Michigan-av.

GOOD MAN—25 TO 35 YEARS OF AGE, SINgle, to learn to tend bar; one with a little experience preferred; bring reference as to steady, sober, and honesty; no others need apply. 353 E. 24th-st.

INDUSTRIAL AND INSTALLMENT MEN—Salary and commission. 310 Rialto Bldg.

MAN—RELIABLE, EXPERIENCED MAN TO operate electric elevator. Address, giving references, J 186, Tribune office.

MEN—SEE OUR OFFER IN BUSINESS PERsonal; to teach barber trade quickly. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash-av.

MEN—THREE OR FOUR INSIDE MEN, BOTtlers, etc., familiar with whisky business. Apply HANNAH & HOGG, 307-309 Wabash-av.

MEN—TO FOLD CIRCULARS. BOWYER, DAVIES & CO., 21, 260 Clark.

MERCHANDISE PACKERS—EXPERIENCED, for mail order dept. Apply Supt., 8:30 to 10 a. m., 6th floor, The Fair, State, Adams, and Dearborn-sts.

ONE OF THE BEST NEWSPAPERS REQUIRES services of a bright, energetic man; future position just what you make it. T T 77, Tribune office.

PORTER—WHITE, GOOD APPEARING, FOR Stewart Buffet, 55 E. Washington-st.

PROOFREADER—TO READ PROOF AND FILL in at case; union. Wells Press, 1241 State-st.

STRONG, INTELLIGENT YOUNG MAN—IN shipping department; $9 to start. Apply C. D. Gregg Tea and Coffee company, 85 Michigan-av.

YOUNG MAN—FOR COLLECTOR AND OFfice work, living nearby; steady employment if suited. Apply real estate office, 805 W. Madison-st., 9 to 12 a. m., with references.

YOUNG MAN—MUST BE NEAT, TO CARRY samples for a few days. Call before 8:30. DESSAUX, Palmer House.

YOUNG MAN—GOOD APPEARING, WITH large acquaintance; good opening; salary and com. Steinberg Tailoring Co., 408 Atwood Bldg.

YOUNG MAN—FOR ADVERTISING WAGON; must be acquainted with grocery trade. B. T. BABBITT, 4 Dock-st.

Employment Agencies.

CONTINUED FROM OTHER CLASSIFICATIONS

tell you all about it here, but we will say that we have perfected a system of registration which enables you to reach practically every employer in Chicago, and many in other cities, without trouble, or publicity. We are not experimenting, but have been doing this work for years, successfully. If you want to know more about it, call, or write us. Everything is treated in a businesslike way, and confidentially.

We cover the educational, commercial, and technical fields.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY, 10th floor, 160 Washington-st.

OFFICE MANAGER, TO LEAVE CITY	$..
Bookkeeper, good; bond required	25
Stenographer, good penman	20
Bookkeeper, rapid worker	20
Stenographer, R. R. experience	20
Stenographer, rapid with notes	20
Bookkeeper for lumber district	18
Stenographer and office clerk	15
Office clerk, plain, rapid penman	15
Bill clerk, experienced young man	12
Stenographer, bright young man	12
Office clerk, about 18	8
Office clerk, young, speak German	8

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE, 185 Dearborn-st.

TYPEWRITER OPERATOR	$10-$12
Stenog. and bookkeeper	$10- 12
Asst. bookkeeper, West Side	12
Experienced railroad stenographer	15
A1 stenographer	18
Stenographer, Oliver operator	15
Experienced ledger clerk	12
Office man, some knowledge of books	12
D. e. bkpr., exp. in lime and cement business	12
Stenog. and office man; good penman	10
Office clerk and asst. bookkeeper	$8, 10
Janitor	8
Office and errand boys	10
	$3.50, $4, 5

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY, 134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—INS. EXP.	$60
Bookkeepers, 3	
Stenographer, first-class	$12, 15
Stenographers and office men	20
Stenographers, eight	65
Office men, ten, good writers	$12, 15
Office men, six, rapid figurers	50
Railroad men, freight exp.	$50, 60
Voucher clerk, freight claim	$60, 70
Office boys, neat	50
	$4, 6

MERCHANTS' CLERICAL EXCHANGE, 740, 108 La Salle-st.

MEN BOOKING FOR STEADY WORK, CALL—COLLECTORS, $15; shipping, receiving, railroad stock clerks, $15; WATCHMEN, $15; janitors flats and office buildings, $75; ELEVATOR RUNNERS, $12; engineers, machinists, $18; helpers, $10; driver, $12; WHOLESALE HOUSES, freight depots, $12; bookkeepers, $18; GENERAL OFFICE assistants, $12; cashiers, timekeepers, $15; grocery, shoe, hardware, dry goods, bill, entry clerks, $10, $12, $15; salesmen, city $15; road $15; FIREMEN, oilers, wipers, useful men, $12 to $15; factories, $12. Guarantee Agency, 195 La Salle, R. 14.

WE HAVE THE BEST FACILITIES IN THE city for placing good office assistants in good positions. We use care in selecting applicants. That's why we succeed. Time is money to the business man. Save both by calling up REYNOLDS & HODGES CO., 171 Washington-st.

PHONE MAIN 2052.

WEDNESDAY—WE CAN PLACE TODAY—

5 office janitors.	1 bartender.	10 barn men.
3 flat janitors.	2 carpenters.	8 housemen.
3 office boys.	2 teamsters.	10 cooks.
5 bellboys.	25 laborers.	10 dishwashers.
25 factory boys.	10 bus boys.	1 head waiter.
10 errand boys.	25 porters.	10 handy men.

50 men for miscellaneous positions.

NO JOB NO PAY. MORRELL AGENCY, 146 State.

COLLECTOR—2 GOOD MEN. CALL ROOM 4, 199 S. Clark, MR. WARE.

PORTER—GOOD SALOON; $12; EXCELLENT position. MR. LEE, Room 4, 199 S. Clark-st.

CLERKS — 2, R. R. OFFICE; BIG WAGES. Room 4, 199 S. Clark-st., MR. JONES.

FLOOR MANAGERS—3; BIG HOUSE; $12.50. Call Room 4, 199 S. Clark, MR. WARE.

FIREMEN—2; STEADY WORK; GOOD WAGES. Room 5, 201 S. Clark, MR. WEAR.

SECOND COOK—FOR MILWAUKEE; WAGES, $70; bartenders, porters, others. 59 Dearborn, 606.

HOTEL CLERK—GOOD, STEADY POSITION. Call Room 4, 199 S. Clark-st.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—ONE 66X16 JOHN MOHR BOILER WITH FRONTS AND HAWLEY DOWN DRAFT FURNACE, GOOD AS NEW, WITH INJECTOR. APPLY TO 525 "THE ROOKERY," CITY.

WE MFG. METAL SPECIALTIES, DIES, SPCL. machy., etc.; oval dies, gears, molds and turnings; new and 2d hand punch presses in stock. KOHLER DIE & SPECIALTY CO., 86 Market-st.

FOR SALE—ONE 15 H. P. FIREBOX BOILER on skids. Nye Steam Pump & Machinery Co., 72 W. Washington-st.

ANYTHING MANUFACTURED IN METAL novelties; special machinery, etc. Address Ill. Die & Tool Works, 18 W. Randolph. Tel. Main 2613.

FOR SALE—12X12 N. Y. SAFETY ENGINE; 54X16 horiz. boiler; engines and pumps, all sizes. The E. H. Wachs Co., 158 Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—65 H. P. FOOS GAS ENGINE, ALmost new, cost $2,000, our price $900. Backus Gas Engine Co., 216 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—14X72 IN. ENGINE LATHE, $110; 12x52 in. back geared lathe, $50; 12x5 ft. speed lathe, $20. Call at once. 181 E. Division-st.

300 2D HAND MOTORS, DYNAMOS IN STOCK, all gtd. Guarantee Electric Co., Clinton and Adams

NEW AND 2D HAND GASOLINE ENGINES, marine and staty. T. Holliday, 216 S. Clinton.

WE REPAIR, RENT, BUY, AND SELL GAS engines. Colborne Mfg. Co., 31-41 E. Indiana-st.

GAS & GASOLINE ENGINES BOUGHT, SOLD, rented & exchanged. McDonald, 36 W. Randolph.

ENGINES, BOILERS, HEATERS, PUMPS, AND machy. A. L. Dawson & Co., 29 W. Washington.

SECOND HAND ENGINES, BOILERS, PUMPS, machinery. L. D. POLLARD, 44 S. Jefferson-st.

FOR SALE—GASOLINE ENGINES AND WOOD working machinery. Price M. Co., 162 W. Lake-st.

GAS ENGINES—STATIONARY, MARINE, AND automobile. Cavanaugh & Darley, 4 S. Canal-st.

MACHINE MADE WOOD GEAR PATTERNS; all branches wood patterns. 58 W. Randolph-st.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables, with privilege of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

BRAND NEW BILLIARD TABLES, $99; BARgains. Chas. Passow & Sons, 196 E. Washington.

CANDIES.

CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONBONS, AND chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue. C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner, 212 State.

2 LB. BOX OF OUR FINEST SWEETMEATS shipped in specially prepaid boxes to any part of the U. S., $1.30. BERRY'S, 130 State-st.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

MRS. H. STARR, 472 S. STATE-ST., CASH prices paid for cast off ladies' and gents' clothes; also sealskins. 'Phone Harrison 3686.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast off clothing.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—SOUTH SIDE; lady; $40. M. J. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

ASST. BOOKKEEPER—GOOD WRITER; SO. Side; lady; exp.; $40 per mo. R. 460 Monon Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—THOROughly experienced; $8 to $10. 402 Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT and good penman; $10. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—FIRST class; $15. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

EXP. CASHIER—ACCUSTOMED TO HANDLING large business; exp. in wholesale clothing preferred; state age, exp., refs., and salary wanted. Address T R 365, Tribune office.

EXP. BILL CLERK—MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 115 Michigan-av.

Saleswomen, Solicitors, Etc.

EXPERIENCED LADIES FOR CITY WORK; house to house soliciting and demonstrating; good salary paid. Call between 8 and 10 a. m. Hotel Mentone, Dearborn-av. and Erie-st. K. J. KAPPLER.

LADIES—FOR 50 CENTS WE MAIL YOU TEN coupons and one set of handsome jeweled shirtwaist buttons; latest novelty. International, 614, 237 5th-av. By mail only.

SALESLADY—DRY GOODS EXP.; GOOD SALary; permanent position. KLEIN BROS., 1735 State-st.

TRAVELERS—WOMEN AND MEN TO TRAVEL and employ lady agents; best line; best terms ever offered. Call or write. Taxis Toilet Goods Co., Chicago.

Domestics.

GIRL—GOOD, STRONG. 356 WABASH-AV., Hotel O. K.

GIRLS—FOR FACTORY WORK. APPLY 16 Fullerton-av.

HOUSEWORK—3218 VERNON-AV., GIRL FOR general housework, with or without washing and ironing.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework; wages $5. 6946 Normal-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—EXPERIENCED GIRL, GENERal housework; $6; small family. Call early. 3235 Groveland-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; 4 in family; wages $5; call today. 6203 Washington-av., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family. 4516 Calumet-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good pay; city refs. 3869 Ellis-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 4526 Vincennes-av., 2d floor, corner.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 6231 Monroe-av., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. $5. Second flat, 122 E. 50th-st.

HOUSEWORK — GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire Mrs. Fraser, 2829 Archer-av.

SECOND GIRL — EXPERIENCED; GOOD wages. 4508 Drexel-blvd.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

HELP ON SHIRTWAISTS—FOOT AND ELECtric power. MORTON, 142 E. 51st-st.

OPERATORS—LADIES' WAISTS. 182 STATE-st., 4th floor. MRS. HANNAH.

Nurses.

GIRL—16 OR 18, TO TAKE CARE OF CHILdren and assist with light housework; suburbs. Address J 156, Tribune office.

GIRL—TO ASSIST CARING FOR CHILDREN and do upstairs work. 5830 Rosalie-ct.

NURSE—FOR BABY 9 MONTHS OLD; MUST BE experienced and have good references. Call mornings. 936 W. Adams-st.

Laundresses.

A GOOD LAUNDRESS, WORK BY WEEK; A good home, steady place, and good wages; German or Swedish preferred. 399 Ashland-blvd., nr. Polk-st.

Agents Wanted.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS OF REFINED APpearance and good talkers to take orders for patent corset; agents making from $20 to $30 per day. 92-98 State-st., Suite 903 Stewart Bldg., opposite Marshall Field's.

WOMAN AGENT—BEST SELLING ARTICLE ever offered to agents; every lady buys one; sample 50c, sells for $1. MRS. MORTENSEN, 209 Brown-av., Harlem, Oak Park, Ill.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—BRIGHT, NEAT, YOUNG lady; good penman; must be A1 office girl; state age and experience; $6 to start; good opening; Rem.; answer soon. J 108, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE GIRL—WEST Side; nice position; $8 to $10. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENL. OFFICE LADY—Good at figures and good writer, for good West Side position; $8 to $10. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY, FOR TEA OFFICE, with knowledge of general office work; must be good, smart writer. Address J 162, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY, RAPID AND accurate; permanent position. 324 Dearborn-st., Room 1210.

STENOGRAPHER—REM. OR S. P.; EXP.; $10-$12. R. 460 Monon Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—VERY competent; $15. 402, 134 Monroe-st.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPR—YOUNG lady; $10. A. B. NYMAN, 151 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—TWO REMINGTON RAPID operators; $12, $15. 740, 148 Washington-st.

STENOGRAPHERS—DO YOU WANT TO KNOW the easiest way to get the place you want? There isn't room to— Continued under "Employment Agencies," Male.

Miscellaneous.

ENERGETIC LADY TO TRAVEL; EXPERIence unnecessary; good salary and traveling expenses; nice route; advertising, collecting. Address H 152, Tribune office.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED, FOR ADDRESSING envelopes; must be a neat, rapid, accurate writer. 1511 Masonic temple.

GIRL—FOR DUSTING PICTURES; $5. R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

GIRLS—20, FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING. STONE BROS., 199 Market-st.

GUM WRAPPERS—APPLY 384 E. ILLINOIS-st.

LADY—EXPERIENCED IN SELLING HOME remedies for ladies; permanent office position; big pay. Address 13 Plymouth-st., Cleveland, O.

SEE OUR OFFER IN INSTRUCTIONS TO teach hairdressing, manicuring, face treatment, or chiropody. Moler College, 435 Wabash-av.

TRIMMERS AND MAKERS ON READY TO wear street hats—Best workroom, longest season, and highest wages of any workroom in the city. Chicago Mercantile Co., 106 Wabash-av., 5th floor.

WAITRESSES—50; BLONDS AND BRUNETS; height 5 ft. 6 inches; weight 130 lbs.; wages $8 to $10 a week, meals included; experience preferred, but not necessary. Address F 448, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER	
Stenographer, S. P.	$15
Stenographer, S. P.	12
Stenographer and general office	10
Stenographer, South Side	8
Bookkeeper and stenographer	7
Bookkeeper and stenographer	15
Bookkeeper	10
Typewriter operators	$10 to 12
General office, good penman	6
Addressers, $1 per M and per week	$6, 7
Filing, indexing, folding, etc.	$4, $5, and 6

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY, 134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st. 3281 Central. 1001 Main. No phone.

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT HELPERS—AT once. NO JOB NO PAY. Morrell Agency, 146 State

"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP YOU" TO A good position. NO JOB NO PAY. 146 State.

COOKS—HOUSEWORK, SECOND GIRLS; white and colored. 197 E. 41st-st.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

DRESSCUTTING, MILLINERY, DRESSMAKing, and ladies' tailoring; all branches taught. Remember, our cut to order shirt waists or skirt patterns make dressmaking easy. Visitors invited to see our newest importation of skirt models. McDowell School, 78 State-st., opp. Field's.

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESSCUTTING, Tailoring and Millinery, opening of imported crinoline models begins March 16; patterns cut to measure. 39 State-st., Room 300. MME. WINKLEBLECK, Mgr.

LADIES, LEARN A PROFESSION THAT WILL pay big salaries; full course taught in six weeks at the Fine Art Millinery School, 709 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

MME. HOFFMEYER'S COLLEGE FOR DRESScutting teaches you to cut any fancy design you select from fashion books; patterns cut to measure; positions guaranteed. 418, 35 E. Randolph-st.

MILLINERY TAUGHT FROM BEGINNING TO end. Try our short course on spring work. McDOWELL SCHOOL, 78 State-st., opp. Field's.

EMPIRE SCHOOL OF MILLINERY — HIGH class instruction; special attention given in designing; positions when competent. 309, 39 State-st.

BY HIGH GRADE MODISTE—FEW MORE COStumers, by day or home; fine tailor gowns. 263 Bowen-av.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1201 Masonic Temple.

ELY SCHOOL OF DRESSCUTTING TEACHES the French method only; easiest, quickest, most perfect; position gtd.; eve. classes. 39, 34 Monroe.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

CROONBORG'S CUTTING SCHOOL, ADAMS EXPRESS BLDG., CHICAGO. ABSOLUTE FACILITIES. 'PHONE RANDOLPH 205.

CHAS. J. STONE & CO.—TAILORS' CUTTING School, 194-196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. Evening classes now forming. 'Phone Main 163.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING, DESIGNING, and making of ladies' garments; position furnished free. JACKSON, 209 State-st.

SEWING MACHINES.

DO NOT BUY A SEWING MACHINE UNTIL you call at our store and see our Eldredge "C" ball bearing, drop heads, $25 and $27.50, or our "B" Eldredge Automatic single thread, from $40 to $50. We keep a full line of supplies for and repair all machines reasonably. Machines also rented. National Sewing Machine Co., 46 E. Madison-st.

M. J. GLEASON, Mgr. 'Phone Central 2208.

AKAM'S, 12 E. ADAMS-ST., SELL SEWING machines of any kind at factory prices. New Singer, $10; new Wilson, $12; and others from $5 up. Every machine guaranteed.

TRUSSES, DEFORMITY APPARATUS.

DR. WOLFERTZ, SPECIALIST, 60 5TH-AV., expert truss fitter; rupture and deformities positively cured with my latest appliance. Trusses 50c to $10. Elastic stockings, abd. sup. Sun. 9 to 12.

TALKING MACHINES.

LYON & HEALY'S VICTOR TALKING MAchines are the clearest and most musical; all the new records; easy terms. Wabash-av. and Adams.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

5619 PRAIRIE, 2D—BOARD AND LODGING, room, suite; everything new, first class; home board optional.

22 WOODLAND PARK — ELEGANT, LARGE south front room, nicely furnished; first class board; I. C. and cable; private family; house.

4349 ELLIS-AV., CORNER HOUSE—HANDsome suite, with private bath. Phone Gray 3203.

267 MICH.-AV., NEAR AUDITORIUM—BEST rooms, table, and references, for refined people.

3846 LAKE-AV.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED front room and board; best trans.; reasonable.

2802 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE ROOM AND GOOD board for refined people only.

9 E. 31ST-ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS; HOME table; I. C. and cable one block; telephone.

3846 LAKE-AV. — ROOM AND BOARD; LAVAtory; good transportation; telephone.

2516 INDIANA-AV.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD; best location; steam; private bath; reasonable.

North Side.

247 DEARBORN-AV., THE ARLINGTON—SUperior accommodations for families; also single rooms; excellent table; steam heat; elevator.

16 ASTOR-ST.—MAISON-DU-NORD, NEAR THE lake and Division-st.; handsome, convenient, homelike; room with board, $6 to $10 per week.

205 CASS-ST.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOMS WITH board. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

519 LA SALLE-AV.—FIRST CLASS DOUBLE and single rooms; board. Phone Black 876.

386 DEARBORN-AV. — LARGE DOUBLE ROOM with first class board; also table board.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE, FAMILY HOTEL, 3611 LAKE-av.—Newly remodeled; all modern conveniences; exceptionally elegant furnished rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; splendid view of lake or avenue; ballroom, parlors, drawing, smoking, and billiard rooms; our course dinner well known, unsurpassed; Ill. Central ½ block, cable 2 blocks; references. Telephone Oakland 1257. Reasonable rates.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finest located; newly and completely furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms; 140 private baths; room, with private bath, $5 to $8 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

"THE ONTARIO HOTEL," N. STATE AND Ontario-sts., Chicago. Absolutely fireproof; American plan, $10 to $15 per week; European plan, $1 per day. Elegant rooms. Fine table. Electric cars pass the door.

THE EDINBURGH — 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—American and European. Room single and en suite, with private bath. Fireproof, modern; 10 minutes to shopping district; convenient to 22d-st., I. C., Alley L, Wabash, and Indiana-av. cars.

ALABAMA, ELLIS AND BOWEN-AVS.—FINest family hotel; excellent table; elevator; desirable.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L., I. C., electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Oak. 656. American or European.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes from city. Telephone Hyde Park 192.

HOTEL WYCHMERE [EUROPEAN], INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; all modern; reasonable rates. MRS. H. YORK, Mgr.

HOTEL VONWAL, 3800 LAKE-AV.—ELEGANT outside rooms, single or en suite; elevator and bell service; good table; I. C. 1 and cable 2 blocks.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM AND first class board for lady; South Side preferred; state full particulars. Address J 103, Tribune.

BOARD—AND ROOM, BY YOUNG LADY; $4; BEtween 31st and 39th-sts., nr. I. C. J 120, Tribune.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22D-ST., Lexington Hotel, fireproof, high grade; a few rooms at $5 per week each; with hot and cold running water, clothes closet, steam heat, electric light, finely furnished; prompt bell service; gentlemen's bathrooms on each floor, no extra charge; gentlemen's new popular priced cafe. Long distance telephone in every room.

TO RENT—THE DUQUESNE, 271 OAKWOOD-blvd.—Single, 2 or 3 room suite, furnished or unfurnished; finest in the city; private bath, electric light; maid service; elevator; cafe, etc. 'Phone Drexel 10651.

TO RENT—2340- A "-INDIANA-AV., NICELY furnished warm room, hot and cold water, in modern residence; locality first class; terms very reasonable.

TO RENT—3000 MICHIGAN-AV., ELEGANTLY furnished outside corner suite; bath, elevator; cafe in building; one block to electric and elevated cars. Apart. 61. 'Phone Calumet 5864.

TO RENT—3259 RHODES-AV., FRONT ROOMS; handsomely furnished; housekeeping privileges; low rates.

TO RENT—ROOMS, NEWLY AND MODERNLY furnished; board optional. 6 Oakland crescent, 43d-st. and Ellis-av.

TO RENT—3222 S. PARK-AV.—HEATED, MODern furnished rooms; running water, closets, 'phone, parlor.

TO RENT—196 OAKWOOD-BLVD., 3D FLAT—Pleasant room, steam, 'phone; private; I. C.

TO RENT—FRONT ROOM; RUNNING WATER; steam. 3763 Ellis-av. Phone Drexel 4374.

TO RENT—GOOD ROOM IN EXCHANGE FOR dressmaking. 447 45th-st., store.

West Side.

TO RENT—UNUSUALLY DESIRABLE FURnished room, boulevard; strictly modern. 848 Jackson-blvd., Flat 3.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOM; STEAM heat, hot water, electric light. CLINE, 875 Jackson-blvd.

North Side.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; ALL modern conveniences; walking distance. 237 N. State-st., Flat 1.

TO RENT—500 LA SALLE-AV., DELIGHTFUL location, pleasant home; every convenience and comfort; phone.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE ROOM; PRIVATE family; conveniences; Wilson-av. El station. Address E 311, Tribune office.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; ALL conveniences; telephone; ready Tuesday. 747½ North Park-av.

TO RENT—LARGE SINGLE SECOND FLOOR room, telephone; references. 42 Cedar, south of Division, near Lake Shore-drive.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED AND decorated front room in well appointed home, hot and cold water, phone, etc. 484 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED LARGE and small rooms, permanently or transit. 392 North State-st.

TO RENT — 15 N. STATE, COMFORTABLE rooms, $1.25 upward weekly; unequaled accommodations.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE FRONT ROOMS, PRIvate house. Phone 864 Irving. 1823 Wrightwood-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS; STEAM, RUNning water; private residence. 368 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—LIGHT, SINGLE ROOM; STEAM, hot water; $2. 275 E. Superior-st., Flat 4.

TO RENT—404 E. SUPERIOR-ST., 2 LARGE rooms for light housekeeping.

TO RENT—357 DEARBORN-AV., BEAUTIFUL modern rooms; every home comfort; private.

TO RENT — 665 LA SALLE-AV., 2 LARGE, pleasant rooms, single or en suite.

TO RENT—2 CHOICE ROOMS; REFERENCES. 385 Dearborn-av.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT — OUR INSPECTED, CLASSIFIED rooms, apartments, board are choicest in city. THE RENTING CO., 812, 115 Dearborn. Cen. 2233.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT — ROOM, WITH HOME comfort, in strictly private family, near electric to Aurora; references. Address J 99, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, south 53d, on I. C. Ry. Address J 179, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—EIGHT OF THOSE NEW, MODERN houses on 34th-st., between Cottage Grove and Rhodes-av.; houses have never been occupied; contain every modern convenience; hardwood, hot water heat, etc.; rent reasonable. D. G. HAMILTON, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—220 E. 42D-ST., LARGE RESIDENCE and grounds, $100. 305-314 41st, 9 room houses, $35 and $40. 3723-3727 Vincennes-av., 7 and 6 room houses, $20. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., Room 422, 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—$45, 12 ALDINE-SQUARE, 10 ROOM residence in first class condition; modern plumbing; hardwood floors; possession given April 1st. JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 1020 Tribune Bldg.

TO RENT—4759 MADISON-AV., 8 ROOM BRICK; hardwood floors, furnace; 1 block to I. C. station. Apply C. J. STAMBAUGH, 52 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—HOUSE, 2947 INDIANA-AV., STONE front, 11 rooms; hardwood floors; newly decorated. Apply Room 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

North Side.

TO RENT — 8 ROOM HOUSE, MODERN IN every way, near south end Lincoln Park; steam heat, electric light at my expense, gas range, hot water, hardwood floors, newly decorated; $55. Apply 204, 167 Dearborn-st., or 671 Wells-st.

TO RENT — VERY DESIRABLE 11 ROOM house, partially furnished, with stable, 3 acres, on lake shore. Apply GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—FINE 9 ROOM HOUSE, CLOSE TO Lincoln Park, south end. 747 N. Park-av.; hot water, gas range, etc.; $42.50. Inquire at 741.

TO RENT—FINE 9 ROOM HOUSE, CLOSE TO Lincoln Park, south end. 159½ Eugenie-st. Hot water, gas range, etc.; $55. Inquire on premises.

TO RENT—HOUSE, BELLEVUE-PL., NR. THE drive; kitchen first floor; steam heat; hardwood floors. B. HONORE, 419, 164 Dearborn-st.

Suburban.

TO RENT—MR. HORACE W. BEEK'S RESIdence at Winnetka; completely furnished; near lake; large grounds. Address HORACE W. BEEK, 684 East 48th-pl., Chicago.

TO RENT—A NICE RESIDENCE AND STABLE, with 1 acre of land, in the suburbs, within 30 miles of Chicago. Address J 164, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT — HIGH GRADE HOUSES AND apartments; owners and tenants' ... headquarters. E. A. Bournique & Co., C. of Com.

TO RENT—HOUSES, FLATS, AND STORES. CALLAN & VARTY, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—RESPONSIBLE COUPLE in first class standing will care for town residence during owner's absence. J 123, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—MAY 1; RIVERSIDE OR La Grange, small house, modern, not to exceed $30. Address V B 589, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st. Tel. 4174 Central.

BRANCH OFFICES:
43d and Oakenwald-av. Tel. 1124 Oakland.
55th and Indiana-av. Tel. 844 Wentworth.
63d and Monroe-av. Tel. 208 Hyde Park.

SPECIAL CONCESSIONS
On the following apartments to May 1.

"KENWOOD VILLA,"
STRICTLY FIREPROOF,
4643-45 WOODLAWN-AV.

10 rooms and 3 bathrooms; elegant and spacious interior arrangements; finished in costly woods; one of the finest new modern buildings in the city.

4400 GREENWOOD-AV., 7 rooms; $50.
4558 OAKENWALD-AV., 8 rooms; $55.
4409 GREENWOOD-AV., 6 rooms; $40, $35.
6011 JEFFERSON-AV., 8 rooms; $45.
266 EAST 60TH-ST., 8 rooms; $65.
1156 57TH-ST., near Indiana-av., 6 rooms; $35.
6239 GREENWOOD-AV., 7 rooms; $32.50.
6559 MINERVA-AV., 6 rooms; $32.50, $35.

BOULEVARD-TERRACE BUILDINGS,
1174 GARFIELD-BLVD., near Michigan-av.
Corner, 5 rooms, new; $32.50.
4 rooms, new; $25.

5510 INDIANA-AV.,
Corner Garfield-blvd.

Swellest 8 room apartment in the city; something entirely new in arrangement; $50, $55.

NEW APARTMENT BUILDINGS.
Ready for occupancy on or before May 1, 1903.
5492-94 CORNELL-AV., 9 room apartments; elegant and expensive interior finish; overlooking the lake and Jackson park; $75 to $90.
5157-9 MICHIGAN-AV., handsomely finished 8 room apartments; $70, $75.
N. E. COR. SIDNEY-AV. AND 45TH-ST., between Woodlawn and Greenwood-avs., 5 to 7 rooms; $45, $65.
N. E. COR. MADISON-AV. AND 63D-PL., 4 and 5 rooms; $30 to $40.
6138 WOODLAWN-AV., 7 and 8 rooms; most elegant apartments in Woodlawn; $30 to $60.

TO RENT—

FREE RENT—
FREE RENT—
FREE RENT—

FREE RENT OF FLAT TO MAY 1 to every one purchasing one of my brand new duplex flat buildings. The easiest and safest way to get a home ever offered. What you are now paying for rent, with your tenant's rent, will surely pay for it. $25 monthly payments; small cash payments. Price $3,800 to $4,200. You can rent one of the flats for $12 to $15. Will get you a tenant without charge.

SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
Located on North, South, and West Sides.
Call or write for plans.
S. E. GROSS, Sixth Floor, Masonic Temple.

TO RENT—FROM APRIL 1ST., NEW 4 AND 5 room steam heated flats, corner Madison-av. and 62d-pl.; windows, closets, and bedrooms unusually large; finished in mahogany, white enamel, and weathered oak, nickel plumbing, porcelain baths, consoles, sideboards, hall trees, medicine cases, refrigerators, gas ranges, gas and electric light with switches, tiled baths, entrance, and vestibule, with marble wainscoting, hardwood floors throughout, ornamental plaster ceilings and cornices, beautiful gas fixtures, duplex window shades, screens for all openings; one block I. C. express trains, 15 min. to town; ½ block from Alley L. These are the swellest small flats on the South Side; 4 rooms, from $30 to $33; 5 rooms, $35 to $40. GEO. C. WATTS, owner and builder, 825 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—3769 LAKE-AV.; "ALBEMARLE," 7 room flat, also 3, 4, and 10 rooms; view of lake; finished in carved oak, mahogany, and India onyx; elevator and 'phone; gas logs; laundry; beautiful home; steam heated, modern; must be seen to be appreciated. Call 9 to 12 a. m.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN — A BEAUTIFUL 5 room flat in a new, up to date apartment bldg.; everything elegant and first class; price $35; only vacancy. Tel. 336 H. P. J. G. BARSALOUX, 272 E. 63d-st.

TO RENT—6035-37 INDIANA-AV., NEW BLDG., ready March 15, elegant 6 room flats; mahogany, oak, and white enamel finish, mosaic vestibule and bath floors; fine light. H. C. ROSS, 1065 E. 61st. Wentworth 2412.

TO RENT—6243 MONROE-AV., 6 ROOM FLAT, steam heat, $30.
4714 Calumet-av., 7 rooms, $40.
3960 Langley-av., 4, 6, 7 rooms, $18 to $35.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., Room 422, 171 La Salle.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN—A BEAUTIFUL 7 room flat in an elegant, new, light, thoroughly modern bldg., finely located; transportation perfect; price $35. J. G. BARSALOUX, 272 E. 63d-st. Tel. 336 H. P.

TO RENT—VERY ELEGANT APARTMENTS, 6515-17 Kimbark-av., finest location in Woodlawn; I. C. express trains, Alley L, and all electric lines. CHAS. STANDISH, 185 Dearborn-st., or premises.

TO RENT—24 ELEGANT, NEW, 8 ROOM apartments. 4428 Vincennes-av. All rooms with sunlight. Don't wait. Call today. Agt. on prem.

TO RENT—IN "THE FOLLANSBEE," N. W. cor. 23d and Wabash; two 6 r. flats. $30 each. Office, 174 23d-st.

TO RENT—CHOICE MODERN 4 AND 5 ROOM room heated flats. 6237 Cottage Grove-av., near Alley L sta.; $20-$25. 175 Dearborn, R. 812.

TO RENT — CONCORD APARTMENT BLDG., 24th and Indiana-av., 4 to 7 room apartments. JOHN C. McCORD, 185 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—LENOX FLAT, FIRST FLOOR, 4 rooms; steam, range, bathrooms; winter $20; summer, $17; no children. 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—NEW MODERN 8 ROOM FLAT; IMmediate possession; 3549 Grand-blvd. 6 room flat, $16; 4351 St. Lawrence-av.

TO RENT—1ST CORNER FLAT, 6345 GREENwood. five rooms, steam, unequaled lawn space, elevated and central express; $28. D. L. Stevenson.

TO RENT—2 ROOM FLATS, STEAM HEAT, HOT water, gas range: $12 up. 2829 Calumet-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—5 R., 2D FLOOR STEAM FLAT; 1100 Washington-blvd., nr. California sta. of Lake-st. L; finest of neighborhood; janitor at 1008 Washington-blvd. or G. A. JAESCHKE, 741 Unity Bldg.

TO RENT—468 COLORADO-AV., 6 ROOM FLAT, $18. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., R. 422, 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—$18—FINE 4 ROOM STEAM HEATed, hot water, gas range, light flat. See janitor, 2096 Wilcox-av., near 41st-av.

TO RENT—975 WASHINGTON-BLVD., STONE front 1st flat; 6 light rooms; finely decorated; furnace, gas range, porcelain bath; $23; open.

TO RENT—2D FLAT, COR. ADAMS AND PEOria-sts.; modern brick; 6 rms.; fine repair; $22.

TO RENT—4 ROOM STEAM HEATED FLAT, 3-14 Stanley-terrace, near Jackson-blvd.; janitor.

North Side.

TO RENT—FAIRFAX APARTMENTS, 404 E. Erie-st., most desirable 7 room modern steam heated apartments; just renovated; walking distance; 26 ft. living rooms. Apply GEO. K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—FINE LIGHT 5, 7, AND 8 ROOM apts.; best location and best home for the money; s. e. cor. Melrose and Evanston-av. HARNSTROM & CO., 125 La Salle. Phone 1574 M.

TO RENT — 6 ROOM FLAT, 674 WELLS-ST., close to Lincoln Park and Eugenie-st.; $22.50; all sunlight windows; key second floor.

TO RENT—7 ROOM MODERN, STEAM HEATed flat. 1808 Arlington-pl., near Lincoln park.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—A NEW YORK FAMILY LEAVING for Europe will rent for any time between March 15th and Nov. 1st a large, roomy apartment, handsomely furnished, in an exclusive neighborhood. Address F. A. GUILD, 440 West End-av., corner 81st-st., New York.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED APARTment, large corner, two boulevards; will rent for $120 per month; possession any time. Address J 115, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS AND HOUSES; SELL OR EXchange; fire policies written; money to loan. 'Phone Drexel 7522. SMITH & CO., 4653 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—CHEAP—170 E. WASHINGTON-ST., large counting room; vault and steam heat; $150 per month.

Two small stores, 90 5th-av.; vault and steam heat; $65. Apply GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Building.

TO RENT—51-3 LA SALLE-ST., NEAR RANdolph-st., splendid store 30x70 ft. to alley, with basement elevator; heat furnished; immediate possession; term lease. H. O. STONE & CO., 10 phones, all Main 339. 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—258 AND 260 FRANKLIN-ST., STORE and basement, 50x170. L. M. SMITH & BRO., Agents, 3947 Cottage Grove-av. Phones Oakland 848 and 849.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, STORE, NORTHwest corner Dearborn and Madison-sts.; best location in the city; also 103 Madison. Apply to GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Building.

TO RENT—STORE, FLOOR ABOVE BASEment, 116 Monroe-st., 2 years; opposite new First National Bank Blk. J. C. LONG, 410, 189 La Salle.

TO RENT—92 S. MARKET-ST., STORE AND basement, 80x22, steam heat; rent reasonable. Apply in Room 200.

TO RENT — ELEGANT BASEMENT, 24X90; marble floor; modern conveniences. 170 South Clark-st. Apply H. B. PEABODY, 269 Dearborn.

TO RENT—STORE, NO. 177 RANDOLPH-ST., from May 1. Apply to WM. C. NICHOLS, 629 First National Bank Bldg.

West Side.

TO RENT—STORE AND ROOMS OVER ON RObey-st., just north of 13th-st.; rent low. Apply in store, n. w. cor. 13th and Robey.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—

Offices in Adams Express Building, 183 to 189 Dearborn-st.

Choice location; rapid elevator service; light offices, and reasonable rents.

JOHN C. McCORD, Room 401.

TO RENT—

238 LA SALE-ST.

Fine corner suite of offices, about 3,000 square feet. ROBERT P. WALKER, 115 Dearborn-st. Telephone Central 3391.

TO RENT—CHEAP—VERY DESIRABLE OFfices, single or en suite; old Inter Ocean Bldg., corner Dearborn and Madison. Apply to GEORGE K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—MODERN OFFICES, SINGLE OR en suite, electric elevators, excellent light; reasonable rent. 95-97 Washington-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, SINGLE OR EN SUITE: hardwood floors; vault; janitor service. Boylston Bldg., 269 Dearborn-st., opp. Monadnock.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM OR PRIVATE OFfice; $25; tel. 108 Dearborn-st., R. 508.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—4,000 SQ. FT. OF SPACE ON THE bank floor of the Adams Express Building. JOHN C. McCORD, 185 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLOORS IN WAREHOUSE; NEW bldg., on track, 4 blocks from new postoffice. THORPE & McCAULEY, 265 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT—FLOORS IN THE NEW BUILDING,
114-116 SHERMAN-ST.; 5,000 TO 43,000 SQ. FT.

Passenger and freight elevator service and steam heat free; light on all sides and unexcelled shipping facilities; finest floors in the city, with low insurance rate and no vibration.

OLIVER & SCOTT, 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND LOFTS WITH POWER for light manfg.; steam heat, good light, rent reasonable, in Central Union Blk., n. w. cor. Madison and Market-sts. Apply Room 200.

TO RENT—255-7 WABASH, 2D FL.; ELEVAtors; steam heat; 6,500 ft.; May 1. LOUIS A. SEEBERGER, 189 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—5,000 TO 43,000 SQ. FT. IN THE NEW building, 114-116 Sherman-st. OLIVER & SCOTT, 110 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—2 FLOORS, LIGHT MFG. BUSINESS, 58x68. 1818 Wabash. BARKER & JACKSON.

TO RENT—LOFT, 40X75; GOOD LIGHT, HEAT, power. E. B. QUINLAN, 218, 220 Washington.

Dock Property.

TO RENT—7,500 FT., 1ST FLOOR OF WAREhouse in rear of 90 to 100 Market-st.; dock privilege. Apply in Room 200.

TO RENT—BUILDINGS.

TO RENT—BUILDING, 337 AND 339 DEARBORN-ST. 4 story and basement, fronting on Dearborn and Plymouth-place, suitable terms to good tenant; possession May 1st, 1903. BENJ. GREEN, 122 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

TO RENT—BUILDING, 310 5TH-AV., 6 STORIES and basement; new mill construction; 14,000 sq. ft.; steam heat; freight elevator; one block south of loop. Apply 204, 167 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT— STORES, BUILDINGS, FLOORS,

in downtown and manufacturing districts. The largest list of property in Chicago. Buildings erected on long term leases.

SEND FOR LIST.

10 PHONES: All Main 339. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—FOR SUMMER SCHOOL—THE rooms of the School of Domestic Arts and Science, 6th floor Burton Bldg., s. e. cor. State and Lake-sts., from June 1 to Sept. 1. Apply to School Domestic Arts and Science, 147 Fifth-av. Telephone 3288 Main.

TO RENT—ABOUT 1,400 SQ. FT. FOR OFfices or light manufacturing, without power, on the 6th floor of Burton Bldg., s. e. cor. Lake and State-sts. Apply to the School of Domestic Arts and Science, 147 Fifth-av. Telephone Main 3288.

TO RENT— BUILDINGS. STORES. FACTORIES AND FLOORS. INSIDE AND OUTSIDE OF LOOP. OR WILL BUILD TO SUIT GOOD TENANT. BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

TO RENT—MANUFACTURING PROPERTY—DOCK PROPERTY. FACTORIES, AND LOFTS. Will build for reliable tenants. A. J. WOODCOCK & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT— BUILDINGS, STORES, OFFICES, AND FLOORS, in all parts of the city. Send for list. ROBERT P. WALKER, 115 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—AND FOR SALE—FACTORY, DOCK, warehouse, and switch property. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., 95 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT—OFFICE AND STOREroom; cheap rent; give full particulars. Address A 452, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—NORTH SIDE, NEAR river, about 8,000 feet storage and power elevator; price. Address H 589, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—PART OF FLOOR SPACE for light manufacturing, inside loop. Address J 187, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—EXPERT ADVERTISing agent requires desk room, giving part daily services in exchange. Address J 147, Tribune.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL AND WANTED.

FOR SALE—NEWLY FURNISHED 8 ROOM flat and lease; good renting location. Address A 471, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ROOMING HOUSE, 8 ROOMS, completely furnished for housekeeping; rent $20. 891 N. Clark-st., Flat A.

FOR SALE—LEASE, FURNITURE, MODERN 6 room flat; easy payments. J 188, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WELL FURNISHED 7 ROOM apartment. North State-st. D 274, Tribune office.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DOCTOR McGRATH. DOCTOR McGRATH.
THE LADIES' PHYSICIAN.
78 STATE-ST., ROOM 32, THIRD FLOOR.
HOURS: 9 TO 6; SUNDAYS, 10 TO 1.

Dr. McGrath accords every courtesy to gentlemen calling with ladies.

Dr. McGrath has no medical assistants, and conducts all business and correspondence personally.

Patients from out of town who wish to remain under my personal care will be placed in my private sanitarium, which is supplied with every convenience for the safety and privacy of patients. Ladies will save time and money by first calling at my office, where they will have the benefit of the highest skill at the lowest possible terms. Consultation free. Correspondence strictly confidential.

THE LAKE SANITARIUM,
FOR LADIES EXCLUSIVELY.
Removed to 78 State-st.
DR. McGRATH, Manager.

CHICAGO'S EMINENT PHYSICIAN AND GREAT WOMAN SPECIALIST, DR. W. F. BRINEY, 130 Dearborn-st., Room 615. Phone Loomis 1071. Hours, 9-5; Sundays, 10-1.

WOMEN WHO REQUIRE THE ADVICE OF A PHYSICIAN owe it to themselves to seek the aid of one who is an EXPERT in the treatment of the complaints peculiar to their sex.

Every woman will find in Dr. Briney A FRIEND and ADVISER who will give her the benefit of his marvelous skill in restoring her to health and happiness.

Under his reliable and skillful treatment a cure is effected. Patients may return home the same day or remain under his personal care at his elegant suburban sanitarium.

Fees within the reach of all. Same accommodations to rich and poor.

WOMEN ONLY. WOMEN ONLY.
DR. E. J. DENNIS. DR. E. J. DENNIS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
1115 MASONIC TEMPLE.
SKILLFUL AND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

Consultation and advice free. One of our own nurses meets all out of town patients. If unable to call, write me. I answer all correspondence and see all patients personally. Lady physicians in attendance day and night at my private sanitarium. I AM LEGALLY QUALIFIED. I make no foolish offers. I ATTEND TO EVERY PATIENT personally, and I ADVERTISE UNDER MY OWN NAME. I employ only graduate nurses at my sanitarium. If too poor to pay ordinary fees, CALL ON ME. NO CURE, NO PAY. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

IDA VON SCHULTZ, 480 N. CLARK-ST., NEAR Division—Regular graduate and expert in obstetrics, female complaints, etc.; 25 years' exp. Success guaranteed. Phone Dearborn 2.

IRENE SANITARIUM—ELEGANT ACCOMMOdation for ladies; female diseases treated by physicians of either sex and of different nationalities. Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Office, 146 State-st.

MRS. HOWE, 525 S. ROBEY-ST., NEAR 12TH, graduate obstetrician; elegant private home for ladies; female diseases treated by physicians of either sex and of different nationalities.

NEW LIFE MEDICAL ASSN., 216 STATE-ST., cures to stay cured all nervous, blood, and pelvic diseases; consultation and diagnosis free.

MRS. PLENZ, 3155 S. HALSTED-ST., GRADUate in obstetrics; 20 years' experience; private sanitarium for my patients. 'Phone Green 1202.

DR. F. A. GREENE, Specialist in nervous and chronic diseases. 89 E. Madison-st.

MRS. DIETRICH, 331 WELLS-ST., GRADUATE University of Leipzig. Private sanitarium. Skillful physician in attendance. 16 years' exp.

MRS. HORTA FAUSTMANN, 484 N. CLARK-ST. —20 years' scientific experience in diseases of women; expert in obstetrical cases. Tel. White 3111

RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS, BLOOD DISEASES, stomach, liver, kidney, heart failure, permanently cured; Kneipp cure; no drugs. 2011 Wabash-av.

MRS. BECKER, 595 W. MONROE-ST., DR. OF obstetrics, private home for ladies; female complaints, etc.; 15 years' exp.

DR. HASENCLEVER, 48 VAN BUREN, R. 611 [next Siegel-Cooper]; women's diseases treated reliably; $5.

OBSTETRIC CASES TAKEN FREE AND PRIvate. National Hospital. 533 Wells-st.

MRS. M. LUTZ, GRADUATE IN OBSTETRICS; best care given patients; $5. 383 N. Clark.

DR. STEWARD, 84 ADAMS-ST.—DISEASES OF women; 9 to 6; Sundays 10 to 4; private hospital.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

JULIUS BENDER, 230 TO 238 W. MADISON-ST. —Largest and by far cheapest house in Chicago for store and office fixtures for any line of business; we manufacture. Estimates free.

PARTITIONS FOR BANKS AND OFFICES CARried in stock; special work to order; rolling partitions for schools and churches. U. S. Desk and Office Fitting Co., 226-228 Wabash-av.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND 2D hand office and store fixtures; lowest prices in the city. See us first if you care to save money. P. CASEY'S SONS, 41-47 5th-av.

NATIONAL CASH REGISTERS, NEW AND SECond hand; guaranteed by makers; liberal allowance on old register in exchange for new; highest price paid for second hand Nationals. 50 State-st.

FRED BENDER, EST. 1883, MANUFACTURER and dealer of store and office fixtures. Factory and salesrooms, Wabash-av., State and 20th-sts. Write for complete catalogue.

CASH REGISTERS BOUGHT AND SOLD—Highest prices paid; bargains in 2d hand Nationals. Cash Register Exchange, 198 Madison-st.

MAKE YOUR OFFICE OR STORE LIGHT AND cheerful with Daylight Prisms. Daylight Prism Co. Tel. 1593 Main.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL cash registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKHORN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

CHAS. BENDER, 129-131 WELLS-ST.—NEW and second hand fixtures for all lines of business; big bargains. Phone North 1442.

CASH REGISTERS—NEW AND SECOND HAND, sold and exchanged. 41 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A SODA FOUNTAIN, IN GOOD CONdition; double size. Address J 131, Tribune office.

OPTICIANS.

BORSCH & CO., 103 ADAMS-ST., OPTICIANS—Spectacles, eyeglasses, our specialties; consult us about your eyes and improve your sight.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES PROPERLY fitted. L. Manasse, 88 Madison-st., Tribune Bldg.

N. WATRY & CO., OPTICIANS, 99 E. RANDOLPH. EYES TESTED free. Satisfaction guaranteed.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

LYON & HEALY'S
ALTERATION SALE OF PIANOS!

A very important movement. Our old second floor warerooms having become insufficient in size and equipment for the demands of business we have undertaken alterations of the most extensive character. Some little inconvenience will attend selecting a piano at this sale, owing to the workmen, but we have made such sweeping price reductions in both new and second hand pianos that no one can afford to overlook this opportunity.

The following will convey an idea of the exceptional values in slightly used and second hand pianos:

Collard & Collard upright, $75.
Lyon & Healy upright, $100.
Chickering upright, small, good condition, $175.
Lyon & Healy, walnut case, $125.
Hackley upright, good as new, walnut case, $140.
Washburn upright, mahogany case, $175.
McPhail upright, nearly new, $265.
Steinway small upright, a fine instrument, $350.
Blasius mahogany upright, good as new, $280.
Huntington upright, rented short time, $165.
Sterling mahogany, colonial, $225.
Steinway, in perfect condition, ebony, $350.
Knabe, colonial design, as good as new, $390.
Steinway, magnificent cabinet grand, $500.
Kohler & Campbell, mahogany, upright, $190.
Hale upright, in good condition, $100.
Knabe upright, full size, rosewood case, $250.
Large Knabe upright, walnut case, $325.
Chickering upright, in good condition, $175.
Decker Bros., large size upright, rosewood, $190.
Bauer upright, first class order, $165.
Fischer upright, walnut case, perfect condition, $250.
Bradford upright, $110.
Steinway square, a fine instrument, $125.
Knabe square, in perfect condition, $100.

Special values in pianos of the following makes: Steinway, Knabe, Miller, Mason & Hamlin, Krakauer, Hazelton, Strick & Zeidler, McPhail, Anderson, Fischer, Blasius, Kurtzmann, Sterling, Huntington, Winter, Packard, Mathushek, Krell, Kohler & Campbell, Woodbury, Regent, and many others. Neat new uprights reduced to $125, $135, and $150. In short, a

CHOICE OF 600 PIANOS.

EASY PAYMENTS—These pianos may be secured from us on very easy terms. No advance in price when paid by installments.

Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and also our schedule of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.

Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward the purchase of a Steinway or a Knabe.

LYON & HEALY, Wabash-av. and Adams-st.

The business of Lyon & Healy largely exceeds in volume and value that of any other musical establishment in either Europe or America.

KIMBALL PIANOS,
KIMBALL PIPE ORGANS,
KIMBALL REED ORGANS,
KIMBALL PIANO PLAYERS.

HOME PRODUCTS, with the following assurances of

UNEQUALED VALUES:

Volume of output [annual sales 30,000 instruments].

All component parts made and sold under one directing head.

Labor saving appliances the most complete and modern.

The Kimball system of fixed prices—marked in plain figures—making the purchase as safe for one not familiar with piano values as for an expert.

Prices which yield but one small factory margin of profit from buyer to maker.

Reliable eastern made pianos, bought at practically liquidation prices.

KIMBALL PIANO PLAYER
ON EXHIBITION DAILY.

This wonderful invention will render any musical composition on any piano with the utmost delicacy of expression, and is so simple in construction that a child can operate it.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

in instruments taken in exchange for Kimballs, including the following, until sold:

UPRIGHT PIANOS.		SQUARE PIANOS.	
Steinway	$275	different makes	$20-$60
Kimball	275	ORGANS.	
Knabe	265	M. & Hamlin	$20, $30, $45
Chickering	250	Smith	13
Chickering grand	300	Taylor & Farley	25
Hallet & Davis	175	Cornish	20
Light & Co.	150	Western Cottage	25

Æolian self-playing organ $100
Estey organ, pedal bass 125
Kimball piano players, $135, $165, 175

W. W. KIMBALL CO. [established 1857].
S. W. Cor. Wabash avenue and Jackson boulevard.

THE CROWN PIANO'S SUCCESS is due to the fact that it always SATISFIES THE PURCHASER.

Durability, practicability, reliability, THREE FUNDAMENTAL QUALITIES OF CROWN PIANOS. New styles, elegant designs, very attractive. Prices range from $300 to $700.

ODD STYLES and shop worn instruments AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Sold on easy terms of payment.

A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF PIANOS, various kinds and different styles. OUR SPECIAL LINE OF INSTRUMENTS; very low prices and easy terms; $150, $175, $190, $200, $225, $250, CANNOT BE FOUND ELSEWHERE. BARGAINS!

SECOND HAND PIANO BARGAINS:

Baker	$100	Schiller, nearly new	$180
Tiffany, almost new	$150	Smith & Barnes	$140
Hallet & Davis	$175	Conover, almost new	$225

And others at corresponding prices.

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT on everything.
GEO. P. BENT, Manufacturer,
211 WABASH-AV.,
The "Crown" Building.

ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 West Madison-st., corner Union-st.

ADAM SCHAAF — ESTABLISHED 1873.
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF — MANUFACTURER.
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF — HIGHEST
ADAM SCHAAF — CLASS
ADAM SCHAAF — UPRIGHT
ADAM SCHAAF — PIANOS.
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF — LOWEST PRICES,
ADAM SCHAAF — EASY TERMS.
ADAM SCHAAF
ADAM SCHAAF — Every piano
ADAM SCHAAF — warranted for
ADAM SCHAAF — ten years.
ADAM SCHAAF

New pianos to rent; one year's rent allowed if purchased: terms $3 and $4 per month.

Good square pianos $25, $35, $45, to $75 each. Organs, $15, $25, $35, $45 each.

147-149 West Madison-st., corner Union-st.

BAUER'S BARGAIN BULLETIN—
Used upright pianos:

5 BAUER, from rent stock, thoroughly renovated and remodeled at our factory; various styles and woods; all in fine condition and fully guaranteed; exceptional values at $200 to $260.

BAUER, elegant French walnut case [left on sale], practically equal to new, fine tone, $250.

BRADFORD, mahog'y, late style, like new, $175.

HALLET & DAVIS, carefully overhauled, $110.

And many more. Easy payments.

We are sole agents for the wonderful CHASE & BAKER PIANO PLAYER. Best of them all. Call to hear it!

JULIUS BAUER & CO., 250-252 Wabash-av.

SPECIAL MARCH SALE
—OF—
PIANOS AND PIANO PLAYERS.
PRICES REDUCED FROM 25% TO 40%.
GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.
ONE PRICE TO ALL.

Second hand pianos from	$ 20	to	$250
Second hand piano players from	100	to	175
New pianos from	125	to	600
New piano players from	150	to	350

BUSH & GERTS PIANO CO.
—TWO STORES—
Bush Temple of Music, Chicago-av. and Clark-st.
209 Wabash-av., Near Adams.

PIANO BARGAINS.

Chickering upright, great value, $225.
Vose & Sons upright, nearly new, $200.
Williard upright, slightly used, $150.
Bryant upright, good for beginners, $75.

And many others. Easy terms.

Bradbury Building, 248 Wabash-av.

CHASE BROS. PIANOS—[The original Chase], HACKLEY PIANOS, CARLISLE PIANOS.

Call on us for genuine bargains this week. Fine Baby Grand, slightly used, great bargain. A number of used uprights, good as new, below cost of manufacture. Pianos to rent. S. Swenlund, Swedish salesman. CHICKERING-CHASE BROS. CO., 259 Wabash-av.

STARCK'S—NO PAYMENT DOWN—

Vose, $75; Chase up., used, $75; Knabe, $100; Emerson up., $125; Kraemer, $155; Steinway up., $145; Bauer up., $165; Kimball, $165; Chase, $255. Starr, Ivers & Pond, Schaeffer, genuine Chase pianos; prices $300 to $900. Payments to suit you.

P. A. STARCK, 204-206 Wabash-av

BUY PIANO NOW AT REDUCED SALE PRICE.

100 used up. pianos low as	$ 55
50 organs, new and used, low as	12
30 new eastern pianos, low as	120
Story & Clark used, low as	$265

New Story & Clark pianos, H. $400, K. $550, G. $600, D. $700. STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash-av.

THE BUSH & GERTS PIANO CO.,
BUSH TEMPLE OF MUSIC
AND 209 WABASH-AV.

WE HAVE SOME VERY GOOD SQUARE PIanos which we offer at $20 to $65 each; these pianos are worth more money, but on account of room we must dispose of them; monthly payments. STEGER & SONS Piano Mfg. Co., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN UPRIGHT PIANOS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR THE "EVERETT."

PIANOS FOR RENT on lowest possible terms. THE JOHN CHURCH CO., 258 AND 260 WABASH-AV.

WEGMAN, HAINES, FOSTER, BRYANT, Wesser, Holmes; easy payments; rent cheap; square pianos, $25 and up. J. A. BRYANT, 144 Wabash-av.

"THE SIMPLEX PIANO PLAYER, SOLD ONLY by NELSON, CRANE & GAGE, 268 Wabash-av."

STEINWAY UPRIGHT PIANO LEFT ON SALE, $160; a great bargain; cash or payments. J. O. TWICHELL, 231 Wabash-av.

$75 BUYS A FINE STEINWAY SQUARE.
$115 buys a Schulhoff upright.
$135 buys a Chickering upright.
THOMPSON PIANO CO., 269 Wabash-av.

A. B. CHASE PIANOS ARE SOLD ONLY BY Grosvenor, Lapham & Co., 203 Michigan-av., 5th floor, the Fine Arts Bldg.

WE SELL CHICKERING AND GABLER PIAnos; have, as a rule, excellent bargains in 2d hand pianos. Clayton F. Summy Co., 220 Wabash.

BEAUTIFUL MAHOGANY UPRIGHT PIANO—Must be sold at once; high grade instrument, nearly new. Call any time. 4243 Prairie-av.

SOHMER PIANOS SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY J. O. TWICHELL, 231 Wabash-av.

GENUINE NEW STEINWAY AND NEW Knabe pianos are sold only by Lyon & Healy.

GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANOS PRIOR TO REmoval to our new store; call early. 667 Wells.

EMERSON PIANOS CAN ONLY BE OBTAINED of J. O. TWICHELL, 231 Wabash-av.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

VOSE PIANOS.

LUDWIG PIANOS.

Special bargain for March. Fine modern upright piano, well known New York make—in all fancy woods. We have a large stock and have reduced the price for this month only $75.

Easy Terms of Payment.
New Pianos for Rent.
VOSE & SONS PIANO CO.
246 Wabash-av.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS—BEWARE OF bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway pianos. A fine stock of used Steinway uprights at very low prices may be found at LYON & HEALY'S, Wabash-av. and Adams-st., and they are the only authorized Steinway agents in Chicago.

THE HOUSE OF BALDWIN, MANUFACTURERS.
Pianos, Organs, Vocalions, Organs, Harps. Factory prices—easy terms—Inspection solicited. Send for copy of "Songs of Long Ago," free. D. H. BALDWIN & CO., 257 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

L. B. HOPKINS & CO.,
INVESTMENT BANKERS.
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
555 LINCOLN-AV. (UPSTAIRS).
11 BLUE ISLAND-AV., ROOM 307.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC., CHEAPER THAN ANY WHO ADVERTISE, CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER RATES PUBLISHED.

WE LOAN CHEAPER THAN THOSE WHO ADVERTISE, AS FOLLOWS:

$ 40.00 FOR $1.50 A MONTH.
50.00 FOR $1.75 A MONTH.
75.00 FOR $2.25 A MONTH.
100.00 FOR $2.75 A MONTH.
125.00 FOR $3.50 A MONTH.
150.00 FOR $4.25 A MONTH.
200.00 FOR $5.50 A MONTH.

REMEMBER THAT OUR RATES ARE CHEAPER THAN THE ABOVE. PERSONS KNOWING WHAT OTHERS CHARGE WILL APPRECIATE THIS REDUCTION.

BRANCH OFFICES OPEN EVENINGS.

(ALSO LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.)

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH, FROM $20 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY; ON HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY. THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY; LOANS CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER, AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.

MAIN OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
175 DEARBORN-ST.,
ROOMS 216 AND 217.

THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
180 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 202.
S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

DON'T WORRY—
YOU CAN BORROW MONEY FROM ME ON your FURNITURE OR PIANO at the following low cost:

$25 for $1.00 a month.
$30 for $1.25 a month.
$35 for $1.40 a month.
$40 for $1.50 a month.
$50 for $1.75 a month.
$75 for $2.25 a month.
$100 for $2.75 a month.
$125 for $3.50 a month.
$150 for $4.25 a month.
$200 for $5.50 a month.

If you have ever borrowed money on this class of security you will appreciate these exceedingly low rates; compare with what others charge and see the great saving; all applications given prompt attention; no delay or publicity; the property remains undisturbed in your possession.

97 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 30.
NOT IN THE TRUST.

WE LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. WE OFFER UNEQUALED RATES, BEST TERMS, QUICKEST SERVICE, ABSOLUTELY PRIVATE.

ANY AMOUNT, ANY TIME, ANY PAYMENTS. Deal with an old and reliable company and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.

WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.

It will require only an interview to establish the truth of our statement. We solicit that interview.

FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 134 MONROE-ST., SUITE 505, AND 301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV. South Side office open evenings.

IF YOU WANT A LOAN, CALL AT ROOM 306, 167 DEARBORN-ST.
MONEY ADVANCED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, FIXTURES, ETC.

Quick service, any amount required, as long time as needed, and the best and fairest terms ever offered are a few of the advantages of dealing with us.

CHICAGO DISCOUNT CO., 167 DEARBORN-ST., Corner Monroe, ROOM 306.

RELIANCE LOAN CO., 100 Washington-st., Room 504.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE, 110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.
WEST SIDE OFFICE, 567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, cor. Ogden-av.

Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 8 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

CHICAGO MUTUAL LOAN CO., 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
LOWEST RATES. FAIREST TERMS.
Organized and established to make loans to those who need them. CALL ON US.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

25 YEARS I HAVE LOANED ON ALL KINDS OF personal effects without removal, publicity, or advantage taken. In sickness or disappointment my motto has been to treat honest men with perfect honor. If my signature is worth a million my word is worth the same. Papers are free. Before you borrow see S. RICHARDSON, 154 La Salle-st., Room 16, Otis Block.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friends too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time payments to suit borrower. A. H. WILLIAMS, 69 Dearborn-st., Room 44.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
SALARY LOANS ON PLAIN NOTES.
FURNITURE LOANS; goods remain in your undisturbed possession.
PEOPLE'S LOAN AND TRUST CO. [NOT INC.], 185 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 619.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND jewelry at lowest rates. SLATTS & POE, reliable American pawnbrokers, 167 S. Clark-st.

A. LIPMAN, 99 MADISON-ST. — LOANS ON watches, diamonds, etc.; buys gold and silver.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!
PROF. WARD, WORLD'S GREATEST CLAIRVOYANT and SPIRIT MEDIUM, is permanently located here. He advises on business, speculation, marriage, love, and divorce; reunites separated, causes speedy and happy marriage with the one you love, removes evil influence, speaks to your departed relatives and friends, gives names; in fact, everything. QUESTIONS ANSWERED AS A TEST. HE CHARGES BUT ONE DOLLAR FOR THIS WEEK ONLY. Absolute satisfaction guaranteed or no fee accepted. Consultation only at his Chicago home during HOURS 10 TO 8 DAILY; 10 TO 6 SUNDAY. READINGS BY MAIL UNEQUALED. Office and residence, 299—MICHIGAN-AV.—299. Opposite Gen. Logan's monument. Cut this out for FREE TEST. It does not appear daily.

$5.00 READINGS FOR $1.00. PROF. LEON, 1224—MICHIGAN-AV.—1224. PRINCE OF CLAIRVOYANTS, PALMISTS. Advice on all business transactions, love, courtship, marriage, family affairs, guides to success.

FRED BRUCKSCHEN, SCIENTIFIC CHARACter reading and interpretation of dreams. 426 W. 69th-st., near Harvard, first flat to left. 50c. No sign. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

WELL—IF YOU ARE THROUGH WITH ALL of the high toned clairvoyants, consult LUCRETIA, the Roumanian gypsy woman, on all affairs of life. 2352 Cottage Grove-av. Cut this out.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

FOR SALE—WILL SELL IMMEDIATELY AT private sale, by piece or all together, the elegant furnishings of a modern home, consisting of mahogany davenport, parlor suit, and odd pieces, parlor tables and pedestals, library table and desk, Turkish leather rockers, bookcases, leather couch, beautiful oak dining set, with leather seat chairs; brass beds, with box springs and hair mattresses; oak and mahogany dressers, 9x12 rugs, carpets, oil paintings, pictures, mirrors, portieres, lace curtains, mantel clocks, bric-a-brac; also, mahogany upright piano. These goods have been used less than six months and are as good as new. Call any time. 4243 Prairie-av.

BEFORE DISPOSING OF YOUR FURNITURE remember we buy same or make an auction at your residence; also move, store, pack, or ship. T. W. PHILPOT, Mgr. and Auct. Tel. Oak. 80.

I PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR FURNIture of flats, hotels, and dealers' stocks. 'Phone Monroe 592. DEWAR, 381 W. Madison-st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, SLIGHTLY USED; SPEcial sale every day; cheapest place in Chicago. 65 to 75 E. 31st-st. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.

SPOT CASH WITHOUT DELAY FOR FURNIture; private residences of dealers' stocks. WALLS, 507 W. Madison-st. Tel. Halsted 664.

FOR SALE—LOT OAK DOORS AND PAINT. 156 E. Van Buren. G. H. PIERCE.

LAWYERS.

WE QUICKLY COLLECT WAGES, NOTES, rents, board bills, claims of every description on percentage.

NO ADVANCE FEES FOR OUR SERVICES. THE SPENCER AGENCY, Suite 312, 85 Dearborn-st. Tel. Central 2734.

RELIABLE LAWYER ATTENDS TO LAW MATters, collections, etc.; no advance charges. WILSON, R. 504, 171 Washington-st. Tel. Main 2432.

ALL LEGAL MATTERS ATTENDED TO CONfidentially, promptly; personal injury cases, etc. Incorp. J. R. H. POTTS, Lawyer, 80 Dearborn.

BUSINESS CARDS.

IT IS NOW TIME TO THINK ABOUT FENCES for spring. We want your orders before the rush comes. If you wait you may be compelled to use inferior fencing made by imitators of The Page Woven Wire Fence. Write for information. AUSTIN CLEMENT, V. P., 200 Monroe-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—1903—MY JUBILEE YEAR—1903.
OPENING SPRING SALE.
20 YEARS OF HOME BUILDING.
10,000 HOUSES BUILT AND SOLD.
50,000 HOME LOVERS MADE HAPPY.
500 NEW HOUSES JUST COMPLETED. $1,000,000 WORTH OF HANDSOME HOMES. TERMS: $15 TO $30 MONTHLY. PRICES: $1,500 TO $5,000.
SMALL CASH PAYMENT.
Why live in flats when, for less than your rent, you can own one of these cozy homes?
Call and be taken free to see them or send postal card for description and plans.
S. E. GROSS, sixth floor, Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—FORECLOSURE BARGAIN, HALF price, $750,000 for $375,000, 12 story steel building, 10 per cent net, central investment; about $100,000 cash required; few days left; a solid fortune for a quick man.
A boulevard corner, cost $465,000, will rent for $3,000 a month; must sell; price $185,000, less than half; $100,000 must be cash, balance trade; lots, farms, ranches; good chance to dispose of vacant. For these choice investments see me immediately. TOWNSEND SMITH, 112 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—INVESTORS, NOTICE—SPECIAL offer; owner will sell one of the handsomest and best built buildings in the city, 3 story and basement brick store and 4 flats; in A1 condition; leading retail street; stock never idle; rent $1,668; will give you two years' rent in advance if desired; it would cost over $17,000 to erect building alone; ground worth $12,500; price $25,000; no agents; no trade. Owner, 177 La Salle-st., R. 6.

FOR SALE—THIS IS DOWNTOWN PROPERTY.
N. W. corner Indiana-av. and 18th-st.
112x160 feet.
Large brick house and barn thereon.
Elegant corner for modern flat or hotel.
PRICE, $33,000.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—IF YOU ARE GOING TO BUILD, consult our architects; can save you money; prompt and courteous attention given to all inquiries. RICHARD A. PADDOCK & CO., general contractors and builders. 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY, improved or vacant, on boulevards and avenues. WILLIAM H. MOONEY, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT, UP TO DATE, WELL paying flat buildings. VOLK BROS., 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE a specialty. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—DOCKS, WAREHOUSE, AND MFG. sites at Chicago; or to rent. WALLACE BROS., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE — OR LEASE — MANUFACTURING and dock property. H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—HIGH GRADE 12 apartment bldg. in fine location on South Side; convenient to all transportation; building thoroughly well built; good, safe investment on account of location. Parties desiring such an investment, paying a high rate of interest on amount required should investigate, as party has other interests in the west requiring money. Address J 149, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—
Modern Kenwood residence, deep lot, convenient to station; price for immediate sale reduced to $12,500.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NONRESIDENT OWNER OFFERS last of his Chicago holdings, 4809-11 State-st., 50x160 ft., improved with two 2 story houses, rented for $63 a month, at ridiculously low price of $5,500; ground alone worth $7,000.
SOUTHARD & TRAINER, Exclusive Agents, 142 Oakwood-blvd. or 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FLAT BUILDINGS NOW under construction at Vincennes-av. and 64th-st., one block from "L" station, South Park and 63d-st.; will be sold very low and on easy terms; plans at office; come quickly if you are in the market to buy. O. G. MYREN, 108 Dearborn-st. Telephone Central 3535.

FOR SALE — $6,750 BUYS MODERN 3 STY. brick store and 4 flats; rent, $1,056; and can be increased $300 a year if rented for saloon purposes; there is no better investment on earth if you have the cash. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—FLAT BUILDING FOR SALE BY owner, on payments to suit. 2 flat, Butler, near 39th, $3,000. 2 flat, Rhodes, near 66th, $5,500. 3 flat, Prairie, near 33d, $7,500. Address V P 370, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—STORE AND FLATS—
Rented $382; price $2,900.
Corner lot, 25x125.
3201 La Salle-st.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL KENWOOD HOME, 10 rooms, 3 story Bedford stone front, newly decorated and refinished throughout; fine view of Drexel-blvd.; price only $14,500; owner leaving city. Address T R 361, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MODERN TWO STORY STONE front residence, 8 rooms; near Grand-blvd. and 46th-st.; special bargain if sold at once; price VERY LOW.
COCHRAN & HAYNES, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NEW, MODERN, GRAND-BLVD. residences, detached, Nos. 4941 to 4959. For descriptions, booklet, prices, and terms apply to EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Exclusive Agents, Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—AT A SACRIFICE—13 ALDINE-SQ., 10 room residence in fine condition; small cash payment accepted.
JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 1020 Tribune Bldg.

FOR SALE—MODERN 3 FLAT 7-8 ROOMS, DETACHED; cost $14,000, clear; $10,000; terms; near 43d and elevated. TOWNSEND SMITH, 112 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—16% INVESTMENT; 2 THREE FLAT buildings; detached; excellent condition; fine renting locality; rents $624; price $3,750 cash. Address T T 316, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FOR $200 CASH AND EASY monthly payments, $4,000 buys a modern 10 room residence on Champlain-av., north of 45th.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE — GREAT BARGAIN FOR QUICK sale, 25x170, east front, Ingleside-av., south of Midway; only $1,650; speak up quick; no trade. Address S R 383, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LARGE, NEW HOUSE; EXCEPTIONALLY well built; beautiful interior; every convenience; large grounds and fine stable; $75,000. HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE—TO buy bargains in South Side real estate call on ELMER E. BALDWIN & CO., 244 East 35th-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN STONE FRONT 11 ROOM house on Grand-blvd., near 41st-st.; a great bargain. W. L. DOGGETT & BROS., 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE—BIGGEST BARGAIN in Chicago; 8 room detached modern brick dwelling, completely furnished, $6,000; oriental rugs, Knabe piano; good transportation. 3737 Forest-av.

FOR SALE—IN WOODLAWN—A MODERN stone front steam heated 2 flat; rent $720; if taken at once $5,500.
WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD DWELLING—BRICK; 8 rooms; furnace; new plumbing and floors; cheap. TROTTER & KIMBALL, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—30 FEET, CHOICE BUSINESS frontage, adjoining Alley L station; net investor 14%. O. L. BENEDICT, 134 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—10 ROOM DWELLING; MODERN improvements; hardwood finish. Apply to FRANK P. HAWKINS, R. 20, 90 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—3225 WABASH-AV., 10 ROOM stone [illegible] modern house; will sell at ½ price. O. G. MYREN, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; $4,950; 1613 PRAIRIE-AV., 12 room brick residence; worth $10,000. E. GRACE, Hotel Grace, Clark and Jackson.

FOR SALE—4206 WABASH-AV.—NEW, ABSOLUTELY modern 8 room brick house; easy terms. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—GREAT SACRIFICE—GRAND-blvd. lot; only $2,775; worth $4,500; this week. Address S R 382, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEVARD or in Kenwood district, go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—FOR SOUTH SIDE SALES AND EXCHANGES see BADEAUX, 105 Washington-st.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—$1,000 DOWN, BALANCE SAME as rent, buys my elegant modern 8 r. brick residence, hardwood polished floors; open plumbing; every known modern improvement; choice location; Monroe-st., near Leavitt; must sacrifice on account of leaving city.
ROYSTON OLIVER, Joliet, Ill.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN MANUFACTURING and business property vicinity Randolph and Curtis, Desplaines and Austin-av., Kinzie and Halsted, Milwaukee-av. and Wabansia; switching facilities; also cor. 32d and Halsted and 36th, bet. Wabash and Michigan. G. & S., Room 1221, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—1190 W. ADAMS-ST., GOOD FRAME 2 flat building; lot 25x125.
PRICE $2,000.
Ground alone worth more; owner going away and must sell.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FINE CONDITION; IMMEDIATE possession, 839 Adams-st.; 10 room brick house, with fine large attic; buy now; avoid May rush. See me, inspect it, say what you will give. H. A. OSBORN, 177 La Salle-st., R. 6.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOOMIS AND 12TH-STS., frame building and lot, 30x100.
HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE — WASHINGTON-BLVD., NEAR Union Park; bargain in stone front house; 16 rooms. F. A. HENSHAW, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—12,000 SQUARE FEET, S. HALSTED, with brick bldg., suitable for warehouse or factory; particulars. GOLSEN, Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—100X125 FEET, HONORE-ST., NR. Jackson-blvd.; cheap. See owner, Box 83, 217 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE — AN 8 ROOM and bath cottage, near Harrison and Ogden-av.; will sacrifice. Address J 121, Tribune office.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE CHOICEST BLDG. sites, North Side, corner Clarendon and Irving Park-blvd., 182x170; would take ½ in other clear impr. as part payment. ERNST STOCK, 274 E. Division-st.

FOR SALE—BELLEVUE-PL. MODERN STONE front 12 room house; hot water heating; 3 baths; lot 25x129; price $19,000. MRS. E. W. CASE, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BIG BARGAIN IN CHOICE MANUFACTURING site, North Side, 90,000 sq. feet, with track facilities; only $32,000; part cash, balance [illegible]. CHAS. J. DELFOSSE & CO., 134 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—BUENA PARK—BEAUTIFUL 8 rooms, stone front residence; hardwood throughout; price, $5,500.
H. H. BANFORD, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—S. E. COR. CASS AND SUPERIOR-sts.; owner will make great sacrifice on this property; lot 50x100.
ADAMS & FOSTER, 99 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VERY FINE 8, 9, AND 10 room houses, within one block of Wilson-av. station, N. W. elevated. Call at 199 Winthrop-av.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—EDGEWATER—NEW HOUSES.
$4,700. $5,500. $6,750. $10,000.
EASY TERMS.
All street improvements in and paid for.
Come up today on Northwestern L and transfer to Evanston electric and get off at branch office, Catalpa and Evanston-avs. Always open.
Write for illustrated booklet.
J. L. COCHRAN,
[illegible] Tribune Building. Tel. Cent. 4068.

FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS—OR EXCHANGE—Edgewater extra substantial brick residence, large, commodious rooms, steam heat; will take clear vacant on Sheridan-drive or near the lake [North Side] for full value of the property, $10,000; or will use first class residence from $15,000 to $20,000, north far as Devon-av. or south far as Midway, and pay cash difference. J. F. HECHT, 804, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — 522 DEARBORN-AV., NEAR Schiller-st., 31 ft. lot, with brown stone 11 room residence, 2 tile bathrooms, hardwood floors, beautifully decorated; steam heat; fine brick barn; dining room on parlor floor; a bargain; price $17,500. H. F. WILLIAMS, 97 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—MUST BE SOLD—COLONIAL NINE room residence near Granville-av., Edgewater station; almost new, detached; 35 foot lot; hardwood floors and trim; $5,000, your own terms; $300 down and monthly payments if desired. E. W. ZANDER & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT SNAP; TWO MODERN 8 room brick houses, nicely located, just this side of Ravenswood, taken under foreclosure; must be sold; price only $2,100; lot 25x125. [D.]
WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—44 FT. IMPROVED, Clybourn-av., near Division-st. H 153, Tribune.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—HAENTZE & WHEELER BUILD good homes and sell them at right prices on very easy terms; $1,500 to $5,000. Main office, Tribune Bldg. N. W. branch office, cor. Milwaukee and Belmont. Call or send postal for particulars.

FOR SALE—OR TO LEASE—LOT AND BUILDING 25x150, 2 story, suitable for undertaker or sale stable, etc., on Grand, near May-st.; will improve to suit tenant. Address H 288, Tribune office.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LA GRANGE—DESIRABLE MODERN homes, also vacant in best locations; several bargains. Loans to improve; easy terms. Property shown free of expense.
LA GRANGE IMPROVEMENT CO. [NOT INC.]
16 South Stone-av., La Grange, opposite depot.
119 La Salle-st., Room 72, Chicago.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST HOMES IN BEST LOCATION IN EVANSTON: 20 ROOM HOUSE; COST $31,000; LOT 150X212; PRICE $50,000; MAY TAKE PART TRADE. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR SALE—
HINSDALE RESIDENCE, 13 ROOMS; FINISHED IN HARDWOODS; HOT WATER HEAT; LARGE GROUNDS.
ROBERT B. SMITH, 145 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE — AN ELEGANT MODERN HOME on ridge in best South Side suburb, near depot; large, fine grounds, shrubbery, trees, flowers, etc.; stable; $16,000.
JOHN GOLDMAN, 85 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN IN SPLENDID LOT IN first-class locality on South Side of Austin, for $1,500, worth $1,850; size 37½x168; all improvements in and paid for.
PRAY & SON, 108 La Salle-st., or Austin.

FOR SALE—AUSTIN—MODERN 10 ROOM house, n. e. cor. Ohio and Franklin-av.; price $6,700, easy terms; also 8 room house, 5833 Ohio-st., price $5,600; they are bargains. D. W. AUSTIN, 172 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK AND AUSTIN HOUSES, $3,500, $4,700, $5,000 to $8,000; new, desirable, and big bargains. WEAGE & ROSE, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE—ON CENTRAL-AV., vacant residence corner, 82x217; overlooks lake; streets improved; $2,750 cash; elegant residence location. JOHN WAIN, 84 Washington, owner.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—MODERN SUBURBAN residence, 11 rooms; fine grounds; corner. Address LELAND A. BABCOCK, 42 River-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—BERWYN—MODERN HOME, NEW, oak floors, open plumbing; 8 r., 50 ft., easy terms. C. M. SMITH, R. 1208, 59 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—UP TO DATE WILMETTE RESIDENCE, choice location, $4,000. Owner. Address J 126, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—IN EVANSTON—AN ELEGANT home, large grounds; may divide; n. e. cor. Ridge-av. and Greenwood-st.

FOR SALE—EVANSTON—MY 12 ROOM BRICK residence, large grounds, near university; must sell. 100 Washington-st., Room 408.

FOR SALE—HINSDALE — HOUSE, $3,300; 8 rooms, bath, cement cellar, soft water motor, furnace; 64 ft. JEFFERS, Room 509, 21 Quincy.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—HOUSES, LOTS; rents. THOS. H. GALE, 84 La Salle-st.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—ORANGE GROVE, ST. JOHN'S River; large house, furnished; beautiful and convenient location; bargain. MISS ELZEY, Picolata, Fla.

FOR SALE—155 A. FRUIT AND GRAIN FARM, 1¼ mi. from town; new house, good barn; 14 a. grapes, 4 a. peaches; also apples and cherries; $30 per acre. E. E. DOWNING, Paw Paw, Mich.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—1. $15,000 TO $20,000 STRICTLY modern residence, north far as Devon-av., south far as Midway, near Ill. Central. Will give $10,000 Edgewater residence and cash difference or assume.
2. $4,500 to $5,000 West Side flat bldg. Will give clear Austin cottage with 50 ft. and assume.
3. $50,000 to $150,000 apartment bldg. Will give choice North Side and north shore vacant, assume, and put in cash if necessary.
J. F. HECHT, 804, 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A GOOD, MODERN, WELL BUILT house on the north shore of 10 or 11 rooms. Address, giving description, price, terms, etc., H 598, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR CASH BUYER—MODERN 9 room house, bet. 47th and 53d-sts., east of Woodlawn-av.; limit $9,000.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-av.

WANTED—WAREHOUSE SPACE, 100,000 SQ. ft. or more, as near center of city as possible. Bowes Investment Co., 108 La Salle-st.

WANTED—ON NORTH SIDE, BET. NORTH and Fullerton-avs., 2 flat; modern; brick; for cash; state price. Address D 337, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR CASH—GOOD SALOON CORNER; give full particulars. Address T R 515, Tribune office.

WANTED — VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—IMPROVED FARM OR UNIMPROVED in Oklahoma. Send description and price. J. D. SPEAR, 89 Madison, Chicago.

WANTED—TO BUY—WITHIN EASY REACH of N. W. Elevated, building with 30,000 ft. floor space. Address J 133, Tribune office.

WANTED—CONTRACTOR TO BUILD 5 ROOM cottage; will give $400 cash and $1,000 clear ripe vacant. Address T D 152, Tribune office.

WANTED—BARGAINS, 160 TO 640 ACRES; Oklahoma, Kansas, or Nebraska. J 113, Tribune.

WANTED—$5,000 CASH; GIVE WOODLAWN 6 flats; mortg. $10,000. Address E 302, Tribune.

WANTED—$4,400 STOVE HEAT 4 FLATS; mortg. $4,000; near L. Address E 303, Tribune.

WANTED—$10,000; FARM 320 ACRES, 45 M. S.; stock and tools; mtge. $8,000. E 304, Tribune.

WANTED—$2,300 FOR TWO FLAT EQUITY; mortg. $2,000; stove heat. Address E 306, Tribune.

WANTED—TO BUY—COTTAGE IN ENGLEWOOD; monthly payments. Address J 116, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—FINE VACANT, 41ST-ST., and good improved corner, 38th-st., all clear, $45,000, for South Side old improved.
[H.] E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

WHAT HAVE YOU TO EXCHANGE FOR equity in 12 room stone front residence and barn on Prairie-av., mtg. $7,500, rental $1,020?
LARNED & BLAIR, 4703 Cottage Grove-av.

TO EXCHANGE—28 LOTS, CLEAR, IN HAMMOND, Ind., $5,000, for flat same value in Chicago. Address J 127, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE—CLEAR WEST SIDE IMPROVED, $3,500, for equity in modern 2 flat bldg.; quick deal. Address T R 516, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE—40 ACRE FARM ALLEGAN CO., Michigan, for clear cottage. J 112, Tribune office.

TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—BLDG. CLOSE IN, 150X80, 3 STORIES and basement; will remodel to suit tenant; 5 or 10 yr. lease. [H.] E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

MINES AND MINING.

BARGAINS IN MINING AND OIL STOCKS—

Aurora Gold [D. L. & Co.]	$ .40
Big Master	.45
Blue Bird [Oregon]	.11
Express [D. L. & Co.]	.22
Gold Tunnel [D. L. & Co.]	.20
Geary Oil	18.00
Horseshoe	.35
Kimberley M. & M.	.06
Pluma [Black Hils]	.24
Referendum	.05
Viznaga [D. L. & Co.]	.30

SEND FOR MY LIST.
H. H. WEST,
1437 Majestic Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

SPECIAL BARGAINS—

Braganza	Special Bargain.
Turnagain Arm	.12
California-Nevada [common]	.40
Eastern Consolidated Oil [Pike]	.20
Blyson Oil and Gas	.30
Gold and Copper Cons. M. & M. [Sweet]	.34

Amador Gold and Copper—One certificate of 2,000 shares at 40c. Validity of certificate guaranteed. Purchaser to accept blank indorsement and have transfer made.
We will buy 500 Model Gold, or any part at 89c.
MARK T. LEONARD & CO., 607, 159 La Salle-st.

THE GOLD MINES OF THE GREAT BLACK Hills—Being on the ground, am closely informed, and have listed best things here for investors. Write for lists, etc. Especially recommend Deadwood-Standard shares for a good profit and an excellent investment. NATHAN HALLE, Investment Broker, Deadwood, S. D.

LIST YOUR STOCKS WITH US; WE CAN HANDLE Golden Drift, Braganza, and others. COVERT & FOX, 95 5th-av., Room 3. Phone 2963 Main.

RARE CHANCE FOR SMALL INVESTOR—$35 buys 1,000 shares Horseshoe stock, Black Hills. Address FRANKLIN MARLING, Division-st. and Cherry-av.

EMERSON & CO., NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, Chicago—Mining, oil, and industrial stocks. Phone Central 4548. 171 La Salle-st.

CAN SAVE YOU 10% TO 80% ON ALL MINING, oil, and industrial stocks. Send for my list. MARK T. LEONARD, 607, 159 La Salle-st.

SEND FOR OUR LIST; YOU SAVE 25% TO 80% on mining, oil, and industrial stocks. DONALD A. CAMPBELL & CO., 188 Madison-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SOME REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.
Ala., Henry co., 240 a. and impts.
Ariz., Yavapai co., 160 a. and impts.
Ark., Hot Springs, 9 room residence and 3 a., barn, orchard, servants' house, etc.
Ark., Clay co., 320 a. and impts.
Cal., Tehama co., 40 a. fruit ranch, situated on Sacramento river.
Cal., Modoc co., 485 a. and impts., 130 a. cultivated; well watered.
Can., Man., Beautiful Plain co., 160 a.
Col., Las Animas co., 480 a. coal land.
Col., Delta co., 30 a. fruit farm.
Conn., Niantic, 3 cottages and 1 a.
Del., Sussex co., 300 a., 14 room residence, 40 a. timber; 3 miles from Bridgeville.
Fla., Hillsboro co., 39 a. land.
Fla., Suwanee co., 80 a. land.
Fla., Bayport, 20 a. fruit and vegetable land.
Ga., Bartow co., 60 a. and impts.; land adapted to peaches; near R. R.
Ga., Green co., 40 a. tillable land.
Ga., Tallapoosa, bldg. lot, 8th dist.
Ga., near Americus, 6 a. and impts.
Ga., Bartow co., mineral rights on 160 a. containing large deposits of baryta.
Idaho, Bingham co., 126 a. land.
Ills., near Macomb, fine stock and grain farm, 358 a. and impts.; 300 a. tillable; 58 a. timber; 8 blocks from R. R. sta.
Chicago, brick and stone flat bldg., Auburn Park; in good condition.
Chicago, 2 lots, Riverside Add. to Des Plaines.
Chicago, Calumet, 2 lots, Beverly Hills.
Ills., Flora, 2 story bus. bldg.
Chicago, 2 lots, cor. Ashland and 47th-st.
Ills., Chicago, 2 story brick and stone flat bldg., Wabash-av.; good repair.
Ills., Chicago, modern 12 room residence and lot, La Salle-st.; shade trees.
Chicago, River Forest, good bldg. lot.
Chicago, Rogers Park, good bldg. lot.
Ills., 685 a., near Galena; adapted to stock raising, agricultural purposes or lead and zinc mining; fine 20 room brick house and out bldgs.; mining machinery included.
Ills., Good Hope, 7 room residence and lot.
Chicago, residence and lot, Humboldt-blvd.; 9 rooms and bath; modern impts.
Ind., La Porte co., 760 a. and impts., nearly all tillable; 40 a. timber and 4 a. orchard; 3½ miles from Hanna.
Ind., Evansville, modern, 8 room residence and lot, stable; good location.
Ind., Blackford co., 197 a. and impts., 140 a. tillable, well watered.
Ind., 25 bldg. lots, adjoining Alexandria.
Ind., Jefferson co., 80 a. and impts.
Iowa, Lucas, store bldg., mill and elevator, 2 lots, etc.; fine bus. location.
Iowa, Lucas, 7 room residence and 2 lots.
Iowa, Woodbury co., 160 a., good bldgs., especially suitable for stock farm.
Kan., Coffey co., 50 a. land.
Kan., Topeka, 5 lots, M & D. Add.
Kan., Sheridan co., 640 a. land.
Kan., Logan co., 160 a. and impts.
Ky., Madisonville, fine medicinal well and lot, 173x165 ft.; excellent investment.
Ky., Daviess co., 70 a. and impts., 65 a. cultivated; 1 mile from R. R.
La., Calcasieu Parish, 64 a. and impts.
Me., Androscoggin co., 111 a. and impts.
Me., Jay, residence and ½ acre.
Md., bldg. site, 15 a. on Potomac river.
Mass., Worcester co., 262 a. and impts., 182 a. good tillable land.
Mass., Sudbury, 25 a. beautifully located, suitable for gentleman's country residence.
Mass., Worcester, 3 lots, Lincoln-st.
Mass., Natick, modern cottage and 4 a.
Mass., Newtonville, Newton, modern 11 room residence and lot, Washington park.
Mass., Westfield, modern 10 room residence and tenement house, in good repair.
Mass., Everett, good bldg. lot, Waverly-st.
Mich., Allegan Co., 80 a. fruit farm, good 9 room house and outbldgs.
Mich., Gratiot Co., 120 a. and impts.; orchard; 95 a. tillable; well watered.
Mich., Oakland Co., 120 a. and impts.; 80 a. cultivated; near R. R.
Mich., Tuscola Co., 120 a. and impts.; land adapted to wheat, sugar beets, etc.
Mich., Allegan Co., 80 a. and impts., situated in famous fruit belt.
Mich., Van Buren Co., 30 a., stock, tools, and impts., all tillable; 4 miles from R. R.
Mich., Midland Co., 80 a. and impts.
Minn., Carlton Co., 160 a. farm.
Miss., Chickasaw Co., 1,009 a. and impts., 700 a. cultivated; 100 a. timber; excellent 10 room dwel., barns and tenant houses; near R. R.
Mo., St. Clair Co., 1,000 a. and impts., 150 a. timber; 850 a. cultivated.
Neb., Perkins Co., 160 a. tillable land.
N. H., E. Rochester, 10 room residence and lot.
N. J., Camden, 7 bldg. lots, Howell-st.
N. J., Oradell, modern 9 room residence and lot.
N. J., Vineland, plot of land, 150x100 ft.
N. J., Somerset Co., 170 a. and impts., 30 a. timber, 80 a. cultivated.
N. J., Ocean Co., near Lakewood, residence and 12 a., especially suitable for sanitarium or boarding house.
N. J., Ocean Co., 120 a. and impts.
N. J., Burlington Co., 48 a. and impts., near Moorestown; adapted to fruit and truck.
N. J., Freehold, double residence and 2 lots.
N. J., near Bound Brook, modern 12 room residence and 4 a.; excellent location.
N. J., Asbury Park, store and dwell., 2 stores and 3 residences, Main-st.
N. J., Monmouth Co., 67 a. and impts.
N. J., Cedar Brook, 12 a. and impts.
N. Mex., Grant Co., 4 ranches, embracing 560 a.; 3 highly cultivated.
N. Y., L. I., modern 10 room cottage and 6 lots, Central-av., New Brighton.
N. Y., New Rochelle, Queen Anne cottage, 9 rooms, modern impts.; lot 75x177 ft.
N. Y., Yonkers, 19 a., suitable for bldg. lots, extends from Kimball to Central-av., valuable for investment or bldg. purposes; excellent residence section.
N. Y., Orange Co., 79 a. land adapted to fruit and grain; good bldgs.
N. Y., Rockland Co., stock and dairy farm, 120 a., 75 a. tillable.
N. Y., Hague-on-Lake-George, 7 room cottage.
N. Y., Washington Co., 74 a. and impts.
N. Y., Wayne Co., 90 a. and impts., 84 a. tillable; 3½ miles to R. R.
N. Y., Columbia Co., 150 a. and impts.
N. Y., Ulster Co., fine fruit farm, 35 a.; well watered; 7 room house; barn, packing house, etc.; near R. R.
N. Y., Schenectady, good lot, B'lv'ds Plot.
N. Y., Stockport, 17 room residence and 3 a.; bath, hot air furnace; shade and fruit.
N. Y., Warren Co., 209 a. and impts.; adapted to fruit, truck, and dairying.
N. C., Wingate, 9 room residence and 1¼ a.
N. D., Barnes Co., 320 a. and impts., 235 a. cultivated; adapted to grain.
N. D., Lamoure Co., 320 a. land; all cultivated; 1½ miles to Edgeley.
N. D., Stutsman Co., 480 a. grain farm; 300 a. cultivated; near R. R.
N. D., Cavalier Co., 312 a. best adapted to growing wheat, flax, and grain.
O., Logan Co., 95 a. and impts.
O., Cincinnati, 8 bldg. lots, Russell and Ida-sts., Fideldey & Krumberg subdiv.
O., Fulton Co., 37 a. and impts.
O., Clermont Co., 44 a. and impts.
O., Pike Co., 350 a. and impts., 200 a. cultivated; 150 a. timber.
O., Jefferson Co., 130 a. and impts.; 100 a. tillable, 30 a. timber.
Okla., Meridan, 160 good bldg. lots.
Okla., Alva, 6 room house and lot.
Ore., Lane Co., 53 a., stock and impts.
Ore., Lake Co., 680 a. and impts., 500 a. tillable, 80 a. meadow land.
Philadelphia, plot 12,000 sq. ft., suitable for subdiv. or fine mfg. site.
Pa., Northampton Co., 77 a. and impts.
Pa., Lawrence Co., 125 a. and impts.; indications of coal, oil, and gas.
Pa., Bucks Co., 45 a. and impts.
Pa., Pottsville, cor. George and Arch-sts., 10 room brick residence, modern impts.
Pa., Scranton, fine bldg. lot, 80x130 ft., cor. Madison-av. and Vine-st.
Pa., McKean Co., 75 a. oil land.
Pa., Wernersville, stone residence and 100 a., 17 rooms, modern impts.; good outbldgs.
Pa., Waverly, 10 room residence and lot.
Pa., Waverly, 12 room residence, Main-st.
Pa., Erie Co., fine country residence, grape and fruit farm of 40 a., on Lake Erie.
Pa., Gardonville, country residence and 102 a., 15 rooms and bath; all under cultivation.
R. I., Newport Co., 50 a. and impts., on Conanicut Island, opposite Newport.
S. D., Pierre, one lot, 5th R'y Add.
S. D., Brown Co., 160 a. and impts.
S. D., Spink Co., 160 a. and impts.
S. D., Deuel Co., 240 a. and impts.; all tillable; 100 a. cultivated.
Tenn., Grundy Co., 300 a. and impts.
Tenn., Washington Co., 296 a. and impts.; land best adapted to grain.
Texas, Smith Co., 93 a. fruit farm.
Tex., Austin, mfg. bldg. and 4 lots.
Tex., Shelby Co., 771 a. and impts.
Tex., Lampasas Co., 751 a. land.
Tex., Bartlett, valuable lot and house.
Vt., Windsor Co., 55 a. on White River, between W. Hartford and Sharon; fine bldgs.
Vt., Bennington Co., 64 a. and impts.
Vt., Chester, 10 room residence and 2 a.
Vt., Orange Co., 150 a. and impts.
Va., Bedford Co., ideal colonial home and stock farm of 850 a., barns, tenant houses, outbldgs., etc.; fine orchard; abundance of fame; valuable deposits of mica, iron, etc.
Va., near Salem., 60 a. and impts.
Va., Pittsylvania Co., 1,700 a. and impts.; well watered; adapted to fruit and tobacco.
Wash., Republic, 2 good bldg. lots.
Wash., Chelan Co., 132 a. and impts., 70 a. cultivated; fine fruit and vegetable land.
Wash., Kitsap Co., 80 a. and impts.
Wash., Spokane Co., 317 a. and impts., 200 a. cultivated; good market; near R. R.
Wash., Northport, 2 furnished residences.
W. Va., Morgantown, 8 room residence and lot; bath; convenient to R. R.
Wis., Albany, 5 room house and lot.
Wis., Jackson Co., 880 a. land.
W. M. OSTRANDER,
North American Building, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—
Our NORTH DAKOTA lands. Agents wanted to sell on commission. At $5 to $12 per acre; best kind of seller; safe, substantial; FREE COAL, FREE HOMESTEADS; exc. March 9. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 131 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—A FINE STOCK FARM, 240 ACRES, located 2¼ miles from Hancock, Minn.; house; barn and granary combined; large hoghouse; cow stable, silo, and icehouse; a first class property; will be sold cheap. Address T V 277, Tribune.

FOR SALE—WRITE DAVIS & HALL, 84 WASHINGTON-st., for list of farms and stock ranches in Grand Valley, Colo.; fine soil, climate, and all advantages of settled country.

FOR SALE—$1,000 BUYS 80 A. FARM, FAIR house; $1,000 buys 60 acres, 6 r. house, 2 barns; near Mich. town, just across the lake; GIVEN AWAY. TOMLIN, 92, 163 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE — 40 ACRES, FRONT ON WHITE lake, Mich.; fine house and barn; 10 acres fruit; $10,000. Address D 400, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

LOANS ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT 5% to 6%; sums of $500 upwards; will loan half value and make charges reasonable; mortgages on sale. WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

ADAMS & FOSTER, 99 WASHINGTON-ST., make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates. No delay.

REAL ESTATE LOANS, ANY AMOUNT, 4 TO 6 per cent, on Chicago real estate security.
BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR LOW RATES ON REAL ESTATE LOANS call at the Western State Bank, 157-59 La Salle-st.

HAVE $20,000; WILL LOAN ALL OR PART AT low rate; borrow from principal and save money. Address D 227, Tribune office.

5% LOANS FROM $200 TO $2,500 ON VAC. AND imp. city or sub. property; money on hand.
ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 108 Dearborn-st.

JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on real estate; best terms; no delay; we pass on security; building loans a specialty.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURBAN real estate. Lowest rates.
F. E. BALLARD & CO., 34 Clark-st., Room 215.

MONEY TO LOAN, CITY, EVANSTON, AND north shore at lowest current rates.
O. L. GIBBS & SON, 125 La Salle.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON Chicago real estate. GOODRIDGE, FRENCH & CO., 86 Washington-sts.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

FIRST MORTGAGE BOND AND TRUST COMPANY, at 179-181 La Salle-st., opposite Woman's temple, with paid up capital of $250,000; organized under the state banking law; has money to loan on Chicago real estate; buys and sells high grade bonds and mortgages.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago real estate at lowest rates.
Liberal prepayment privileges.
THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
[Formerly Rose & Co.],
N. W. corner La Salle and Washington-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN—
Special attention to builders.
Call and get our terms.
MADLUNG, EIDMANN & McCORTNEY,
402 Chamber of Commerce.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY-BANK,
169 Jackson-blvd.,
MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN—
ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
from 4 to 6 per cent,
according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

$100,000 TO LOAN AT 4%; MONEY READY; prompt service; good loans at low rates my specialty.
HENRY VAN VLISSINGEN,
Main floor, 88 La Salle-st., opposite city hall.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5¼ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS—
LOWEST RATES for DESIRABLE BUSINESS.
Building loans—special prepayment privileges.
WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO.,
MORTGAGE BANKERS. 92 LA SALLE-ST.

LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for building loans.
E. G. PAULING, 132 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED AND VACANT property; also building loans at lowest rates; quick service; prepayment privileges.
WM. B. McCLUER & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS,
83 and 85 Dearborn-st.
LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.
LOWEST RATES.

LOANS, 4½ AND 5 PER CENT, CHICAGO property, with prepayment privileges.
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO.,
'Phone 1827 Main. 159, 49 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

SPECIAL GUARDIAN FUND OF $100,000 TO loan in amounts of $1,000 to $5,000, on Chicago real estate, at very liberal terms; also building loans made. S. W. STRAUS & CO., 114 La Salle.

HIGH GRADE MORTGAGES FOR SALE—
Amounts of $2,000 to $5,000.
JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 1020 Tribune Bldg.
Building loans a specialty. Call for offer.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYABLE in currency.
DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 97 E. WASHINGTON-ST.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

HAVE $20,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN, without commission, from 4 to 6 per cent; prompt attention. Address T T 435, Tribune office.

NO COMMISSION—LOANS ON CHICAGO AND suburban real estate, improved and vacant. Main 839. H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON APPROVED Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & MARSHALL, 97 Clark-st.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, Bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE—Lowest current rates; prepayment privileges. G. H. SCHNEIDER & CO., 707 Tacoma Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE, 5 per cent, sums $1,000 to $5,000.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
BUILDING LOANS.
KNOTT, CHANDLER & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

A. C. TISDELLE, MORTGAGE BANKER,
145 La Salle-st., Chicago. 3½% paid on savings.
$200 to $50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, 5%.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, s. e. cor. 5th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

REYNOLDS & ROSE, 822 TRIBUNE BUILDING.
Make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURBAN real estate; repayable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN CHICAGO at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., 152 Monroe-st.

TO LOAN—ON CITY IMPROVED REAL ESTATE at current rates; no delay.
A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—A $3,500 LOAN ON TWO STORY brick. 4231 St. Lawrence-av.

FINANCIAL.

A GOVERNMENT BOND—IF A MAN IN MODERATE circumstances becomes its possessor he has a bond that pays him 2 per cent interest—$2 on the hundred dollars and $20 on the thousand dollars; but he has to invest $1,000 cash in order to gain $20; a contract in the STANDARD GUARANTY & TRUST CO. pays its owner 10 per cent; he can purchase one or more, each contract costs $6 per month; in eighty months you have paid in $480; at the end of that time you have drawn in interest $160 and get the principal back; interest coupons for $8 are paid every 4 months; YOU RECEIVE $640 ON EACH CONTRACT; the contracts of this company are not problematical—they are actual—illustrative—a truism; we furnish a medium for investors to secure larger returns than ordinary investments yield; it is a convenient and easy way of accumulating money by savings and monthly payments; OUR BANKERS WILL TELL YOU our record is the best; our contracts are profitable, liberal, and safe. Why buy government bonds? Standard bonds in proportion to investment pay better. THIS IS NO "CLAP TRAP," "GET RICH QUICK" SCHEME, but a conservative business institution that has the confidence and indorsement of bankers, wage earners, and leading business men in every section of the United States. If you desire a safe and profitable investment for your surplus earnings, purchase our COUPON DIVIDEND INVESTMENT CONTRACTS.
Address for full information and references,
STANDARD GUARANTY & TRUST CO.,
A 52 Home Life Building,
Washington, D. C.

WHY DON'T YOU CALL FOR SOME MONEY? Every man in Chicago getting a salary can get all the cash he wants from us on his plain note. We require NO MORTGAGE OR NO SECURITY.
WE MUST GET OUR MONEY OUT, hence every one come and get it. NO REFUSAL. A written guarantee given not to enforce payment through your firm. We give lower rates than any one else in this column and the easiest weekly or monthly payments in which to refund the money. Call and investigate, whether you borrow or not. CONFIDENTIAL. Bank references given. Mason Investment Co., 135 Adams, Room 1209, n. w. cor. Clark.

MONEY AT ONE, TWO, OR THREE PER CENT per month, dependent on the risk, all charges included, is obtainable without security by MERCHANTS, MANUFACTURERS, and the better element of salaried employes from the Merchants' Credit Co., 1501-4 Masonic Temple Bldg., the oldest and largest concern of its kind in the world. In no manner connected with any firm of similar name and an institution that has always had the confidence and good will of the press and the public in general. Phone Central 836 for confidential appointment.

DO YOU NEED MONEY?
We advance money on the easy payment plan to male and female employes holding responsible positions for about one-half the rates charged elsewhere. We also buy accounts, rents, annuities, incomes, notes, and all good securities. Business confidential. No preliminary charges. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.
JOHN MULHOLLAND,
515 The Temple Bldg., Monroe and La Salle-st.

$10 UP LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE; NO SECURITY; everything private; easy payments.
NATIONAL FINANCE COMPANY,
218 LA SALLE-ST., R. 306.
TEL. MAIN 4564. OPEN UNTIL 6:30 P. M.
South Chicago Branch, 9215 Commercial-av.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED—Loans on same 6 per cent; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted at 6 per cent; give higher cash and loan values than companies; real estate loans, 4 to 6 per cent; established 1872. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st. Tel. Cent. 1121.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED.
Loans on policies at 6 per cent per annum.
Give larger cash and loan values than companies.
RICHARD HERZFELD & CO., 171 La Salle-st., Room 813. Established 1874. Tel. Central 199.

LOANS MADE ON LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES at 6 PER CENT. Policies purchased. We loan and pay more than other companies.
LOUIS ADLER & CO., Suite 501 Atwood Bldg.,
TEL. MAIN 4815. 134 CLARK-ST.

LOANS TO HIGH CLASS SALARIED MEN; LIBERAL AMTS. ADVANCED ON PLAIN NOTE; BEST TERMS TO RELIABLE BORROWERS. SUITE 910 FT. DEARBORN BLDG., 134 Monroe.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; largest business; 42 principal cities. Employes Credit Co., 1622 Masonic Temple.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED EMPLOYES without mortgage, without indorser; quickly, quietly; easy rates, easy payments.
E. M. BENNETT & CO., Suite 48, 84 Adams-st.

SALARY LOANS ON PLAIN NOTE, ANY amount; low rates, easy payments; confidential.
E. G. MASON & CO., 718, 218 La Salle-st.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE AT LOW rates, without security; quickly, confidentially. Employes' Credit Co., R. 309, 225 Dearborn-st.

WE LOAN MONEY TO HONEST SALARIED people without security; reasonable rates; confidential. Am. Cred. Co., not inc., 502, 84 La Salle.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE QUICKLY, confidentially; easy payments. Railway Employes' Supply Co., R. 206, 305 Dearborn-st.

YOU CAN GET ALL THE MONEY YOU NEED by asking for it; quick and way down cost if employed. PECK, 801, 215 Dearborn-st.

SALARIED PEOPLE—LADIES OR GENTLEMEN—You may borrow $50 and pay back $3 a wk. Call or address Manager, R. 16, 86 Washington-st.

MONEY FOR YOU ON YOUR SALARY; QUICKLY, confidential; easy and low rates. EQUITY FINANCE CO., 716, 218 La Salle-st.

WE HAVE SPECIAL MEANS FOR MARKETING unlisted stocks and bonds, and for promoting legitimate companies. Address T D 421, Tribune.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS ALL CLASSES EMPLOYES reasonable. 702, 185 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS ALL CLASSES EMPLOYES reasonable and confidential. F 80, Tribune.

COMMERCIAL PAPER BOUGHT AND SOLD.
CASE & MARRIOTT, 184 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—TO BORROW $50,000 FOR 1 YEAR at 6 per cent per annum, secured by the capital stock of a company having contract from responsible corporations exceeding $5,000,000, sublet to responsible contractors, showing profits to company equal to capital stock of company. Address J 130, Tribune office.

INSTRUCTION.

GRAHAM SHORTHAND—TOUCH TYPEWRITING.
Day and evening. Situations for all.
HARMON'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL,
Schiller Bldg., 109 Randolph-st.

MOLER COLLEGE, 435 WABASH-AV., TEACHES hairdressing, manicuring, facial treatment, or chiropody in four weeks; tools, diplomas, and positions given. Catalogue mailed free.

IN 40 TO 60 DAYS MRS. LENA A. WHITE guarantees to make you an expert stenographer and typewriter or refund your money; day and even'g sessions. White's College, 203 Michigan-av.

TELEGRAPHY FREE—
Trial day or night. Earn wages while learning.
UNION ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY,
88 and 90 La Salle-st. Apply Supt.'s Room, 32.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES—Auditorium [Tower] and Bush Temple of Music.

NATIONAL AMERICAN UNIVERSITY — DAY, evening, and preparatory classes in medicine, dentistry, osteopathy, now. Sec., 441 Dearborn-av.

PENMANSHIP, ARITH., GRAMMAR, COMPOSITION, correspondence, rhetoric; private course, $5. BENNETT INSTITUTE, 438, 26 E. Van Buren.

MILLINERY TAUGHT FROM BEGINNING TO end. Try our short course on spring work. McDowell School, 78 State-st., opp. Field's.

THE ATHENÆUM, 26 VAN BUREN-ST.
Business, shorthand, academic courses. Positions for graduates. Send for catalogue.

GERMAN, CONVERSATION COURSES; HAUPTONIAN system; 30 one hour lessons, $15. Hall 438, 26 E. Van Buren-st.

TELEGRAPHY — COMPLETE COURSE, $35; best modern equipment, competent, experienced instructors. 119 La Salle-st., Suite 45.

SCHUCHMAN'S SCHOOL OF MUSIC — PIANO, violin, mandolin, guitar, harp, and voice. 772 W. Madison-st. Lewis Institute. Tel. Seeley 2456.

TELEGRAPHY — RAILWAY CLERKSHIPS; day and night classes; write or call. Chicago Railway and Commercial Inst., 95 Washington-st.

SELF-CULTURE, GRAMMAR, ART, LITERATURE, history, neglected education; specialties. Address H 540, Tribune office.

THE WALLACE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE AND Munson Shorthand School; day, eve. 52 Dearborn.

SHORTHAND, TOUCH TYPEWRITING, BUSINESS course. Gregg School, 57 Washington.

LANGUAGES—THE BALTHAZARD SCHOOL, Steinway hall; native teachers. Tel. Wabash 144.

DAY AND NIGHT SCHOOL ALL YEAR; 3 MOS. nights, $10. Jones' Bus. Coll., 160 Washington.

FOR BEST PRIVATE INSTRUCTOR, MATHEMATICS, physics, English, address H 497, Tribune.

TELEGRAPHY, SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, day & eve.; individual work. 40 Randolph, R. 418.

CHICAGO-KENT COLLEGE OF LAW—EVENING sessions. Athenæum Bldg., 26 Van Buren-st.

MRS. STACEY WILLIAMS, SHERWOOD School; trial of voices free. 714 Fine Arts Bldg.

DAY AND EVENING CLASSES IN JEWELRY engraving. Address College, 1010 Masonic Temple.

MUSICAL.

COLUMBIA SCHOOL OF MUSIC — PIANO, voice, violin, elocution, and dancing. Kimball Hall, 6th floor, Jackson and Wabash.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

WALTZ, 2 STEP, REVERSE GUARANTEED. 6 STRICTLY PRIVATE LESSONS, $2; stage dancing; cakewalk, $2; clog, BUCK, skirt, etc. DRAMATIC ART, elocution, vocal, piano, etc. Miss Leeda Thornton. PROF. RIDGE, 127 La Salle-st., near Madison. Call for circulars.

WALTZ, TWO STEP, LATEST GLIDES, CLASS Tues., Fri., 8 p. m.; Sat. 3. Private lessons daily; 10 lessons, $2.50; stage dances. BENNETT, 438 Athenæum, 26 E. Van Buren-st. Tel. Har. 2419.

PROF. C. HENRY JACOBSEN,
Auditorium Bldg., Wabash-av. entrance.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

RETIRING FROM HARNESS BUSINESS; I have full line of 1¼, 1½, 1¾ team and truck harness, X. C. trimmed; will sell at less than manufacturer's cost. WHEELER, 210 S. Water-st., 3d floor.

FOR SALE—BREWSTER MINIATURE VICTORIA and brougham; only been used a few months; in first class condition. Apply to JULES LEVY, Room 601 Adams Express Building.

WANTED—TEAM HORSES FOR FARM WORK; state quality and lowest price for cash. Address J 177, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—NEARLY NEW station wagon, one of the latest style; rubber tire. 4521 Calumet-av., 2d flat south.

$500 WILL BUY 3 BUSES, COST $700 EACH last year. 131 N. Carpenter-st.

EXCURSIONS AND TRAVEL.

CALIFORNIA AND PACIFIC NORTHWEST—Judson-Alton personally conducted excursions, leaving Chicago every Tuesday and Thursday, via the "Scenic Route," through Colorado and the Rocky Mountains in daylight, provide a through tourist car service to California and Pacific Northwest, making a journey comfortable, economical, and enjoyable. Low one way and round trip rates to California, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Salt Lake City, and Colorado points. Write or call on GEO. H. LENNARTZ, 349 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, for free itinerary.

LOW RATES TO SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE, Denver, 10,000 other points. A. J. GEIS, 203 Clark-st.

SAFES.

WE HAVE 58 SECOND HAND SAFES AND A big lot of new safes, assorted sizes, that we will sell at greatly reduced prices. Sabath Safe and Lock Co., 158 5th-av.

SAFES—NEW AND SECOND HAND SAFES. We are compelled to sell at greatly reduced price, owing to the notice to reduce the weight on our floor. Sabath Safe Co., 158 5th-av.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND hand safes in the city. 52 and 54 Wabash-av.
HALL SAFE AND LOCK CO.

FOR SALE—NEW SAFE, 33 INCHES HIGH; cheap. C. E. GREENAMYER & CO., 168 La Salle-st.

PARTNERS WANTED.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH MONEY; ESTABLISHED trade paper; only one here; good opportunity for right party. Address J 181, Tribune office.

PARTNER WANTED—IN ESTABLISHED business; want intelligent, active man to assist managing and overseeing. AUSTIN, 214 State.

PARTNERSHIP — BUSINESS WITH $9,000 A year clear profit; $8,000 required; close investigation invited. Address J, 107, Tribune office.

GOOD SALESMAN AS PARTNER; MANUFACTURING suits and skirts; running. J 182, Tribune.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGTON-st. Est. 1868. Diamonds, watches, silverware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid for diamonds, gold, duplicate wedds. presents.

15 CENTS A DAY BUYS HIGH GRADE DIAMOND or WATCH; wholesale prices; easy payments; also talking machines on $1 weekly payments. Dept. 23, Walker-Edmund Co., 126 State.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEE & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

PRIVATE DETECTIVE IS OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENT; references from society and business people; all cases given personal attention. Address, for interview, J. BAKER, 221 5th-av., R. 37.

STANLEY'S WESTERN DETECTIVE AGENCY, 228 La Salle-st. Tel. Harrison 700. Satisfactory services guaranteed. References.

CLEANERS, DYERS, AND LAUNDRIES.

AUG. SCHWARTZ, LADIES' AND GENTS' GARMENTS; 3 stores; 158 Illinois-st., 126 Dearborn-st., 539 W. Madison-st. Tel. M. 3520.

COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Main 3047. 54 and 56 39th-st., phone Oak. 539. 554 W. Madison-st., phone Monroe 1131.

PRINTING MATERIAL.

FOUR HEAD POWER PUNCHING MACHINE, $125; 9x13 embossing press, gas head, $100; fine order; immediate delivery. POWELL CO., 406 Dearborn-st.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

4X5 RAY CAMERA, R. R. LENS; DOUBLE swing, $7.50. Cameras rented and exchanged. Developing and printing. Central Camera Co., 31 Adams-st.

PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS; NO ALLOWANCE, no fee; consultation free; established 1864. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 163 Randolph-st. Tel. Franklin 481. Main office, Washington.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 185-187 Wabash-av., general auctioneers. Sales at store every Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2109 Cen.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—50 GOOD SECOND HAND WHEELS at once for country orders; bring wheels and get our cash offer. Mead Cycle Co., 1243 Wabash-av.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

FOR SALE — LOT OAK DOORS AND PAINT. 169 E. Van Buren. G. H. PIERCE.

PRINTING.

1,000 XXX LINEN LETTERHEADS, $1.50; CATALOGUES cheap. FANTUS, 183 Clark-st. Tel. C. 84.

POSTAGE STAMPS, COINS, ETC.

BUY OR SELL—ILLUSTRATED COIN BOOK, 10c. BEN. G. GREEN, 1533 Masonic Temple.

ACCOUNTANTS.

H. P. BURCKHART, 3617 FORRESTVILLE-AV. Telephone Gray 1348. Books balanced, adjusted.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ORANGE BLOSSOMS SENT POSTPAID FOR 25c. Address LILLY BOSSE, Formosa, Orange Co., Fla.

S. D. CHILDS & CO., PRINTERS, BINDERS, and lithographers. 140 Monroe-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS BARGAINS—
Machine shop outfit, Wilmington, Del., $700.
Well established and profitable ladies' tailoring bus., St. Louis, Mo. Fine opening. $5,000.
Partner wanted with $5,000 in N. Y. law company to become salaried officer.
Blacksmith shop and res., Spencer, Mass.
Genl. mdse. stock, store, and res., 1 A., and farming implements, N. Guilford, Conn., $2,500.
Complete grain mill, Conway, N. H., $2,300.
Steam laundry plant, Springfield, Mo., $3,500.
Fancy grocery bus., stock, fixtures, and good will, Newark, N. J. Established 20 yrs. $8,500.
Grain elevator, coal bus., modern 8 room res., and 8 A., Selma, O., $10,000.
Store bldg. and icehouse, Manlius, N. Y.
Bakery bus., Brooklyn, N. Y., $1,800.
Fully equipped red granite quarry, 22 A., Braintree, Mass. Superior qual. granite. $25,000.
5 A. truck land, fruit, and vegetable bus., East Quogue, L. I., N. Y., $1,300.
Steam laundry plant, Christiana, Pa. $3,600.
Genl. mdse. stock, store, and dwel., Philipsport, N. Y. Established trade. $3,000.
Hdwe. stock and bldg., W. Mitchell, Ia. $2,000.
Complete axle mfg. plant, Elizabethtown, Pa. Machinery in good condition. $18,000.
Good double boarding house, Milwaukee.
Patent swivel for fire hose coupling. $1,000.
Electric light plant and water works, supplying desirable residence section of Denver, Colo. Income $13,000 annually. Liberal franchise, including gas rights. $100,000.
Territorial selling rights, 4 square miles, near Joplin, Mo., for imp. ore separator. $4,500.
Limited quantity of stock in large motor carriage company. Orders booked far ahead. Stock guaranteed to pay 10 per cent.
$15,000 wanted for one-third int. and to push bus. of well known N. Y. Cancer Cure Co. Successfully used for 20 years.
$150,000 preferred stock in company promoting Colorado canon enterprise. Property 880 A. near Colo. Springs. Bonus in common stock. Large income from admissions, transportation, photo privileges, etc. 12 per cent investment.
Grocery and meat market, stock and fixtures, Providence, R. I. Established bus. $2,600.
Patent rights on automatic vehicle brake, inexpensive and thoroughly practical. $10,000.
Res., physician's practice, and small stock of drugs, Laurel Hill, Tenn., $850.
100 shares of stock in Chicago company manufacturing breath perfume. $5,500.
Furnished hotel, Iuka, Miss., 50 r. main bldg., cottages, 39. Modern impts. $14,000.
Limited amt. of stock in Perfect Fuel Co., Wilmington, Del., to equip demonstrating and mfg. plant. Shares 10c each.
Four story mfg. bldg., occupying 4 lots, Denver, Colo., in center of wholesale district. Heavily constructed. Equipped with 75 H. P. engine, boilers, 2 elevators, heating apparatus, etc. Pays 6 per cent net. $100,000.
Fine summer hotel property, Somerset Co., N. J. Nearly new and thoroughly modern. Large grounds. Cottages, casino, stables, etc.
50,000 shares in large gold mining and milling company of Oregon. 10c each.
Furnished hotel, Augusta, Ky., 33 rooms. First class condition. No competition. $14,000.
Up to date stock of hardware and fixtures, Woodhill, Ill. Good location. $6,500.
Dental bus., Cedar Rapids, Ia. $500.
Drug bus., Lafayette, Ind., $4,000.
Hotel furniture and fixt., Mt. Desert Ferry, Me. Fine bus. opportunity. $7,420.
100 shares stock in well known patent pharmaceutical remedy company, N. Y. City. $8,500.
Drug bus., Bonaparte, Ia. Good stock and fixt. Bus. established 7 years. $7,000.
Circular saw mill, lath mill, and 800 A. timber land, Butler Co., Pa. $12,000.
Restaurant bus., Hamilton-st., Phila. $750.
$5,000 to start stone business. Ohio.
Tag and patent envelope bus., Minneapolis. Established bus. Exceptional opportunity. $6,500.
Electric light plant in Columbus, Kans., earning $6,000 annually. Price $14,000.
Res., store, sugar outfit, and 182 A., Wayne Co., Pa. Timber on land. $5,500.
50,000 shares of stock in Chuckawalla Mining and Milling Co., Los Angeles, Cal. $12,500.
Enamel front and fire brick bus., Milltown, N. J. Established trade. $18,000.
Apartment house, luncheon, and tea room bus. Furniture, fixt., and good will, N. 20th-st., N. Y. City. 40 rooms, well furnished. $18,000.
Res., warehouse, barn, 3 lots, and stock of farm implements in Eastern Iowa. $2,400.
Patent draft attachment for plows. Easily adjusted. Labor saving device. $5,000.
Res., blacksmith, and wagon shop, implement house, and about 3 A., Roselle, Ia. $2,400.
Flour, grain, feed, and provision bus., store, and two 8 room cottages, Quebec, Can. Established trade. Large profits. $9,200.
Shoes, gents' furnishings, and grocery bus., Union Bridge, Md. $4,000.
Completely furnished hotel and grounds, Avon Park, Fla. Fine location for sanitarium. $15,000.
W. M. OSTRANDER,
1446 North American Bldg., Philada.

DON'T INCORPORATE UNTIL YOU HAVE seen our free booklet and Corporation Guide; we are doing the largest corporation business in America, and can quickly organize and finance any meritorious enterprise at minimum expense; charters obtained for less than one-tenth usual cost; stocks guaranteed; we will furnish gold bonds to approved corporations for the purpose of guaranteeing investors absolutely against loss; patents sold and promoted. If you contemplate incorporation, or need capital for any purpose, let us show you the only sure way to secure it. American Corporation and Securities Co., South Bend, Ind.

$800 BUYS SOUTH SIDE RESTAURANT CLEARING $1,300 per year; investigation solicited.
$750 FOR ELECTRIC AND SUPPLY BUSINESS in city of 40,000; business $6,000 annually.
$600 FOR FINE SOUTH SIDE CONFECTIONERY and bakery lunch; sales $18 daily.
T. M. WOOD & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—$10,000, 6 MONTHS, ON NOTE OF U. S. corporation in Mexico with tangible assets in sight worth $100,000; no debts; not a mine; give bonus that can be sold for $10,000 before note is due; will divide; how much of it will you take? Principals only. Address J 128, Tribune office.

SOUND CORPORATION DESIRES SERVICES of bright man with $10,000 to $15,000; will show you dollar for dollar and match you in business ability; nothing speculative or uncertain; handling public necessity. Address J 118, Tribune office.

$2,500 BUYS RETIRING PARTNER'S HALF INTEREST established cash business clearing $400 monthly; business can positively be doubled.
HALL & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH SOME MONEY, manufacturing refrigerator, hardware, and metal articles, equipped machine shop, foundry, and polishing and plating plant; have good orders. Address D 480, Tribune office.

$15 BUYS STOCK IN 100 DIFFERENT COMPANIES; gigantic combination of investors; absolute safety. American Corporation Trust, Denver, Colo.

IF YOU HAVE $500 TO $1,000 AND LOOKING for a safe investment where you can get a steady position, investigate this ad.; bank reference. Address T T 474, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS TYPEWRITING, shorthand, and reporting business in Colorado; clearing $4,000 yearly; give reporting refs. Address H V 6, Tribune office.

WANTED—PARTY WITH FROM $25,000 TO $50,000 to purchase retiring partner's half interest in an old established manufacturing business; highest refs. required. Address H 287, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—HARDWARE BUSINESS; GOOD location. Inquire 223 N. Clark-st.; part cash and part clear lots.

FREE—100 LOTS TO ADVERTISE WILDWOOD Lake Park, suburb New York; send stamp for deed 25 feet. Seaside Co., 187 K. Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—MAN, WITH $5,000, TO INVEST AND take active control established money maker; safe. Address M L 496, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A PROFITABLE BUSINESS MANUFACTURING a new art glass, with instructions; Address G S 38, Tribune office.

OFFICE MAN—SALARY AND EXPENSES will net $3,000 a year; $200 cash required. Call at 385 Wabash-av., Abbott Co.

$100 STARTS MANUFACTURING, TRAVELING, office or mail order proposition. 517, 35 Randolph.

$500 BUYS HALF INTEREST ESTABLISHED money making business. 324 Dearborn-st., R. 1210.

SONG WRITER AND PUBLISHER WANTS active party to join him. Address J 114, Tribune.

WISH TO INVEST $5,000 CASH; WHAT HAVE you? Address J 129, Tribune office.

LADY WILL SELL FOR CASH OLD ADVERTISED remedy. Address J 104, Tribune office.

$2,500 AND SERVICES SECURES $5,000 YEARLY with wealthy company. A 395, Tribune office.

GAS AND ELECTRICAL FIXTURES.

E. BAGGOT CO., 169-171 E. ADAMS-ST., MANUFACTURERS and retailers. Special designs.

SPRECKELS BALKED IN A FIGHT.

Is Unable to Get Control of San Francisco Gas and Electric Business and in Campaign for Revenge.

San Francisco, Cal., March 3.—[Special.]—The campaign of revenge which Claus Spreckels has been waging against the San Francisco Gas and Electric company is now being waged in the open. In order to get control of the concern Spreckels has bid up the price from $48 to $58 per share, but the directors refuse to sell. Three years ago the sugar magnate started an independent electric and gas company in order to be revenged on the San Francisco company, which had smudged his fine new building with smoke from their high chimney. Spreckels had asked them to abate the nuisance, but they did nothing. Since then the company has made little money because of his persistent warfare. He has bought all the other gas and electric plants except the San Francisco, and tried to get control of this by pretending that an eastern syndicate desired to buy all lighting and power plants. Interest is added to the fight by the fact that Spreckels' youngest son, Rudolph, is a director in the company which his father is trying to crush.

WOMAN IS HELD FOR PERJURY.

Mrs. Maria L. Sobia Charged with Making False Statements to Avoid Paying a Judgment.

For alleged perjury in making a schedule to avoid a sheriff's execution Mrs. Maria L. Sobia, 2498 Indiana avenue, was held to the Criminal court yesterday by Justice Hall. The charge was preferred by William J. Moore, 1601 West Adams street, and who on April 26, 1900, secured a judgment against Mrs. Sobia for money due on some furniture. When an attempt was made to serve the execution Mrs. Sobia alleged that she was the head of a family living in Cook county, and that she was entitled to $400 exemption. An investigation revealed that she had no family here.

IN THE INSURANCE FIELD.

TREZEVANT & COCHRAN COMPLICATE ARKANSAS SITUATION.

Announce That They Will Not Withdraw from the State Until the Expiration of the Sixty Days of Grace—Chicago Managers Hope Companies Will Force a Change of Plan—Ætna Life Revives the Old Ætna Accident Company.

The Arkansas situation, which is agitating western insurance interests just now, was complicated yesterday by the issuance of notice to their agents by Trezevant & Cochran, the largest general agents in the south, that they would not retire from the state, if the anti-trust bill was passed, till the end of the sixty days allowed for compliance with the law. The Chicago managers having jurisdiction in Arkansas had agreed to retire as soon as the bill was signed, so that the relation between cause and effect might be close and unmistakable, and they hold that to stay in for sixty days will minimize the influence of withdrawal. They express the hope that if the test comes the large and important companies represented by Trezevant & Cochran will insist on coöperation.

His union managerial associates in Chicago had intended to give a farewell banquet to R. M. Bissell of Cofran & Bissell, western managers of the Hartford, when he left to assume his new duties as vice president of the company. His recent illness prevented that, and so they decided to give him a testimonial. This took the shape of a mahogany office desk, with a gold plate suitably inscribed, which was sent to him yesterday.

In referring to the examination of the National Life of the United States of America by the Illinois insurance department it was stated that the department had accepted the company's valuation of the policies. The reverse was true, the company accepting the department's valuation.

The Royal Exchange has taken up its agency with Fred S. James & Co. and for the present will make no other appointment. J. E. Hendry, the company's special agent, will write outside business through his office, and as soon as his present lease has expired will take larger quarters in the National Life building.

The Ætna Life has revived the Ætna Accident company, whose charter it has owned for many years, and is applying to the Connecticut legislature for permission to change its name to the Ætna Accident and Casualty company, and to add liability, fidelity, plate glass, burglary, and a sprinkler leakage to the lines it is authorized to transact. The officers of the company are frank in saying that they want to be in position to carry on their business in case the decision in the Illinois and Ohio cases, questioning their right to do liability as well as life and accident business, should go against them.

It is announced in Indiana that Booth Tarkington, who had charge of the anti-compact bill in the house, will let it die in the committee of corporations, to which it was referred. The explanation is that the business interests that were pushing it have got concessions from the companies and have lost their interest in the bill.

NEWS OF THE COURTS

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Holdom—216579—Julia Johnson vs. City; on findg., $1,250.

Judge Chytraus—214368—Emma Featherstone vs. Newberry Warehouse & Storage Co. and Walter C. Griswold; motion n. t. denied and judgt., $65; appl.

Judge Gary—214771—Francis M. Smith vs. Agnes Gosselin; on findg. for pltf., $200; satisfied.—215373—John Clifford vs. Am. Oak Leather Co.; on ver., $1,000; satisfied.

Judge Stein—217228—Homer M. Stewart vs. City; on findg., $400.—201129—Herman Emmert vs. City; on findg., $130.

Judge Kavanagh—218294—Jeremiah Collins vs. William Goldie & Sons; on ver., $325; satisfied.—220426—Frank Wepner vs. Adams & Westlake Co.; on ver., $161; satisfied.—228538—Henry Schreiber vs. The Westernholm Co.; on ver., $85; satisfied.

Judge Tuley—18059—Marshall McDaniels vs. I. C. R. R. Co.; on findg., $400; satisfied.

Judge Baker—J. A. Patton vs. E. D. Arnold; on findg., $75; appl.—228374—J. A. Patton vs. James J. Hock; on findg., $75.—228375—J. A. Patton vs. Frank H. Novak; on findg., $75.—228376—J. A. Patton vs. E. Littlefield; on findg., $75.—228378—J. A. Patton vs. Edward F. Cullerton; on findg., $75.—228377—J. A. Patton vs. J. B. Guthrie; on findg., $75.—228813—J. A. Patton vs. George F. Roberts; on findg., $75.—229814—J. A. Patton vs. E. Littlefield et al.; on findg., $75.

Judge Brown—230543—Emil Senicka vs. Charles H. Lever; on findg., $100; satisfied.

Judge Clifford—234555—Wm. Butler vs. Morana Const. Co.; on findg., $750; satisfied.—229865—Chas. Husiek vs. Cable Co.; on ver., $50; satisfied.

Judge Dunne—235288—Ellen Quirk, adm. est. of Wm. Quirk, vs. I. C. R. R. Co.; on findg. for pltf., $1,500; satisfied.

Decrees.

Judge Chytraus—6029—Lemp Brg. Co. vs. Baschi; dec.—225392—Hutchinson vs. Green; dec.—6185—P. B. Soc. vs. Kesner; dec. sale.

Judge Baker—4493—Klein vs. Kehl; dec.

Judge Vail—4161—Voorhees vs. Voorhees; dec. div.

Judge Gibbons—1360 [B. R.]—McDonnell vs. McDonnell; dec.—4409—Preston vs. Moulton; dec. sale.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

8871—Samuel S. Shaffer; liabilities, $2,566; assets, $4,308. Spencer Ward, atty.

8872—Francis B. Lane; liabilities, $8,003; assets, $239. Lloyd Whitman, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge Gibbons—Trial call [law], 10451, 6670, 10271, 10190, 234783. On trial, 7329.

Judge Tuley—Trial call [law], 2150, 2236, 2341, 2352, 1904, 1146, 1205, 1749, 1796. On trial, 1976.

Judge Hanecy—Trial call [law], 311511, 6128, 4143, 4205, 4320, 4655, 4809, 5279, 5466, 5689, 1807, 5733, 5796, 5803, 5844, 5872.

Judge Tuthill—Trial call [law], 2547, 4224, 4234, 3203, 3702, 1346, 3663½, 4267, 4303, 4334, 4361, 4401, 3299, 8310, 4357, 214178, 3897.

Judge Brown—Cases under advisement.

Judge Clifford—First call, 1 to 100, inc. Trial call [law], 10415, 10425, 10458, 10469, 10480, 8495, 9548, 9652. On trial, 10393.

Judge Baker—Trial call [law], 6256, 6095, 6628.

Judge Vail—Trial call [law], 1048, 2220, 7752, 7128, 3093.

Judge Dunne—Chancery trial calendar, 3729, 2851, 232278, 20594. On trial, 139102.

Judge Bishop—No court.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Judge Holdom—Motions of course. Trial call [chancery], 5446, 5754.

Judge Chytraus—Trial call [chancery], 212358, 5193, 6411, 6079, 6153, 5417, 5299, 5347, 6067, 4561, 225079.

Judge Gary—Trial call [law], 10220, 10505, 3069, 9795, 10506, 10556, 7195, 5021, 9225, 193569, 9223, 10146.

Judge Stein—Trial call [law], 2537, 2068, 2079, 1300, 9053, 9057, 9070, 9100, 9146, 9193, 9239, 9760, 9797, 9798, 9878, 10038, 10153, 1938, 10296, 10433, 10649.

Judge Hutchinson—Trial call [law], 2212, 2239, 8618, 7421, 2211, 6694, 8906, 8277, 8765, 8270, 13296, 8931, 14882, 6818. On trial, 8912.

Judge Kavanagh—Trial call [law], 10444, 10446, 10487, 10531, 10572, 10573, 10574, 10575, 10613, 10621, 10662, 10664, 10666, 10746, 8996, 10199. Note—Friday, first call, 601 to 700, inc.

COUNTY COURT.

Judge Carter—No announcement.

Judge Ruth—City special assessment calendar, 101. Legal objections and benefits in 2743, 27442, 27464, 27473, 27498, 27499, 27503, 27504, 27505, 27513.

PROBATE COURT.

Judge Cutting—10 a. m.—Motions and set cases. Estates of F. W. Bipper, E. F. Runyan. Set cases 10:30 a. m.—Florence C. Post. 2:15 p. m.—Set cases, Charles J. Reed, Caroline Clark, Catherine Noonan, Wilbart B. Overlfrock, Pincus Zchen.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Judge Chetlain—Call not extended.
Judge Brentano—Trial call, 3392, 3395.
Judge Horton—Call not extended.
Judge Smith—Quasi-criminal calendar.
Judge Neely—Trial call, 3382, 3797, 3798, 3034, 3369, 3602.
Judge McEwen—Trial call, 3630, 3631, 3710, 3687, 3225, 3707, 3709, 3393, 3399.

FEDERAL COURTS.

United States Circuit court—Judge Humphrey—Calendar 37. On trial, 31.
Judge Kohlsaat—Motions of course.
United States District court—Judge Kohlsaat—Motions of course.

United States Supreme Court.

Washington, D. C., March 3.—[Special.]—Supreme court of the United States, Tuesday, March 3, 1903.—

Present: The chief justice, Mr. Justice Harlan, Mr. Justice Brewer, Mr. Justice Brown, Mr. Justice White, Mr. Justice Peckham, Mr. Justice Holmes, and Mr. Justice Day.

Edward L. Smith of Hartford, Conn., was admitted to practice.

The chief justice announced the following order of the court:

4—Original—The state of Missouri, complainant, vs. the state of Illinois et al.; ordered that in addition to the testimony heretofore taken herein the parties may resume the taking of testimony on March 9, 1903, and proceed with all convenient speed so that all of the testimony shall be filed in the office of the clerk of this court on or before Oct. 12 next.

181—John A. Brill et al., petitioners, vs. the Peckham Motor Truck and Wheel company; argument was continued by Mr. Francis Rawle for the petitioners and by Mr. William A. Megrath and Mr. C. H. Duell for the respondent, and concluded by Mr. Frederick P. Fish for the petitioners; leave was granted to the respondent to file an additional brief within five days.

183—Joseph J. Martin et al., petitioners, vs. the steamship Southwark; argued by Mr. John F. Lewis for the petitioners and by Mr. N. Dubois Miller for the respondent.

Adjourned until tomorrow at 12 o'clock. The day call for Wednesday, March 4, will be as follows: 184, 186 (and 187), 188, 219, 409, 384, 189, 190, 191, and 192.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.

Postage paid in the United States (outside of Chicago city limits) and in Canada and Mexico.

Daily, without Sunday, one year	$4.00
Daily, without Sunday, six months	2.00
Daily, without Sunday, three months	1.25
Daily, without Sunday, two months	1.00
Daily, without Sunday, one month	.50
Daily, with Sunday, one year	6.50
Daily, with Sunday, six months	3.25
Daily, with Sunday, three months	2.00
Daily, with Sunday, one month	.75
Sunday issue, one year	2.50
Sunday issue, one month	.25

Give postoffice address in full, including county and state.

Remit by express, money order, draft, or in registered letter, at our risk.

BY CARRIER, IN THE CITY.

Daily, single copy	2 cents
Sunday, single copy	5 cents
Daily, per week	13 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week	17 cents
Daily, per month	50 cents
Daily and Sunday, per month	75 cents

NEW YORK—164 WORLD BUILDING.
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING.

Persons wishing to take "The Tribune" by carrier may order it by postal card or telephone—Central 667. When delivery is irregular make complaint.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 16 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 28 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1903.

BANKS AND DEMOCRATS.

The Aldrich bill has been defeated by a combination which nobody would have thought possible—by an alliance of national banks and democrats. For the first time since the national banking system was established have the democrats been on the same side of any question as the banks. They are not with the banks now because of any newborn love for them, but because the Aldrich bill is a republican measure and must be opposed for that reason, since no other reason suggests itself.

The banks object to the provision requiring them to pay interest on deposits. They pay none now. They contend that it will be unprofitable for them to accept government deposits, even when allowed to use other than government bonds as security, if they are required to pay 1½ per cent interest. Senator Aldrich introduced his bill a little over four weeks ago, but not until there appeared to be a prospect of its passage did the banks make the discovery that the interest requirement was objectionable. They may have hoped that it would be stricken out of the bill, and that the volume of government deposits would be increased and would return a large profit to the banks. The interest requirement has seemed so fair to business men that they would have protested if the bill had been amended.

If funds flow into the treasury next summer and fall more rapidly than they flow out, and there are complaints of a contraction of the currency, and the secretary of the treasury is appealed to for relief, he will be in no better condition to give it than he was last year. He will be obliged to explain that the banks and the democrats were opposed to legislation which would have enabled him to put into circulation the money locked up in the treasury vaults.

A HINT FOR THE CHIEF OF POLICE.

Evidently there are saloons which are not closed at midnight, but which ought to be. If they were there would be less stabbing and shooting. There is a saloon on the southwest side where a police officer found four men at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. The officer, who seems to have a better idea of his duty than many patrolmen have, ordered the men out and was stabbed by one of them. Being a plucky fellow, he arrested three of the gang. The saloon keeper protests innocence. He says the four men would not let him close at midnight. Credulous people may believe him. Those who know the ways of the ordinary saloon keeper will not.

Monday morning at 2 o'clock a north side saloon was open and the barkeeper shot two of his customers whom he suspected of evil designs. He thought they intended to rob him or cheat him out of the price of their drinks. The two men were hard cases, like so many of the frequenters of all night saloons. The peace of the community will be promoted by their temporary retirement to a hospital.

The two saloon incidents add force to the suggestion of the last grand jury that there should be a more rigid enforcement of the midnight closing ordinance. It is plain that many of the saloons which keep open all night depend for custom on the criminal or quasi-criminal classes. They are saloons whose proprietors should be forced by the chief of police to respect the midnight closing ordinance. Perhaps the wound received by one of his deserving subordinates will call his attention to the subject.

COMMISSIONERS AND JUDGES.

The constitution says the number of deputies and assistants of Cook county officers—of whom the sheriff is one—shall be determined by the judges of the Circuit court, but that their compensation shall be determined by the county board. The board in its budget has given the sheriff a smaller number of employés than the judges allowed him. It did not do that because he is a democrat, but because the work of his office has fallen off and he does not really need all the men the judges have given him. In view of the clear language of the constitution it would have been better if the board had laid the matter before the judges, had explained to them that too many men had been allowed, and had asked them to reconsider their action.

On the other hand it would have been better if the judges before determining the number of deputies and assistants had given the board, which has to provide for the payment of their salaries, an opportunity to be heard and to explain the financial condition of the county and the need of economy. The judges may not have known then, though they must know now, that the county has been living beyond its income for several years. That is a state of affairs which must not be permitted to continue.

The commissioners should respect the prerogatives of the judges of the circuit court. They in turn should be mindful of the fact that the commissioners hold the purse strings. They fix the salaries of deputies and assistants. Furthermore, they have to provide not only for the maintenance of the sheriff's office but for the maintenance of other departments of the county government, including hospitals and asylums. They must be permitted to exercise some degree of discretion as to the amount each department shall receive.

CONGRESS AND THE PRESIDENT.

The congress whose life ends today has failed to act on some important questions. It has been neglectful of Cuba. If the tariff legislation for the Philippines, of which there is crying need, is enacted, it will be in the closing minutes of the session. On the other hand, the Fifty-seventh congress has enacted so much wholesome legislation and defeated so many bad measures that it has made amends for its shortcomings.

The ship subsidy bill and the statehood bill have not been allowed to pass. The Philippine islands have been given a stable currency. The regular army has been made more efficient. A general militia law has been passed. The last vestige of the war taxes of 1898 has been swept away. The duty on coal has been suspended for a year. The department of commerce and labor has been established. Provision has been made for the expansion of the cultivable area of the United States by the irrigation of arid lands. Laws which will make it possible to handle the trust question more effectively have been placed upon the statute books. After years of discussion the construction of a canal to unite the Atlantic and Pacific oceans finally has been determined upon.

The work of the Fifty-seventh congress testifies not only to its ability to legislate but to the influence which has been exercised by the president. The constitution makes it his duty to recommend to the consideration of congress measures which he deems "necessary and expedient." President Roosevelt has recommended legislation on many subjects. Some of them would have been acted on had he been silent. There are others which would not have been. But for his urgency it is questionable whether there would have been any anti-trust legislation. But for him and the secretary of war there would be no general staff law or militia law. The irrigation project is indebted to the president for its success.

Presidential initiative when wisely exercised is still a great factor in legislation, but there evidently are limits to the influence of a president. Not all the legislation asked for by President Roosevelt has been enacted. He made an appeal on behalf of the Cubans, but the beet sugar men had more influence with congress than the president had. If the duties on Philippine products are not lowered it will be because the beet sugar and tobacco interests are arrayed against the measure.

So great a proportion of the legislation deemed "necessary and expedient" by the president has been secured that he doubtless will accept philosophically the temporary defeat of some measures he has at heart. What the present congress has left undone the next congress will look after.

THE DELAWARE SCANDAL.

Two senators have been elected in Delaware, and J. Edward Addicks is not one of them. He is disappointed, but not discouraged. Two years hence the legislature will elect a senator who will serve a full term, and Mr. Addicks is already planning to be the man. He has gained one point. Of the two senators elected day before yesterday one is his man and will do all he can through the possible control of federal patronage to aid his chief. The shameful work of debauching the Delaware electorate will be continued. It has been carried so far that a large percentage of voters, ordinarily classed as respectable, sell their votes as a matter of course. If a few more voters can be demoralized next year Mr. Addicks may be able to get a clear majority in the legislature and be put in the United States senate for six years.

It is possible that the regular republicans and the democrats will unite to repeal what is known as the voters' assistant law. It is the law which permits a voter who says he is too ignorant to mark his ballot to take a man into the polling booth with him to show him how to do it. Upon the assistant's report that the man has voted as he was paid to vote he gets his money. The repeal of the law will deprive the buyer of votes of trustworthy information as to whether the goods actually have been delivered, and will lessen the value of a corruption fund.

If something of this kind is not done by the present legislature, Addicks' long and disgraceful senatorial campaign, which has converted the ballot in Delaware into a mere purchasable commodity, may reach a successful conclusion two years hence.

THE FINGER PRINT SYSTEM.

Josiah Flynt, the well known student of sociology and criminology, has recently visited Scotland Yard for the study of police methods in London. He reports his observations in the March number of the North American Review and in the course of the article brings out a point which may not be generally known. It is that in the English police methods the Bertillon system of measuring criminals as a means of identification has been discarded in favor of finger prints.

The finger print system was introduced by the home office at the instance of the assistant commissioner of police, who had made careful experiments with it while serving in the police administration of India and who became satisfied by the results of the experiments that it was greatly superior to as well as simpler than the Bertillon system. The commissioner assigns several reasons why the finger print is a more effective means of establishing identity. It only needs a piece of tin and some printers' ink, whereas the instruments used in the Bertillon system are costly and likely to get out of order. Measurers by the latter system must be trained experts, but anyone after a half hour's practice can take finger prints. If Bertillon measurements are taken inaccurately or are read or transcribed incorrectly no change can be made, but in taking finger prints there can be no error made. Again, a margin has to be allowed in the Bertillon system for "the personal equation error" of operators, but no such allowance is needed in the other system. Lastly, in the Bertillon system search for a certain record has to be made "according to the somewhat complicated limits and subsidiary limits of a figured 'key,' the details of which even practiced searchers could not be trusted to commit to memory, whereas in the other system no key is required. The classifications are simple and the search an easy one.

Mr. Flynt illustrates the rapidity and ease with which the search is made by his own case, two sets of impressions of his fingers having been taken, one of them located in the general file, and identified by the operator having the duplicate in less than two minutes. As to the possibilities of confusing resemblances, Sir Francis Galton, the scientist, declares that "not one finger impression out of 64,000,000,000 is likely to resemble the other." From all this it appears that the finger print system has everything in its favor—inexpensiveness, simplicity of operation, absolute freedom from error, ease in recording and searching, the absence of all complication, and, best of all, infallibility, which seldom has been claimed for the Bertillon system. As its points of superiority to the latter are so manifest and so well established by actual use in one of the most famous centers of police administration, it would seem wise for our own police authorities to look into the matter a little with the view of increasing the efficiency of the service by adopting the modern method of preserving a record of criminals.

THE GAMBLING MANIA.

It seems to be conceded generally by those who are in a position to know that the gambling mania in its various forms prevails to a serious extent in this city, not only among the fast set but among the employés of business houses. This is the really alarming feature of the situation. Sons of wealthy parents, fast young fellows, giddy girls, and reckless women may gamble at the gaming table, at the racetrack, or in the poolroom or bucket shop, but as a rule they only injure themselves. They usually gamble from love of excitement. But when the employés of business houses, clerks, bookkeepers, managers, or agents, having confidential relations with the house in some cases, gamble because of their mania to get rich quick they may harm others as well as themselves. They have no intention at the outset of being dishonest. It is the desire to make a large sum out of the small amount on hand that induces the first step. Nine times out of ten the next stage is debt. Then comes embezzlement to get even and try again, with the intention, of course, of returning the amount, but in most cases the victim only gets in deeper and deeper, and the last stage is ruin.

The matter has become so serious at last that it has engaged the serious attention of business employers and guaranty companies. The secretary of one of the largest guaranty companies says "the risks guaranty companies run are great and the number of losses grows more frequent. We have been unable to form a satisfactory estimate of the actual number of shortages due to gambling, but they are undoubtedly numerous." It is a difficult matter to deal with, for there are many ways of gambling without going to a gambling house, or a racetrack, or poolroom, but perhaps employers could protect themselves to a certain extent if they would give notice that any employé known to engage in gambling of any description will be discharged at once. Most employés would hesitate a long time when they had to decide between the excitement of gambling or bookmaking and the loss of their business positions.

"THE SMITHS, a Magazine for people named Smith. Detroit, Mich. Volume 1, Number 1." It is strange nobody ever thought of that before.

SPOILSMEN in the legislature do doubtless have something* laid by for a Rainey day.

*To throw.

MR. LINCOLN STEFFENS will do well to keep away from St. Louis until 1904.

IT would be a coincidence worth something if the Panama canal could be assured and the Illinois and Michigan canal killed off on the same day.

IN the meantime the esteemed Atlanta Constitution has achieved a scoop on the whole country.

AGAIN, women are sometimes irritable because other women are so irritating.

IF there are any other Mrs. Smoots let them now come forward or forever after hold their peace.

THERE are times when senatorial curtness would be a great improvement over the other.

ALSO, if you have the grip, go home yourself.

THE trouble will come when the Oklahoma legislature tackles golf.

ON the strength of its new city directory Baltimore claims a population of 664,725. This will give Boston and St. Louis something else to think about.

MR. WELLINGTON of Maryland is about to drop into a nice little place in oblivion that will just fit him.

MR. FLANAGAN of the county commissioners must be in error when he speaks of the Illinois and Michigan canal as being the home of tadpoles. How could a tadpole live in that festering ditch?

IN A MINOR KEY.

Equal Even to That.

"I wouldn't marry you if you were the last man on earth!"

"O, yes, you would, for I should ask you just the same."

His Dilemma.

But here the novelist paused and nibbled his penholder.

"If I make the hero knock the ruffian out," he reflected, "it will be disgustingly conventional, and if I make the ruffian whip the hero I shall be overwhelmed with letters from impressionable young women, calling me a heartless wretch and a brute."

Whereupon he decided to call the fight off.

Infallible Prescription.

"Lean purses?" Want a medicine
That's guaranteed to fatten 'em?
Take the advice of Edison
And find a mine of platinum.

Helping Him Along.

"Then there is such a thing as heart failure, is there, doctor?" said the handsome young widow.

"Certainly, madam," responded the bashful young physician. "The records of the profession are full of——"

"It's a perfectly unnecessary disease, isn't it, doctor?"

On this hint he spake.

Opportunities Limited.

Inquirer (at cross roads postoffice)—"Anything here fur Mose Higgins, or Cal Burnside, or Mary McGraw, or the Dunbars, or Pete Collins, or Lafe Jackson, or Bob Phillips, or Kingsley's folks, or Dave Underhill, or Sam Walker, or Sue Miller, or Hi Billingsley, or Pap Shinn, or Doc Haines?"

Postmaster's Daughter—"Guess you forgot one, didn't you?"

Inquirer—"Yes; and Lucindy Awlpaugh?"

Postmaster's Daughter (handing it over)—"I thought you'd forgot her. Here's a postal card for Lucindy. Her aunt Cal is coming to visit her next Monday."

Inquirer—"Well, I must be gittin' home. Anything new goin' on?"

Postmaster's Daughter—"Nothin' that I know of but that. All the others was letters."

C. W. T.

PERSONAL.

Ira D. Sankey, the sweet singer of Moody and Sankey days, is 72 years old.

Mme. Patti usually eats chicken three times a day. It is her favorite dish.

Frau Aniela Renzinska, who died a few days ago at Vienna, was a godchild of Napoleon Bonaparte.

Much of the popularity of the king of Norway and Sweden is due to his perfect accessibility to all his subjects.

Temple Prime, a well known conchologist, and author on works of genealogy, died recently at Huntington, L. I.

David J. Hill, new United States minister to Switzerland, has presented his credentials to President Deucher at Berne.

Horatio Rogers, who has just resigned from the Supreme court of Rhode Island, has presented his private library to the state.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1903: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S physicians are exceedingly anxious that he should take an absolute and complete rest, and that without delay. He has for the last twelve years or more—in fact, ever since he succeeded to the throne, persistently overtaxed his physical and nervous strength. Both of these are phenomenal. But, great as they are—superior, indeed, to those of 999 men out of every thousand—they are apt in the long run to break down.

This is what his medical attendants apprehend. He has been worried and wrought up to a far greater degree than anybody would be willing to believe over this business in Venezuela, and, to put it mildly, his nerves are on edge.

Since his dismissal of Prince Bismarck from the post of chancellor the monarch has become so indispensable a factor in every branch of the administration of the kingdom of Prussia and of the German empire, the initiating power in everything that is undertaken, that it would be impossible for the emperor to take that absolute rest which his consort and physicians demand unless some one takes his place as regent.

The only one qualified for the post by the law of the kingdom and the constitution of the empire is the young crown prince, who, as I have often pointed out in these letters, is, thanks to the magnificent education which he has received from his father, mature far beyond his years. In the event of his assuming for a few weeks the reins of power he would be assisted probably by his uncle, Prince Henry, and by his cousin, Prince Albert, the regent of Brunswick, and might be trusted to do nothing that would in any way displease his father while temporarily filling the latter's place.

It may be remembered that the late Emperor Frederick, while crown prince, on two occasions took his father's place as regent, although his political ideas were diametrically opposed to those of the old kaiser. There is, therefore, a precedent for the present crown prince's appointment as regent, and no objection could be raised thereto by the rulers of the nonprussian states of the empire.

It speaks volumes, however, for the emperor that this possibility of his taking a few weeks' absolute rest is creating a profound sensation, not unmixed with uneasiness, in administrative and political circles in Germany. He has come to be looked upon to such a degree as the mainspring of the entire administrative machinery and as the initiator of every phase of activity of German life that his subjects do not quite see how they will be able to get along without him even for a brief period.

Of course he has his faults, which occasionally expose him to criticism. Every man of strong character, with warm blood in his veins and a generous heart, has these faults, which constitute the Rembrandt shading to the portrait. But, taken altogether, he is a monarch who as a man commands to a greater extent the sympathetic interest and the admiration of people on both sides of the Atlantic—even in France—than any other ruler in the world, and it must be borne in mind that he has achieved this in spite of many discouraging disadvantages.

For a number of circumstances, for some of which he was in no wise responsible, contributed to render him exceedingly unpopular both at home and abroad at the time of his succession to the throne, when few people understood him and nearly all misjudged him. Moreover, he has been handicapped to an almost incredible extent by his malady of the ear, productive at times of the most agonizing pain and of sleepless nights, and also by his crippled arm, which he manages so wonderfully that many who approach him remain ignorant of the fact that there is anything the matter with the limb.

Lord De La Warr has followed the example of Lord Rodney in allowing only a few days to elapse between the completion of his divorce and his remarriage. His new countess was a Miss Tredcroft, and he has married her at Cannes, in the south of France, previously notifying the British consul of his intentions. His first wife, it may be remembered, was a daughter of Lord Brassey, that "Muriel" who figures in such a charming light in the late Lady Brassey's popular book entitled "The Voyage of the Sunbeam."

The divorce was granted in her favor and against the earl last year, the co-respondent in the case being an actress, whom Lord De La Warr described as "acting under the name of Miss Turner," and who, in a letter addressed by him to his first wife, he declared was so indispensable to his happiness that he could not live without her.

The co-respondent figured under her stage name of Miss Turner in the divorce proceedings, and it is now incumbent upon Lord De La Warr to state whether there is any identity between the Miss Tredcroft, whom he has married, and the lady with the stage name of Miss Turner, for whose sake he admittedly left his first wife.

Requests are sometimes costly to the recipient. When the late Lord Acton died he left his world famed library, the most celebrated collection of books on the history of the various Christian churches that there is in existence, to the Rt. Hon. John Morley. The latter, who is not a man of means, and who realized that it would be most ungracious to dispose of it by sale, presented it to the university library of Cambridge.

The latter has now been called upon to foot a bill for $2,000 for the cost of the removal of the books to Cambridge from Aldenham Park, the late Lord Acton's country seat.

In addition to this the structural alterations necessitated at the university library to house the books, the provision of book cases, etc., are estimated at $12,000. Then the work of scientifically cataloguing the library, which will extend over four years, will absorb another $11,000, while the printing of the catalogue and the rebinding of the books will eat up still another $10,000, so that the total estimated cost to the University of Cambridge entailed by the acceptance of this gift from John Morley will amount to in the neighborhood of $35,000.

One of the most notable figures in Russian society has just been gathered to his fathers—namely: Prince Nicholas Dadian, eldest son and heir of the last reigning prince of Mingrelia, a transcaucasian sovereignty, which was annexed by Russia forty or fifty years ago.

Russia in annexing Mingrelia endowed the dispossessed ruler with large estates, and incorporated his family among the ranks of the high Muscovite nobility, according to him and to the head of the house in perpetuity the predicate of "Serene Highness," which is enjoyed by the prince of Lieven and by the princess of Sayn Wittgenstein, but so far as I know by no other house of the Russian nobility.

The princes of Mingrelia claim to descend in a direct line from the biblical King David of Israel, whence their patronymic of Davidovitch, of which Dadian is the corruption.

The late prince cut a great figure at the court of the Tuileries during the last five or six years of the Napoleonic empire, his sister Salome marrying Prince Achille Murat (born at Bordentown, N. J., of an American mother, Miss Frazer of Philadelphia), and who about seven years ago committed suicide by blowing out his brains at his country seat in Russia.

The prince of Mingrelia himself married Countess Marie Adlerberg, daughter of the favorite minister of Czar Alexander II., the wife of Count Adlerberg being a sister of that Mme. Skobeleff who was the mother of the famous Russian general and of the late duchess of Leuchtenberg. The prince, who was a general of the Russian army, leaves a son, Nicholas by name, who is a gentleman of the chamber to the emperor, and a daughter married to Prince Obolenski.

Concentrated Wisdom.

The marriage of a young man while a student in college is an unusual event. It may be added that it is also an imprudent, because premature, step. It is of no use, however, to tell the boy so—first, because it will do no good, and second, because he will find it out in due time without being told.—Portland (Ore.) Oregonian.

Grammar and Conscience.

Would you say "This is some one else's umbrella," or "This is some one's else umbrella"? Or would you just pretend that it was yours?—Boston Globe.

Paper Railroads.

If all the railroads that are projected on paper could be built there would be no further complaint about the congestion of traffic.—Cleveland Leader.

THE TOP O' THE MORNIN'.

UGH-H-H-H!

("The city is overhung by a gray pall of inexplicable horror, terror, and hostility on account of the slaughter of animals in the packing houses. These thoughts hang over our city like a cloud."—C. W. Leadbeater, in an address before the Chicago Theosophical society.)

WHEN night swings over the city,
And the gloom is creeping down,
Then come the mystical shadows
And the fearsome shapes that frown.

We think 'tis the wind that rustles
And that beats upon the roofs—
'Tis the march of the beefsteak army
On a million ghostly hoofs!

When night comes out of the silence
That is brooding o'er the lake
Where the surf is whispering ever;
When the dreaming stars awake,
Then high in the sky above us
Ride wraiths that are ne'er dispersed,
And we listen with nerves a-tingle
To the barking wienerwurst!

The ghosts lurk, eerily watching,
As we ramble down the streets;
They float in dolorous darkness
As high as the price of meats.
And the spooks of the slaughtered cattle
Stampede with the coming day,
And rush through the starry distance
On the spreading Milky Way.

They flee to the utmost ether
With the coming of the dawn;
These countless shades of the cattle
With the morning's glow are gone.
They know that they must not linger—
These gloomy and haunting hosts—
Lest the men in the packing houses
Should capture and can the ghosts!

A SUPERANNUATED ENTRY.

Mr. Roy L. McCardell, chairman of the ways and means committee of the newly organized union of poets and jokewriters, announces in the New York Evening World that he is establishing a home for old jokes. He invites entries.

We hasten to lift the following aged veteran from the line of march. Here is a joke that has worked every day since the reign of George I., and is still being compelled to tramp the treadmill. It has never fainted, never faltered. Even when the whiplash of such a merciless master as Chauncey Depew was cracked over it it stood up to its tasks like a man, and performed yeoman service at every meeting in the campaign of 1902. It has earned a rest. Its present whereabouts is unknown, but when last seen it was keeping a brave face to the world, and wore this garb:

Ex-Attorney General Miller recently told this story, which is thoroughly enjoyed by the narrator:

"When President Harrison invited me to become a member of his cabinet," he said, "I determined to visit my boyhood home in Indiana before going to Washington. I had not been in the town for twenty years. At the railroad station I was met by the village hackman, who knew me when I was a boy. He greeted me as if I had left the town only the day before. On the way to the hotel in his ramshackle deep-sea goin' hack I said:

"'Well, William, what has happened since I have been here?'

"'Nothin',' he replied.

"'William,' I continued, 'I've been chosen a member of the president's cabinet. What do the neighbors say to that?'

"'Nothin',' he answered. 'They just laugh.'"

"JUST AMONG FRIENDS."

Ingomar—Thank you. The first of the "Trade Notes" was published in the Top o' the Mornin' column in "The Tribune," Nov. 17, 1902.

Genevieve—The lyric has been mislaid.

Springfield—Certainly, we will attend to the iceman when his turn comes.

Rambo—It may have been, as you suggest, that the dinosaur used one brain to sit down with and the other to get up by, but that doesn't sound grammatical.

R. S. V. P.—The "Poets' Trust," concerning which you inquire, has not as yet determined to corner spring poetry. Would advise you to hold your crop for higher prices, however.

Herman W.—Excuse the delay. "Behind the Scenes" appeared Jan. 19.

Watchful—It was a typographical error. The word, of course, was originally written "sadder," not "cadder."

A LENTEN SOLILOQUY.

Ah, no. I shall not eat
The tempting things
Of kings—
The watermelon sweet;

Nor yet the cantaloupe;
Nor early peas;
For these
Are quite beyond my scope.

Strawberries in their box?
I'll have them not.
Great Scott!
It is the price that shocks!

No tempting meats I'll buy—
No cut that bakes;
Nor steaks.
The prices are too high.

One time my fancy was
For eggs. But, say—
No. They
Are 36 per doz.

'Tis not that I am good,
Nor yet am bad.
I'm sad.
I could not if I would.

It is a fast I keep.
I see ahead
A dread
Thing, waking or asleep.

'Tis not the stints that sting,
But 'tis that I
Must buy
New bonnets in the spring!

HAND MADE PHILOSOPHY.

We can think of no more striking evidence of the progress of humanity than the fact that this man Knapp, who is in jail in Ohio, charged with several murders, is not being smothered in flowers.

It must be a surprise to him to see tradition and conventionality thus defied.

Day by day we have followed the story of his case. Sometimes we have marveled at the literary ability shown in his different confessions, but then we paused to think that he did not write them.

Occasionally some one would saunter into the jail and mention a murder mystery of years and years ago. Knapp promptly claimed to have been the murderer.

About the only crimes he has overlooked thus far are the striking of Billy Patterson, the kidnaping of Charley Ross, and the writing of "An Englishwoman's Love Letters."

It is rather early to express pleasure that he has not been preached about by emotional ministers and that he has not been presented to the theatergoing public in the guise of a drama of some sort.

But it is a good sign that he is not getting any flowers.

That leaves more blossoms for the graves of people who are killed.

IDA'S NEW FIELD.

The memory of giant trusts
Will not be told in marble,
With epitaphs that ribald ones
May parody and garble,
But each may have its history
Set down by Ida Tarbell.

ON THE OTHER HAND.

It's better to write a thing worth while,
With the
words
sloped
down
this
way,
Than to sling your ink in the cultured style
When you haven't a thing to say.

W. D. N.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

Kentucky citizens were under arms and ready to invade Louisiana if Monroe's negotiations for its purchase should fail.

News reached New York that 200 bloodhounds had been shipped to Hayti by the French government, to be used in suppressing the slave rebellion.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

President Pierce, in his inaugural address at Washington, declared slavery and the fugitive slave law constitutional, and promised to uphold them as such.

Hundreds of California goldseekers were said to have been killed by cold and lack of food, and millions of dollars' worth of mining property destroyed by floods.

FORTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Democratic members of the Indiana legislature announced they would keep that body in session at Indianapolis until a secession ordinance introduced by Brown of Wells county was adopted, along with Wolfe's resolution for an armistice with the rebels and the bill to deprive Gov. Morton of his military authority.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Wabash avenue property owners met at the Matteson house to discuss plans for making that thoroughfare the "Broadway" of Chicago, and memorialized the city council to cut down the trees north of Harmon court and compel property owners to build sidewalks.

Gen. Grant was inaugurated president of the United States for the second time.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Alexander H. Stephens, vice president of the confederacy and afterwards congressman and governor of Georgia, died at Atlanta.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY:

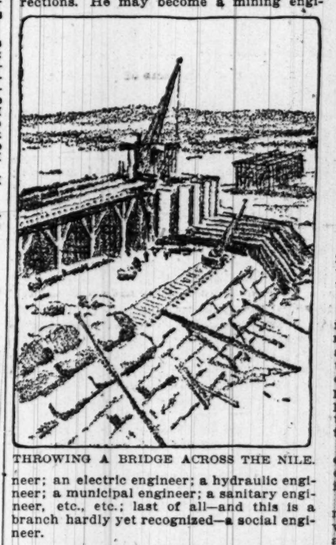
Grover Cleveland was inaugurated president of the United States for the second time.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES
What shall they do with themselves

ONE of the most promising and attractive careers which a young man graduating from the high school can adopt is that of an engineer.

"The engineer is the man of the twentieth century," says the great Lord Kelvin. There have been engineers since the days of the pyramids and before. But within the last fifty years the work before the engineer has broadened and widened until now the possibilities are limitless.

An engineer is primarily a man who makes something move or who provides means for moving something. It may be railroad trains, gas, sewerage, electricity, water, or what not, and so, since the myriad applications of electricity and other forces, there have grown up as many different kinds of engineering specialists. Speaking broadly, there are only two kinds of engineers—civil and military. But a civil engineer may specialize in any one of a hundred different directions. He may become a mining engineer; an electric engineer; a hydraulic engineer; a municipal engineer; a sanitary engineer, etc., etc.; last of all—and this is a branch hardly yet recognized—a social engineer.



THROWING A BRIDGE ACROSS THE NILE.

After a young man has graduated from the high school it will take him four years of study to get his diploma and degree of M. E., or whatever it may be. It will cost him not less than $2,000 for the four years, and the average cost is nearly twice as much.

But he has one distinct advantage on graduation over the embryo lawyer or physician. The young doctor or attorney must hang out his shingle and wait as patiently as possible for clients or patients to come. Quite probably he will come near starving while he waits. The young engineer, on the other hand, can almost always find employment at a salary from $40 to $60 a month the minute he gets his degree. In other words, he begins to earn a living from the start.

This sort of practical experience at a small salary is an essential part of the training of a young engineer. Without it he would not be able to make a place and clients for himself. But, while it is, in one way, a distinct advantage, it is, in another way, exceedingly dangerous. The danger is that as the young engineer goes on year after year, drawing a gradually increasing salary, he may as gradually lose independence and find himself without sufficient courage to cut loose from the support of a regular weekly stipend and start out for himself as a consulting engineer of some kind, which is the legitimate ambition of the profession.

There is a classic story among engineers which well illustrates this point. One of the most famous engineers of his generation had been employed for many years by a large eastern city as the head of its engineering department. In that capacity he drew a regular and comfortable, but by no means large, salary. Time after time he had been urged to resign from the service of the city and open an office on his own account. But he lacked the necessary courage. He dared not put his fortunes to the test. Finally, owing to a political change, he was practically kicked out into the street. Then, under the pressure of necessity, he opened an office on his own account.

Within six months he had received several large fees from private clients and for a number of years afterwards the city which had discharged him found it necessary to pay him twice his old salary for work it could find nobody else so competent to do. And all the time he was enjoying a large additional income from other clients.

A great many young engineers enter the service of some one of the great railroad companies immediately after graduation. Beginning with a salary of perhaps $50 a month they may in five or six years be raised to $150. But the chief opportunity of advancement for the engineer in railroad work does not follow exactly along the line of his profession. If, in addition to his technical training, he can develop some executive ability there is no position on a railroad from that of president down which is not open to him. In fact, the presidents and general managers of a number of large railroads were engineers before they were anything else.

Perhaps the branch of the profession which offers the most glittering opportunities in the way of financial reward is that of the mining engineer. A young man who is bright and resourceful has a better chance to make himself rich in a shorter time as a mining engineer than in any other line. Take, for instance, the career of F. Augustus Heinze, who went out to Montana a few years ago as a practically penniless young mining engineer. He discovered and patented some new methods of handling and developing copper ore and almost over night made himself wealthy. He is now ranked as a multimillionaire. Enormous salaries are also paid to a few expert mining engineers who visit and pass judgment on mining properties for prospective investors.

The so-called social engineer, a title which will hardly be recognized by engineers of other classes, is a man who makes a scientific study of the forces which move human society. He studies the labor movement, the movement of population to and from the great cities, the better housing of the poor, and all the kindred subjects. His services are required by large employers of labor, by associations of manufacturers, and by other capitalists, by organized charitable associations, etc. He has yet to make a recognized place for himself.

There is another feature of the life of an engineer which is also to be carefully considered. To those who love adventure it will appeal; to the home loving it will be a disadvantage. That is the fact that the practicing engineer must hold himself in readiness at all times to go to any part of the world—civilized or uncivilized—at short notice on the demand of his clients. He goes before the railroad into unknown parts of Africa and Asia, and among pioneers he is the pioneer.

If a railroad engineer, he may be sent to throw a bridge across the Nile or to span a chasm in the tops of the Andes mountains. He is the flying squadron of civilization. Capitalists may give him a commission to examine the richness of mines in the wildest part of Mexico or Central America, and he must go, ready to dare anything in pursuit of his object. The greatest and most thrilling stories of adventure will not be written until the mining and railroad engineers tell their stories.

The possibilities before the engineer—the man who makes things move or provides means for making them move—are startling and alluring. The whole field of developing the possibilities of the wireless transmission of electricity—the wireless telegraph, telephone, and wireless transmission of electric power—belongs to the electric engineer. And the field of electricity is as yet hardly touched.

The problem of flying will be solved by the engineer, and its solution will mark the establishment of another kind of engineering specialist—the aeronautic engineer.

There are waterfalls and rivers—to say nothing of the ocean tides—the power of which is going to waste and which only awaits the study and skill of the engineer to do the work of the world. Out in the west there are millions of acres of land which need only irrigation to make them among the richest in the world. This work of irrigation has been already taken up by the national government, and the field before the engineer who makes it a specialty is open and practical.

Great cities grow constantly greater, and with their growth even more rapidly the great problems of the economical distribution of water, heat, light, and power and the providing of sufficient and rapid means of transportation. Therefore the field for the municipal engineer is a vast one.

The engineer of the twentieth century has his work cut out for him. It is his task to make all the forces of nature do the work of man. And since anything which makes the world smaller by annihilating time and space tends to advance civilization and do away with war, ignorance, pestilence, and famine, no class of men has a greater right to be proud of its profession.

SPANNING A CHASM IN THE ANDES.

Not every high school graduate will make a good engineer—there is no such thing as a passable engineer. Good health, which is the first requisite to success in almost every line, is essential to the engineer. But the first and most important requisite is absolute accuracy. A doctor's mistakes, as any engineer will tell you, die and are forgotten. But the slightest mistake of an engineer remains to haunt him. Once an engineer gets a reputation for being inaccurate and he might as well leave the business. A mistake of a tenth of an inch in an engineer's estimates may send an overloaded bridge down into a river with a trainload of people upon it.

Most engineers never get rich, though a majority of them earn comfortable livings. There are perhaps half a dozen engineers of one kind and another in the United States—who stick strictly to their profession and do not unite with it any form of executive work—who make as much as $50,000 a year in fees. At least one of these men is a resident of Chicago.

H. M. H.

Didn't Filibuster Then.

It is observable that, notwithstanding the strenuous campaign of the minority in the house to prevent all further legislation, when the omnibus public building bill came up it went through with a whoop, with only about a score of votes against it.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Financial Note.

Sharpe—"What in the world is Bluffman doing with that bag of old champagne corks?" Whelton—"Why, he drops a few in his ash barrel every morning, and the neighbors think he has cold bottles every night. It makes his credit good."—Philadelphia Record.

POPULAR FORM OF SEPARATE COAT.

Moire jacket, to be worn with any skirt and over any waist. A practical garment that is always ready to adjust itself to the necessity of the moment.

WORDS OF LOVE AND PIETY DECEIVE A TRUSTING WIFE.

Henry Frey Induces Woman to Leave Chicago So He Can Secure Divorce and Marry a Stenographer.

Expression of love and piety, with now and then a "great big kiss," were employed by Henry Frey, a former attaché of the city hall, to keep his wife away from Chicago while he could secure a divorce on the ground of desertion. As a result Frey is now on trial, together with James Johnson and Carl Larsen, on a charge of conspiracy.

After Frey secured his divorce he married again, the second wife being a stenographer in a downtown book store, where Frey is employed. Part of Frey's scheme is said to have been to represent to his wife that he had married when a boy and that this first wife was pursuing him, bent on making trouble. It was through fear of this phantom that Mrs. Frey was induced to absent herself from Chicago.

In April, 1901, Mrs. Frey left to visit relatives in Ohio until the trouble had passed, and two months later Frey filed divorce proceedings, charging that she had deserted him two years previously. The decree was granted in July, and then Frey married again.

Professes Love and Piety.

To induce his wife to stay away Frey wrote her a number of letters. Here is one of them:

Your Own Dear Self: When you come back we must be remarried. Our first marriage may not have been legal and this will fix it. I am going back to the Catholic church and we can pray and read our bible together.

Here is another:

Some day we must all be called to account by the Great Master. Happy are those who are ready when called. Last night I fell asleep praying on my knees.

Finally the fictitious first "wife" died, but Frey's troubles did not end. In a letter explaining the "death" he says:

Lillian is no more. She is dead. But this seems to make more trouble for me. Our daughter is here and wants to be taken care of. I look forward to the time when my maker shall call me to account.

At the time this letter was written "Your Loving and Lonesome Boy, Harry," was living with his second wife.

Other Marital Troubles.

Final arguments in the separate maintenance case brought by Mrs. Grace Jones against her husband, Fred E. R. Jones, were begun in Judge Baker's court.

A $10,000 damage suit for the alienation of his wife's affections has been brought by Herman Kuhl of Desplaines against Edward Oberst-Enfer, 1138 West Thirteenth street.

The divorce suit brought by Harold E. Thomas, son of Gen. Samuel Thomas, who died recently, against his wife Ada has been placed on Judge Dunne's chancery trial calendar and will be called soon.

A divorce has been granted Mrs. Anna Germain from her husband, Edmund Germain, 3716 South Park avenue. The charge was cruelty.

COAL FAMINE NEWS TO HIM: EXCUSED FROM THE JURY.

John Doyle, Veniremen in Conspiracy Case, Never Heard of Raised Prices or Alleged Combine of Dealers.

After over 100 veniremen had been excused from serving on the jury in the coal conspiracy case, because they knew too much about the matter at issue, John Doyle was rejected because he knew absolutely nothing about it. Doyle didn't even know that there had been a coal famine, an increase in prices, or a special grand jury. Doyle is a molder and lives in Armour avenue.

"You know of this case, I take it," said Attorney S. R. Hamill.

"Never heard of it. What's it all about?" asked the venireman.

Judge A. H. Chetlain looked up in surprise from some manuscript he was reading.

"You know, of course, that there was a scarcity of coal during the winter, and prices were high?" ventured Attorney Hamill.

"Is that so?" asked Doyle. "I'm sure I hadn't heard anything about it."

"You probably read or heard that there was a special grand jury investigation, and that the jury indicted a number of persons?" continued the Indiana attorney.

"That's news to me," returned the molder.

"You can't excuse him for having an opinion," interjected Assistant State's Attorney Barnes.

"No, I can't, but I can excuse him for not knowing anything," declared Mr. Hamill, and a moment later Doyle was at the clerk's desk getting a voucher for $2 and mileage.

"There is one man who hasn't heard how wicked we are," said Walter S. Bogle in an aside to Hugh Shirkie, and the defendants laughed at the sally.

The defense has been examining men since Monday morning without having made a tender of a man to the state. The eight men sworn in several days ago appear to be getting uneasy. One of them is said to be sacrificing $9 and another $7 a day salary to serve on the jury at $2 a day.

Another venire of 100 men has been summoned for this morning, making a total of 700 men called.

DRAMATIZE THE CABBAGE PATCH

Louisville District, Already Described in the Stories of Mrs. Hegan, Is to Be Staged in New York.

Louisville, Ky., March 3.—[Special.]—The "cabbage patch" in Louisville is to be further immortalized. The stories of Mrs. Alice Hegan Rice are to be dramatized, and "Lovey Mary" and "Mrs. Wiggs" will be seen in real characters. News to this effect received by Mrs. Hegan from New York says the dramatic rights are already arranged for, and Mrs. Wiggs will be the central figure. Mrs. Wiggs, who is Mrs. Mary A. Bass, is disgusted with the notoriety she has already obtained and refused to discuss the prospects of seeing herself on the stage.

ANIMAL STORIES FOR THE LITTLE ONES.

THE QUACKDUCK'S UNIQUE REVENGE.

MR. ROUNDER started out one day to have a good time and the first thing that he knew he was at a place where they were holding a raffle. He said that he would take a chance, so he paid his money and drew a card. And what do you think? He drew the first prize! And what do you suppose was the first prize? A quackduck!

He was just as tickled as he could be at his great luck, and when he left the place and started off for home he was figuring on what a good time he and his wife would have next day eating that duck.

So he laid the duck close under his arm and walked as fast as he could.

"What are you going to do with me?" asked the quackduck.

"Take you home," he replied.

"And what then?"

"Give you to my wife."

"And what then?"

"She will wring your neck."

"And what then?"

"She will scald you."

"And what then?"

"She will pick all your feathers off."

"And what then?"

"She will dress you."

"And what then?"

"She will stuff you and cook you."

"And what then?"

"She will put you on a big dish in the center of the table."

"And what then?"

"She will carve you."

"And what then?"

"We will eat you up."

All the time he was talking Mr. Quackduck had been wiggling and wiggling and getting himself free from Mr. Rounder's grasp. So when Mr. Rounder said "We will eat you up" the duck had his wings and his legs clear.

Then he gave a mighty spring and bounded out of the man's arms. With a loud "quack!" he seized Mr. Rounder by the ankle and bit him as hard as he could. The old gentleman jumped into the air and came down on his head on the pavement with a fearful bang! Mr. Quackduck hung on tight and bit harder and harder, while Mr. Rounder tumbled about on the ground trying to free himself and yelling "Police! Murder!" and everything he could think of.

Presently Mr. Rounder slid down into a coal hole in the pavement, and as he did so the duck let go of him and waddled away.

"He ought to have known that a raffle duck wasn't good to eat, anyhow," said the quackduck to some little boys who had stopped in the street to see the fun.

The Second Wednesday in Lent.

LENT is called the season of fasting and temptation because our beloved Lord was subjected to this trial, to test His power of resistance, and this after His perfect conformity to His Father's will.

Here was a life lived three and thirty years, a constant sacrifice, a constant obedience.

"After He had fasted forty days and forty nights He was afterwards unhungered."

"Then was Jesus led up of the Spirit into the wilderness to be tempted of the devil."

When God tempts the soul of man He sends power to resist the temptation. If man will not use that power he must suffer the result.

When the tempter came to Him he said: "If thou be the Son of God command that these stones be made bread;" but He answered and said: "It is written, man shall not live by bread alone but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God," and when He was taken to the Holy City and set on a pinnacle of the temple and promised all things, He again refused and said: "Thou shalt not tempt the Lord thy God," and again, "if Thou wilt fall down and worship me all things will I give Thee." He answering said: "Thou shalt worship the Lord thy God, and Him only shalt thou serve."

"Then the devil leaveth Him, and behold angels came and ministered unto Him."

It is the law. We must be tempted in some searching and great way to find the deeps within.

Shall we murmur because He hath given to the rose its thorn, to life unhappiness? Shall we believe He causes us to suffer, that He is not kind or that the power of God hath limitation?

Was there then lack of kindness when He gave up His only begotten Son to the cruelty of man, that man through his cruelty might find redemption?

Shall our finite understanding dare to pass judgment on Infinite power?

Have we the full knowledge of any substance or force? Do we even know that substance and force are two? May not a day even or a year give some new and satisfactory explanation of nature and nature's methods? Then will not a hundred new philosophies be born, all built upon man's vain folly in attempting to know "The Great Unknowable," the depth of the love and kindness of God?

"Vanity, vanity, all is vanity, saith the preacher."

For we know not how one tiny bud bursts into blossom, nor how a simple cell in this miracle finds generation in a hundred million hearts.

We deny that Cross under the shadow of which hath come all that we have.

"Be still and know that I am God."

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS.

STUDY OF THE SCRIPTURE.

The Bishop of Ripon's Introduction to the Temple Bible.

The last volume in that exquisite, handy, and handsome edition of "The Temple Bible" is taken up with an "Introduction." Of necessity, an "introduction" to the bible for readers of today has to be, in certain respects, different from what such general and summary statements used to be. It is impossible to ignore the fact that the recent historical and literary studies and discoveries have necessitated a changed point of view. The author here does not write either as an alarmist or as a "critical" pedant, nor yet as an expert, but he knows what archæologists, historians, and scholars are claiming, and he is convinced that the time has come when Christian people should understand those questions. His own attitude of mind is eminently fair and judicial.

His manner of statement and style are excellent. He shows especially well the distinctions which have to be made as to the different kinds of doubt, the different kinds of truth, and the different forms of literary expression. The question is not one as to whether criticism is to be allowed, for all use it; but whether it is to be orderly, open minded, intelligent. The writer finds the evidence of the distinctive inspiration of the bible in the power which it actually has had over individuals and in human history. It is in the unique and persistently godward direction of the bible, he says, that we note the characteristic of its inspiration. In other words, the bible speaks for itself, as the sun in the heavens does. The admitted spots in the sun do not discredit the orb of day. For the general reader it would be difficult anywhere to find a more intelligible or more sensible and useful "introduction."

As to the entire series, now complete, of these twenty-five volumes which make up this edition of the "Temple Bible" there can be but one opinion, and that of the warmest commendation. The outward form and aspect of these beautiful volumes is all that could be desired. The type is fair, neither too large nor too small. The special introduction to each several book is well fitted to prepare the average reader for an intelligent apprehension of the subject in hand. The notes also in connection with each book, though brief, are directly to the point—explanatory, but with no waste of words.

The publishers in this fine enterprise have earned the gratitude of all Christian people of whatever name, who revere and love this embodiment of the world's supreme literature, the common book of Christendom, and especially of all who agree with President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia university that the education in the public schools or in the colleges and universities of the country can never be truly liberal or at all adequate which ignores the suitable teaching and study of the matchless literature contained in our Jewish and Christian scriptures.

In short, the bible has never before been presented in more attractive form than in the strikingly handsome volumes of this "Temple Bible." (J. B. Lippincott & Co.)

JOURNEY'S END IS GOOD.

Mr. Forman's Latest Story Shows Great Improvement.

Mr. Justus Miles Forman is rapidly proving himself a writer of taste and ability, now that he has given up the "Zenda" style of fiction. His "Journey's End" (Doubleday, Page & Co.) is a spanking good story, not unlike the sort of thing Richard Harding Davis does when he consents to forget the Central American revolutions, and quite as good as Davis has done. Not that the story is particularly original or startling. It isn't. But the part of Calthrop, the young scion of a noble English house, who was practically broke to New York, is a capital bit of work, and one is glad to have met the character. It rings true and seems like the real thing. One enjoys Miss Berkeley, the actress, and also the girl with the red hair, both of whom love the young stranger. But he is not for them, for he has left an Hon. Molly something or other in England, and she is true to him in his poverty.

He makes a hit with a play he writes in New York, but the honor is almost snatched from him by a disreputable actor, who steals the manuscript. The girl with the red hair and Miss Berkeley save him, however, and the play goes on with a rush. Then a convenient series of deaths in London make him the earl of Oxbridge, and he goes back to his Molly, although it required a wrench to give up Miss Berkeley. But as for the poor girl with the red hair, he never knew she loved him.

There is a decided improvement in Mr. Forman's art. The story is quite enjoyable. Mr. Karl Anderson has supplied several pictures which are much better than Christy's, although they, too, are of the "Butterick" order.

MRS. WIGGS AGAIN.

"Lovey Mary" by Mrs. Rice, Also Has Her as a Character.

Mrs. Alice Hegan Rice, as she is now to be called, has put her readers under a further obligation with "Lovey Mary," a sort of continuation of "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," but with a new character as the chief heroine. Lovey Mary is a waif, into whose hands falls the loveless child of a bad mother. This is at a "home." The girl is homely and unloved. She hears that the mother is going to take the child away, and Lovey Mary runs off with the youngster, who is greatly attached to her, and who doesn't know his mother.

They find refuge in the cabbage patch with Mrs. Wiggs, and become a part of that celebrated ménage. All sorts of adventures come to them and to other members of the colony, and Mary develops from a sort of Tilly Slowboy into a second Mrs. Wiggs, having all that lady's common sense and pluck and a good deal of her optimism. The mother dies, and the story ends with Mary and Tommy, her charge, being taken off by Mrs. Redding, the good angel of the former story, for a fine summer jaunt, and their future is assured.

Mrs. Wiggs and her numerous progeny reappear in this book, and there is a quantity of that lady's philosophy and considerable humor, but in spite of the fact that it is quite enjoyable it is hardly up to the first story, and the old lady seems to have run her course. We are afraid that a third book with her in would be too much. Florence Scovel Shinn makes the illustrations. (The Century company.)

ROMANCE OF THE NURSERY.

A Charming Book by L. Allen Harker.

This is a delightful book, quite original, yet pleasantly reminiscent of the "Dream Days" and "Golden Age" of Kenneth Grahame. The author of "A Romance of the Nursery" knows children—real children—and loves them. Every page of the charming volume proves this statement true. Fiametta, Janey, "the boys," "the giant," the "sargeant," the dear, gentle mother, the fussy governess, and the lovable old squire all are real people, most of whom it is good to know. Amusing episodes abound, and are really funny; there is sufficient pathos to serve as a relief to so much humor; a hint of tragedy gives tone and depth of shading, and the culmination of a delightful love affair pleases the reader no less than the children, to whom it comes as so great and sweet a surprise.

Summer or winter, this book will be abidingly good to pick up and glance over; nor will its cheerful matter rebel at being perused gradually and by snatches, should this treatment prove necessary, rather than at the "cover to cover" sitting it will most naturally receive. The illustrations, by Katherine M. Roberts, are worth noting, for they really illustrate, and are filled with the spirit of the book. (John Lane: New York.)

EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Columbia Damen Club to Meet Tomorrow Afternoon—Luncheon, Dinner, and Musical Announcements.

The Columbia Damen club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Germania club house. Dr. Hirschfield will give a lecture on "Light and Air," and Miss Listemann and Miss Schieb will give a musical program. Mrs. H. August Kirschoff is president of the club.

Miss Higinbotham of 2838 Michigan avenue will give a luncheon today and a dinner tomorrow evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank J. Loesch announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Winifred Loesch to Mr. Frederick Z. Marx.

Mrs. Daniel Munro of 762 West Adams street will give a series of three musicals in Lent.

Mrs. Lori Nathanson of 4509 Evans avenue announces the marriage of her daughter, Miss Elsie Clare Nathanson, to Mr. William M. Klein Tuesday evening at the Douglas club.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester M. Dawes have leased Mrs. W. H. Burnet's residence at 1228 Forest avenue, Evanston, and will move there shortly. Mrs. Burnet and her daughters, who have been living this winter in New York, are going abroad. Mrs. Burnet will return to Evanston for a short visit next week.

Mrs. Ogden Armour has returned from California.

Mrs. Marshall Field has returned from Palm Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan W. Jackson will leave town on Saturday for Pasadena.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Mair of North State street are at Thomasville.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mather of 4812 Kimbark avenue will go to Hot Springs tomorrow, taking a party of friends in their private car.

The WOMAN WHO TOILS

BY

Mrs. John Van Vorst and Marie Van Vorst

IT IS OF INTEREST TO KNOW THAT AFTER HAVING READ A NUMBER OF CHAPTERS OF THIS BOOK PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WROTE MISS VAN VORST A LETTER COMMENDING HER WORK AND DEPLORING THE TENDENCY TOWARD RACIAL SUICIDE ENGENDERED BY FACTORY LIFE.

A book based upon actual experiences and depicting the conditions under which women work in Chicago sweatshops and the factories in the East, South and West.

For Sale by all Booksellers.

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & CO.

RULED BY WOMAN'S WIT.

WORLD UNDER ITS SWAY, SAYS DR. FRANCES DICKINSON.

She Tells the Social Economics Club That Men Have Money and the Ballot, but Cannot Accomplish Much with Them—Though the Dollar Is Held of Little Importance Dues Are Likely to Be Raised from One to Three Dollars.

The almighty dollar was decried at the Social Economics club meeting yesterday. It was declared so unimportant a factor of success as to be scarcely worth struggling for. Even its buying qualities were questioned.

"Why, the daughters of the American Revolution," said Dr. Hunter, "paid $100 for some of their programs. Ours cost nothing, they are contributed by the members and are a great deal more interesting than the $100 brand."

"That's because the Daughters have money and we have wit," explained Dr. Frances Dickinson.

"I tell you what," she continued, "money isn't all it's said to be. Men have money and the ballot. Some women have money, but none have the ballot. But what they have is wit and with that they get both the ballot and money. Through their wits they get the money from their husbands for their fine bonnets and magnificent clothes and by their wits many of them actually cast their husband's ballot—that is, they influence his vote. So it all resolves into this: Woman's wit can accomplish more than money or the ballot. It is the great power today."

At the same time, it was suggested that the dues to the Social Economics club be increased from $1 to $3 a year.

"You know wit won't rent halls," declared a member.

Night Schools for Business Men.

Dr. Dickinson spoke on the value of night schools to the business man.

"There ought to be downtown night schools," she said, "for the business man whose early education was neglected. I believe that a business man who is over 21 years old and has been engaged in business five years should be eligible to any school without either diploma or examination."

Dr. Dickinson condemned parents for their favoritism to business when considering the life work of their sons.

"If a boy wants to become a musician or an artist he is laughed to scorn by most parents. If he wants to go to sea the idea is ridiculed, as it takes him too far away from home. But let him express the wish to engage in the activities of the business world and he will be permitted to carry out his desires without a word of protest. Fourteen years is not too young for the compulsory school attendance age limit, as a boy becomes restless and discontented with the schoolroom at that age. Things fail to interest him. He wants to be out and doing."

Too Much Devotion to Children.

The members of the Chicago South Side club decided in the morning that mothers should not devote themselves too much to their children if they are to be appreciated.

"The old theory that mothers should be their children's slaves has been long since exploded," said Mrs. B. J. Arnold, speaking on the "Place of the Mother in the Home."

"The mother must give herself entertainment, exercise, and fresh air enough to make her physically able to take care of her children. The practice of slaving for the children is out of vogue."

"Children do not appreciate their mother if she is at home with them all the time," said Mrs. David Sloan. "It is better for both the child and the mother if she seeks entertainment outside of her home occasionally. If she is constantly with her child she finds herself becoming continually more critical. She has her ideals, and if her child does not always live up to them she is likely to get into the habit of nagging at it. The child becomes wrought up and the home is not happy. The woman's club is a good training school for the mother. It teaches her self-control and gives her new ideas which she can carry back to her home and practice there."

Fernando Jones to Speak.

Fernando Jones will tell what he remembers about the "Chicago Indian" at the biennial meeting of the Daughters of the Revolution, which will be held at 140 Monroe street this evening.

BEGIN WEIGHING THE MAILS.

Four Hundred Extra Men Are Engaged in the Work in the Middle West.

At the stroke of midnight the government began weighing all mail matter handled for transportation in the states of Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kansas, Iowa, and Missouri.

The weighing test will continue for at least thirty working days, and at the end of that period the results will be used as a basis for determining the compensation of mail carrying railroads for four years from July 1. Four hundred extra men are doing the work.

Owing in part to the growing trade with Pacific islands it is expected that there will be an average increase of at least 25 per cent in the compensation of the larger roads. The cost of carrying the mails at present is $40,000,000 a year.

SHAMROCKS ARE FREE OF DUTY.

Collector Nixon Decides That the Government Cannot Levy on Sprigs from Ireland.

Collector of Customs Nixon decided yesterday that no duty could be collected on the 1,000 shamrocks which were sent from Ireland to Philip J. McKenna by his brother. The sprigs are to be distributed among the guests at the banquet of the Irish Fellowship club at the Auditorium hotel the evening of St. Patrick's day.

It's Worth While to Cultivate a thirst if a Dewar's Scotch highball's in sight.

HARPERS

SIX TREES

22 Illustrations in Tint. Ornamented Cloth, $1.25

On an entirely novel plan the author has developed six striking studies of New England life and character.

BY

Mary E. Wilkins (Freeman)

AUTHOR OF

"Jerome, a Poor Man," &c.

HARPER & BROTHERS
FRANKLIN SQUARE, NEW YORK.

THE REAL FOOD

DR. PRICE'S TRYABITA FOOD

THE ONLY WHEAT FLAKE CELERY FOOD

It is a Rational Food Product. Contains no Dead Elements, but composed of Vitalizing Materials Essential to Life. You need but to try it to demonstrate for yourself that it is Cleanly, Nutritious and Wholesome. *My signature on every package.*

Dr. V. C. Price's

Creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Delicious Flavoring Extracts.

Prepared by PRICE CEREAL FOOD CO., BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

New Line — ILLINOIS CENTRAL — Fine Service

CENTRAL MISSISSIPPI VALLEY ROUTE RAILROAD

MINNEAPOLIS and ST. PAUL

Through from Chicago via Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea. Fast Vestibule Night train with through Stateroom and Open-Section Sleeping Car, Buffet-Library Car and Free Reclining Chair Car. Dining Car Service en route.

City Ticket Office, 99 Adams St. Telephone, Central 2705.

Now Ready.

LOVEY MARY

The New Book by the Author of

MRS. WIGGS OF THE CABBAGE PATCH

Beautifully Illustrated.

Sold Everywhere. Published by THE CENTURY CO.

Are You Fagged?

That run-down feeling is caused by your over-worked digestive organs not doing their work properly. Set them right, reinvigorate your system and restore sound and lasting health by using

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

THIS BLUE SIGNATURE

Liebig

GUARANTEES

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF

BEWARE OF "JUST AS GOODS"

ALMER COE, OPTICIAN,

74 STATE-ST. Opp. Field's New Store.

Leading Optical Establishment

Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Kodaks & Camera Supplies.

CORN HAS A REACTION.

HIGHEST PRICE OF ADVANCE REACHED BUT NOT HELD.

Profit Taking by Some of the Leading Holders Fills Up Demand of Shorts and Investors—Wheat Advances a Little on Firm English Markets and Decrease in World's Stocks, but Drops Back — Provision Holders Sell.

Corn reached a little higher level yesterday than it sold before on this advance, May selling at 44⅞c, or only ⅛c under the high point of last July, but there was persistent selling on the hard spots, which bore some indication of being for some of the leading holders, and the market finally felt the liquidation and evening up of the last few days. There was a reaction in the last hour to 47¼c, with the close at nearly the low point, 47¼@47⅜c, a net loss of ⅛c. A feature of the trade was the changing back of those who had May bought and July sold against it. Early the May premium increased to 2⅝c, but at the close it had narrowed to 2¼c, and the July demand had been persistent enough to give it an advance of ⅛c. There was buying of May early on the prediction of unsettled weather through the west, rain or snow, flurries in most of the corn states. There was selling of May on the theory that it had gone to a premium over the cash corn, which might invite the manufacture of contract grade. There was the suggestion that the dryers were at work in the inspection of 14,500 bu No. 2 corn out of private houses. Out of 488 cars inspected in only 2 graded contract. For today 365 cars are estimated. The cash market was about ½c lower for No. 4, the Glucose company not being in the market, unchanged but rather draggy for No. 3. The shipping demand was quiet, sales 50,000 bu, with 192,000 bu reported taken for export at the seaboard. Clearances were 339,000 bu. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 797,000 bu east of the Rockies, compared with a decrease of 472,000 bu last year. Primary receipts were 800,00 bu, compared with 384,000 bu last year. Local contract stocks increased 23,000 bu to 2,358,000 bu, total stocks increasing 95,000 bu, to 6,891,000 bu. Liverpool futures were ⅜-½d higher. There was selling of May by Pringle, Bryant, A. S. White, Hately, Slaughter-Parker, and Sterling, with buying of July by the provision interests and Wrenn. Harris-Gates and Bartlett-Frazier bought May and sold July, McReynolds, Brosseau, Carrington-Patten, and the Alton Grain company bought May.

Wheat Barely Holds.

Wheat was more subject to fluctuations in corn than to any other consideration, gaining ⅛-⅜c early, but closing practically unchanged, a shade weaker for May and a shade firmer for July, 77½c and 73⅜c respectively. The early tone was strong on firm English markets, Liverpool up ⅜d and London unchanged to ½d higher. No attention was paid to early reports that the Paris market was off 4½c, and the official report finally made that market unchanged to ¼c lower. There was some selling early on the report that four of the Minneapolis mills had closed down because of a difficulty of getting cars to ship flour, but the claim was denied later and Minneapolis shipments of flour were 66,000 brls., an indication that it was still possible to get cars. There was a rally on the Bradstreet figures of a decrease of 1,900,000 bu. in world's stocks, compared with an increase of 262,000 bu a year ago, but the gain was all lost on the weak close in corn. The government report of the satisfactory condition of winter wheat was a factor. The northwest points had 266 cars to 280 last year, and primary points 392,000 bu, compared with 470,000 bu a year ago. Local contract stocks decreased 12,000 bu to 3,680,000 bu, and total stocks decreased 32,000 bu to 11,217,000 bu. Minneapolis stocks decreased 150,000 bu for last week. There was buying by Pringle and Dunn early, some covering by Friedman, and selling by Champlin, Gifford, Milmine-Bodman, and St. Louis houses. The commission trade was light. The seaboard reported export sales of 264,000 bu. Clearances were 422,000 bu.

The oats market was a tame affair speculatively, as it has been for a week or more, futures up a little early with the corn and yielding with it finally, the close a shade easier for May and a shade firmer for July. There was some commission demand for May through McReynolds and Karrick-Gray-Williams. The cash market was barely steady, shipping sales 50,000 bu. There were 172 cars inspected in, with 7 standard, and 5,000 bu standard inspected out of store. Estimated for today 180 cars. Local stocks, public, private, and afloat, increased 315,000 bu for the week to 4,843,000 bu, and contract stocks increased 23,000 bu to 631,000 bu. Clearances were 99,000 bu. Stocks east of the Rockies decreased 891,000 bu.

Provisions Easy at the Close.

The provision list was firm and higher early, weakening late in the session and closing soft at small declines. Pork was 5c off and ribs unchanged to 2½c lower, while lard was 12½c higher. May pork made a new record price, selling at $18.37½, dropping back later under a cessation of demand to $18.15, the closing figure. The Harris-Gates people bought May pork freely, Allerton and Schwartz selling. Canby and brokers sold the lard. Hately's estimate on world's lard stocks is 156,542 tcs, a decrease during February of 7,400 tcs. A year ago there was an increase of 17,600 tcs. Hog receipts were 17,000, with 28,000 estimated today. Western packing points reported 47,300, against 86,400 a week ago and 58,700 last year. Shipments of cured meats were 2,045,000 lbs, against 2,895,000 lbs a year ago, and of lard 761,000 lbs, as compared with 2,134,000 lbs last year.

There was a steady and quiet tone in rye, offerings being small and demand light. Receipts were 10 cars. Three cars were inspected out of private elevators. Cash in store was nominally 49½c. May was 51½c bid and 51¾c asked.

Entirely unchanged conditions were reported in barley. The inspection sheet showed 75 cars. Screenings ranged from 40@45c, feed barley 43@46c, low grade malting 45@47c, fair to good 48@52c, and choice to fancy 53@54c.

Timothy seed was inactive, March a shade easier at $3.90. Country lots ranged from $3.00@3.70.

Flaxseed was nominally a shade stronger, $1.17 bid for No. 1 northwestern and $1.14 for southwestern. Rejected was quotably $1.03@1.07 for southwestern and $1.06@1.12 for northwestern. May was held at $1.17. Receipts were 13 cars here, 9 at Minneapolis, and 51 at Duluth.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Closed March 2.	Range. High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Mar. 4, 1902.
May	77½-⅝	77⅞	77⅜	77½	76⅛-¼
July	73⅜-¼	74	73⅜	73⅜	76⅞
Sept	72½	72⅞	72⅜	72⅜	75⅞

CORN.

	Closed March 2.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Mar. 4, 1902.
Mar	45¼	45½	45⅛	45½	59⅞
May	47⅜-½	47⅞	47⅛	47¼-⅜	61⅝-⅞
July	44⅞-5	55½-⅝	44⅞-5	45-⅛	61-⅛
Sept	44⅛	44½	44⅛	44⅛	59⅛

OATS.

	Closed March 2.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Mar. 4, 1902.
Mar	33⅞	33⅞	33⅜	33⅜-⅞	43⅞
May	35⅜	35⅝	35⅛-⅜	35⅛-⅜	44⅜
July	32½	32⅝-⅞	32½	32⅝-⅞	35½-⅝
Sept	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞	30½

MESS PORK.

May	18.20	18.37½	18.12½	18.15	15.30
July	17.65	17.72½	17.60	17.65	15.50
Sept	17.00	17.30	17.15	17.15	.....

LARD.

May	9.75	9.97½	9.80	9.87½	9.37½
July	9.65-7½	9.87½	9.67½	9.72½	9.50
Sept	9.62½	9.77½	9.67½	9.67½	9.60

SHORT RIBS.

May	9.87½	9.92½	9.82½	9.85	8.35
July	9.67½	9.70	9.62½	9.62½	8.47½
Sept	9.55-7½	9.62½	9.50	9.50	8.60

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	..	..	8	9	17
Spring wheat	2	..	6	6	14
Corn	2	..	313	175	488
Oats	2	7	44	119	172
Rye	5	..	3	2	10
Barley	..	..	15	60	75
Totals	11	7	389	369	776

Inspected out Wheat, 25,600 bu No. 1 northern spring. Corn, 21,900 bu No. 3, 18,000 bu No. 4. Oats, 5,000 bu standard. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Wheat—Spring, 22 cars No. 1 northern. Corn—82 cars No. 3 yellow, 8 cars No. 3 white, 14,500 bu No. 2, 134 cars No. 3. Oats—6 cars No. 3 white, 8 cars No. 2, 15 cars No. 3 white clipped. Rye—3 cars No. 2.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Dull. Winter, southern patents, $3.60@3.70; do, straights, $3.30@3.40. Spring special brands, $4.20@4.30; hard patents, $3.70@3.80; soft do, $3.50@3.60; white rye, brls, $2.65@2.75; dark, do, $2.60@2.65.

WINTER WHEAT—Firm. Sales on track: No. 4 red, 64c. Free on board: No. 4 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 75c; No. 3 hard, 70@71c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet and firm. Sales free on board: No. 4, 72¼c; No. 3, 74@75½c. Billed through: No. 3, 71c.

CORN—Easy. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 41½@42c; 50,000 bu for shipment on p. t. No. 3 white, 42¼c; No. 3 yellow, 43c; No. 4, 36@38c; no grade, 35c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 25@35c; No. 4, 35@39c; No. 3, 42@42¼c; No. 3 yellow, 43@44½c; No. 3 white, 42@43¼c; ears, 45c. Billed through: No. 4, 34@41½c; No. 3, 39½@42c; No. 3 yellow, 40@43c; No. 3 white, 41½@43c.

OATS—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 4 white, 32½@34c; No. 3 white, 34½@35¼c; white clipped, 50,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4 white, 33½@34¾c; No. 3, 34@34½c; No. 3 white, 34½@36½c; standard, 35½@36c; No. 2, 34½c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 33¾@34½c; No. 3 white, 35c. At the river: No. 4, 32½c; No. 4 white, 32½@33½c; No. 3, 33c; No. 3 white, 33¼@34½c; standard, 34½c.

RYE—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 4, 46½c. Free on board: No. 3, 49½c.

PROVISIONS—Easier. Cash lots mess pork, regular, $18.00@18.12½; old, $18.25; lard, $9.80@9.87½; ribs, $9.60@9.80, according to weight.

WHISKY—Steady. Basis finished goods, $1.31.

COOPERAGE—Quiet. Ash pork brls, 77½@80c; oak, 95@97½c; lard tcs, $1.15@1.17½.

Straw—Rye straw, $6.50@7.50; wheat straw, $5.50@6.00; oat straw, $5.50@6.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Crop prospects in India are as changeable apparently as they can be in this country. On Monday Broomhall reported his Indian agent cabling that crop prospects were good, but yesterday attributed the strength in the Liverpool market to less favorable reports from northwest India and a reduction in the estimated exportable surplus of that country.

The corn market showed some sensitiveness yesterday to the possibility of the manufacturer of kiln-dried corn, which would pass inspection as contract grade, 14,500 bu of No. 2 corn being inspected out of private houses. Some of the provision bulls seemed inclined to sell their May holdings and replace them with July, Wells and White brokers operating on this line, and the May spread was narrowed from 2⅝c to 2¼c.

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 25 cars; corn, 365 cars; oats, 180 cars; hogs, 25,000.

"There have been sales of 95,000 bu wheat here today," St. Louis wired Bennett, "for next week's loading, half soft winter and half hard, part of it for southern mills and part said to be for export to France."

"I cannot feel bullish on wheat," said J. A. Edwards, "but corn and oats are certainly going up. The people have been fooled twice on the corn crop. First it was overestimated and since then the fact that the corn is generally of poor quality has not been appreciated. The movement of the crop certainly shows we never raised 2,500,000,000 bu, and in most sections the corn is so poor it takes pretty nearly two bushels to do the work one does in ordinary years."

The directors again adjourned the McNeil-Weare case until 3:30 o'clock this afternoon.

The Liverpool Corn Trade News published yesterday the following summary of European crop prospects:

"In the United Kingdom the outlook is satisfactory—vegetation is forward. The weather in France is favorable for reseeding, although some complaints are still received.

Germany is experiencing mild weather and crop reports are mostly of a favorable tenor, although some complaints have been received.

News regarding crop prospects in central and southwest Russia is contradictory—the weather is now springlike.

Crop reports from many districts of Hungary are unsatisfactory.

The situation in Italy is favorable.

World's wheat stocks continue disappearing more rapidly in this country than on the other side, conditions which a few weeks ago were directly reversed. In Bradstreet's showing of a total decrease of 1,900,000 bu the falling off east of the Rockies was 2,402,000 bu, while in Europe and afloat there was an increase of 500,000 bu. The figures of the previous week showed an increase of 1,326,000 bu, making yesterday's exhibit a bullish showing by comparison. Among the increases were 69,000 bu at St. Joe, Mo., 64,000 bu in Chicago private elevators, and 51,000 bu at Omaha. The principal decreases were: Manitoba, 597,000 bu; Portland, Me., 327,000 bu; Northwestern interior elevators, 200,000 bu; Dallas, Tex., 62,000 bu.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Butter, Poultry, Metals, and Other Special Lines.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Dry goods—In spite of the fact that buying in dry goods has been more restricted during the day, the business transacted has been of fair volume, when the handicap to fill buying is taken into consideration. Little support is accorded the market by any export demand, but the well sold conditions of the bulk of lines makes the present situation fully tenable.

Coffee, Spot and Future.

Coffee market today, after opening steady declined 5 points and ruled quiet and easier, notwithstanding the liberal estimate of the world's visible, decrease under the continued offering by importers, lower ruling of European markets, and full receipts, both present and prospective. Market net 5 points lower. Sales, 13,750 bags. Spot market was quiet, with quotations on basis of 5⅝c for Rio No. 7.

Butter in All Grades.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 27c; do, firsts, 24@26c; seconds, 21@23c; lower grades, 18@20c; do, held, extras, 21@22c; firsts, 19@20c; state dairy, tubs, finest, 23@24c; other grades, 15@22c; western imitation creamery, finest, 20c; do, fair to prime, 17@19c; renovated, extras, 18½c; do, choice, 16@18c; do, common to good, 12@15c; western factory, fresh, small tubs, fancy, 16c; do, large tubs, 15½@16c; do, fresh, choice, 15c; do, seconds, 14@14½c; do, held, finest, 15½c; do, lower grades, 13@15c; rolls, fresh, choice, 15c; do, common to prime, 13@14c; packing stock, solid packed, 12½@13½c.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Fresh killed turkeys, average, 17@18c; do fair to prime, 15@16c; do common, 13@14c; chickens, Ohio and Michigan, scalded, average best, 14@15c; other western, average best, 14@14½c; do fair to good, 12@13c; chickens and fowls, mixed, average best, 13½c; do fair to good, 12@13c; fowls, Ohio and Michigan, scalded, fancy, 13½c; other western fancy, 13½c; do fair to good, 12@13c; squabs, prime large white, per doz, $2.75@3.00; do mixed, $2.25; do dark, $1.25@1.50.

Tin, Copper, Lead, and Iron.

Tin in London, £139, futures £139 15s; locally $30.55@30.95. Copper in London £59 12s 9d spot, £59 17s 6d futures; in New York, standard, $12.87½, lake and electrolytic $13.37½@13.62½, casting $13.12½@13.50. Lead here 4⅛c; in London £12 7s 6d. Spelter in London £21 15s; locally $5.00@5.10. Iron 56s 9d in Glasgow, 51s 6d in Middlesboro; locally, No. 1 foundry northern $24.00@24.50, No. 2 foundry northern $22.00@22.50, No. 1 foundry southern and No. 1 foundry southern soft $23.50@24.50.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Collections at the Port of Chicago Amount to $27,761—Immediate Consumption Entries.

Collections at the custom house yesterday amounted to $27,761.45, imposts paying $16,960.64 and warehouse withdrawals $10,800.81.

Imported goods arrived as follows: 6,123 steel billets, 37 cases plate glass, 5 bales tobacco, 601 cases tea, 1,626 bars lead bullion, 369 tons pig iron, 172 cases beer, 1 case personal effects, 4 cases webbing, 1 case millinery, 1 case metalware, 1 case vaccine virus, 1 case hardware, 1 case religious articles, 1 case books, 1 case shamrocks, 2 cases dry goods, 1 case photographs, 2 cases steel, 98 cases oil, 250 cases cocoa, 190 cases porcelain.

Entered for immediate consumption: 1 case bitters, 37 cases dry goods, 77 cases earthenware, 712 bales matting, 38 rolls linoleum, 1 case books, 46 cases seeds, 4 barrels casings, 180 barrels flint stones, 7 bags potato flour, 877 boxes macaroni, 76 cases olive oil, 14 cases cheese, 1 case olives, 4 cases metalware, 8 cases dried fruit, 6 cases millinery, 2 steel castings, 1 case vaccine virus, 63 cases plate glass, 26 cases wine, 20 anvils, 11 cases paper, 15 cases brandy, 1 bale periodicals, 1 case cigarets, 2 cases machinery, 8 cases musical instruments, 1 case drugs, 1 case paintings, 170 barrels beer, 1 case glassware, 250 cases poppy seed, 25 cases oil, 1 case shellac substitute, 81 cases bulbs.

MONEY RATES GROW FIRM.

MINIMUM WITH NATIONAL BANKS NOW 5 PER CENT.

Strongest Commission Houses in Wall Street Trying to Make Time Loans in Chicago at the Price Named, but Fail to Secure Accommodation—Bank Reserve Lowest in Five Years and Prospect of Surplus Being Wiped Out.

Money in Chicago generally grew firm yesterday at the national banks to a minimum of 5 per cent. At some of the institutions more was done at 5½ than the former figure. This is an increase of ½ per cent in the rate in the last ten days. There may be some 4½ per cent money at the new trust companies, but there is practically none at the old ones. Exchange on New York is still selling at a discount and the country demand continues up to the average.

The announcement that the Aldrich bill would not pass had an immediate effect on the New York money market that was reflected here. New York became a bidder in Chicago for money at 5 per cent, and what might be termed any amount was wanted. The loans were asked by the strongest houses in Wall street and the collateral offered was 65 per cent railroad stocks and 35 per cent industrials. Not a loan could be secured, since the Chicago banks are fairly well loaned up and are aiming to care for their home customers.

Influenced by the money outlook the New York stock market was weak, though it closed with some improvement. But it seems undeniable that high interest rates will prevail throughout the year with the exception perhaps of the dull summer months, when nothing is doing.

The situation will bear considerable study. The subtreasury statement shows that since last Friday the subtreasury has gained nearly $4,000,000 from the New York associated banks. The statement of the latter last Saturday showed an excess reserve of $3,951,900. The withdrawals by the subtreasury, therefore, already wipe out two-thirds of this reserve, and there are two more days yet to be considered. It would not be surprising if the excess reserve next Saturday should drop to $1,000,000 or less. Such a showing would undoubtedly be bad for the stock market. The excess reserve is now the lowest at any corresponding period in six years. The following comparisons shows this:

Date.	Surplus.	Date.	Surplus.
Mar. 5, 1898	$20,823,500	Mar. 2, 1901	$14,801,100
Mar. 4, 1899	24,578,125	Mar. 1, 1902	9,975,900
Mar. 3, 1900	13,641,550	Feb. 28, 1903	3,951,900

New Securities $316,000,000.

With an almost depleted reserve the railroad companies in the last three months have put out over $126,000,000 of new bonds, the greater portion of the proceeds of which are going into construction. Nor is this all; nearly $200,000,000 of authorized securities are held by the companies to be put out in due course when market conditions will warrant. All of the securities issued have not been distributed to final owners. It is difficult, therefore, to see how any other than a close money market may be expected. The following summary sets forth the greater portion of new bond and stock issues recently authorized and put out:

Name.	Amount.
Iron Mountain bonds	$ 20,000,000
Erie Convertible bonds	10,000,000
Atlantic Coast Line bonds	35,000,000
Pennsylvania Convertible bonds	50,000,000
Atchison Oklahoma bonds	5,600,000
St. Louis and San Francisco bonds	5,500,000
Total	$126,100,000

The securities authorized and remaining unissued are as follows:

Erie Convertible bonds	$ 40,000,000
Pennsylvania stock	49,000,000
Chicago and Northwestern stock	36,000,000
New York Central stock	35,000,000
Iron Mountain bonds	30,000,000
Total	$190,000,000
Grand total	316,100,000

Poor Market Outlook.

That part of Wall street in touch with the money market did not take a hopeful view of the situation at the close of business yesterday. One of the most important houses, that of Strong, Sturgis & Co., wired as follows:

"We are now face to face with the fact that the country will unquestionably be short of a circulating medium at the time that the spring business most requires expansive power, and also at the time when the crops will be in motion. We may have extensive exports and we may be able to borrow largely in Europe, but on the other hand shall be expending a great deal of money this summer in Europe for the personal pleasure of our citizens who may go abroad. It is fair to say that at least $150,000,000 of money will be so disbursed.

"Looking at the thing, therefore, as it really is, we are not surprised that stocks have steadily declined during the day, and it is our expectation that they may work somewhat lower. It is not necessary to anticipate any serious calamity, as the prosperity of the country will in all probability keep us from such a situation, but we are so placed that active money this spring is probable and tight money next autumn is almost inevitable. Institutions that lend largely to railroad corporations and other financial interests have already expanded their lending capacity to nearly the maximum, and the bank reserves form a most efficient tell tale on the situation. While, therefore, there is no reason to be alarmed or to anticipate trouble, there is every reason to be conservative, and it is a fair proposition to submit to the investing public that money will be more valuable, so to speak, than stocks and that securities which heretofore have been on a 4 per cent basis are likely to sell more permanently on a 5 per cent line. Accepting this argument as being reasonably true, we ought to have a somewhat further shrinkage, but if the general market should decline to a figure, say, 4 or 5 points lower than at present, it would furnish a speculative opportunity which might justly be availed of."

Dividends Declared.

Directors of the South Side Elevated have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent, payable on March 31. Books close on March 21 and open on April 1.

The American Sugar Refining company has declared the regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent on both common and preferred stocks, both payable on April 2. Books close on March 7 and reopen on April 3.

The Cambria Iron company has declared a dividend of $1.00 a share, payable on April 1 to stock of record on March 14.

The National Sugar Refining company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on April 2. Books close on March 18 and reopen on April 3.

Railway Earnings.

The Lehigh Valley railroad company and the Lehigh Valley Coal company report for January, 1903, and for the year from July 1, 1902, as follows:

		Increase.
Earnings and income, all sources	$ 2,667,818	$ 693,198
Expenses	1,687,494	41,783
Total	980,324	651,415
Net	915,324	721,415
Earnings Lehigh Coal Co.	471,242	451,446
Earnings both companies	1,421,087	1,212,442
Less annual fixed charges and taxes	545,122	14,795
Surplus	875,965	1,197,647
From July 1—		
Earnings and income, all sources	13,906,749	1,952,687
Expenses	11,089,712	*28,785
Total	2,817,037	*1,923,802
Net	2,048,037	*1,758,302
Earnings coal company	489,265	642,241
Earnings both companies	2,599,259	*1,043,543
Less annual fixed charges and taxes	3,858,245	39,372
Deficit	1,248,986	1,082,915

THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

January, gross	3,503,039	218,352
Expenses and taxes	2,715,976	340,002
Net	787,062	*121,649
From July 1—		
Gross	24,823,129	2,407,637
Expenses and taxes	17,672,431	17,672,431
Rpt. expenses and taxes	17,672,431	296,278
Net	7,150,697	111,358

CHICAGO TERMINAL TRANSFER.

Third week February	29,647	*1,578
From July 1	1,113,473	78,839

WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

Fourth week February	122,100	8,554
Month of February	425,100	27,711
From July 1	4,313,102	409,349

*Decrease.

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were closing quotations on the New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amn. Can	8¼	8¾
Do pfd	43	44
Air	2½	3¼
Brit. Col. Copper	6	6½
Bay State Gas	⅜	½

Baking Powder pfd	104	105
Con. Equipment	5	5¼
Electric Vehicle	5¼	6½
Do pfd	10	12
Electric Boat	17	22
Do pfd	30	40
Havana Cigar	50	51¼
Do pfd	61½	63
Montreal & Boston	1⅝	1¾
Northern Securities	108½	100
Manhattan Transit	3⅝	4
New York Electric	9⅞	10¼
Otis Elevator	48½	49¼
Do pfd	97½	99
Stamping & Enameling	35	35¼
Do pfd	90	94
Seaboard Air Line	24⅝	25¼
Do pfd	41½	42¼
St. Louis Transit	28½	29¼
Standard Oil	690	695

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange closed weak yesterday at the following figures:

SELLING.

Cables, London	487⅞
Checks, London	487½
Checks, Paris	516¼+1-32
Checks, Berlin	95 1-16

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	483¾
60 days, documentary	484
3 days, Hamburg	94⅞
3 days, Antwerp	518⅛
60 days, France	520
3 days, Holland	40 1-16
90 days, Holland	39 13-16

Rich Watch Company Melon.

One of the choicest melons cut by a Chicago corporation in years was the stock dividend of $1,000,000 declared by the Elgin National Watch company yesterday. The stock is quoted at $2,500 for each $1,000 share. The value, therefore, of the new issue is approximately $2,500,000. The company's capital is $4,000,000, and the new stock, issued without cost, will make the capital $5,000,000. Each stockholder receives 25 per cent of his present holdings.

The Elgin National Watch company has enjoyed a prosperous business since 1897, following the election of McKinley. Its capacity has been crowded and enlarged, and yesterday's issue of stock is merely a capitalization of the surplus which has been accumulated over and above the 8 per cent dividends paid each year. As watches are a species of luxury the business of a watch company is indicative of the wealth of its patrons. Whereas a few years ago the Elgin concern had a big run on $10.00 watches, its greatest business now is in $35.00 to $70.00 watches.

The new stock will be issued on March 23 to shareholders of record on March 10. As the stock is issued only in $1,000 shares, it is mostly held by wealthy men and estates.

General Financial News.

The Morris Boxboard and Paper company of Morris, Ill., has been incorporated at Springfield with a capital of $150,000. This is the first new competitor of the United Boxboard and Paper company.

Announcement is made that enough stock has been deposited under the proposed agreement for the sale of control of the Laclede Gas company to the North American company to make the plan operative.

The American Snuff company reports for the fiscal year ended Dec. 31 undivided profits, after provision for dividends, etc., $744,574, against $526,605 the previous year.

The South Side Elevated railroad company has given orders for a 10 per cent increase in equipment. This includes twenty new cars, one new engine, and generator.

The International and Great Northern railroad company has applied to the New York stock exchange to list $507,000 additional first mortgage 6 per cent bonds of 1919 and $507,000 additional second mortgage 5 per cent bonds.

Lake Street L Traffic.

The Lake street elevated railroad issued yesterday the following traffic statement for February:

	—Tot. passengers— 1903.	1902.	—Daily av.— 1903.	1902.	Inc.
Main line	1,201,699	1,133,708	42,917	40,489	2,428
Cicero & Proviso tr'fers	41,196	55,572			
Totals	1,242,895	1,189,280	44,389	42,474	1,915
Percentage of increase, main line					6.0
Transfers included					4.5

Chicago Stocks.

United Boxboard shares firmed up yesterday, the preferred closing at 32, after touching 33¼. Apparently the urgent liquidation is over.

The local market generally was inclined to sympathize with the New York and a number of issues sold off. Biscuit common lost one-half point. American Can shares were moderately active and fractionally lower. The street railroad stocks traded in were also lower.

A West Chicago debenture 6 per cent bond sold at 93. This is the low price since 1896. Until yesterday's quotation the bonds recently had been selling around 96 and 97, and a few months ago at par.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	100	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
Do pfd	520	44⅛	43½	43½
Canal and Dock	100	67	67	67
Chicago City Railway	58	220	220	220
Chicago Edison	5	159	159	159
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	123	70	70	70
Chicago Telephone	10	155	155	155
Chicago Title and Trust	60	100¼	100	100
Chicago Union Traction	20	10	10	10
Diamond Match	239	136	135¼	135¼
Lake Street Elevated	50	6	6	6
Metropolitan Elevated	10	34	34	34
Do pfd	240	83¼	82¼	82¼
National Biscuit	490	47	46½	46½
Do pfd	172	105¼	105¼	105¼
Northwestern Elevated	92	29	29	29
Quaker Oats pfd	50	89½	89½	89½
Rock Island	10	45¼	45¼	45¼
South Side Elevated	3	110	109½	110
Street's Stable Car	150	30¼	30¼	30¼
Swift & Co	20	125	125	125
United Boxboard	1,010	5¼	4¾	5
Do pfd	707	33¼	31½	32
United States Steel	10	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝
Western Stone	50	29	29	29

BONDS.

$3000 Met El ext 4s. 95	$3000 L St 1st m 5s.100⅝
1000 Un Elev 5s...110	2000 do ...100⅛
1000 N W El 4s... 95	1000 N Chi 5s 1906.100
9000 Chi Gas 5s...108¼	1000 W Chi deb 6s. 93

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	March 3.	Feb. 24.
New York	$355,444,482	$142,972,220
Chicago	33,900,334	34,740,128
Boston	27,345,186	17,721,222
Philadelphia	23,856,872	16,551,609
St. Louis	9,239,718	9,034,973
Baltimore	6,448,356	8,011,941

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 20c discount; St. Louis, 10c premium.

VEGETABLE LIST ABOUT STEADY

Produce Coming In More Freely from the South—Beans Affected by Imports—Staples Steady.

A generally steady tone runs through the staples in the produce list. Butter is steady, in fair demand, and moderate supply. More or less weakness is reported in beans, which are slightly lower, the market being afflicted by importations of beans, which are being laid down at gulf ports at prices lower than are quoted on Michigan beans. Eggs are steady, demand good, but not urgent. Two cars of southern vegetables were in. Quotations on round lots follow:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, firsts, fresh, new cases included	16½c	extras	27½c
Do new laid, at mark, cases included	16@16½c	June extras	23@24c
Do at mark, cases returned	15½c	Firsts	24@25c
Refrigerator eggs	9@10c	Seconds	18@20c
Butter, creamery,		Dairies, Cooley's	24c
		Do firsts	20c
		Packing stock	10@12c
		Cheese, fancy brick	12@12½c
		Young America	13@13½c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live turkeys	10@14c	Young toms	18½@20c
Do old chickens	11½c	Ducks, mallard, doz	$4.50
Do geese, doz	$5.00@11.00	Ducks, bluewing	$3.00
Dressed springs	12@12½c	Snipe, jack	$1.25
Do hens	12c	Do sand, grass, and yellow legs	25@30c
Fresh dressed turkeys	15@18c	Rabbits, doz	60c
Frozen turkeys, hens	18@18½c	Do jacks	$2.00@3.00

FRUITS.

Oranges, California navels	$2.25@2.50	Grape fruit, California	$2.50@3.00
Lemons, Cal., boxes 300	$2.25@3.00	Bananas, bch	$1.25
Apples, brls	$1.00@4.00	Cranberries, Jerseys, brls	$10.50@11.00
Greenings and russets, fair to good	$1.50@1.75	Do bu boxes	$3.75@4.00
Illinois, Ben Davis and Gano No. 1	$1.65@1.75	Pineapples, Cuban, cases	$3.00@3.50
Michigan, No. 2, poorly packed		Do Floridas, crates	$4.50@5.00
		Strawberries, Florida, qt	10@50c
			50c@$1.25

FISH AND SEA FOODS.

Black bass	15@15½c	Select	$1.60
Carp	1c	Lobsters, alive	27c
Perch	3@4c	Do boiled	30c
Pike	5@6c	Frogs' legs, bull, medium	50@60c
Pickerel	4@5c	Extra large	$1.00@1.10
Oysters, standard, bulk, gal	$1.20		

VEAL.

50@60 lbs	6c	150@200 lbs	6@7c
65@75 lbs	6@7c	175@225 lbs	5@6c
80@125 lbs	7@8c	Medium to good carcasses	7@8c
95@110 lbs	8½@9c		

HONEY.

White clover, lbs	15@16c	Amber, light	12@13c
Buckwheat	9@11c	Beeswax	24@28c

VEGETABLES.

Asparagus, Ill., hothouse, small	$2.50	Louisiana	$3.00@8.00
Beets, 1¼ bu sacks	50c	Do leaf, cases	30@35c
New, brls, La.	$2.50@3.00	Potatoes, on track, per bu	38@47c
Beans, navy, hand picked	$2.25	New potatoes, Bermuda, brls	$6.50@7.00
Medium	$2.12@2.15	Do Kentucky	$3.00@3.50
Brussels, sprouts, Cal., qt	18@20c	Sweet potatoes, Ill., brls, good	$2.75@3.25
Celery, home grown,		Green peas, 4 basket	

doz	45@50c	crates	$2.25
Spinach, brls, La.	$4.00	Tomatoes, Fla., 6 basket crates	$3.00
Cauliflower, Cal., cases	$1.50	Cucumbers, Ill., hothouse, doz	35c@$1.40
Onions, per 100 lbs, yellow	$1.00	Radishes, doz	40@50c
Do Valencia, crate	$3.50	String beans, Fla., bu	$3.00
Cabbage, brls	75@90c		
Lettuce, head, brls.			

HIDES AND PELTS.

Heavy, green, salted	7¼c	Green, salted, calf	9½c
Damaged do	6¼c	Dry do	16c
Part cured, No. 1	6¾c	Deacons, each	45@50c

BROOMCORN.

Self-working, fair to good, ton	$50.00@60.00	Choice	$70.00@80.00
		Choice, g'n	$80.00@90.00

FEATHERS.

Live geese, white	55@57c	Chicken and turkey body, mixed	4c
Do ducks, do	42@43c	Turkey tail, best	23@25c
Mixed goose and duck	28@30c	Tail, mixed with skirt	14@16c
Chicken body, dry	4@4¼c		
Turkey do, do	4@4¼c		

WOOL.

Tub washed	21@26c	Montana, medium	14@16c
Med., unwashed	16@18c	Ungraded, unwashed	11@13c
Coarse, unwa'd	15@16c		

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	—Receipts— 1903.	1902.	—Shipments— 1903.	1902.
Apples, brls	685	130	480	386
Beans, bu	.....	3,800	.....	3,755
B. corn, lbs	.....	81,800	30,900	29,820
Butter, lbs	686,186	985,294	710,260	886,242
Cheese, lbs	135,370	278,750	166,490	162,240
D. fruits, lbs	67,300	40,855	.....	105,179
Eggs, pkgs	7,878	5,357	3,324	1,352
Game, pkgs	.....	1	.....	.....
Hay, tons	915	604	11	115
Hides, lbs	226,655	676,231	445,740	377,800
Hops, lbs	33,145	35,610	.....	.....
Potatoes, bu	47,471	19,760	13,552	4,597
Poultry, lbs	67,500	162,935	.....	84,494
Poultry, c'ps	.....	63	.....	.....
Wool, lbs	39,605	124,500	68,520	161,425

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, March 3.—Wheat—Spot quiet; No. 2 red, western, winter, 6s 10½d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 8½d; No. 1 California, 6s 11d. Futures quiet; March, 6s 4d; May, 6s 2⅝d; July, 6s 2d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new, 4s 6½d.

Cotton—Spot quiet; prices 6 points higher. American, middling fair, 5.98d; good middling, 5.60d; middling, 5.42d; low middling, 5.30d; good ordinary, 5.18d; ordinary, 5.06d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 7,400 bales American. Receipts, 19,000 bales, including 18,600 American. Futures opened firm and closed feverish.

Pork—Prime mess, western, quiet. Hams—Short cut dull, 52s 6d. Lard—American, refined, in pails, 49s 3d.

George A. Treadwell Mining Company,

27 William Street, New York.

Prescott and Jerome, Arizona.

Capital Stock, $3,000,000.

Par Value of Shares, $10

It has

1. The largest properties on the Verde Copper Belt in Yavapai County, Arizona, and with the possible exception of the property of the United Verde Copper Company, the best properties in that district.

The Verde Copper Belt is the richest copper district in the world. Copper is now produced there at three and a half cents a pound. It is produced nowhere else in the world at less than twice that cost. The ores, too, are rich in gold as well as copper.

2. The largest and best properties in the Big Bug District in the same county.

The Big Bug District is a continuation westward of the Verde Copper Belt.

The ores of this district are even richer in gold than those of the Verde Copper Belt proper. Mr. Erwin D. Treadwell, after careful computation, expresses the opinion that the gold values of our Iron Queen mine are enough to pay the entire cost of mining and smelting, leaving the copper cost free.

3. A mile and a half of underground development work disclosing vast and rich ore bodies.

4. A half interest in the Hydro-Carbon smelting patents and processes, which, by making it possible to use oil for smelting, save half the cost.

5. A hydro-carbon smelter which will be ready for operation in about thirty days. This smelter has a present capacity of one hundred tons a day, but is so built that it can be increased at comparatively little cost to five hundred tons capacity.

6. A hundred ton coke smelter on our recently acquired Boggs property.

7. Sixteen miles of pipe line, giving us the control of all the permanent water of the district.

8. A management at once careful, economical, efficient, and up to date.

9. A clear and unencumbered title, by Government patent, to its rich and extensive properties.

10. No debts, and it pays its way as it goes.

It is fast getting ready to take its place among the great copper producers of North America, and it will not be far down the list even if it does not stand at the head.

A very limited amount of the stock is for sale—to complete the smelting plant and outfit.

Prices will be given on application.

MYRA B. MARTIN, Secretary.

A DOLLAR SAVED

Today makes it easier for you to save another dollar *tomorrow*. That is the "saving habit"—it comes with practice.

Start a Saving Account—$1 or more.

FEDERAL TRUST & SAVINGS BANK

Capital $2,000,000 Surplus $500,000

N. E. Cor. La Salle and Adams-sts.

MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

Bartlett, Frazier & Co.,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS. STOCKS, BONDS AND COTTON.

MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

CHICAGO - - - - MILWAUKEE

No. 7 New-st., New York.

PRIVATE WIRES.

KNIGHT, DONNELLEY & CO. STOCKS BONDS GRAIN PROVISIONS

217 LA SALLE ST. (ROTUNDA, THE ROOKERY)

Members NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, NEW YORK COFFEE EXCHANGE, CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE, CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE

Bank Stocks and Unlisted Securities

Chicago Savings Bank

N. W. Cor. State and Washington Streets.

THE MOST CONVENIENTLY LOCATED BANK IN CHICAGO.

PAYS INTEREST ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS OF $1.00 AND UPWARDS

A State Institution organized and conducted by conservative men for the convenience of the people.

GEO. H. WEBSTER, President. J. E. OTIS, JR., Vice President. LUCIUS TETER, Cashier.

TO THE Debenture Holders and Stockholders OF THE

Pacific Packing .. AND .. Navigation Co.

The undersigned, at the request of the holders of a large amount of the debenture bonds and capital stock of the Pacific Packing and Navigation Company have consented to act as a committee for the reorganization of the affairs of the said company. The committee will forthwith prepare an agreement of deposit, which will be filed with the depositary, the Colonial Trust Company, 222 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, March 5th, 1903. The holders of the debenture bonds and shares of stock or voting trust certificates therefor of the Pacific Packing and Navigation Company are invited on and after said date to deposit their respective securities with said depositary, which will issue its negotiable receipts or certificates of deposit therefor. The committee will undertake to prepare for the depositors a plan for the reorganization of said company. Any depositor not assenting to such plan when formulated will, under the terms of the deposit agreement, have the right without expense to withdraw his deposited debenture bonds, stock or voting trust certificates therefor. Copies of the deposit agreement may be obtained upon application at the depositary, New York, March 3d, 1903.

GEORGE F. CRANE, Chairman. STUYVESANT FISH, GEORGE F. VIETER, JOHN E. BORNE, CHARLES FLETCHER, CHARLES COUNSELMAN, Committee.

Alexander & Green, Davies, Stone and Auerbach, Counsel.

PHILIP S. BABCOCK,

Secretary of Committee,

222 Broadway, New York City.

Illinois Trust & Savings Bank

La Salle Street and Jackson Boulevard.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$9,800,000.00

Interest Allowed on Deposits in Banking and Savings Departments

BONDS: Government, State, County, City and Choice Railroad Bonds bought and sold.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE: Letters of Credit, Drafts, Postal Remittances and Cable Transfers.

THE TRUST DEPARTMENT: Acts as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, Conservator, Assignee, Receiver, Transfer Agent and Registrar; makes investments and acts as agent in the collection and disbursement of incomes. Trust funds and trust investments are kept separate from the assets of the bank.

ILLINOIS TRUST SAFETY DEPOSIT CO. SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.

Savings Deposits made on or before March 5th will be allowed Interest from March 1st.

THE NORTHERN TRUST COMPANY BANK

SOUTHEAST COR. LA SALLE AND ADAMS-STS.

CAPITAL - - - $1,000,000
SURPLUS - - - $1,000,000

DIRECTORS.

A. C. BARTLETT, of Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co.
MARVIN HUGHITT, Pres't Chicago & Northwestern Ry. Co.
HARLEY BRADLEY, of David Bradley Mfg. Co.
CHARLES L. HUTCHINSON, Vice President Corn Exch. Nat. Bank.
WILLIAM A. FULLER, formerly of Palmer, Fuller & Co.
ALBERT A. SPRAGUE, of Sprague, Warner & Co.
H. N. HIGINBOTHAM,
MARTIN A. RYERSON,
BYRON L. SMITH, Pres't The Northern Trust Company.

W. E. WOODEND & CO

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Members New York Cons. Stock Exchange.

MAIN OFFICE BROAD EXCHANGE BLDG., 25 BROAD ST.

BRANCH OFFICES: BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, NEWARK, BROOKLYN, WASHINGTON, CHICAGO, SPRINGFIELD, SYRACUSE.

(Connected by private wire with main office.)

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Cotton Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin.

Write to our CORRESPONDENCE BUREAU on matters of interest to you.

DAILY MARKET LETTER and WEEKLY REVIEW ISSUED.

CHICAGO OFFICE 159 La Salle Street

J. H. SUMMERS, Mgr.

LOANS Without Commission

On choice Chicago real estate security at low rates. Quick action.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

CAPITAL, $4,000,000 SURPLUS, 1,000,000

Interest allowed from March 1st on savings deposits made on or before March 10th.

Start a Savings Account with One Dollar or more.

Send or call at the bank for an individual steel savings bank.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF ILLINOIS

Dearborn & Monroe-sts.

INTEREST.

On all deposits of $1.00 or more, made on or before March 5, the interest will be figured from March 1st at 3% a year, compounded every six months.

Call or write for one of our metal banks. You have the bank—we have the key. No expense to you.

Royal Trust Company Savings Department

OPEN MONDAY EVENINGS FROM 5:30 TO 8.

ROYAL INSURANCE BLDG., 169 JACKSON BOULEVARD.

JOHN DICKINSON & CO.

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS

261 La Salle-st., Chicago.

Telephones Harrison 1058 and 1255.

New York Office, 50 Broadway.

Direct Private Wires East.

MEMBERS VARIOUS EXCHANGES.

Send for our Daily Market Letter.

NET INVESTORS 6% ANNUALLY.

To conservative investors who desire to place their money where it will secure the highest rate of interest compatible with unquestionable safety, we especially recommend the First Mortgage Six Per Cent Gold Bonds of the Tibbitts Seaman Land, Cattle and Fruit Co., of Mission, Wash. These bonds are in denominations of

$100, $200, $300, $400, $500 and $1,000 each.

Are redeemable in ten years. The interest is payable semi-annually at the

UNION TRUST CO., Chicago, Ill.

A limited number of these safe and attractive bonds can be secured from us at where they will net investors six per cent annually.

For complete particulars regarding this offer, address

JOHN R. TRAISE & CO., Investments, CHICAGO.

Bank Floor Unity Bldg. Phone 651 State.

THE AUDIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

AUGUST BELMONT, Acting President. JOHN J. MITCHELL, Vice President. WILLIAM A. NASH, Vice President. THOMAS L. GREENE, Vice President.

Examinations of financial conditions, audits of accounts, appraisals of land, buildings and machinery. Certificates of values issued which are accepted by financiers in large or small underwritings. Appraisals in connection with audits enable the *showing of complete values.*

Queen Building, New York. New York Life Building, Chicago.

STOCKS SUFFER A DROP.

FATE OF THE ALDRICH BILL MOVES TRADERS TO SELL.

Southern Pacific Shares Are Said to Be Controlled by a Pool Headed by James R. Keene — Some Original Members Sell Short and Cause Wonder—Prominent Issues Fall Off Materially—Manhattan and Metropolitan Show Strength.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, March 3.—[Special.]—There was no trouble about diagnosing the stock market today, which was weak throughout the list. Such occasional reactions or resistance as developed, especially at the close, was inadequate to establish among the active securities a single advance of a full point. There were nearly a score of declines, averaging more than that. There was but one topic, or two phases of the same topic, for the hardening of the money market and the fate of the Aldrich bill were parts of the same story which influenced the selling party and, in a less degree, the tired holders, to common action. At the worst the money market was deprived of the anticipated boon. The next harvest season will resemble the last, except so far as ample notice is given. There is not money enough in circulation both to move the full crops and sustain the large volume of trade. There was a difference of opinion about this last year which was natural enough, for never before had such trade been coincident with such crops. It is idle now to speak of the bill's merits or defects. Either may have been exaggerated. The differences in view may profitably be dropped and all concerned accept an ample notice to take precautions against the inadequate supplies of money, which probably will rise.

No other stock list would have excited as much comment as did that of the Southern Pacific, which, after an early heaviness, sold up to over a point from the low for the day and closed at a fractional net advance. The interest in the issues is due to the existence of a big pool in the stock, whose holdings are not less than 300,000 shares and which is managed by James R. Keene. The average price paid by the pool for the stock is understood to have been 71. The closing price tonight was 61⅝, but it has never been possible to obtain specific information in the matter, nor do even the pool members feel exactly certain where they stand. However indefinite matters may be in respect to the pool, it is said on the floor that it is evident the pool support is being extended, inasmuch as some few in the original pool have sold stock against the pool holdings, which they may be called upon to deliver at any time.

It is pointed out that this technical short interest might be brought up roundly at any time if there should be any disposition to force it along those lines.

Concerning the declining shares, it is noteworthy that a number of prominent issues like the New York Central and Pennsylvania fell to the new low records since the memorable May panic of 1901, the former going to 143½ and the latter to 145¾. The heaviest drop was in Chicago and Northwest, which opened down 9½ points to 182 on 100 shares, and on the next and only transaction, also of 100 shares, rose to 182½. The selling was understood to have been a forced liquidation by a trader, who followed the Moore brothers, when less than a year ago they endeavored to obtain a representation on the board. The stock then sold at 271.

The selling of Rock Island and 'Frisco shares was accompanied by reports that a hitch had developed in respect to the deal, but this is not credited.

Of the advancing stocks, Manhattan and Metropolitan were perhaps the most consistently strong, with purchases of Manhattan coming largely and openly from Gould brokers, while in Metropolitan there apparently was a continuation of the short covering that has been in evidence ever since the raid on the stock. The next point of prominence in the way of an advance was sugar, which has been tipped for some days as being in for a big rise. The chief bull argument seems the calling of an extra session of congress, which may assure the passage of the Cuban reciprocity measure, which in the street is regarded as helpful to the sugar trust.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railway Shares, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The practical abandonment of the Aldrich financial bill affected sentiment even at the opening, but vigorous supporting orders were distributed in the market and the decline was effectually checked.

Reports of a strike on its lines east of St. Louis made the Wabash stocks conspicuously weak, but the news of the injunction against the labor men caused a particularly effective rally in those stocks. Bonds were weak in sympathy with the stock market. Total sales par value, $2,750,000. United States bonds were all unchanged on the last call.

Close: Money on call firm at 3@4½ per cent, closing 3@3½ per cent. Time money strong; 60 days, 5@5¼ per cent; 90 days, 5@5¼ per cent; six months, 5½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy with actual business in bankers' bills at 487.20 for demand and at 483.90@484 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, 485 and 488; commercial bills, 483¼@483¾. Bar silver, 48¼. Mexican dollars, 38.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing. Mar. 3.	Mar. 2.
Amn. Sugar	3,600	131⅝	130	130⅝	130⅝
Do pfd	100	121⅞	121⅞	121⅞	122
Amn. Locomotive	1,800	29¼	28⅝	29	29½
Do pfd	300	94⅝	93⅞	93⅞	95
Amn. Cot. Oil	100	44	44	44	44½
Am. Grass Twine	200	20	19½	20	20
Amn. Smelting	4,800	49⅝	48	49	50
Do pfd	2,000	96⅝	95¼	95¾	96⅝
Amn. Snuff pfd	100	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	.....
Amn. Hide & L.	500	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	.....
Amn. Linseed	50	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	16½
Amn. Car Found.	1,500	39⅞	39½	39⅞	39⅞
Do pfd	800	91½	90½	91½	91½
Amn. Ice	700	10⅝	10¼	10¼	10½
Do pfd	1,200	38¼	36⅞	36⅞	38½
Amn. Steel Foun.	300	17	17	17	17
Anaconda	3,300	121	116	117	121¼
Atchison	39,700	84⅝	83	84¼	84½
Do pfd	2,800	99¼	98½	98⅝	99⅜
Amal. Copper	80,600	73	70⅞	72	72¾
Amn. Bicycle pfd	500	1	1	1	1
Amn. Woolen	300	14¼	13⅜	13⅜	.....
Brook. Rap. Tran.	8,900	67⅞	65⅝	66⅝	66⅞
Balto. & Ohio	45,700	95	93	94⅝	95¼
Brooklyn U. Gas.	100	220	220	220	.....
C. & N. W. Rites.	4,200	12⅝	12½	12½	12⅞
Do ex Rites	200	182½	182	182½	191½
Chicago & Alton.	1,000	33⅝	32⅞	33¼	33½
Do pfd	200	71¼	71	71	71½
C., M. & St. P.	31,800	173⅞	171⅞	173	174
Do pfd	100	190	190	190	.....
Canada Southern.	200	74⅞	74	74¼	.....
Chicago Terminal	300	18	17¼	17½	17⅞
Do pfd	500	32	31½	31⅝	32
Ches. & Ohio	6,800	48⅝	47⅝	48	48⅝
Canadian Pacific.	8,100	133	132	132½	133½
Con. Gas (N. Y.).	4,500	212¼	210	211	212½
C., C., C. & St. L.	500	93½	92	92	93½
Colo. & Southern.	1,000	28½	27⅝	27⅝	28⅝
Do 1st pfd	100	69	69	69	.....
Colo. Fuel & Iron	3,400	72	69⅝	70½	72½
C. & H. C. & I.	2,000	20⅝	19⅝	20	20⅝
Chi. Union Trac.	100	10	10	10	10
Chi. Great West.	4,300	25⅝	24⅝	25	25⅝
Do pfd B.	300	43	42⅝	43	45¼
Corn Products	1,500	32½	32	32½	32⅝
D., L. & W.	200	255	255	255	.....
Del. & Hudson	600	176	175	176	177
D. & Rio Grande.	1,200	39⅛	38	38¼	.....
Do pfd	300	88	87¾	87¾	87⅞
Detroit Southern.	1,100	16⅝	16¼	16⅞	.....
Do pfd	300	34	33½	33½	.....
Detroit Union Ry.	100	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	.....
D. S., S. & A. pfd	100	26	26	26	26¼
Erie	27,700	36⅝	35⅝	36¼	36⅝
Do 1st pfd	7,800	67⅞	66⅝	67¼	68¼
Do 2d pfd	6,300	56	54	54¾	56
E. & T. H.	700	66½	66	66⅝	.....
General Electric	1,800	196¼	193	193½	195¼
G. Chem. Co. pfd.	100	101	101	101	.....
Hocking Valley	600	104¼	103¼	104¼	.....
Do pfd	300	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
Int. Pump pfd	100	83	83	83	.....
Illinois Central	3,100	141⅝	140¼	141	141⅝
Iowa Central pfd.	300	69	69	69	.....
Internatl. Paper.	100	17½	17½	17½	.....
Do pfd	300	73⅝	73½	73½	.....
K.C.Ft.S.&M. pfd	300	80½	79½	79½	.....
Kan. & Mich.	100	41½	41½	41½	.....
Kas. City & So.	100	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	32¼
Do pfd	600	56	56	56	.....
Louis. & Nash.	2,900	122	121	122	122
M.St.P.&S.S.M pf	1,400	129	127½	128	128⅝
Met. Securities	1,400	118¼	117⅞	117⅝	118½
Manhattan	29,700	144	142½	143	142½
M., K. & T.	1,800	26⅝	26¼	26⅝	27½
Do pfd	2,000	60	58⅞	59⅝	60⅝
Met. St. Ry.	8,300	136¼	134½	136	135¼
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.).	5,800	27½	26⅝	27¼	.....
Missouri Pacific	45,600	110⅝	108½	109⅝	109⅞
National Biscuit	400	47	46⅝	47	47½
Natl. R. R. Mex.	800	18¼	18	18	18½
Do pfd	400	35½	34	34½	34½
National Lead	700	26	26	26	26
Do pfd	100	90	90	90	90
N. Y. Central	12,300	145	143½	143⅝	145
Norfolk & West.	2,900	72½	71⅝	72¼	72⅝
North Amn. Co.	900	114	112	112½	.....
N. Y., Ont. & W.	11,000	32¼	31⅝	31⅝	32⅝
N. Y. Air Brake	400	167	160	164½	165
N. Y. C. & St. L.	400	41½	40⅝	41½	41
Ont. Silver	100	6½	6½	6½	6¼
People's Gas	2,700	102⅞	101⅝	102	102½
Penna. R. R.	29,700	147⅛	145¾	146¼	147¾
Pacific Mail	500	38⅝	36½	36½	.....
Pressed Steel Car.	800	62	61⅝	62	62½
Do pfd	800	94¼	93½	94¼	94
P., C., C. & St. L.	100	86	86	86	.....
Reading	39,100	60¼	58¼	59⅝	60½
Rubber Goods	1,200	27	26½	27	27⅝
Do pfd	600	82⅝	82½	82⅛	83
Ry. Steel Spring.	800	84⅝	84⅝	84	84⅝
Rep. Iron & Steel	2,200	21½	21	21⅝	21½
Do pfd	500	79⅝	79½	79½	.....
Rock Island	66,000	46⅝	44⅝	46	46⅝
Do pfd	5,100	80	79	79⅝	80½
Southern Ry.	10,300	34¼	33¼	34	34¼
Do pfd	400	94	93⅝	94	94
Do M & O. ctfs	100	96½	96½	96½	.....
Southern Pacific	32,600	61⅝	60¼	61⅝	.....
St. L. S. W.	600	26	25⅝	25⅝	26
Do pfd	600	60	59⅝	59⅝	60
St. L. & S. F.	2,200	84⅝	81⅛	82⅛	84
Do 1st pfd	100	83	83	83	.....
Do 2d pfd	900	72½	71¼	71⅞	.....
S. R. & T.	200	5½	5½	5½	.....
Sloss. S. S. & I.	700	69	68½	68½	69
Texas Pacific	3,900	39⅝	39	39½	40
Tenn. Coal & Iron	6,600	65½	63¼	64½	65¼
T., St. L & W. pfd	400	42½	42½	42½	44
Twin City	890	118⅝	117½	117½	.....
Union Pacific	65,000	96½	94⅝	95⅝	96⅝
Do pfd	800	91½	90½	90⅝	91⅝
U. Bag & Paper.	500	13½	12⅝	12⅝	.....
Un. Ry. & Inv.	200	20	20	20	20
U. S. Realty	2,500	25¼	25⅝	25⅝	26
Do pfd	600	70⅝	70½	70⅝	71⅝
U. S. Rubber	1,300	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	.....
Do pfd	200	53⅝	53⅝	53⅝	.....
U. S. Reduc. Co.	100	32	32	32	.....
U. S. Leather	4,600	13¼	12⅝	12⅞	13
Do pfd	900	91⅝	91½	91⅝	91⅝
U. S. Steel	29,500	38⅝	37½	38⅛	38⅞
Do pfd	13,800	87⅝	86½	87⅛	87⅝
United Fruit	100	109	109	109	.....
Va. I. C. & C.	200	38¼	38	38	38½
Va. Caro. Chem.	1,900	64	61⅝	63	64½
Wheeling & L. E.	100	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
Do 1st pfd	100	57	57	57	.....
Wabash	6,900	31	29⅝	30¼	31¼
Do pfd	87,200	53¼	50½	52¼	53⅝
Wis. Central	1,900	26⅞	25½	26	26⅞
Do pfd	1,800	51½	50⅝	51¼	51⅝
Western Union	400	89	89	89	90

Total sales of stocks, 877,800 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	215	United States	140
American	220	Fargo	125

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg.	107	U. S. new 4s, coup.	135½
U. S. ref. 2s, coup.	107½	U. S. old 4s, reg.	108½
U. S. 3s, reg.	107	U. S. old 4s, coup.	109½
U. S. 3s, coup.	107¼	U. S. 5s, reg.	102¾
U. S. new 4s, reg.	134½	U. S. 5s, coup.	102¾

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

28000 Atch gen 4s	101¼	2000 N Y C deb 5s	101¾
5000 do adj	91	9000 do gen 3½s	108¼@¾
1000 Am H-L 6s	94	1000 N Y C L S 3½s	91½
1000 Adams Ex 4s	104	1000 N Y C M S 3½s	91
21000 B-O 3½s	93½	1000 N Y Dock 4s	92
5000 do gold 4s	102¼	1000 N Y G-E 4s	94¼
10000 do PLEWV 4s	95½	4000 N-W 4s	101½
3000 do S W 3½s	88¾	4000 do Poc 4s	92½
1000 B R P 5s	115½	17000 N Pac 3s	72@¾
3000 BknUnGas 5s	116½	15000 do 4s	103@¼
1000 Bkn El 4s	102¾	3000 O R-N 4s	101½
11000 Colo So 4s	90	26000 O S L 4s	93¼@94¼
183000 Con Tobac 4s 62¾@63¼		209000 Penn conv. 103⅝@104¼	
154000 CB-Q jnt. 93½@94		72000 Rdg gen 4s	96¼@97
1000 do reg	93⅞	16000 StLSW 1st	97@¼
10000 do Neb ex	108	17000 do 2d	83
1000 C St P M-O cons	134	25000 StL-IM 5s	114¼
52000 C R I-P 4s 84¼@85¾		292000 St L S F 4s 87¼@88¼	
10000 do gen 4s	106	10000 StP-D con 4s	96½
6000 CFI conv	90@¼	7000 Seaboard A L 5s	102¾@⅞
1000 do gm 5s	102	4000 So Ry 5s	117
4000 Cen Ga con 5s 108@¼		3000 So Pac Ariz 1910	111¼
1000 do 3d inc	68	3000 So Pac 4s	90¼@91
5000 Det Cy Gas 5s	98	12000 do 4½s	99@⅝
10000 DM-M LS	91½	7000 StPM-M 4s	102¾
5000 Edison Elec N Y 5s	104	3000 S C-Ga 1st	107
81000 Erie gen lien 4s	86@¾	2000 S A-A P 4s	85
16000 do con 4s	98@½	37000 Third Ave ex 4s	97¼@¾
3000 H V 4½s	107½	3000 Tex P 1st	118
5000 K C So 3s	70¾	10000 T C I debar	101¼
1000 K C Ft S-M 4s	87½	1000 do B div	107½
7000 L-W B 4½s	86@¾	25000 T St L-W 4s	78
1000 Lac Gas 5s	108¼	1000 U P 4s	102½
1000 Mo P con 6s	122	409000 do conv 4s 104@¾	
6000 Man con 4s	103¾	1000 Ulster-D 5s	110
1000 Mex C 4s	78	3000 U S Leath 6s	114
5000 do 4½s	95	1000 Va I C-C 5s	79
76000 do 1st inc	26¼@½	3000 Wab 1st 5s	116½
51000 do 2d inc	16@¾	578000 do deb B	80@81¼
2000 M U-T 4s	99½	2000 Wis C 4s	92
15000 M U-T 2d	82½@83	1000 W L E 4s	91
1000 M-St L 4s	101½	1000 W S gtd 4s	111
5000 Mich C 6s	112½		

Total sales of bonds, $2,797,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Shares, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., March 3.—[Special.]—The failure of a local brokerage house with a Boston stock exchange membership added to the already heavy local speculative feeling, and for a greater part of the day selling of stocks at reduced figures was more in fashion than buying. Money is close in this city. Altogether the bears had more arguments than the bulls. Declines of 2 per cent and over were common, the entire copper list being affected. The market closed at an improvement from the lowest figures. Call loans, 5@5½ per cent. Time loans, collateral, 5@5½ per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Clearing house loans, 4½ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	14,000	72½	73	70	71¼
Adventure	315	12½	12½	12	12
Allouez	240	5½	5½	4¾	4¾
Arcadian	325	5	5	4¾	4¾
Atlantic	190	13	13	12½	12½
Anaconda	30	29½	29½	29½	29½
Atchison	95	84	84	83½	83½
Do pfd	145	99½	99½	98¾	98¾
Am. Sugar	2,230	131	131½	130⅝	130⅝
Do pfd	22	122	122	121½	121½
Am. Pneumatic	50	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
Do pfd	100	23½	23½	23	23
Agl. Chem.	10	24	24	24	24
Do pfd	18	85¼	86	85¼	86
Am. Woolen	365	14	14¾	14	14¾
Do pfd	264	78¾	79	78½	79
Bingham	1,035	34	34	33	33½
Copper Range	5,800	70	70	66¼	68
Calumet	5	525	525	525	525
Cons. Mercur	285	1	1⅛	1	1⅛
Centennial	1,900	30	30½	28½	29
Chi. Junc. pfd.	30	122½	122½	122½	122½
Daly West	55	39	39	39	39
Edison Elec	68	295	295	295	295
Elm River	360	3¼	3¼	3	3
Do pfd.	1,100	55½	55½	54½	54¾
Franklin	175	10½	10½	10½	10½
Dom. Coal pfd.	50	117½	117½	117½	117½
Guanajuato	475	3	3	2½	2½
Gen. Elec.	142	196¼	196¼	195	195
Ga. Elec.	200	34	34	34	34
Isle Royale	100	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼
Mass. Mining	7,500	11¾	11¾	9¾	10½
Mohawk	1,230	54¼	54¼	51	51
Michigan	215	10	10	10	10
Mont. & Bost.	600	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
Mayflower	100	2	2	2	2
Mass. Elec.	103	35¼	36	35¼	35⅞
Do pfd.	9	92	92	92	92
Mass. Gas.	2,300	46⅝	46⅝	45⅝	46
Do pfd.	2,300	86	86	85⅝	85⅞
Mex. Tel.	185	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
N. Eng. Tel.	20	137½	137½	137	137
Osceola	280	72	72½	72	72½
Old Dom.	5	20½	20½	20½	20½
Old Colony	20	15	15	15	15
Planters pfd.	40	62	62	62	62
Parrot	200	30	30	29½	29½
Pullman	2	229	229	229	229
Phœnix	10	6¼	6¼	6¼	6¼
Quincy	20	112½	114	112½	114
Shannon	935	12	12	10½	11½
Santa Fé	305	2½	2½	2½	2½
Seattle Elec. pfd.	5	102½	102½	102½	102½
Tecumseh	10	11½	11½	11½	11½
Trinity	880	12½	12½	12	12½
Tamarack	32	180	181	180	180
*Tri-Mountain	900	98½	99	97½	97½
Torrington "A"	1	26½	26½	26½	26½
Un. Shoe Mchy	56	50	51	50	51
Do pfd	15	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
Utah	265	29½	29½	28¼	29½
U. S. Mining	2,650	25⅝	25⅝	25	25
Un. Fruit	21	109	109	109	109
U. S. Coal & Oil	435	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¼
Union Pacific	840	96½	96½	95⅞	95⅞
Do pfd	10	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
Victoria	200	7	7	6⅝	6⅝
Winona	1,100	7½	7½	7	7
Wolverine	240	72	72	71	71
Wyandot	10	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
Western Tel	50	24	24	24	24
Do pfd	97	100	100⅝	100	100⅝

*Ex. dividend.

BONDS.

$1000 Am Tel 4s	99	$1000 Eastern 6s	107¼
2000 Atch 4s	100¼@½	1000 K C FtS-M 6s	123
2000 C B-Q NW 4s	93@½	2000 K C M-B inc.	90
2000 CM-StPdeb 6s	127½	1000 N E 6s	103½
1000 C-W M 5s	106¾	8000 West. T. 4s	104@½
1000 K C-St L 5s	103		

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., March 3.—Credit balances, $1.50; certificates, no sale. Shipments, 132,464 brls; average, 91,511 brls; runs, March 1, 28,891 brls.

CHICAGO REAL ESTATE DEALS.

Cottage Grove Avenue Property Near Forty-first Street Sold for $35,000.

Charles Kean has sold to John W. and George F. Smith the business property in Cottage Grove avenue, 90 feet north of Forty-first street, west front, 35x100 feet, with four story building, for $35,000, with incumbrance of $17,000.

Adolph Sutton has sold to Frank C. Weber the flat property at the northwest corner of Ashland avenue and Taylor street, 50x150 feet, for $25,000, with incumbrance of $12,000.

The estate of James W. Oakley has sold to Fred E. Lee 40x214 feet in Drexel boulevard, 156 feet south of Forty-seventh street, for $20,000.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company has made a loan of $50,000, five years, at 4½ per cent, to Marie Lehmann, secured on the premises, 106-112 Wabash avenue, 72x162½ feet, with five story building.

Evangelistic Meetings to End.

The evangelistic meetings conducted by the Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman of New York and the Rev. John F. Carson of Brooklyn will end tonight, when Dr. Carson will speak at the Hyde Park Presbyterian church and Dr. Chapman will speak at the Fourth Presbyterian church, Rush and Superior streets.

Judson-Alton: Personally conducted low rate excursions to California, through Colorado. Address 349 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, for itinerary.

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Wheat—Receipts, 69,350 bu; exports, 23,997 bu. Spot steady; No. 2 red, 82c elevator; No. 2 red, 83c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 90c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 90¼c f. o. b. afloat. March closed 84¼c; May 81⅝@81⅝c, closed 81⅝c; July 78⅝@78 11-16c, closed 78⅝c.

Corn—Receipts, 188,000 bu; exports, 44,078 bu. Spot easy; No. 2, 59c elevator and 55¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 57c; No. 2 white, 57c. Options: March 57⅝@57⅞c, closed 57⅝c; May 53¾@53 13-16c, closed 53⅝c; July 51 1-16@51¼c, closed 51 1-16c. Oats—Receipts, 99,000 bu; exports, 55,537 bu. Spot steady. No. 2, 43¼c; No. 3, 42¾c; standard white, 44¼c; No. 2 white, 44¾c; No. 3 white, 43⅝c; track mixed western nominal; track white, 43½@48c.

Sugar firm; refined steady.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 10 points higher; middling ups, 10.45c; middling gulf, 10.70c; sales none. Futures closed barely steady. March, 10.16c; April, 10.11c; May, 10.09c; June, 9.83c; July, 9.82c; August, 9.51c; September, 9.04c; October, 8.66c; November, 8.38c; December, 8.54c.

Western Grain Markets.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 3.—Close: Wheat—May, 67¼c; July, 65¼@65⅛c. Cash: No. 2 hard, 69@71c; No. 3, 65½@68c; No. 4, 50@63c; rejected, 55@59c; No. 2 red, 71@71½c; No. 3, 67@68½c. Corn—April, 38⅝@38¾c; May, 38⅝@38½c; July, 38¼@38⅜c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 38⅝@40c; No. 2 white, 39@41c; No. 3, 38¼@39¼c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 31.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 71⅝c, track, 74@75½c; May, 72⅝@72⅝c; July, 71⅛c; No. 2 hard, 71@73½c. Corn—Lower; No. 2 cash, 42c; track, 42@45c; May, 41⅞c; July, 41¼c nominal. Lead—Firm, $4.00. Spelter—Firm, $4.90.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 3.—Wheat—May opened at 76⅝@76¾c, sold to 76¾@76⅞c, eased off to 76⅝c, and was firm. May closed 76½c, July closed at 76⅝@76½c. Cash wheat, No. 1 hard on track, closed 78⅝c; No. 1 northern, 77⅝c; No. 2 northern, 76⅝c.

DULUTH, Minn., March 3.—Close: Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77½c; No. 1 northern, 76½c; No. 2 northern, 74½; No. 3 spring, 71½c. To arrive: No. 1 northern and May, 77⅝c; July, 77c. Receipts—Wheat, 74,436 bu; shipments, 800 bu.

TOLEDO, O., March 3.—Wheat—Dull, steady; cash, 77c; May, 79⅝c; July, 75⅝c. Clover seed—Dull, higher; March, $7.35; April, $7.20; October, $5.40; prime timothy, $1.80; prime alsike, $8.00.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 3.—Wheat—Firmer. Close: No. 1 northern, 81@81½c; No. 2 northern, 79@80½c; May, 77½c asked. Corn—May, 47¼@47⅝c.

PEORIA, Ill., March 3.—Corn—Firm; No. 3, 39⅝c. Oats—Steady; No. 3 white, 33@33½c. Whisky—On the basis of $1.30 for finished goods.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Receipts of Cattle Light and Little Change in Prices for Fat Grades—Many Hogs Left Unsold.

Estimated receipts of cattle yesterday 4,000, hogs 17,000, and sheep 12,000. Cattle receipts were light at all the western points yesterday. No change was noted in the market for fat grades of steers. The top for the best steers was $5.75, same as on Monday. Fat heifers were steady, but other cow stock was weak. Business was slow in the hog house at the opening, with prices about the same as early Monday. The late market showed weakness, and a good many were left unsold. The top was $7.55.

Lamb values rebounded, the average advance being 10c on the light supply.

The following is a statement of the movement of live stock at the Chicago stockyards for the period indicated, with comparative figures. Yesterday's receipts and shipments are estimated:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, March 2	23,235	656	26,047	19,508
Tuesday, March 3	4,000	1,200	17,000	12,000
This week	27,235	1,856	43,047	31,508
Last week	29,700	1,993	78,101	38,115
Cor. week 1902	20,655	1,320	44,286	29,751
Official last week	63,384	4,162	179,835	70,921
Official 1902	59,669	3,649	189,646	59,593
Shipments—				
Week ago	3,432	19	6,272	1,624
Monday	4,638	15	4,519	1,993
Tuesday	3,000	50	5,000	1,000
This week	7,638	65	9,519	2,993
Last week	18,910	117	19,950	3,226
Cor. week 1902	3,756	90	17,756	2,510
Official last week	20,047	298	37,914	5,001
Official year ago	17,884	350	44,973	5,584

Receipts at Chicago stockyards for the year to date, with comparative figures:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses.	Cars.
1903	541,079	1,548,504	693,191	24,358	52,976
1902	521,889	1,798,856	653,824	21,370	53,587
Inc	19,190		39,367	2,988	
Dec		250,352			611

YESTERDAY'S HOG PURCHASES.

Armour	3,200	Lipton	1,000
Anglo-Am	1,500	S. & S.	1,300
Boyd & L.	600	Butchers	1,000
Continental	1,000	Shippers	3,000
Hammond	1,300		
Morris	1,100	Total	18,100
Swift	2,500	Left	5,000

Cattle.

Supplies were too light to create much of a stir in the market as far as fat beef steers were concerned, although there were enough to demonstrate that there is a good demand for the right kind of cattle, no matter what time in the week they are offered for sale. The market was steady for all fat steer offerings with the best here selling at $5.75 for a load of heavy steers. A big string of ripe 1,400 lb Kansas steers went at $5.35. But the bulk of the steers were grades to sell below $4.75. The general run of cow trade was weak to 10c lower, though a few nice heifers and yearlings made steady prices. Bulls were steady, calves $2 a hundred lower than the high time ten days ago. The best veals in large bunches sold at $6.75. Stocker trade was lightly supplied and market firm.

Prime beeves, 1,250 lbs and up	$5.50@5.75
Good to choice, 1,250 lbs and up	4.80@5.50
Medium to good, 1,250 lbs and up	4.40@4.90
Poor to medium, 1,250 lbs and up	4.20@4.60
Good to prime steers, 900 to 1,250 lbs	4.60@5.35
Medium to good, 900 to 1,250 lbs	4.10@4.60
Poor to medium, 900 to 1,250 lbs	3.50@4.00
Medium to choice feeders	3.50@4.70
Medium to choice stockers	3.20@4.00
Inferior to medium stockers	2.40@3.00
Medium to choice heifers	3.65@4.75
Medium to choice cows	2.85@4.50
Canners	1.60@2.50
Cutters	2.60@3.00
Good to choice bulls	3.50@4.10
Bologna bulls	2.65@2.90
Stock bulls	2.15@2.80
Veal calves	6.25@7.50
Stock calves	2.25@4.50

Hogs.

The trade is surprised at the sudden falling off in the hog supply. The selling interests held out for a strong advance, but buyers were slow to take hold, but the market was late in getting started, at prices steady to a shade stronger than on Monday. The quality of hogs was good, but there was a notable absence of the strictly prime grades. Mixed droves of good quality showed more strength at the opening than did the heavyweights.

Good to prime, 245 to 400 lbs	$7.30@7.55
Common to good, 245 to 400 lbs	6.95@7.30
Good to prime, 190 to 225 lbs	7.10@7.35
Assorted light, 160 to 180 lbs	6.70@6.90
Common to good, 130 to 160 lbs	6.60@6.85
Mixed, 200 to 245 lbs	6.80@7.25
Light mixed, 160 to 200 lbs	6.65@6.95
Pigs	5.40@6.45

Sheep.

Buyers were willing to pay $7.25 for fancy lambs yesterday, but that kind was woefully scarce. One little bunch brought the price, another making $7.15. The lamb market averaged 10c higher. Sheep were strong to 10c higher, both good lambs and sheep being scarce. The bulk of the run was fed western stock, but little being received in the western division. The advance on lambs reached 20c in spots; on others it was not more than 5c, and the average was about 10c. A band at $7.10 represented the extreme. Yearlings sold up to $6.35, the top of the season.

Good to choice wethers	$5.25@5.60
Poor to choice ewes	4.90@5.30
Poor to medium ewes	2.75@4.90
Lambs	4.50@7.25
Rams	3.50@4.00
Fed range wethers	5.25@5.60
Fed range ewes	4.90@5.35
Fed range lambs	5.00@7.00
Fed yearlings	6.00@6.35

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,550 natives, 950 Texans; calves, 130, mostly natives. Corn cattle active, strong; good cows and quarantine firm; stockers and feeders highest of season. Hogs—Receipts, 6,500; market strong, active; top, $7.30; bulk of sales, $7.05@7.25. Sheep—Receipts, 7,000; market strong; native lambs, $4.00@6.00.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000, including 3,000 Texans; market active, with Texans higher; native shipping and export steers, $4.20@5.25; calves, $3.50@7.00. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market irregular; pigs and lights, $6.90@7.20. Sheep—Receipts, 800; market steady.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Beeves—Receipts, 392. Dressed beef, steady; city dressed native sides, extreme range, 6.34@9.50c per lb. Cables quoted American steers at 12@13c, dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 9½@10c. Calves—Receipts, 291. Quiet for veals at about steady prices. Hogs—Receipts, 4,227.

OMAHA, Neb., March 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000. Market strong, 10c higher. Native steers, $3.15@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 6,000. Market 5c higher; heavy, $7.05@7.20. Sheep—Receipts, 6,500. Market stronger.

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,194. Natives, $3.85@5.40. Hogs—Receipts, 4,233. Light and light mixed, $7.00@7.20. Sheep—Receipts, 3,981. Top western lambs, $6.75.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, March 3.—The pressure for money was less pronounced in the market today, but the demand was strong enough to maintain rates and the scarcity compelled more borrowings from the Bank of England. Discounts were steady. Rumors of imports of gold from the continent and the cape for the Bank of England revived the prospect of a reduction of the bank rate. Business on the stock exchange was quiet and prices were heavy. Consols were easier, owing to the uncertainty of the money outlook. Home rails were dull, but Scotch were strong. Americans were dull and closed flat. Grand Trunk was depressed further on realizations. The market closed generally unsettled.

Closing stocks:

Consols for money	91¾	New York Central	148½
Do for account	92	Norf. & Western	73¾
Anaconda	6	Do pfd	92½
Atchison	86⅝	Ontario & Western	32¾
Do pfd	102	Pennsylvania	75¼
Baltimore & Ohio	96⅝	Rand Mines	10⅞
Canadian Pacific	136	Reading	30⅝
Chesap. & Ohio	49¾	Do 1st pfd	43
Chgo. Gt. Western	25¾	Do 2d pfd	37
C., M. & St. P.	177½	Southern Ry.	34⅝
De Beers	21⅞	Do pfd	96⅝
Den. & Rio G.	39⅝	Southern Pacific	62⅝
Do pfd	90½	Union Pacific	98¼
Erie	37½	Do pfd	93½
Do 1st pfd	69½	U. S. Steel	38⅞
Do 2d pfd	57½	Do pfd	89½
Illinois Central	145½	Wabash	32¼
Louisv. & Nash	125¼	Do pfd	54⅛
M., K. & T.	27½		

Bar silver firm, 22⅝d per ounce. Money, 3½@3¾ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝@3 11-16 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3½@3⅝ per cent.

PARIS, March 3.—Business opened calm on the bourse today and remained so until Rio Tintos advanced on New York advices. Spanish 4s soon rallied sharply and were in brisk inquiry, which caused a rally of the whole list. The private rate of discount was 2 15-16 per cent.

BERLIN, March 3.—Business was slack on the boerse today. Home funds and foreigners were fairly steady and mines had a better tone than expected, owing to an increase of prices by the upper Silesian rolling mills union.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand decreased 49,580,000 marks; treasury decreased 1,580,000 marks; other securities decreased 8,000,000; notes in circulation increased 56,080,000 marks.

TRACK ELEVATION INDORSED IN ROGERS PARK DISTRICT.

Council Committee Recommends Work Which Will Abolish Twelve Dangerous Northwestern Grade Crossings.

The track elevation committee yesterday voted to recommend for passage an ordinance for the elevation of the Chicago and Northwestern tracks in Rogers Park, from Balmoral avenue to the city limits. The cost is estimated at $1,250,000. Over two miles of track will go up and fifteen subways will be constructed. Twelve dangerous grade crossings will be eliminated by the elevation. The subways will be located at:

Bryn Mawr avenue,	Pratt avenue,
Rosehill entrance,	Morse avenue,
Peterson avenue,	Lunt avenue,
Ridge avenue,	Greenleaf avenue,
Granville avenue,	Estes avenue,
High Ridge station,	Tuohy avenue,
Devon avenue,	Rogers avenue.
Street to be opened,	

Construction must be completed by 1907, but it is expected that if the railroad company accepts the measure the work will be done in a year.

Ald. Connery, Butterworth, and Young were appointed by the judiciary committee to investigate the ordinance submitted by the Chicago Pneumatic Postal Service company asking for a franchise to build conduits and carry mails.

What the company expects to do was explained to the committee by ex-Judge Adams A. Goodrich, acting for the promoters. As has been stated, the company will have nine miles of tube in operation by October if given the franchise. Ultimately thirty-two miles will be used. The government will pay $130,000 for the service next year.

On the question of compensation to the city Mr. Goodrich said that the government objected to it, and as the company would make but a small profit out of the enterprise it could not afford it. An insistence on the compensation provision would deprive the city of the service, he said. It was suggested that the company might be willing to pay a small compensation, a nominal sum, for the sake of the principle to which the city has adhered. Mr. Goodrich said that such a sum might be paid.

The question of whether a hospital can injure a neighborhood which already contains a couple of livery stables and some small shops will be decided next week by the council committee, which is considering the adoption of Ald. Palmer's amendment to put hospitals in the same category with blacksmith and boiler shops.

Dr. Henrotin, representing the hospital interests and property owners about La Salle avenue and Oak street, where it is proposed to build the hospital particularly objected to, devoted yesterday afternoon to arguments before the committee.

Two saloonkeepers, charged with keeping open after midnight, were arrested yesterday. John Hapsonales, 321 Halsted street, and Gus Coloras, 371 Halsted street, were arrested by Maxwell street police and notice sent to others to close at 12 o'clock.

SENT TO JAIL FOR CONTEMPT.

New Albany, Ind., Men Who Refused to Recognize Court's Receiver Begin Their Sentence.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 3.—The six New Albany men who were sentenced to imprisonment in the Marion county jail last week by Federal Judge Anderson for contempt of the federal court in failing to recognize the jurisdiction of the federal court in appointing Frederick Connor as receiver for M. Zier & Co., were locked up this morning in the Marion county jail. The men who were thus imprisoned and their sentences are: Charles D. Kelso, sixty days; Michael Zier, former president of the company of that name and police commissioner of New Albany, thirty days; Raymond J. Norris, sheriff of Floyd county, twenty days; Claude Sittason, deputy sheriff, ten days; Fred Ruoff and Thomas Smithwick, custodians of the factory, appointed by Kelso, ten days each.

Damage Suit Follows Collision.

As a result of a collision at Archer and Stewart avenues last month of a Grand Trunk freight train and a Center avenue street car, Policeman Bartholomew Curtin has filed a damage suit for $20,000 against the two companies. Curtin, who lives at 5206 May street, was one of a number of persons who were injured.

Boy Held for Killing.

Edward Mullee, the 16 year old boy who shot George Eggert during a quarrel in Lock street a week ago, was held for trial by a coroner's jury, which returned its verdict yesterday. Mullee testified that Eggert attacked him with a stick before he fired the fatal shot.

THE PERSONALLY CONDUCTED, $6.00 A BERTH, TOURIST PARTY

is what you should look into if going to

CALIFORNIA, OREGON OR WASHINGTON

—ON THE—

$33.00 RATE FROM CHICAGO

In fact the guide accompanied or so called personally conducted party, is "the only way" to travel to get the full benefit of the overland trip at the reduced rate. The semi-weekly

JUDSON-ALTON EXCURSIONS

in particular fulfill all the requirements of this special service, namely: through cars, clean wholesome beds, good fast time, Rocky Mountain scenery, a select and intelligent company, and information enroute. Information not only on history and scenery, but also about land, investments, irrigation, etc. So often have our excursion managers gone back and forth over the route that they are among the best informed men on the subject of western property. Particularly they know everything about the railway trip, relieving their passengers of the care of baggage, train connections and the responsibilities of travel.

The Judson-Alton parties have back of them the guarantee of the Chicago & Alton, Missouri Pacific, Denver & Rio Grande and Rio Grande Western Railways, the Southern Pacific Company, the Oregon Short Line and Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

If you want to know more about the Judson-Alton Excursions cut off the coupon on the right, fill out the blank spaces and mail it to Mr. Geo. H. Lennartz, Agent, 349 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill.

Cut on this line, fill out the blank spaces plainly and fully and mail this coupon to Mr. Lennartz.

Name........ Street........ Town........ State........ Going to........ Probable date of departure........

Mr. Geo. H. Lennartz, Agent, 349 Marquette Bldg., Chicago, Ill., will gladly mail full information if you will fill out this coupon and mail it to him. Mr. Lennartz deals in that fair and square business-like American fashion, which comes with just what is required on a Trans-Continental trip. He most likely can convince you that a Judson-Alton party will not only save you in outlay, but bring the best. Your home ticket agent will bear him out in this. What you need for your matter is the name and address; for printed matter! The trip means quite an outlay and a little care in selection may make it a smooth your way to the West. No. 3.

AGED MAN BELIEVED MURDERED

Found Behind Pile of Lumber and $45 He Had Taken from Home Is Missing.

La Crosse, Wis., March 3.—The death of Joseph Mertlick, an old resident, may prove a case of murder. Mertlick was found behind a lumber pile on Sunday in an unconscious condition, and the bruises on his head and face indicating he had been struck with a blunt instrument. He died this morning without regaining consciousness. Saturday evening he left his home, and, according to members of his family, had a pocketbook containing about $45. When found the money was missing. It is thought he was dragged behind the lumber pile, knocked insensible, and robbed.

TOMATOES AND PEACHES DEAD.

Cold Weather Kills Buds and Young Plants in Southern Illinois—Strawberries Are Late.

Alto Pass, Ill., March 3.—[Special.]—The recent cold weather killed the peach buds in southern Illinois and about half of the young tomato plants. Tomato growers will resow part, but the crop will be light and late. Fruit solicitors report the Louisiana strawberry crop three weeks late.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Lake Navigation.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS—$1 Milwaukee and Racine, 8 p. m. daily. Ticket office and docks, foot Michigan-av. 'Phone Central 76.

BARRY LINE STEAMERS TO MILWAUKEE and Racine daily, at 8 p. m.; fare 75c. Dock east end Michigan-st. Telephone Central 1749.

Ocean Navigation.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE—FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG. Twin Screw Express and Passenger Service.

Pennsylvania	Mar. 7	Bluecher	May 28
Patricia	Mar. 14	Pennsylvania	May 30
Bluecher	Mar. 21	Deutschland	June 4
Pretoria	Mar. 28	Patricia	June 6
Waldersee	Apr. 4	Moltke	June 9
Deutschland	Apr. 9	F. Bismarck	June 11
Moltke	Apr. 16	A. Victoria	June 13
Pennsylvania	Apr. 18	Pretoria	June 18
Aug. Victoria	Apr. 23	Bluecher	June 20
Patricia	Apr. 25	Waldersee	June 25
Bluecher	Apr. 30	Deutschland	June 27
Deutschland	May 7	Moltke	July 2
Pretoria	May 9	Pennsylvania	July 9
F. Bismarck	May 14	F. Bismarck	July 11
Waldersee	May 16	Patricia	July 16
A. Victoria	May 21	Bluecher	July 18
			July 23

S. S. DEUTSCHLAND. Record voyage, 5 days 7 hours 38 min. SAILS APRIL 9, MAY 7, JUNE 4, JULY 2.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA. Palatia, March 3; Phœnicia, March 19; †P. V. Luise, March 11; *Ravenna, March 29. *Ravenna belongs to Nav. Co. "Italia." †To Madeira, Gibraltar, and Genoa.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, Corner Randolph and La Salle-sts.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD—FAST EXPRESS SERVICE. PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, BREMEN. Kaiser, Mar. 10, 10 am; Kronprinz, Apr. 18, 9 am; Kronprinz, Mar. 24, 1 pm; Kaiser II, Apr. 28, 4 pm; Kaiser, Apr. 7, 10 am; Kronprinz, May 12, 4 pm.

SPECIAL NOTICE. THE NEW TWIN SCREW S. S. "KAISER WILHELM II." (of 19,500 tons and 40,000 horse power) will leave New York on her first departure TUESDAY, APRIL 28TH, at 4 p. m., for Plymouth, Cherbourg, Bremen.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA. *Lahn, Mar. 14, 9 am; *Trave, Apr. 4, 10 am; †Weimar, Mar. 21, 11 am; P. Irene, Apr. 11, 4 pm; K. Alb't, Mar. 28, 3:30 pm; †Gera, Apr. 18, 10 am. *Calls at Algiers. †Sails to Naples, Genoa only. OELRICHS & CO., NO. 5 BROADWAY, N. Y. H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., Gen. Western Agents, 95 Dearborn-st.

AMERICAN LINE—Fast Twin Screw Express Service. NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—[LONDON]. Phila., Mar. 11, 10 am; Phila., Apr. 1, 10 am; St. Paul, Mar. 18, 10 am; St. Paul, April 8, 10 am. PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL. Wester'd, Mar. 7, 3:30 pm; Hav'ford, Mar. 21, 3:30 pm; Be'land, Mar. 14, 9:30 am; N'dland, Mar. 28, 8:30 am.

RED STAR LINE. NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS. Zeeland, Mar. 7, 10 am; Vaderland, Mar. 21, 10 am; Finland, Mar. 14, 10 am; Kens'ton, Mar. 28, 10 am. Tel. Cent. 1111. Dearborn and Washington-sts.

COMPAGNIE GEN'ALE TRANSATLANTIQUE. French Line. New York to Havre—Six days. Sailing every Thursday at 10 a. m.

La Bretagne	Mar. 12	Apr. 9	May 14	......
La Lorraine	Mar. 19	Apr. 16	May 21	June 18
La Champagne	Mar. 26	Apr. 23	May 28	June 25
La Savoie	Apr. 2	May 7	June 4	July 2

New, modern, gigantic Twin Screw and Express Steamers; naval officers' man-of-war discipline. Company's vestibuled trains, Havre-Paris, 4 hours. M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

ITALIAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP CO. NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA. TO NAPLES, GENOA, ALEXANDRIA. S. S. Liguria, Mar. 10; S. S. Lombardia, Mar. 31; S. S. Sicilia, Mar. 17; S. S. Sardegna, Apr. 14. All New Steamers. Elegant Cabins. Dining room on promenade deck. 1st cabin, $90 up; 2d $60. For further information apply to HIRZEL, FELTMANN & CO., 5-11 Broadway, N. Y. J. S. Lowitz, 185 So. Clark-st., agent.

OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.—[A. & A. LINE.] Sails from San Francisco to HONOLULU every 10 days. TO SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND, and AUSTRALIA. SPLENDID 6,000 TON STEAMERS, Feb. 19, Mar. 12, and every 21 days. TAHITI once a month. Round the world, $632.70. Address A. & A. Line, 193 South Clark-st., or 109 Adams-st., Chicago.

CUNARD LINE. ESTABLISHED 1840. New York, Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.

Campania	Mar. 7	Apr. 4	May 2
Umbria	Mar. 14	Apr. 11	May 9
Saxonia [new twin scr.]	Mar. 10	Apr. 7	May 5
Ivernia [new twin scr.]	Mar. 21	Apr. 21	May 19
Lucania	Apr. 18	May 16	June 13
Etruria	Apr. 25	May 23	June 20

F. G. WHITING, Mgr. Phone Central 2051. Dearborn and Randolph.

WHITE STAR LINE—NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL. Celtic, Mar. 4; Oceanic, April 8; Oceanic, Mar. 11; Cymric, April 10; Germanic, Mar. 18; Teutonic, April 15; Cedric, Mar. 25; Germanic, April 22; Celtic, April 1; Cedric, April 24. WHITE STAR LINE. Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

JAPAN—CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—VIA HONOLULU. Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: Siberia, Mar. 11; Coptic, Mar. 19; America Maru, Mar. 27. For passage and freight rates, reservations, passage orders, and information apply to W. G. NEIMYER, Agt., 193 Clark-st., Chicago.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE—New Twin-Screw Steamers of 12,500 Tons. NEW YORK—ROTTERDAM, via BOULOGNE. Sailing Wednesday at 10 a. m. Amsterdam, Mar. 11; Noordam, Apr. 1; Statendam, Mar. 18; Rotterdam, Apr. 8; Ryndam, Mar. 25; Potsdam, Apr. 15. Apply to HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE, 90 and 92 Dearborn-st. Phone Central 3840.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS—NEW YORK, GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY, LIVERPOOL. Ethiopia, Mch. 14; Columbia, April 4; Astoria, Mch. 21; Anchoria, April 11. NEW YORK TO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS. Karamania, March 17; Calabria, March 24. Secure choice of berths by early application. 176 JACKSON-BLVD. TEL. HARRISON 3335.

SECURE YOUR PASSAGE FOR ANY ATLANTIC, PACIFIC, or coastwise steamer, or your railroad tickets on principal lines where you will get best prices and service. Superior escorted tours to Mexico, California, Florida, West Indies, Europe, Hawaiian Islands, etc. RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 232 Clark-st. Tel. Harrison 1245.

BEAVER LINE PASSENGER SERVICE—MONTREAL. LIVERPOOL. Weekly Sailings—New Steamships. Best accommodations at lowest rates. C. F. WENHAM, 47 Dearborn-st. Cent. 2082.

COOK'S TOURS TO ALL PARTS OF THE world. Send for list of parties and excursions. THOS. COOK & SONS, 234 S. Clark-st.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

*Daily. §Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ¶Ex. Monday. ‖Saturday only.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY. Ticket offices, 212 Clark St. (Telephone Central 721), Oakley Av. and Wells St. Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
"The Overland Limited" for first-class Sleeping Car passengers only	* 8.00 pm	* 9.00 am
Des Moines, Omaha, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	*10.00 am	* 7.15 am
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City	*11.30 pm	* 9.55 pm
Des Moines, Cedar Rapids	* 6.30 pm	* 4.00 pm
Sioux City, Cedar Rapids	*11.30 pm	* 7.15 am
Des Moines, Sioux City, Omaha	* 6.30 pm	* 8.55 am
Des Moines, Sioux City, Mason City, Fairmont, Parkersburg, Traer	*11.30 pm	* 6.45 am
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	† 6.00 pm	† 9.55 pm
Dixon, Clinton, Cedar Rapids	* 6.00 pm	† 9.55 am
Black Hills and Deadwood	*12.30 pm	* 7.15 am
St. Paul, Minpls., Duluth, Madison	*11.30 pm	* 7.15 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Hudson, Eau Claire, Madison, Janesville	*10.00 pm	* 8.00 am
Winona, La Crosse, Sparta, Mankato	* 9.00 am	* 9.25 pm
Winona, La Crosse, Mankato and Western Minnesota and Dakotas	* 6.30 pm	*11.45 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Appleton, Green Bay	† 3.00 am	* 9.25 pm
Oshkosh, Appleton Junction	† 8.00 pm	† 5.55 pm
Menominee, Iron Mountain	† 8.00 pm	* 9.25 pm
Green Bay and Menominee	†11.30 am	* 7.00 am
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood and Rhinelander	† 5.00 pm	* 5.55 pm
Oshkosh, Green Bay, Menominee, Marquette and Lake Superior	* 6.30 pm	* 1.15 pm
Manistique, Sault Ste. Marie	k 3.00 pm	*11.10 am
Green Bay, Florence, Crystal Falls	* 5.00 pm	* 5.55 pm
Rockford and Freeport	* 8.00 pm	* 4.00 pm

†4.45 pm, †7.00 pm, †11.20 pm. Rockford—Lv. †8.00 am, †4.00 pm, †9.00 pm, †12.02 pm, †6.30 pm. Beloit, Janesville, Madison—Lv. †8.00 am, †4.00 am, *9.00 am, *4.25 pm, †5.01 pm, *6.30 pm, †5.00 pm. Milwaukee—Lv. †3.00 am, †4.00 am, †7.00 am, *9.00 am, †11.30 am, *2.00 pm, *3.00 pm, *5.00 pm, †8.00 pm, *10.30 pm. a Dly Menominee and Rhinelander. k Dly Green Bay.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park-row. Trains for the south [except fast mail] can be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. stations. Tickets at city office, 99 Adams-st., and at the Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Special. Coaches only for Memphis	*10:00 am	*10:00 pm
N. Orleans, Hot Springs, Nashville and Florida	* 5:25 pm	*12:05 pm
Limited, Pullmans only, for Memphis, N. Orleans, Hot Springs, Ark., Nashville and Florida	* 6:35 pm	*10:35 am
Monticello, Ill., and Decatur	* 5:25 pm	* 1:20 pm
St. Louis and Springfield, Diamond Special	*10:15 pm	* 7:35 am
St. Louis and Springfield, Daylight Special, Decatur	*11:32 am	* 7:35 pm
Cairo Local	† 7:55 am	† 6:00 pm
Decatur, Sprfd. & St. L. Local	†10:00 am	† 1:20 pm
Fast Mail, New Orleans	* 2:50 am	
Bloomington & Chatsworth	† 7:55 am	†10:00 pm
Bloomington & Chatsworth	† 5:25 pm	†12:05 pm
Champaign and Gilman Local		† 1:20 pm
Evansville Express	*10:00 am	* 6:00 pm
Evansville, Cairo, and South	* 8:40 pm	* 7:00 am
Kankakee and Gilman	† 4:15 pm	†10:00 am
Minneapolis and St. Paul	* 6:10 pm	* 9:30 am
Omaha, San Francisco	* 6:10 pm	* 9:30 am
Dubuque, S'x City, S'x Falls	* 6:10 pm	* 9:30 am
Omaha Day Express	* 8:15 am	* 9:30 pm
Omaha, S. City Fast Mail	* 2:55 am	* 7:00 am
Rockford Passenger	† 2:10 pm	†10:05 am
Rockford, Freeport, Dubuque	† 3:45 pm	†12:55 pm

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY.—Temporary passenger station, cor. Harrison-st. and 5th-av. during construction of new Van Buren-st. depot. City tkt. office, cor. Adams & Dearborn.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Kas. City, Tex., Cal. & Mexico, via El Paso Short Line	* 8:32 am	*10:10 pm
Peoria	* 8:32 am	*10:10 pm
Illinois and Davenport Mail	† 9:15 am	† 7:50 pm
Des Moines and Iowa Mail	† 9:15 am	† 7:50 pm
Peoria, R. Island, Davenport	† 1:00 pm	† 2:00 pm
Wash'n, Oskal'sa, D. Moines	† 9:15 am	† 5:30 pm
Joliet Express	*11:45 am	* 3:44 pm
Joliet Accommodation	† 3:15 pm	* 9:47 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 4:30 pm	*10:00 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	* 4:30 pm	*10:00 am
Joliet Exp.—Peru Accom.	† 5:10 pm	† 8:47 am
Rocky Mt. Lim. to Omaha, Colo. Springs, and Denver	* 5:45 pm	* 5:30 pm
K. City, St. Jos., Leavenw'th, Atc., Col. & Ft. W. Tex. Ex.	* 6:05 pm	* 9:40 am
Peoria	* 6:05 pm	* 5:30 pm
Golden State Limited to Los Angeles, Santa Barbara and San Francisco	* 7:45 pm	*10:30 am
Big Five to Colorado, Utah, and California, via Omaha	*10:00 pm	* 8:20 am
C. Rapids, St. Paul & Minn.	*10:00 pm	¶ 7:25 am
Peoria, Davenport	*11:30 pm	* 7:25 am
Kas. City, Atch., St. Joe, Des Moines, Omaha	‡11:30 pm	¶ 7:25 am

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3117 CENTRAL. Berths and tickets at 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle	† 8:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Rochelle, Rckfd., Forreston	† 8:20 am	† 2:15 pm
Mendota, Galesburg	† 8:20 am	† 2:15 pm
Galesburg, Burl'g't'n, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 9:15 am	* 8:20 pm
Deadw'd, Hot Springs, S. D.	* 9:15 am	* 7:20 am
Seattle, Tacoma, Portland	* 9:15 am	* 7:20 am
Illinois and Iowa Local	*11:30 am	* 8:55 am
Galesb'g, Quincy, Hannibal	*11:30 am	* 7:00 am
R'k Falls, Sterling, Rockf'd	† 4:30 pm	* 6:10 pm
Yorkville, Ottawa, Streator	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Denver, Utah, California	* 5:00 pm	†10:35 am
Fort Madison and Keokuk	* 5:00 pm	* 8:20 pm
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	* 6:00 pm	* 8:20 pm
Kansas City, St. Joseph, Atchison & Leavenworth	* 6:10 pm	* 9:03 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	* 6:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Dubuque, LaCrosse, Winona	* 6:30 pm	* 8:55 am
Denver, Utah, California	*10:30 pm	* 8:55 am
C. Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln	*10:30 pm	* 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Spgs., S. D.	*10:30 pm	* 7:20 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*10:30 pm	* 7:20 am
Kansas City, St. Joseph	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Quincy and Hannibal	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	‡10:50 pm	* 7:00 am
Dubuque, LaCros'e, Winona	‡10:50 pm	¶ 9:35 pm

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

WABASH RAILROAD—DEPOT, DEARBORN station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket office, 97 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office [except Sunday], Cent. 3046. Depot, H. 755.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited	*11:03 am	* 5:22 pm
Peoria & Springfield Express	† 2:30 pm	† 2:45 pm
St. Louis Limited Express	* 9:17 pm	* 7:30 am
St. Louis & Peoria Express	*11:30 pm	* 8:02 am
Peoria & Texas Limited	*11:03 am	* 5:22 pm
Forrest Accommodation	† 4:35 pm	† 9:47 am
Cont. Lim., N. Y., Boston	*11:00 am	* 3:30 pm
Detroit, N. Falls & N. Y.	* 3:00 pm	* 9:30 pm
Montpelier Accommodation	†10:00 am	*10:50 am
Detroit, N. Falls & Bost. Ex.	*11:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex.	* 3:00 pm	* 9:30 pm

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 131 Adams-st., Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Telephone Central 555.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville	† 8:20 am	† 9:15 pm
Southern Illinois & Thebes	† 8:20 am	† 9:15 pm
Mudlavia Spgs. & Brazil	†10:20 am	† 1:43 pm
Chicago & Florida Lim. D	* 1:02 pm	D* 4:00 pm
Mudlavia Spgs. & V'burg	† 1:45 pm	† 5:45 pm
Danville Express	* 5:05 pm	*10:03 am
Chicago & Nashville Lim.	* 7:00 pm	D* 7:15 am
Terre Haute & Evansville	*11:34 pm	* 6:53 am
Arkansas & Texas	*11:34 pm	* 6:53 am

D. Dining car on these trains.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY. — MAPLE Leaf Route. Grand Central station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. Offices, 115 Adams. Phone 3503 Cent.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Dubuque, Kas. City, St. Jos., Des Moines, Marshall'n	* 8:45 am	* 9:30 pm
	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
	*11:00 pm	* 1:40 pm
Sycamore and Byron	† 3:10 pm	*10:35 am
St. Charles, Sycamore, and De Kalb	† 1:00 pm	† 9:55 am
	† 5:35 pm	† 7:45 am

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY.—CITY OFFICE, 230 Clark-st. Phone Harrison 2257. Depot, 12th-st. and Park-row.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Eau Claire, Ashland, Duluth	*2:45 am	* 9:38 am
	*6:15 pm	*10:50 pm
Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah	†8:35 am	† 1:05 pm
	†1:30 pm	† 6:15 pm
Eau Claire Local	†8:35 am	† 6:15 pm

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Janesville, Madison, Mineral Point Division	† 7:45 am	† 8:00 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 7:45 am	† 1:05 pm
St. Paul—Mpls. Day Exp.	* 8:20 am	* 6:00 pm
Wausau, Merrill	† 9:00 am	† 9:25 pm
Madison & Prairie du Chien	† 9:00 am	† 9:25 pm
San Francisco, Los Angeles, S. Lake, D. Moines, Omaha	† 9:00 am	† 4:00 pm
Delavan-Beloit	* 9:35 am	* 8:35 am
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	*11:30 am	† 4:00 pm
Ced. Rap., K. City, Dubuque	† 1:30 pm	† 1:45 pm
Delavan-Beloit	† 1:30 pm	† 1:45 pm
Green Bay, Portage	† 3:00 pm	* 9:30 am
F. du Lac, Oshkosh, Ripon	† 3:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
Janesville, Madison	† 3:00 pm	† 9:25 pm
Mineral Point Division	† 4:00 pm	†10:15 am
Rockford	† 4:00 pm	† 8:00 pm
Madison, Prairie du Chien	† 4:05 pm	†10:25 am
The Overland Limited—for 1st class sleeping car passengers, S. Francisco, Portland, Salt Lake, Omaha	† 5:00 pm	† 8:00 pm
	* 6:00 pm	* 9:25 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	* 6:00 pm	* 7:55 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Rockford, S. City, D. Moines, S. Falls	* 6:00 pm	* 9:25 am
Janesville, Madison	* 6:05 pm	* 1:05 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Pioneer Limited	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
C. Rapids, K. City	†10:25 pm	† 8:35 am
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	†10:25 pm	† 7:55 am
San Francisco, Portland, Denver, Omaha, C. Bluffs	*10:25 pm	* 9:55 am
Green Bay, Iron Mountain, H'ghton, Calumet, Marq. The Copper Country Lim.	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, StarLake	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am

For Milwaukee—Depart, *7:00, *9:00, †11:30 a. m.; *3:00, *5:00, *6:30, *10:30 p. m.

CHICAGO AND ALTON—UNION PASSENGER station, Canal and Adams-sts. City ticket office, 101 Adams-st. 'Phone Cent. 1767. "THE ONLY WAY."

TRAINS DEPART—

- † 9:00 am Bloomington, Peoria, Sp'field, St. Louis.
- 9:00 am Joliet, Dwight accom'n [Sunday only].
- † 9:35 am Joliet accommodation.
- *11:23 am Alton lim'd, for Springfield & St. Louis.
- †12:30 pm Jacksonville and Roodhouse.
- † 2:30 pm Bloomington and Springfield.
- † 5:10 pm Lemont, Lockport, and Joliet.
- † 5:35 pm Joliet accommodation.
- * 6:00 pm Kansas City & Peoria limited.
- * 9:00 pm Bloomington, Springfield, and St. Louis.
- *11:40 pm Midnight special, Springfield, St. Louis, Jacksonville, Kansas City.
- *11:45 pm Joliet, Dwight, Streator, and Peoria.

Trains arrive from Kansas City, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *8:55 am, *1:15 pm; St. Louis, Springfield, Bloomington, *7:15 am, *8:10 am, *5:04 pm, †8:00 pm; Springfield, Jacksonville, Bloomington, *1:15 pm, †8:05; Peoria, Streator, Dwight, *7:15 am, *1:15 pm, †8:05 pm; Dwight, Joliet, *10:30 am, †7:30 pm; Jol't locals, †8:45 am, †4:30 pm, †7:45 pm.

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn station, Polk and Dearborn. Ticket office, 109 Adams. Phone Cent. 2037.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Streator, Galesburg, Ft. Mad.	† 7:58 am	† 5:02 pm
Streator, Pekin	† 1:00 pm	† 1:00 pm
Streator, Jol., Lockport, Lemont		9:25 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Texas	* 6:00 pm	* 9:45 am
K. City, Cal., and Mex.	*10:00 pm	* 7:50 am
K. City, Texas & Nor. Cal.		* 8:47 am
The California Limited—Los Angeles, San Francisco	* 8:00 pm	* 8:15 pm

EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R., AND B. & A. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket offices, 119 Adams St., Auditorium and Great Northern Hotels, Palmer House, and stations 12th St. and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 63d St. March 1, 1903.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Niag. Falls, New York, and Boston	* 3.15 am	* 7.50 am
Detroit Mail and Express	† 6.45 am	* 6.40 pm
New York and Boston Special	*10.30 am	* 3.05 pm
Niag. Falls, New York, and Boston	* 3.00 pm	* 8.55 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 3.50 pm	†11.10 am
New York Special	* 5.20 pm	* 8.05 am
American Express	* 9.40 pm	
Detroit Night Express	‡10.00 pm	* 7.50 am
Saginaw and Bay City Sleeper	‡10.00 pm	* 7.50 am
New York and Eastern points		* 2.35 pm
Boston and New England points		¶ 9.00 pm
Via Pere Marquette R. R.		
Grand Rapids and Petoskey	† 7.15 am	†11.10 pm
Grand Rapids and Traverse City	†12.00 n'n	† 5.00 pm
Grand Rapids Express	† 4.50 pm	† 1.30 pm
Grand Rapids Express	*11.50 pm	* 7.05 am
Muskegon and Petoskey	‡11.50 pm	¶ 7.05 am
Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry.		
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw	† 6.45 am	† 2.35 pm
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw	† 5.00 pm	† 5.25 pm
Gd. Rap., Petoskey, and Mackinaw	‡10.00 pm	* 7.50 am

a Saturdays at 11.40 pm.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE—CHICAGO UNION passenger station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to	Leave.	Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance	† 7:30 am	*7:35 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	*10:00 am	*5:30 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	*10:00 am	*5:30 pm
Columbus, Balto. & Wash.	*10:05 am	*5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10:05 am	*5:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*10:05 am	*2:50 pm
Baltimore and Washington	*12:00 n'n	*2:50 pm
Pittsburg, Balt. & Wash.	*12:00 n'n	*2:50 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 pm
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 pm
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5:30 pm	*8:55 am
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:30 pm	*8:55 am
Pgh., Youngstown & N. Castle	* 5:30 pm	*8:55 am
Columbus, Pgh., and the east	* 7:30 pm	*7:35 am
Cincinnati and Dayton	* 9:00 pm	*7:35 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:40 pm	*7:30 am
Cincinnati Express	* 8:40 pm	*7:30 am
Pittsburg and the east	*12:00 n't	*1:20 am
	*11:45 pm	*7:35 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R., and B. & A. Rys.—Grand Central station, Harrison-st. and 5th-av.; and 31st-st. station. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st.

No.	Leave.		Arrive.	No.
2	† 7:00 am	Day Express	† 7:00 pm	7
6	* 8:30 am	Buff., Alb., & N. Y.	* 7:50 am	3
10	*10:30 am	N. Y. and Bost Spec.		
26	*12:30 pm	20th Century Limited	* 9:45 am	25
16	* 2:00 pm	New England Ex.	*11:50 am	15
14	* 3:00 pm	Buffalo and the east	* 3:00 pm	45
22	* 5:30 pm	Lake Shore Limited	* 4:30 pm	19
		Elkhart Accom	† 9:35 am	175
20	* 8:30 pm	Cleveland	* 7:10 am	37
28	*10:85 pm	Tol., Cleve., Pitts., N. Y.	* 9:00 pm	23
32	* 3:00 am	Buffalo and Boston		

MONON ROUTE — DEPOT, DEARBORN STAtion. Ticket offices, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels. 'Phone Har. 1245.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Florida Ltd. through sleeper	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 2:45 am	*12:00 n'n
Lafayette and Louisville	* 8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*12:00 n'n	† 8:40 pm
Lafayette and Bloomington	†12:00 n'n	† 8:40 pm
Lafayette Accommodation	* 3:20 pm	*10:35 am
Lafayette and Louisville	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am
French Lick & W. Baden Spgs	* 8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
French Lick & W. Baden Spgs	* 9:00 pm	* 7:23 am

BALTIMORE AND OHIO—DEPOT GRAND CENtral passenger station. Ticket offices, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Local Express	† 7:15 am	† 5:15 pm
N. Y. & Wash. Vest. Limited	*10:10 am	* 7:30 pm
N. Y., Wash. & Pitts. V. Lim.	* 3:30 pm	* 9:40 am
Cleveland & Pittsburg Ex.	* 7:45 pm	* 6:50 am
Columbus & Wheeling Ex.	* 7:00 pm	* 6:50 am

NICKEL PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R.—Grand Central passenger station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. All trains daily.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York and Boston Express	10:35 am	9:15 pm
New York Express	2:30 pm	5:25 pm
New York and Boston Express	9:15 pm	7:40 am

City ticket office, 111 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex. 'Phone Central 2057.

ERIE LINES—TICKET OFFICES, 242 CLARK-st., Auditorium Hotel, Dearborn Station. 'Phone Harrison 3274.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Rochester and Huntington	† 7:30 am	† 3:25 pm
N. York, Boston & Columbus	*10:30 am	* 5:20 pm
New York [Wells-Fargo Ex.]		† 9:45 pm
Rochester and Huntington	† 4:10 pm	*10:00 am
New York and Boston	* 9:20 pm	* 7:35 am
Columbus and Norfolk, Va.	* 9:20 pm	* 7:35 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STAtion, 12th-st. and Park-row, and 22d, 39th, 53d, 63d-sts. Ticket offices, 234 Clark and Auditorium. *Daily. †Except Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 9:00 am	* 5:30 pm
Louisville	* 9:00 am	* 5:30 pm
Cincinnati and Washington	* 1:00 pm	* 6:40 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	* 8:30 pm	* 7:10 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 8:30 pm	* 7:10 am

FINGER TIPS TELL TALES.

LONDON POLICE PROVE CRIME BY THEIR IMPRINTS.

British Experts in Criminology Practically Abandon the Bertillon Measurements and Adopt a System by Which the Lines of the Hand Serve to Identify Prisoners—Josiah Flynt Writes of the Innovation—Chicago Thief Takers Doubt the Plan.

The criminal investigation department of the London police—the men to whom Scotland Yard appeals when at a loss to identify a prisoner—practically has abandoned the Bertillon system and now relies on the imprints of finger tips and palms to identify prisoners, no matter how changed the prisoner may be or what disguise he may have adopted.

Chicago thief detectors admit that finger tip impressions are excellent as evidence corroborative of the Bertillon measurements, but say it would be impossible to convict a prisoner here by the finger tip system alone.

They declare the French and German systems, under which the records of the finger tips and palms are taken, together with the Bertillon measurements, is the most scientific and convincing.

Tried and Found Wanting.

Capt. Evens, who has charge of the Chicago bureau of identification, says the finger tip system has been tried here and found wanting in several particulars.

"It was tried by the Pinkertons in an express robbery case once," he explained. "The thief left the imprints of his finger tips on the wax on the express package, but the evidence did not convince the jury. The system as used in London is the result of the fad of one man—Sir John Burton—who, while in charge of the police of India, evolved the idea of keeping records of the finger tips and palms of criminals. It is well known that the lines in the palms and fingers of a human being never change and he worked on that idea. When he went to London to take charge of the identification work in England he introduced his system.

"In Germany and France the finger tip records are kept as part of the Bertillon system and that seems to me the better plan."

It was said at the Pinkerton bureau that finger tip impressions are used by the agency's men only when finger prints in blood or some soft plastic substance are left as clews.

Flynt Tells of System.

Josiah Flynt, the American student of criminology, recently visited the London bureau of identification and has written for the current number of the North American Review a description of the finger print system. He says in part:

"The most interesting feature of this visit 'upstairs' was the opportunity afforded me of studying the system in vogue there of taking finger impressions of criminals. The Bertillon system has been practically given up, finger prints taking its place. The old system was discarded, according to Mr. E. R. Henry, the assistant commissioner, and the author of a practical text book on finger impressions, written for the benefit of policemen, because it was too fallible.

"Mr. Henry was formerly inspector general of police of the lower provinces in India, and while filling this post he experimented with finger impressions until he was convinced that, as compared with the Bertillon system of measurements, it was far superior as a means of identifying criminals. About eighteen months ago the home office, on the recommendation of a commission, appointed to study the matter and present a report, decided to substitute finger prints for the old system, and the results so far achieved have amply justified the change.

Two Systems Compared.

"In order that the reader may more fully appreciate the reasons for the change, I give here some extracts from Mr. Henry's book, which show why a similar innovation in India was deemed practicable:

ANTHROPOMETRY.	IDENTIFICATION BY FINGER PRINTS.
1. Instruments are costly and likely to get out of order.	1. Accessories needed, a piece of tin and some printer's ink, are inexpensive and procurable everywhere.
2. Measurers must be put through a special course of instruction, and be possessed of sufficient education to understand the significance of the figures of the decimal scale.	2. Any person, whether educated or not, after half an hour's practice, can take legible finger prints.
3. If measurements are inaccurately taken or accurately taken but wrongly read off or wrongly transcribed, the error cannot afterwards be discovered and remedied in the office where the cards are permanently kept, and this error will persist and defeat all chance of successful search. If the data recorded are incorrect, no amount of care can afterwards remedy the defect.	3. Finger prints are absolute impressions taken from the body itself under conditions which eliminate error as regards transcription or recording. An effective device is adopted to guard against their being imprinted in a wrong sequence. After the "rolled" impression of each digit is taken separately, the digits are confined together in a metal guard and impressed simultaneously as "plain" impressions, thereby securing their occurrence in a correct sequence, and these "plain" impressions are compared with the "rolled" impressions at the time of classification. They may get incorrectly classified, but this error will be subsequently rectified, as it must be noticed during some subsequent search.
4. A margin greater or less must always be allowed for errors on the part of the operator, for what may be termed the "personal equation" error of operators.	5. No allowance for error on the part of the operator is made or needed. Working results in India show that in 1898 500 anthropometric references necessitated 4,623 pigeon holes being searched, whereas finger impression references in 1899 necessitated only 707 pigeon holes being searched.
6. Search is made according to the somewhat complicated limits and subsidiary limits in a figured "key," the details of which even practiced searchers could not be trusted to commit to memory.	6. No key is required. The searcher decides whether the impression of each digit, the digits being arranged in five pairs, is a Whorl or not a Whorl. If it is a Whorl he gives it a prescribed numerical value according as it occurs in the first, or second, or third, or fourth, or fifth pair, and the sum of such values gives a result fixing the particular pigeon hole, out of 1,024, where the card should be placed. The secondary or subclassification is done equally rapidly and without a key.

No Chance for Confusion.

"Sir Francis Galton has estimated that not one finger impression out of 64,000,000,000 is likely to resemble any other, a finding which certainly shuts out the probability of confusing resemblances.

"In order to show me how quickly a set of impressions could be located in the general file, one of the operators was sent out of the room and two sets of impressions were taken of my ten fingers. One set was placed in its proper file in the general collection, the man was recalled, handed the set which corresponded with the one in the file, and told to find the duplicate. He produced it in less than two minutes."

LICENSE FIGHT IN NEW FORM.

Judge Cutting Is Asked to Authorize Minor to Approve of Hyde Park Saloons.

Judge Cutting of the probate court has been asked to give Mrs. Mathilda Nottbohm the right to sign the name of her minor son, Charles, to a petition asking for the licensing of saloons in the disputed district of which Cottage Grove avenue and Fifty-first street form the center. To the Nottbohm estate belongs the building at 5932 to 5940 Cottage Grove avenue, formerly used by Nottbohm for saloon purposes, and more recently conducted as a saloon by Henry Wallschlag. The Edelweiss gardens adjoin the Nottbohm property on the south. Unless the Nottbohm estate signs the petition the licenses may fail. The moral effect of saloons in Hyde Park does not enter into the controversy, the only question being whether the interests of the property will be best conserved by the establishment of saloons.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Wabash Ave. **The Tobey Furniture Co.** Washington St.

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE

Lace Curtains

at 25% to 33⅓% discount.

It is not alone in furniture that we are offering unparalleled bargains.

The choicest patterns and qualities in Lace Curtains are to be found here at reductions seldom offered on such goods.

We were particularly fortunate in securing from the largest importer of Lace Curtains in this country—our regular supplier—a splendid assortment at discounts of 25% to 33⅓%.

They have been marked on the same basis and are on exhibit in our curtain section—Fourth Floor.

This is an opportunity to provide for future as well as present needs.

Note these reductions.

Brussels Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$75.00	$50.00	$20.00	$15.00
45.00	30.00	16.00	10.00
37.50	25.00	15.00	9.75
30.00	20.00	10.00	6.00
26.00	17.00	7.75	5.00
25.00	16.50		

Arabian Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$75.00	$50.00	$38.00	$25.50
60.00	40.00	35.00	20.00
45.00	30.00	18.00	12.00
41.50	27.50	15.00	10.00
40.00	30.00	10.00	6.50
40.00	26.00		

Renaissance Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$125.00	$85.00	$20.00	$15.00
100.00	65.00	15.00	10.00
45.00	30.00	12.00	8.00
30.00	20.00	9.00	6.00
30.00	16.00	7.50	5.00

Irish Point Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$18.00	$12.00	$8.00	$6.00
12.00	10.00	7.50	5.00
12.00	9.00	6.00	4.00
12.00	9.00	4.50	3.00
10.50	7.00	3.00	2.00
9.00	6.00		

Ruffled Muslin Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$7.00	$5.00	$4.75	$2.75
6.50	4.50	3.75	2.50
5.50	4.00	2.75	1.75
5.00	3.50		

Ruffled Net Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$7.50	$5.00	$4.50	$3.00
6.00	4.50	4.00	3.00
6.00	4.00	3.00	3.00
5.00	3.50		

Tambour Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$18.00	$12.00	$12.00	$8.00
15.00	10.00	10.00	7.00
12.00	9.00	8.00	6.00

Cluny Curtains.

Regular.	Sale.	Regular.	Sale.
$22.50	$15.00	$9.00	$6.00
15.00	10.00	7.50	5.00
10.50	7.00	6.00	4.00

Large table of one pair lots at 50% off.

CUPID DODGES 'HANDS UP.'

SEVERAL MATRIMONIAL AGENCIES ESCAPE BEING RAIDED.

Detective Wooldridge's Book Advertised in a Publication Devoted to Interests of One of These Concerns—Author, Who Is Now at Home IN with Rheumatism, Says There Are Some Bureaus Conducted on the Lines of an Honest Business.

Are good matrimonial agents, like good Indians, dead?

"No," says Detective Clifton R. Wooldridge, who has been collecting evidence against such concerns and driving them out of business. "I believe that matrimonial bureaus, with certain restrictions, may be conducted as legitimately as any other line of business. They bring together people who would otherwise never have an opportunity of meeting, and happy marriages frequently result."

According to a former manager of one of the twenty-five matrimonial agencies that Mr. Wooldridge has raided there are now in Chicago eight of these "preferred" or "good" bureaus for the making of matches.

"There are several matrimonial bureaus in Chicago apparently protected by the police," said the former agent. "This is evident to any one who has given the matter any thought. What do you think of this?"

He drew from a pigeonhole in his desk a copy of the Faithful Messenger, a six column, eight page matrimonial paper published by I. R. Warren, 607 Fulton street. The paper contained about 200 "matrimonial chances" from men and women.

"See that advertisement?" asked the former matrimonial agent.

He designated one that called attention to the merits of a book entitled "Hands Up," written by Clifton R. Wooldridge.

"What do you think of that? Looks as if Wooldridge's publisher was patronizing one of the good agents, eh?"

Mr. Wooldridge talked interestingly of his crusade against the matrimonial agencies at his home, 307 Thirty-fifth street, where he is ill with rheumatism.

"I guess it's a fact that I have closed up more matrimonial bureaus than any other man in the United States," said he.

"The business has been practically broken up, has it?"

"Practically. O, there may be a few agencies, but we will get after them. Some of these agencies are all right. There is one on the north side that has been in operation for eighteen years. I examined the books and could find nothing to indicate that any fraud was being committed."

He mentioned one or two others as "all right," but said nothing about the Faithful Messenger.

COMPANY HELD LIABLE FOR SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX THEFTS.

Jury Decides That Masonic Temple Robbery Was Made Possible by Negligence—Verdict for Plaintiff.

The mysterious disappearances from the vaults of the Masonic Temple Safety Deposit company had an echo in Judge Vail's court yesterday, when the Amalgamated Wood Workers' council secured a verdict against the company for $886. A number of similar suits are pending.

The suit was brought by Herman Kunze, William L. Langefelt, and Joseph Dusek, trustees of the plaintiff organization, the charge being that $357 disappeared from the box rented by the plaintiff concern. On April 1, 1901, it was alleged, $55 was missed from the box, and on May 24 following $24 more was taken, while on June 6 of the same year it was discovered that $278 was gone.

How the money was taken out was not learned, but the plaintiff organization charged the company with negligence in protecting its deposits.

FEDERAL GRAND JURY AT WORK.

Begins Session Which Will Include an Investigation on "Get Rich Quicks."

The March federal grand jury began its work yesterday morning, with J. I. Storey of Nunda as foreman. Indictments were asked against Antonio D'Andrea and Pasquale Cartabellata, charged with operating a counterfeiting plant in Archer avenue, as well as against Frank Davis, Walter T. Grafton, Fred Romberts, and Charles Wilder, other alleged counterfeiters. An indictment also was asked against Edward J. Pear, charged with attempting to bribe a member of the federal civil service commission. Get-rich-quick concerns will be investigated later.

RUNAWAY IN CROWDED STREET.

Horse Attached to Mail Wagon Dashes Among the Vehicles of Produce Dealers.

One man injured, three wagons wrecked, and a horse disabled yesterday, when a runaway horse attached to a mail wagon dashed into crowded South Water street. The horse began its flight at Market street and ran east until stopped by Policeman Crowley at Fifth avenue. With the first plunge Mail Collector E. Kingsley, who had been taken unawares, fell from the wagon and sustained painful bruises.

HINTS OF BRIBERY STIR BLUE ISLAND CITY COUNCIL.

Investigation to Be Made as Result of Charges in Meeting Regarding Purchase of Fire Hose and Lumber.

The city council of Blue Island will investigate the acts of more than half its members as the consequence of a stormy session late Monday night. Charges, insinuations, and angry words were passed freely about.

What precipitated the row was the demand for an explanation from Ald. W. H. Henke of remarks he had been charged with making out of the council which, the majority felt, reflected on their honor. Mr. Henke, it was said, had told of being offered $200 by the agent of a fire hose company if he would secure them a certain city contract. He opposed the company, but the council bought the hose over his protest.

Out of the debate over this matter grew many new indirect charges. Hints of bribery in lumber contracts were thrown out. Questions were asked regarding a purchase of revolvers for the police, which Ald. Max Gese had thought irregular.

Mayor J. L. Zacharias, president of the Blue Island Commercial bank, said yesterday that he was determined to leave no stone unturned to get at the bottom of the matter.

"It is the first time the harmony of our council has been disturbed since I have been mayor," he said, "and I mean to find out the facts. As soon as the salesman charged with offering Ald. Henke the bribe returns to Chicago he will be given an opportunity to explain."

Ald. Henke insisted he had nothing to retract and that he would prove all his assertions by witnesses when an investigation was called.

At the time of the adjournment of the council nothing definite had been accomplished beyond the engendering of much personal rancor. The mayor and the six aldermen whose votes had carried the purchase bill communicated with the president of the hose company yesterday and the investigation was arranged for.

SENATOR'S STOLEN PAPERS RECOVERED IN HAMMOND.

Proceeds of Burglary at Carl Lundberg's Office, 5915 South Halsted Street, Are Found by W. E. Allen.

"Better clean out that stuff behind the refrigerator," said William E. Allen to his colored porter yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Allen is proprietor of a buffet in Hammond, Ind. He watched the colored man at his work.

"What is that?" he inquired, as the porter drew forth a package of papers that had lodged between the refrigerator and the wall.

It was a bundle of notes representing the value of $2,500 and several abstracts of title that had been stolen last Monday night from the safe in the office of Senator Carl Lundberg, at 5915 South Halsted street.

Evidently the robber, who had also secured $200 in money, had carried the securities to the Hammond saloon and there left them to escape detection.

The office of Mr. Lundberg was entered through a window and the combination of the safe was worked.

SAYS CHAFFEE IS INNOCENT.

Attorney of Man Accused of Embezzlement Blames Charge to Defendant's Lack of Smartness.

"If Louis L. Chaffee had never sued William Bodemann for $112, Chaffee would never have been indicted for embezzlement," Attorney Gabriel Norden said in explaining to a jury the position of Chaffee, now on trial charged with the embezzlement of $1,150 from the state board of pharmacy. "Bodemann refused to turn over to Chaffee a check made out to him, and Chaffee brought suit. That is why he is here today.

"I deny that Chaffee is a criminal. We will show when he is a witness that he is far from being a smart man."

Assistant State's Attorney Olsen explained the charge to a jury in Judge Brentano's court.

The hearing of testimony is expected to take some time.

EMMET DAY ORATOR COMING.

Joseph Devlin Will Arrive from St. Louis This Noon with Grandson of Revolutionary Leader.

Joseph Devlin, who will be the orator of the Robert Emmet day celebration in the Fine Arts building, will arrive in Chicago from St. Louis at noon today, accompanied by John Mitchell, a grandson of John Mitchell, the leader of the Irish revolutionary movement. Mr. Devlin, who is a member of parliament, has spoken every night since he arrived in America.

LADIES DRESSING ROOM

This Dressing Room on the Standard Pullman Sleeping Car is really a novelty on account of its size. There is plenty of room, which every woman who has traveled will appreciate. A toilet table and chair, an electric hair-curler heater, and two wash stands with hot and cold water are provided. THE PORTERS ARE POLITE. Every night between **Chicago, St. Paul & Minneapolis** on the new

"Great Western Limited."

Tickets on sale at City Ticket Office, 115 Adams St., or Grand Central Station, cor. Fifth Ave. and Harrison Street, Chicago.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD

REVELL'S MARCH SALE

SOLID MAHOGANY PARLOR ROCKERS

$9.75

This very handsome genuine Mahogany Parlor Rocker, highly polished, and sold usually for $16.50.

Sale price..... **$9.75**

See our Special Rockers at $3.50, $4.75, $7.50 and $9.50.

Exceptional values on the great 5th floor.

ALEXANDER H. REVELL & CO.

Adams-st. and Wabash-av.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

TO SECURE INSERTION IN ALL EDITIONS OF

"The Sunday Tribune"

CLASSIFIED ADS. MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE FRIDAY.

It Pays to Advertise in The Tribune.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER

Early showing of spring millinery.

To give you a hint of the correct styles for the coming season we have arranged a special exhibit of new millinery modes—designs that bear the hall mark of the clever French millinery artists—our own conceptions, too—a magnificent collection of up to date styles, including the famous high crown hat, a Parisian creation. Special introductory prices have been named on the new models.

Silk mousseline de soie, 18c

THIS is a most remarkable offer, genuine silk mousseline de soie, one of those desirable spring fabrics.

Ten thousand yards, embracing fine silk mousseline de soie, all the new colors for street and evening wear; also plenty of black, cream, white, etc.—30-inch wide—at 18c. **18c**

$2 black silk moire, 85c.

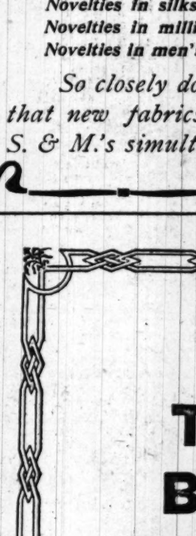
WE offer several immense lots of high grade silks at less than cost to make.

$2 black moire antique—pure silk, extra heavy, **85c** in new antique mirror effects—for dress purposes, coats, etc.—ask for samples—$2 quality 85c.

New shepherd check embroidered silk moires in the new summer weights at 68c. **68c**

The greatest of all $25 suit sales.

THE wonderful success of this sale is based wholly upon its merits. America's best $25 suit was in the mind's eye when we secured from the foremost mills in the country an immense quantity of the season's best materials at a great price saving.



Then we went to the best tailors in the country—gave them five of the smartest models to pattern after, and the result is suits at $25 that are as good in quality as the usual $30 and $35 suits.

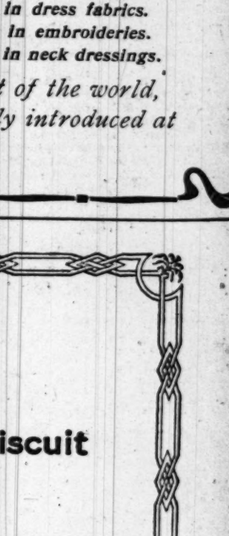
$25 Women's zibeline walking suits, unlined, at $25

$25 Women's collarless blouse suits, zibeline mixtures. $25

$25 Misses' dress suits, collarless blouse styles, at $25

$25 Women's chic runabout suits in the new mixtures. $25

$25 Women's dress suits of fine cheviot, double cape effect. $25



They have the chic, the stylish elegance, the individuality and perfect fit of the made to order suit, but cost about half as much.

Low prices on new waists.

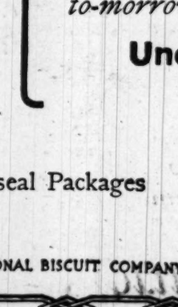
YOU wouldn't think these were the new styles from the prices asked but they are, and moreover they're exceptionally chic and handsome.

Basket weave vesting waists, pleated fronts, a regular $1.75 value **$1.25**

Damask waists, like cut, variety of patterns, pleated front, pearl buttons, regular $2.50 value, price at **$1.95**

Brilliantine waists, box pleated front, back and sleeves, $4 value, special at **$3**

Black taffeta silk waists, $5 value, **$3.95.**



Sample embroidery sale.

THE greatest sample embroidery purchase in years, an immense lot from St. Gall—the season's best designs and grades at about one-third real value.

Lot 1. Embroideries worth to 25c at 10c.
Lot 2. Embroideries worth to 45c at 15c.
Lot 3. Embroideries worth to 95c at 25c.

Embroidered skirtings, lace inserted, hemstitched, tucked, ruffled and Swiss, batiste and nainsook embroidered skirtings, worth 50c to $1.45, at 69c and 29c. **29c**

We are the first to show novelties.

One of the main reasons why women prefer to trade with us is because everything that's new is here. Every foreign creation that receives the stamp of approval of competent style critics can be found at S. & M.'s.

Novelties in silks.	*Novelties in waists.*	*Novelties in dress fabrics.*
Novelties in millinery.	*Novelties in jewelry.*	*Novelties in embroideries.*
Novelties in men's furnishings.	*Novelties in suits.*	*Novelties in neck dressings.*

So closely do we keep in touch with the style thought of the world, that new fabrics, millinery or dress modes are frequently introduced at S. & M.'s simultaneously with the foreign shops.

The Best Biscuit Baked

yesterday were **Uneeda Biscuit**

to-day are **Uneeda Biscuit**

to-morrow will be **Uneeda Biscuit**

Sold only in In-er-seal Packages **5¢**

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

REVELL'S DESKS.

LARGEST DISPLAY, LOWEST PRICES.

ADAMS & WABASH

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Bath, Shampoo, Scalp Treatment

S. BURNHAM, 70 and 72 State-st.

THE TRIBUNE'S SPORTING NEWS ACCURATE AND RELIABLE.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, LOVEMAN BUILDING, Chattanooga, Tenn., March 2, 1903. Sealed proposals for constructing the upper section of the Calhoun and Hog Tree Shoals Canal, on the Tennessee River, will be received at this office until noon, April 11, 1903, and then publicly opened. Specifications, blank forms, and all available information will be furnished on application. JOHN G. D. KNIGHT, Major Corps of Engineers.

THE TRIBUNE—RELIABLE AND ACCURATE.